Editorial Dear Editor

Belgian relief would aid nazis

From either intent or ignorance you have published an extremely misinformed editorial upon the Hoover relief proposals. Reports from both American relief workers and the French government do not reveal that Germany is doing everything she can. As a matter of fact she has increased the problem recently by pouring thousands of undesired mouths out of Germany into unoccupied France. I state this not on the ex parte statements of Herbert Hoover, but from those of the Vichy government and of the Relief Committee of the Friends now in southern France.

And this is apart from the millions of tons of foodstuffs taken from occupied lands. If transportation facilities were good enough after the collapse of France to move these into Germany why do you think they can't be moved back? Your statement about "bona fide governments of vanquished countries" is also incorrect. The Vichy government is the sole one you can cite. Why not say so? Your statement of the "pleadings of the small democracies" theoretically should exclude France since it is neither small nor today a democracy. What semblage of an official statement from a small democracy can you quote?

"England is being asked for nothing" is patently absurd. England is being asked to give advantages to the occupied lands that her own people do not possess. England is being asked to allow that Germany have the use of the manpower of the occupied countries while American charity supports their families. England is being asked to repeat her experiences of the last war, when the tin cans that carried American food to Belgium were used to make German hand grenades, when German generals after having eaten relief supplies had the effrontry to congratulate American officials upon its quality.

Malnutrition and starvation are horrible. Your committee is seeking to aid in perpetuating the organization that has caused them Your committee is seeking to aid the victory of the power that has officially disclaimed, in this specific case, any responsibility for the results of its own acts. The unfairness of your editorial approaches closely to maliciousness, when you state that the suffering is caused by the British blockade and omit to mention both the looting by Germany of the provisions stored up for emergencies and official statements such as those by the Dutch government.

G. W. Gray.

We may be wrong, but . . .

The information which the DAILY now has available makes acceptance of Dr. Gray's view by us impossible. The editorial on war relief referred to above was not written through ignorance, nor was it an intentional misrepresentation of the facts as Dr. Gray suggests, but was based upon information released by Herbert Hoover, Marshal Petain, and the American Committee for Food for the Small Democ-

It is probably true that the responsibility of England in prolonging the suffering of the conquered peoples of the continent, and the assistance shown by Germany in alleviating that suffering was overemphasized in the disputed editorial. Our stand was stated forcefully because the "right or wrong, England is right" attitude has become so dominant, that it takes a small sized explosion to open the eyes of many that England is not 101 percent pure, and does show unnecessary inhumaneness from time to time.

sentation, however, the indisputable Whatever the manner of pre facts remain that the peoples of the small democracies are suffering from lack of food, that the British blockade is keeping essential food supplies from reaching them, and that, if the program of Herbert Hoover means anything, if Marshal Petain's statements have an iota of meaning and if Quakers working in these countries are not deliberate liars, Germany is giving assistance.

Marshal Petain declares that "the Germans are more generous than the English," and that they have released 2,000,000 quintals of wheat out of 2,700,000 requistioned for the German army for feeding the people of occupied France.

The essential part of the Hoover plan is that Germany give her assistance through returning part of the goods carted out of the vanquished countries, and give the relief workers a free hand in their work. Should Germany confiscate any goods, small as the quantity may be, the Hoover program comes to an end.

A review of Polish war relief published in the Christian Science Monitor of November 23, 1940, points out that the German Red Cross is co-operating with the Polish relief commission in alleviating hardships there.

And finally, the Quakers now working in Belgium, Holland and other small democracies report that Germany has given them a free hand.

Regarding the efforts of "bona fide governments of vanquished



omment

Bulletin

nations abroad" seeking relief for their nationals, we can again quote Herbert Hoover that he was contacted by the leaders of the five democracies to secure his assistance in organizing the kitchens. We have further, the Queen Wilhelmina relief commission, and the contributions of the Polish government to the Commission of Polish Relief as evidences of the intentions of these governments.

And though it might have been possible that certain leakages did occur in the last war, they were not of sufficient size to cause concern to the Allies. When Belgian relief was to be terminated in May of 1918, Prime Ministers Lloyd George and Clemenceau cabled a pro- Seven billions asked test to President Wilson stating that the military conclusions were all wrong, and insisted that the relief work should be continued in the occupied countries.

Ex-Prime Minister Asquith stated at the same time that he was convinced that relief food reached the Belgians and the French, and them alone. More than 10,000,000 people were supplied then by the same man who wants to run the soup kitchens now. The conclusions should be the same, and the danger to the British blockade should be negligible.

In the long run it makes no difference whether the responsibility lies at the door of England or Germany. The people do need food. That food is available, and is ready for shipment. If it can be distributed without aiding Germany in her war, humanitarianism demands that the blockade be relaxed; that relief ships for the vanquished, and for the vanquished alone, may get through.

Bulletin

TASSELS.

AG MATINEE DANCE.

The ag matinee dance sponsored by the Union will be held today at 5 p. m.

FORTIETH YEAR.

Subscription Rates are \$1.00 Per Semester or \$1.50 for the College Year, \$2.50 Mailed. Single copy, 5 Cents. Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice in Lincoin, Nebraska, under Act of Congress, March 3, 1879, and at special rate of postage provided for in Section 1193, Act of October 3, 1917, Authorized September 30, 1922.

The university of California extension division has inaugurated a course in television production and

YOUR DRUG STORE Our Box Candies are "fresh" and going strong. Call us for Box Chocolates.

OWL PHARMACY 148 No. 14th & P Ph. 2-1068

Glasses With A 'Purse'onality



GLASSES to fit both your purse and your personality are yours at Kindy's. When getting glasses, be wise! Look for the best combination of quality and economy. Before you buy compare our low prices!

DROP in today-have your glasses straightened and adjusted without obligation. Look over the fine new styles of eyewearyou'll want to change!

Consult Kindy—Today

CREDIT



Behind the News

Twenty-four hours after he had signed the lease-lend bill President Roosevelt asked congress for an

appropriation of \$7,000,000,000. In his letter transmitting the request the president declared, "It is the fixed policy of this government to make for democracies every gun, plane and munition of war that we possibly can."

The appropriation estimate of Budget Director, Harold D. Smith, which accompanied the president's letter, broke the \$7,000,000,000 down into several categories, the largest of which was \$2,054,000,-000 for planes and aviation equipment, including engines, spare parts and accessories.

Other categories included \$1,-343,000,000 for ordnance and ordnance supplies; \$1,350,000,000 for agricultural and industrial commodities; \$362,000,000 for tanks and armored cars; \$629,000,000 for ships and naval supplies; \$260,000,000 for miscellaneous military equipment; \$725,000.000 for building sites, tools and other Tassels are notified that tickets to Gracic Fields are 25 cents to students, \$1 to others. facilities for manufacturing defense articles, and \$200,000,000 for testing, repairing and otherwise keeping the defense articles in order.

