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Exploiting Student Labor.

STUDENT help is being exploited by down town employers, according to Dr. S. F. Corey, freshman advisor and instructor in Teachers College. Said Dr. Corey in an item appearing in Sunday's Omaha World Herald, "Restaurant and home owners who hire student help in payment for their board figure in general that the student is earning 25 cents an hour, or on an average of four hours work a day, one dollar. But since that student takes his wages out in meals costing his employer probably 50 cents a day at the outside, the latter is actually paying the students only 50 cents instead of one dollar."

Dr. Corey's observations are by no means new. Many instances, at this and other universities, indicate that students who "work their way through" do not receive the fairest treatment. But this prevailing condition is not to be wholly unexpected. Hundreds of students are able to attend the university only by working for their meals. This year, according to the student employment bureau, more students than ever before applied for part time work. With this in mind it is to be more or less expected that competing students have forced themselves into an unfortunate position.

But Dr. Corey's accusations, if true, run contrary to the "New Deal" promised student part time help under the NRA. Last fall the administration announced that restaurants and cafes employing student help will either receive the minimum hourly rate and buy their own food, or receive the full hourly rate as part time workers and have twenty-five cents deducted for each meal.

Subsequent interpretations placed upon this provision were quoted as follows: "It is perfectly proper for restaurants to pay their employes the prescribed minimum wages and let them buy their food where they work or elsewhere as they prefer. But in all such cases, the restaurant owner must scrupulously avoid making any net deductions in the real pay (food and wages) given his employes."

If we are to believe Dr. Corey's statement, neither provision is being carried out. Exploitation of student labor on this campus has not been a troublesome problem. The Nebraskan does not say, however, that it is not present. With the overwhelming number of students seeking employment it requires little stretch of imagination to surmise that students working part time are not always given a square deal.

If Dr. Corey's allegations are true, the university administration should take steps to improve the status of the student part time help in downtown establishments. At least, an investigation should be in order.

The Regents Vote A Raise.

Restoration of from 2 to 5 percent of the 22 percent salary cut now in effect was ordered by the university regents Saturday, according to a story in Sunday's Nebraskan.

At the same time it was noted that figures from the Bureau of Agricultural Economics and the Bureau of Labor Statistics show commodity prices have increased 20 percent during the past year; all but 5 percent of governmental salary cuts is being restored July 1; salary increases have been made in all industries—the university staff is allowed a 2 to 5 percent raise.

The educational system, as exemplified by the nation's colleges and universities, has taken its place as one of the vital institutions of the country. The professors are the mainstays of higher education and upon them depends the success or failure of the system. Yet the university staff receives less consideration than common laborers.

It seems rather queer that while rising prices and a rising scale of wages is the order of the day, the university is forced to stay in the van. The recent "economy" legislature slashed appropriations for the university. Nothing can be done about it till that body meets again. The Nebraskan recognizes a need for economy in governmental expenditures, but discretion and care should be used in making such moves.

And Nebraska is not alone. All over the country, state legislators heeded the cry of their constituents for reduced taxes. Apparently the educational system was the political scapegoat. Staffs have been decreased, departments eliminated, the whole system weakened—all for the sake of damaging economy.

Now economic conditions are apparently on the upturn. A substantial salary raise is recorded daily in the newspapers. Nebraska pedagogues will join the parade, but rather feebly for the present raise offers little to stimulate enthusiasm.

The Student Pulse

Brief, concise, contributions pertinent to matters of student life and the university are welcomed by this department, under the usual restrictions of sound newspaper practice, which excludes all libelous matter and personal attacks. Letters accepted do not necessarily indicate the editorial policy of this paper.

Echoes of Tsarist Russia vs. J. D. Clark.

TO THE EDITOR: With great interest I read the interview with Dr. John D. Clark which appeared in the Daily Nebraskan on April 25th. The interview contains one statement which I presume belongs to Dr. Clark, and which deserves a plain and definite reply. "The Russian government is quite successful for the Russians, because

of the condition of the Russian people who have never had the liberties usual in this country." It seems to me that in making this statement Dr. Clark steps over the border of the realm of economics and expresses his opinions concerning a social and political problem.

It is an old tune which I have heard more than once; the Bolshevik regime is excellent for the Russian people, but we do not want it for ourselves! What is one Man's meat, is another man's poison.

As a native of Russia who knows the country, who was educated there and taught in Russian universities, I have the liberty of giving the readers of the Daily Nebraskan some information which contradicts Dr. Clark's statement. The present political system in Russia, about which Dr. Clark does not seem to be very enthusiastic, is good for the Russians, because they never had tasted real liberty.

It is superfluous to describe the condition of Russia after the February revolution in 1917, during the period which is usually identified with the name of Kerensky and which lasted until the Bolshevik coup d'etat in October, 1917. Everybody familiar with this chapter of Russia's history should realize that during that time Russia had a democracy in the best sense of the word, a peer of any other advanced democracy.

As for the preceding period—the monarchy of the Romanoffs—it cannot be considered as the era of complete suppression of civic liberties. The Tsaristic regime, during the last sixty years of its existence, was not a despotic one, but had a definite and firm legal foundation. During those decades Russia had an exemplary system of municipal and rural self-government, carried on by very large groups of population. Russia had a judicial system based on the immunity of judges and on the independent jury, the watchful guardian of civic liberties. Russia always has been proud of the liberal traditions of her press and of the autonomy of her universities. During the reign of Nicolas II, the last Tsar of Russia, the government tolerated the open existence of Socialist parties and Socialist newspapers. I am the last one to deny the presence of different legal restrictions in political system of Russia under the monarchy. But is thoroughly wrong to imagine that Russian citizens did not know what real liberty was, and therefore are happy under the rule of the Bolshevik boot which crushed and trampled down all the liberties of former Russian life.

If in saying that the Bolshevik government is quite successful Dr. Clark has in mind the "achievements" of the Soviets in the domain of economics, I cannot help think, like so many foreigners, Dr. Clark is inclined to look at the economic policy of the Soviets through rosecolored glasses. For, as a matter of fact, success of an economic policy is measured not only by the number of machines bought abroad (particularly when they are bought on borrowed money), but also by the actual standards of everyday life of an average citizen. Everyone who really observes Russian life—not from the window of a sleeper, like so many foreigner tourists do, but through direct contact with the country—knows how miserable, hungry, and gloomy this life is. MICHAEL GINSBURG.

A Plea for a New Ivy Day Throne.

TO THE EDITOR: Seemingly as old as the tradition of Ivy Day itself, the Ivy Day platform on which the ceremonies of the day are staged was erected Monday. Virtually tottering in its old age, this arch of ages is a disgrace to the occasion.

Traditions may last forever, but it seems as if someone had confused the platform with the tradition. Besides being a disgrace to the campus, the platform is a menace to anyone who stands near it. Just think how it would look to have that old frame come tumbling down on the heads of a group taking part in the inter-fraternity sing.

Although the structure has been carefully preserved for years, its usefulness is declining. The boards on the structure can not stand the weight of many more coats of paint.

On the other hand, there is always some group or society on the campus looking for some project to show people that they are active. Why can't they concentrate all of their extra energy in promoting a new structure for Ivy Day? I might suggest that the Mortar Boards or Innocents think this over. After all, it is mainly their affair.

I think the majority of students will agree with me when I say that as long as it is customary to have a platform for Ivy Day we might as well have a decent one. I believe that the students would appreciate at least a renovation of this sad looking relic. A STUDENT.

BENEATH THE HEADLINES By DICK MORAN.

DEMOCRACY was proved safe in the United States by the sensational Senate investigation ending last week for a total cost of \$94.37. This check covered the expenses of the garrulous Dr. Wirt, who was laughed out of the senate chambers when he attempted to picture President Roosevelt as the "Kerensky" of our next social revolution. Basing his entire claim on the gossip of brain trust "satellites" who attended a small dinner party in a Virginia farmhouse, he was discredited by the guests who said gossip was impossible due to his incessant talking. He continued this unquenchable orating when testifying before the senate committee, speaking for hours on current monetary and recovery plans that had no connection to the questions of the committee.

Before batteries of Kleig lights and microphones in the House Caucus room, the largest legislative room available, Dr. Wirt provoked the anger of America's first lady by charging that the subsistence homesteads set up in West Virginia by the recovery act, and sponsored by Mrs. Roosevelt, were "communistic" enterprises. He hastily abandoned further discussion of this statement when Mrs. Roosevelt answered "Never in this country to my knowledge has it been considered Communistic for an opportunity to be given to people to earn their own living and own their houses."

Political significance of the affair bobbed up when the hearing was postponed one week after its first day by Chairman Bulwinkle, democratic senator from North Carolina. Loud republican protests were heard in response to this move, as it appeared to be time for the democrats to prepare their defenses. Politicians realize that the Wirt testimony, although it had little influence itself, is a burlesque representation of an actual opposition to the recovery program that is trying to throw a scare into the electorate by putting red whiskers on the economic

theories. Donald Rickberg, legal head of the NRA, characterized the attacks as the "campaign of the League of Stuffed Shirts." He regarded them with contempt in his recent statement that "There are a great many stuffed shirts who have access to avenues of great publicity, and so they pour their hysterical fears and their warped views of economic recovery into the public ears. They cannot use facts, even if they recognize them, so they create myths and hobgoblins."

Republican tears were also shed over the committee's decision to prevent their trump card, James A. Reed, prominent lawyer and former republican senator from Missouri, from examining his client, Dr. Wirt. The speech which he had prepared for the occasion was their only hope to save the investigation from its farcical end. He sat through the hearing, however, and joined the laughter of the other spectators at the testimony of his client. Although he would not divulge the identity of his retainer, it is rumored that he was secured by Henry Pope, a Chicago hosiery manufacturer.

"JAPAN will oppose any attempt of China to avail herself of the influence of some other country to repress Japan..." This statement of Elji Amau, Japanese Foreign Office spokesman, keynotes the

recent ultimatum that startled world powers. Fearing Chinese revenge for her recent invasion of Manchuria, Japan has deemed it wise to keep that country as weak and powerless as possible. Their fears are not unfounded, for transactions are being made daily with American, British, German, and Italian aviation companies for new bombing planes by private Chinese enterprises as well as the Nanking government. Even Japan is not certain that her attitude will remain unchallenged, since the statement has been made "unofficially" and can be disavowed. A sham disapproval has sprung up in his own country awaiting the reactions of United States and Great Britain. Sir John Simon, British Foreign Secretary, sent a "friendly communication" to Tokyo, reminding Japan that she had violated the Nine-Power Treaty agreement, which guaranteed equal rights in China for its signers. A friendly ambassador, who assures America that Japan will not violate the treaty, makes unnecessary any immediate move by our government. Japan has already shown her indifference toward the League of Nations, which is representative of most world powers. Whether she can openly flaunt a treaty will be largely determined by the Far-East policy of the present administration, to whom the rest of the world looks for leadership.

Maybe It's Worth a Nickel to Discover There's No Answer

A problem of mathematics seems to be confronting the minds of campus mathematicians. The problem, if there is anyone who thinks he can work it, is to find the Nth derivative of 1 plus e to the Xth.

Dick Chowins, a sophomore in the Engineering college, gave the problem to Professor Camp to work and also laid a bet of five cents that it was impossible to work the problem. After Mr. Camp had spent the entire period on it he gave up and agreed that it was beyond his knowledge. Chowins collected the five cents.

Gretna Women's Group Sees University Museum

Twenty-two members of the Gretna Women's Club visited the university museum Tuesday. After a trip through the exhibits, Miss Marjorie Shanafelt, curator of visual education, gave an illustrated talk on "Adam Breede's Elephants."

GOLF TOURNEY OPENS MAY 2; 22 COMPETING

Six First Round Contests Scheduled; Several Draw Byes.

Schedule of the interfraternity golf tournament was announced Monday by the intramurals department. Twenty-two houses have entered, and first round matches will begin Wednesday, May 2. Several fraternities have drawn byes, but six first round matches have been scheduled. Following are the schedule and rules, with first round pairings:

Table with 2 columns: Fraternity and Opponent. Includes Sigma Phi Epsilon, Phi Kappa Alpha, Delta Sigma Phi, etc.

All first round matches Wednesday, May 2. All second round matches Monday, May 7. All third round matches Wednesday, May 9.

OFFICIAL BULLETIN

Kosmet Workers. All Kosmet Klub tickets and money must be turned in by Wednesday. Workers can check them in at either the Cornhusker or Kosmet offices.

Vespers Tuesday. Last Y. W. C. A. vesper service of the year will be held this afternoon at 5 o'clock.

Reporters Meeting. All Daily Nebraskan reporters will report to the office at 8 o'clock Tuesday afternoon for a special meeting. Regular reporters as well as journalism \$2 students will please be present.

Tassel Meeting. Tassels will hold their regular weekly meeting this evening at 7 o'clock in Ellen Smith hall.

Student Council. The student council will meet in Room 10 University hall at 5 o'clock Wednesday. All members must be present.

INTERFRATERNITY COUNCIL. There will be a meeting of the interfraternity council this evening at 7:30, room 9, Morrill hall. All representatives requested to be present.

PERSHING RIFLES. All active members of Pershing Rifles are expected to attend the regular meeting Tuesday at 5 o'clock for the annual election of officers to head the organization next year.

AG FAIR PAGEANT DRESS REHEARSAL WEDNESDAY NIGHT (Continued from Page 1.) was reported that students were getting out their horns and drums



SEE NEBRASKA BEAT AMES AT Farmer's Fair Ag College Campus 1:00 P. M., SATURDAY MAY 5 ALSO Inter-Sorority Ride, Dance, Pageant, Boxing, Wrestling, Shows, Exhibits

Willard Sunderman Is Placed On Honor Roll

Willard Sunderman should have been included in the Honor List for the class of 1935. This mistake was made because each year there are one or two names omitted from the Honor Lists due to failure to clear records in the office of the Registrar, consequently this statement concerning such an omission is warranted. Honor Convocation Com.

golf team are not eligible to compete in intramural golf. Sophomore cut more classes than any other group of students, according to a survey conducted by the Carnegie Tartan, student newspaper of the Carnegie Institute of Technology. More than 200 students at the University of Michigan use airplanes as a means of transportation to and from their homes over the holidays.

PALM BEACH SUITS For Sale in Lincoln by Ben Simon & Sons

and that teams and hayracks had been scheduled to convey the gay party about the city. Meanwhile preparations for exhibits and entertainment marched forward on the campus. Vernon Filley, dance chairman, announced that Blondy Baugh's orchestra had been secured to appear at

Farmers' Fair and Manager Peterson said that Arthur Babich's boys' band would be on hand to lead the livestock parade and play for the horse show in the afternoon and play a concert in the evening. Ervine Hughes, committee chairman, reported that the boxing and

wrestling program is almost completed. Four wrestling bouts with ag men matched against men from the city campus have been scheduled and there will be four boxing bouts. The main boxing bout, he said, will be Wesley Dunn, ag junior vs. Claire Dailey, former A. A. U. champion.

The dust hops off these NEW Palm Beach Suits THE DIRT TEST... Diagrams don't do it justice. What we need is a microscope. Then we could show you how a flock of dust comes down on a Palm Beach suit and bounces off...doesn't cling a-tall. GOODALL COMPANY - CINCINNATI