## DAILY NEBRASKAN

(Continued from Page 1.)

ner of the fellowship will be se-

lected by a committee to be named

The remaining awards, to be

known as the "Nathan J. Gold Dis-

trict Chemurgic Awards," will be

presented to the amateur garden-

ers in each of the six regency dis-

tricts of the university, who do

in each district will be \$25. Second

District awards will be made in

the fall. Gardeners must file their

applications for awards with their

county agents before Nov. 1, 1943.

Judges of district competition will

be a committee of one county ex-

tension agent named by the direc-

tor of agricultural extension of the

University of Nebraska, and two

other men named by the former.

The state grand prize of \$100 will be awarded by a committee chosen

Coincident with the announcement of the chemurgic awards,

Mr. Gold said, "Chemurgic Re-search is the key that will open

the door to an ever-expanding and

permanent economic improvement

employment in the state.

"It will, I believe, ensure greater

will be \$15, third \$10.

by the chancellor.

in Nebraska.

of our university."

gation.'

Music . . .

plained by Dr. Westbrook.

(Continued from Page 1.)

Offer Undergrad Courses.

by Chancellor C. S. Boucher.

Awards . . .

## Tuesday, February 2, 1943

Jhe Daily Nebraskan

## FORTY-SECOND YEAR

Subscription Rates are \$1.00 Per Semester or \$1.50 for the College Year. \$2.50 Mailed. Single copy, 5 Cents. Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice in Lincoln, Nebraska, under Act of Congress March 3, 1879, and at special rate of postage provided for in Section 1103, Act of October 2, 1917. Authorized September 30, 1922.

Published daily during the school year except Mondays and Saturdays, vacations and examinations periods by Students of the University of Nebraska under the supervision of the Publications Board. the most progressive work in the cultivation of new crops with chemurgic value. First prize award

Day-2-7181.	OfficesUnion Buildin Night-2-7193.	g. Journal-2-3330.
Editor Business Man	ager	Alan Jacobs

### EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT.

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BUSINESS DEPARTMENT.

All unsigned editorials are the opinions of the editor and should not be construed to reflect the views of the administration or of the university.

## ... with ration cards!" 66

News columns over the weekend reviewed Adolph Hitler's first ten years as chancellor and president of the Third German Reich. Those same news columns almost daily tell of a growing shortage of food in Germany. "Hitler and his German armies," a leading story in one of Chicago's largest newspapers points out, "is facing an enemy more terrible than the almost nightly drone of the RAF, more terrible even than the fighting spirit of the Russian soldier. That enemy is starvation."

And therein lies a fault which, we think, has been with us too long. The American people, possibly, are too prone to under-estimate the total strength of their enemies, too unwilling to view the picture in the long-run outlook. Ninety percent of us would have said, in January a year ago, that Japan could not last six months in a war with the United States; many would have said not six weeks. And most of us, since 1938, have been reading reports that Germany is on the verge of stavation, will not last through another summer. Possibly not.

But the German leaders have something to say about that, too. In 1937, Hermann Goering told the world," "The world still grudges us our place in the sun. We must help ourselves. We want to share in the world's material sources, and we shall get them . . . we are told to buy raw materials with gold. We would be ready to do so if all our gold had not been stolen from us. . . First Germany is overpowered, then robbed and bled for reparations. Then come the chosen people and plunder Germany with the inflation. And then we are told: 'What undergraduate training. do you want with colonies? Pay with your gold.' Give us back our gold and our land and we will pay you with it. . .

Von Ribbentrop echoed this doctrine, "Germany's Lebensraum is too small, without the supplement of colonies, to guarantee an undisturbed, assured, and permanent food supply. The thought of being permanently dependent on the accident of a during the summer session. good or bad harvest is intollerable."

And Adolph took up the chorus, "It is not longer pos

qualifying are eligible to compete in the National Intercollegiate ROTC rifle team match.

### To Be Regulation.

The match is regulation four postion, 40 shot team match, the ten high scores to count and the ten high scores fired in each stage compiling the final aggregate.

The 15 cadets forming the rifle team are: Roger Anderson, Oscar Powell, Herbert Miller, James Hugh Stuart, Jack Kiewit, Norman Zabel, Gerald Clair, Woodrow Collins, Albert Walla, Fred McLafferty, Alex MacQueen, Don Albin, Charles Haptman, E. L. Dodson, Clifford Reed, M. G. Dodson, Warren Koenig, Ralph Bradley, Floyd Blanchard, Harvey Oatman, Forrest Binder, Gilbert Leseburg, Thomas McCarville, William B. Long, Bill Dowell.

#### "Industrial Inspection" and "Fundamentals of Automotive Mechanics" are new car courses for women at Kent State university.

BER SIMON & SONS

Air Corps . . . (Continued from Page 1.)

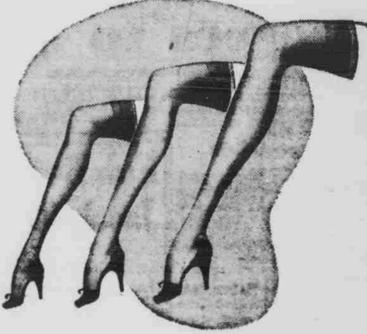
latter classification will be called at the end of the current term,

"It is planned that after a short period of basic training many of these men will be returned to one of the selected colleges or universities for several months of additional schooling in a curriculum prescribed by the War Department."

Since University of Nebraska students are just starting their second semester, it would seem that they are subject to immediate call under the program as announced.

University of Minnesota had three presidents during the four years of the class of 1942: Drs. Lotus D. Coffman, Guy Stanton Ford and Walter C. Coffey.

# McCallum's sheer rayon hose



income for agriculture, and be the means of enlarging industry and "I sincerely hope that these awards will stimulate interest and cooperation in the fine work being done by the chemurgic department Expressing the university's gratitude for the awards, Chancellor C. S. Boucher stated: "We are very grateful to Mr. Gold for this magnificent testimonial of deep interest in the University of Nebraska and in the econmic welfare of the state. The Nathan J. Gold Awards in Chemurgy will stimulate, develop and reward significant research in two important phases of chemurgic investivoice. In addition, the candidate is expected to acquire breadth and maturity of musicianship and a comprehensive knowledge of literature in his major field, it was ex-A wide variety of undergraduate courses in music will be offered as usual in the summer session. These courses will be available to graduate students who find it necessary to make up deficiencies in their Teachers and graduate students may avail themselves of the opportunity and observation and 1.15 Pr. discussion of teaching procedure and music materials in connection with the all state high school ac-... Your legs may still be glamorous and allurtivities which will again be offered ing...McCallum's lovely sheers are beautiful dulled tones that over nite have changed your hosiery problems ... they're sheer, smooth with the clinging fit you've been looking for ... sizes 81/2 to 11...shorts, mediums and long lengths.

sible for some countries to flow milk and honey while others have to struggle for a bare existence." These were the answers Germany gave in defying a world criticizing her for a desire to expand, a desire to acquire more land, and with it a desire for more food.

All this suggests a country without many resources. They felt it themselves, e. g., Fritz Sternberg, German economic analyst points out that "Germany in 1939 was allowing her soldiers 500 grams of rations as compared with 1,050 in 1913 for a similar period of time (3days)." After some 5,000 words to this effect, Sternberg closes by saying. "If Germany is left to her own resources, famine will overtake her sooner than in the last war, a fact which explains Germany's entrance into the war. Today, as in 1914, Germany is facing the peril of being defeated by hunger despite her possible military successes on the battlefields.

Today, however in 1943, and going into her fifty-third month of total war, Germany is seemingly as well off as she was in 1939. True, conditions in 1939 hardly pointed to a successful campaign of world-conquering, but with France, the only nation in the world outside the United States totally self-sufficient in food supplies, now completely taken over, Germany's food situation should definitely be on the upswing. The French people will raise crops-to feed themselves -and whether Hitler then takes that food and "divides" it or not, it seems logical to believe that the German armies will not be facing starvation. In addition, the last harvest in the Reich was one of the best in years and the minimal but not unhealthy diet established in 1939 has been maintained.

It is said that General von Fritsch made the remark that "while a war might well be ended with bread cards, no modern war can possibly start with them." Whether or not that is true, whether or not Germany's armies are facing starvation today, she DID start a war with ration cards1

The American people might do well to take at least some of the news predicting a German collapse because of food shortages "cum grano salis,"

-G. W. A.

(Continued from Page 1.) against all senior unit teams in this area, firing in four stages; the first stage to be fired during the week preceeding February 7. The top one-third of the teams

Rifles . . .

