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ON THIS ISSUE

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Book Store Farce!

When the student bookstore was incorporated and set up last spring, it was huzzahed as a tremendous victory for the forces of student liberalism against administration conservatism.

Those forces of staunch conservatism which in the first instance blockaded council efforts have turned to negative reactionism. The Student Pulse by Mr. Forrest Brown, appearing in Monday's issue of the Daily Nebraskan exposed a situation which should bring a flare of indignation and protest from every member of the student body.

Student Council action, as it finally was sanctioned by the Board of Regents, proposed a second hand bookstore that would buy books from students for 50 percent of their original cost, and resell them at a small increase to defray handling expenses.

Mr. Brown finds several faults in the system which are exemplary of the manner in which the theory has failed to materialize. The bookstore is buying texts only used this semester. There isn't a sufficient quantity of texts on hand to meet the student demand.

The staff of the bookstore believes in and is willing to work on the plan as proposed by the Student Council and passed by the Board of Regents. But it seems that some administrative officers feel that meeting the issue half-way will satisfy students, ending criticism and campus campaigns, and will provide a greater ease of operation.

While it may be commendable to think of the university's financial health first, the tycoons of Administration Building must realize that this institution isn't operated for the sake of its administration, but for the benefit and wellbeing of its students.

The bookstore has become an agency of the administration, a part of the very centralized government of this University. Until it can be brought under student control, and away from the devious influence which now guides it, it will never express the ideals and purposes of those who founded it.

Nothing Like Efficiency!

Mr. John K. Selleck and his staff in charge of the distribution of student athletic tickets are to be commended for the efficient and nerve-saving means employed this year over the jumble and jangle of last.

Those who lined up at five one morning last fall and waited for choice seats to be dished out on the "first come, first served" theory, will well remember bringing breakfast and lunch to the wait-fest; of tiredly watching for fraternity brothers to come to relieve those on duty; of a line in the coliseum that seemingly dragged on and on without an end and congested all coliseum traffic.

The persons who reserved one or two tickets, and could not wait for hours on end in the queue, were given seats on the fringe of the stadium student section. The large fraternities and sororities who had representatives sat in the center. This obviously was

unfair to the individual ticketholder, he who was not part of a huge block.

To remedy this situation, Mr. Selleck this year reverted to a lottery. Each group of tickets was numbered, the numbers thrown into a box, and picked out one by one. The first number gets first choice at seats, and so on down the line. This lottery gives each person a chance, with no possible favored positions available. The drawing took place on a strictly legitimate basis, and any prevailing dissatisfaction can be attributed to the laws of chance and not discrepancy.

STUDENT PULSE

Brief, concise contributions pertinent to matters of student life and the university are welcomed by this department, under the usual restrictions of sound newspaper practice, which excludes all libelous matter and personal attacks. Letters must be signed, but names will be withheld from publication if so desired.

Who Should Pay?

I and many others are greatly pleased to see Nebraska's hand dressed in new and showy uniforms. I feel sure that the new hand will help Nebraska's reputation as a college, but I don't understand why the university students must pay for them thru the receipts of the Freshman-Varsity football game.

The band is a part of the military department and since that department feels inclined to require the students taking their courses to wear uniforms why shouldn't they furnish those uniforms. Yes, they have furnished the ones previously used, and perhaps that destroys the argument. Certainly the military department will receive sufficient benefit to justify the expense in the more impressive showing made at inspections, compet and the military ball. I therefore ask why the money from the Freshman-Varsity game need pay for these uniforms.

The military department has, it seems to me, always had unwarranted privileges which no other department in the university has ever been able to gain. Regularly once each year the students pay the military department a comfortable sum as the result of the military ball. My understanding is that this is used for student loans which are returned at the end of each year so that the fund is not decreased. No other department has the privilege of filling its coffers from the students in such a manner. Why is the military department so privileged? If the students must pay for the band uniforms why not a part of this loan fund be used for such, for the fund has surely accumulated to such an extent that it is not all used for loans.

In this connection I would like to say that I favor allowing the military department to open the Nebraska formal session, but I do not favor allowing the military department to year after year receive the profits variously estimated as ranging upward to \$2,000 per year. The point I desire to make is why not use such profits for a student enterprise such as a student union building. Yes, I favor allowing the military department just compensation such as reduced rates for all members of the department.

Why shouldn't funds collected from students such as the receipts of the Freshman-Varsity game and profits from military balls, which have supposedly been accumulating for years, be contributed toward a student union building rather than given to the military department which is supposedly supported by the government.

DONALD WHITSON.

The Last Word—We Hope.

To the Editor: My opponent, Mr. Innes, is so apologetic and kind in his most recent letter that it seems a shame to continue this controversy. And all compliments to Mr. Innes for disarming his "intellectual diapers." That indeed must be a great comfort to him.

As yet, however, Mr. Innes has not taken the trouble to meet any of my arguments. He has not disproved any of my statements about Nazi Germany, but contents himself with saying that "there are accomplishments that are commendable." None are mentioned, however. Mr. Innes is very careful about that. I for one would be extremely interested in knowing what these are, but Mr. Innes is as vague on this matter as he is on various other points.

Inasmuch as I am unable to accept political speeches as absolute truth in the wholehearted manner that Mr. Innes does, it is of very small comfort to me that Hitler recently said, "National socialism is not a commodity for export." Perhaps Mr. Innes is unaware of the existence of such groups in this country as the Friends of New Germany, the Silver Shirts, the Vigilantes, the Black Legion and other such fascist groups. Or perhaps he believes such statements from The Leader along with "Prosperity is just around the corner," and "Vote for Landon and land a job."

Mr. Innes answers no questions; avoids issues; can not argue away the truth of actual conditions in Germany. Instead he attacks me for lack of tolerance, "fanatical adherence to narrow partisanship, and glaring misrepresentation." What has been misrepresented, if that is not too much to ask? Evidently to be anti-fascist constitutes bigotry, and intolerance is characterized by silence.

Finally, Mr. Innes' whole argument rests on what is essentially a tissue of contradictions. I am attacked for showing that what amounts to fascist propaganda is allowed in this country. Mr. Innes was unable to deny this; in fact, he objects to this being pointed out. Then, he is able, by a process of reasoning as breath taking as it is original, to state that even if "it (fascist propaganda) were for export, it might be difficult to import to this country."

My heartiest congratulations to Mr. Innes on this noteworthy trump card. One can hardly carry on a discussion of this sort when confronted by such logistic nifties as this.

Weldon Kees.

Tear gas failed to end a students strike protesting the transfer of a popular instructor in an Ohio high school. They retired for a time, and returned when the gas had dissipated with propaganda placards. They want their instructor, they insisted, or they wouldn't go back to school. The chief of police insists the strike was fomented by outside agitators. Maybe a strike-racket for students will be the next great American tragedy.

NEWS PARADE

The most remarkable thing about the programs of Landon and Roosevelt is their similarity. Landon and Roosevelt agree on nearly every major issue, disagreeing only in minor points and as to methods of carrying out their programs.

The Kansas governor and the president are almost identical in their views on the problem of agriculture, as far as this writer can determine. Landon in his speeches has berated the administration of the AAA and the more recent soil conservation program of the administration, but he admits that some program of soil conservation is the only practical long-time program for the relief of agriculture.

Both Roosevelt and Landon advocate the extension of credit to the farmers so they will be able to buy their own homes. Both Roosevelt and Landon agree that relief must be extended to the drought-stricken farmers and both promise to investigate the plan of crop-insurance, whereby the farmer will be assured an income even if his crops are ruined by drought or some other natural catastrophe.

The federal government must care for the unemployed, both candidates agree, and both agree that the needy aged must be provided for.

Even in the time-honored question of the constitution, there is not nearly so much difference as commonly assumed between the two candidates for the presidency. In the spring, before the rise of Landon, the "old guard" was in control of the republican party and these standpatters decreed the slightest change in the constitution or the slightest stretching of its provisions.

Landon, a disciple of Theodore Roosevelt rather than Hoover, demanded that this narrow view of the constitution be changed before he would accept the nomination. He has gone so far as to say that he will try to amend the constitution in order to pass laws regulating the labor of women and children.

In the matter of government finance, there seems to be a vast amount of difference between the two candidates. Landon is apparently a conservative, interested in the balancing of the budget, while Roosevelt is pictured as a spendthrift. Upon closer examination of the two platforms and personalities, this difference fades and finally almost disappears.

Landon, while favoring reduced expenditures, makes no concrete suggestions as to where these economies can be affected. He does not favor reducing relief expenditures. He apparently favors a farm program calling for continued and perhaps increased expenditures. The only suggestion he makes is that extravagance be cut out. Of course, this is a very general and meaningless statement.

Landon is also in favor of the balanced budget with a minimum amount of borrowing. He derides the democratic "attempts" to balance the budget. In other words, Landon believes in increasing expenditures, reducing taxes and balancing the budget all at the same time. This doesn't quite make sense, and therefore we must discount Landon's fiscal policies as the usual campaign talk and believe that expenditures will not differ materially under Landon, though he may make some suggestions toward balancing the budget and may substitute different taxes for the present tax setup.

One aspirant to the presidency is a democrat, one is a republican, but more important than this, both are progressives, and so we draw the conclusion that the country will continue about the same no matter which aspirant is finally selected. We find the real difference between the two candidates, not in their programs, but in their personalities. Roosevelt is impulsive, always ready to throw money away on new projects, while Landon is a conservative, acting always with an eye on the budget, and always ready to count ten before making a decision. Roosevelt was the fearless man to act decisively in the time of crisis, but perhaps the more conservative Landon is better suited to govern in a normal period where consistency and carefully planned programs are more important than quick action.

WILLIAMS LAUDS BRYAN AS GREAT PUBLIC PIONEER (Continued from Page 1.) ever, according to Williams' own conception, is the one which the "Great Commoner" fulfills most completely: that is vindication. Williams related his personal experiences of hearing Bryan denounced by national leaders as radical, even as a traitor for policies which he advocated, only to see the degrader apologize and offer his hand in defeat. Progressive Statesman. "Every measure of any importance backed by Bryan in the house of representatives has become law," stated Williams. "When he was in his law office in Lincoln, he outlined the policies which he planned to advocate. They were bimetalism, low tariff, popular election of the senate and regulation of trusts. Of these, three became laws of the land, one a constitutional amendment." Further entering into the field of Bryan's accomplishments, the speaker announced that he was the first man west to the Mississippi to become a presidential candidate; only man of the democratic party to be nominated for the presidency three times without holding a position enabling him

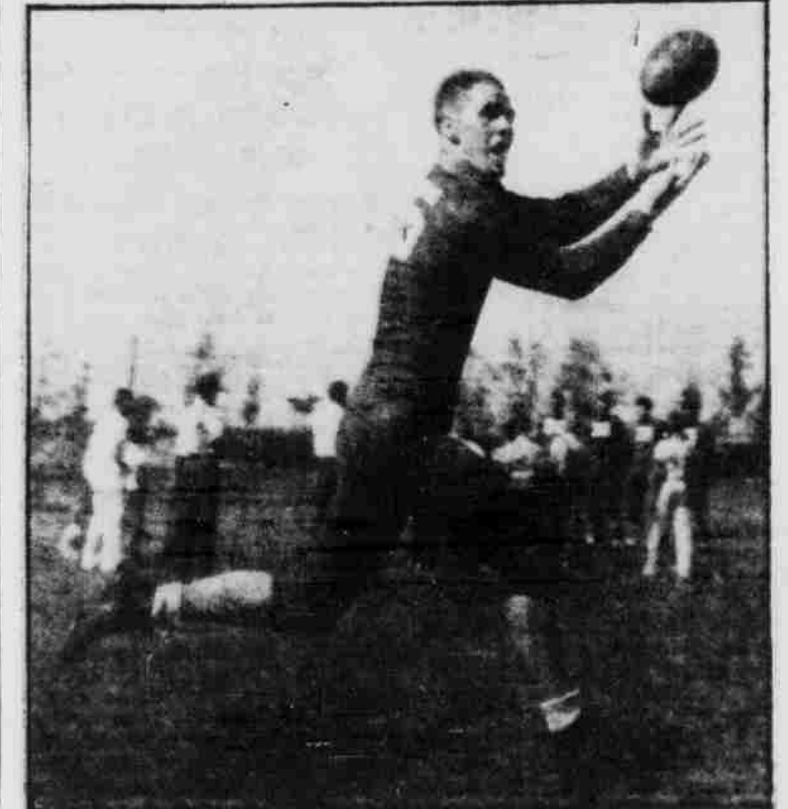
Free Swimming Hours. Table with columns for Day (Monday to Saturday) and rows for various classes (Women's Class, Men's Class, Free Hour Men, Free Hour Women, Varsity, Freshmen, etc.) and times (8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00).

Relating Maps to Landscape Reason for Geography Trips

Bengtson Conducts Classes on Field Trips: Earth Formations as Shown on Drawings Studied: Students Take One Trip a Week.

"Intelligent interpretation and correlation of maps to actual landscapes" is the purpose of the field observation trips which have been taken last week and this by students in geography sections 61 and 71, according to Dr. J. A. Bengtson, head of the geography department. Specially chartered busses have been used to transport the 15 different groups in the two sections on tours to the retail wholesale and residence districts of Lincoln and to the suburban and rural landscapes of Westery.

Les McDonald Prepares 1936 Season



Les McDonald, who has been getting the call at left end, is expected to have his best year at this position this fall. He is a fine defensive player, and can snatch passes with any of them. When Coach Bible was preparing his football movie, he came across one game shot which showed as near perfect defensive end play as is possible. It was a sweep in the Iowa U. contest in 1934 and the young man who was handling his assignment so perfectly was McDonald, a sophomore at the time.

The ball carrier was Oze Simmons, but he never got a chance to turn down the field. McDonald fighting off the blockers as he floated wide, the Husker halfback coming up and forcing the Ebony Eel out of bounds for no gain. —Courtesy State Journal.

'Sold Out' Sign for 32-Page Issue Hung on Awgwan Door

Largest Size in History of Its Printing Shows Largest Sale. Canvass Ag College. Baker announced that an extensive sales campaign has been planned for the Ag campus and will be in full swing by the time the October issue is released. Featuring Dana X. Bible for the September issue, the humor medium's staff has inaugurated a new department which is to run through the year. Conversation in this department is purely imaginary, being the product of the Awgwan staff. Announcements of additions to the staff will be released as soon as decided.

emly promised that she'd obey me. She—Am I the only girl you ever loved Joe? He—Oh, I should say not, but my taste has been improving right along.

Advertisement for CRAIG'S WIFE, Last Two Days The Pulitzer Prize Play, with Rosalind RUSSELL and John BOLES.

Advertisement for WORLD PREMIERE, First showing in any theatre on earth of the film based on the world's most popular novel.

Advertisement for CHARLES M. SHELDON, The stars of "Ah Wilderness" reach new heights in a dramatic modern as tomorrow's romantic as Love itself. STARTS FRIDAY VARSITY.

Advertisement for LUELLA WILLIAMS, Learn to Dance Close to University 116 So. 15th Private Lessons Every Day by Appointment. Classes for beginners only Monday & Saturday 7:30 to 9:30 L9810—B4258

Advertisement for PEERLESS CLEANERS, "EXTRA POINTS" for Peerless Cleaners • Finer cleaning • Expert dyeing • Hat reconditioning • Satisfactory service. SEE OUR REPRESENTATIVE IN YOUR HOUSE. 322 S. 11 GEO. H. LEMON B-6731

Advertisement for RAY I. PIERSON'S HAIR CUTTING SHOP, LOCATED A GOOD BARBER YET? COME OVER TO RAY I. PIERSON'S HAIR CUTTING SHOP 1231 'N' St. "Balanced Hair Cuts"

Advertisement for MODERN CLEANERS, Here We Are Again—The Old Reliable Cleaners Since 1904. MODERN CLEANERS Soukup & Westover Call F 2377 For Service.

Advertisement for Heitkotters Meat, Fish Market & Poultry, QUALITY MEATS AT LOW PRICES. Makers of Fine Sausages and Barbecued Meats.