

HOT FIGHT AT CAVITTE.

Insurgents South of Manila Offer Desperate Resistance.

HARDEST WORK OF THE CAMPAIGN.

Rebels Try to Turn Lawton's Flank—Americans Gain Only Five Hundred Yards During the Day—Our Loss in the Engagement Placed at Sixty.

MANILA, June 14.—The fighting at Las Pinas continued hotly all day long. General Lawton called on the whole force of 3,000 men, and at 5 o'clock he was only able to push the insurgents back 500 yards to the Zapote river, where they are entrenched. The insurgents resisted desperately and aggressively. They attempted to turn the left flank of the American troops. The American loss is conservatively estimated at 60. The battle continues.

After firing in volleys for a short time the Americans were ordered to fire when and where they could see the enemy. It was every man for himself and the best our men could do was to aim at the faint mists arising from the enemy's smokeless powder. General Lawton, though exhausted by the morning's fight, rallied by sheer will power and was the commanding figure in the battle. He went along the lines directing and encouraging the troops.

General Wheaton and General Owen-shine were equally courageous. In fact, the generals were among the few men on the battlefield who refused to take shelter under the hottest fire. The only approach to the fighting ground was by a narrow, winding road, where the rebel bullets dropped thickly, wounding several of our men.

Before dark last night the Fourteenth infantry swam the Zapote river, charged and carried the trenches. The insurgents broke for the woods before the Fourteenth reached them. Almost at the same time the Ninth and the Twelfth crossed a bar of the sea and came up on their left flank at a point where a body of marines with Maxim guns, landed under protection of the ships' batteries, and fired upon the enemy's left rear with a demoralizing effect. The Twenty-first crossed the river by a bridge as soon as it could be mended. Sixty-five dead Filipinos were found in the trenches, most of them shot through the head. Several 5-inch smooth bore guns were captured, with ammunition, marked "U. S. Navy Yard."

After crossing the river the troops were withdrawn with the exception of the Ninth and Twenty-first, these regiments being left with four guns to guard the bridge. As they were being formed into companies the insurgents commenced to fire volleys from the bamboo jungle 300 yards away. The regiments formed into line rapidly and coolly, though under fire, and cheering, rushed to the woods, driving the enemy a mile away, the Filipinos disputing every foot. The Fourteenth encamped across the river, the men caring for many of the Filipino wounded.

At daylight yesterday the rebels at Cavite Viejo dropped two shells from a big smooth bore gun, mounted in front of the church, in the navy yard. The only damage done was splintering the top of the huge shears on the mole. The gunboats Callao, Manila and Moquito then proceeded to dismount the gun. After breakfast the rebels opened fire along the beach to Bacoor.

After silencing the big gun at Cavite Viejo the gunboats ran close along the shore, bombarding the rebel position. The rebels replied with rifle fire and with the fire of some small pieces of artillery. So vigorous was the enemy's fire that at 9:30 a. m. the gunboat Helena joined the small gunboats already named and the Princeton, Monterey and Monadnock, from their anchorages, dropped occasional big shells among the rebels. This, apparently, only served to incite the rebels, as they kept up an incessant fire of musketry and artillery near the mouth of the Zapote river, two miles north of Bacoor. The fire of all seven warships was concentrated on this point shortly after noon, when the upper bay presented the appearance of being the scene of a great naval battle. The insurgents were eventually forced to abandon their guns after holding out for about four hours, only to be confronted by General Lawton's force on land and in their rear, where there was heavy fighting.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The strike on the Buffalo docks has extended to the coal heavers at the Delaware and Lackawanna wharves.

A San Francisco gambler, Gustav Frey, Tuesday shot and fatally wounded his wife and then killed himself.

The Congo independent state, according to a dispatch from Brussels, has offered Spain 5,000,000 pesetas for the Canary islands.

Wagon trains aggregating 1,000 army mules have been ordered from southern camps to Chickamauga Park, where they will be sold at auction by the government quartermaster.

Another chapter of crime has been added to the Taylor-Lee feud in Kentucky. Tom Messer, one of the Lee faction, was shot down near his home at Middleboro, by unknown parties.

Fire at Naperville, Ind., Monday destroyed an elevator containing 6,000 bushels of corn, the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railway station and several cars. The town was saved with difficulty.

Mayor Jones of Toledo Monday gave out a general letter to the public, in which he states that he may become an independent candidate for governor of Ohio if he finds the reform movement sufficiently strong.

The factory of the Marietta, O., Torpedo company blew up Monday and two men, Clyde Porter and Cal Harte, were killed. The factory was totally ruined. The explosion broke window glass all over the city.

Frank Simpson and Thomas Jones surrendered to the San Francisco police Monday, admitting that they were the wheelmen who, on May 27, ran over Hon. Timothy Guy Phelps, near his country home at San Carlos.

While attempting to arrest three men whom he caught in the act of robbing W. A. Shaughnessy Policeman Victor Stromberg of Chicago shot and fatally injured Mrs. Nellie Leeman, who was on the opposite side of the street.

Governor Sayers of Texas has received acceptances of his invitation to attend an antitrust convention at St. Louis, Sept. 20, from Governor Tanner of Illinois; Shaw of Iowa; Bushnell of Ohio; Finney of Michigan; Thomas of Colorado; Poynter of Nebraska and Bradley of Kentucky.

BLAND AGAIN UNCONSCIOUS.

Death of Famous Missourian Is Thought to Be Near.

ST. LOUIS, June 12.—A dispatch from the Associated Press correspondent at Lebanon says that at 10 o'clock last night Mr. Bland was reported resting quietly, but wholly unconscious. The increased brightness shown by him early in the day and the seeming change for the better in the condition of the patient has been followed by a more pronounced state of coma. As each alternate day is a bad day with him the family fear the result today. In his extremely weak condition another sinking spell would probably prove fatal, as his recuperative powers were considerably weakened Saturday, when he was revived only by the vigorous use of the electric brush on the extremities.

Elevator at Osceola Burns. OSCEOLA, Neb., June 12.—About noon the Omaha Elevator company's building was discovered to be on fire. Osceola's fire department turned out. Thinking the fire extinguished, the firemen returned to their homes, but were later called out, when the building and contents were burned to the ground. The cribs were filled with corn and the bins with wheat and oats.

Suit Filed Against Cluse. ST. LOUIS, June 12.—The parishioners of St. Patrick's church in East St. Louis are still holding out against the appointment of Vicar General Cluse, a German priest, as their rector by Bishop Janssen. A heavy guard is kept about the church building and parochial residence and Father Cluse has not yet been able to gain admittance to either.

Gulf Receivers Ask Privilege. ST. LOUIS, June 12.—Receivers Forde and Withers of the Gulf railroad applied to Judge Thayer of the United States circuit court for permission to issue \$1,000,000 of receivers' certificates. That amount is wanted to make necessary improvements along the line. Judge Thayer named June 29 as the date on which the hearing will take place.

Viola Horlocker in New York. HASTINGS, Neb., June 12.—Miss Viola Horlocker, who is under a \$5,000 bond on the charge of having attempted the life of Mrs. C. F. Morey by sending her a box of poisoned candy on Monday, April 10, is in New York city with her sisters, Miss Zora and Mrs. Lou Nance Phillips, where she has gone to recuperate.

Sharkey Willing to Meet Jeffries. PASO ROBLES, Cal., June 12.—In the course of an interview yesterday regarding the Jeffries challenge, Tom Sharkey expressed gratification at the prospect of an early fight with the champion. "I will meet him anywhere," said Sharkey. "I am ready to post my forfeit at any time and will be prepared to enter the ring within six weeks."

Buffalo Strike is Spreading. BUFFALO, June 12.—The strike of the freight handlers at the Erie docks for an advance of one cent an hour in wages was considered at a meeting of the Freight Handlers' union yesterday and a sympathetic strike of the inside workers of all the freight houses was ordered. About 1,000 men have been called out.

May Arbitrate Cleveland Strike. CLEVELAND, June 12.—There is a possibility that the street railway men strike may be settled by arbitration. President Little, Member Owen and Secretary Bishop of the state board of arbitration arrived in this city last evening, coming at the request of President Everett of the big consolidated company. Their arrival was a surprise to the strikers. The state board has no authority to compel the submission of labor troubles to arbitration, but if they can induce both sides to consent to it the right to tender their good offices and proceed to reach an agreement.

The Ninth infantry crept around to the right, flanking the trenches, driving out the Filipinos and killing many of them. The Colorado regiment advanced to the lake. Two companies encountered trenches on top of a knoll, where the Filipinos stood waist high above the trenches pouring a volley upon the advancing Americans. The Colorado troops charged and drove them out. Lieutenant Colonel Moses being wounded in the arm as he jumped into the trench. In the meantime General Wheaton's column advanced one and a half miles toward Paranaque, where the Americans found a strong trench on a ridge, out of which they drove the Filipinos by hard fighting. The enemy tried to flank the dismounted troops of the Fourth cavalry, accompanying Major Lawton, and at the same time they made their only advance, throwing a skirmish line to flank the Fourteenth infantry. But they were easily repulsed, the American artillery coming to the crest of the hill and shelling them.

Lawton's Narrow Escape. About 3 o'clock in the afternoon General Wheaton's brigade, headed by General Lawton, circled to the south of Las Pinas, encountering a large force of Filipinos in the shelter of the trees. General Lawton had a narrow escape. In the first volley of the enemy the horses of three of his staff officers were shot from under him. The Colorado regiment bore the brunt of this attack and dispersed the Filipinos.

Hardly had they finished off that lot when a large force appeared in the rear, which the Ninth infantry and a part of the Colorado regiment drove away. By this time nearly the whole division was around Las Pinas.

The Americans camped for the night south of the town in the midst of a heavy rain.

At 6 o'clock Sunday morning General Wheaton advanced upon Las Pinas with a troop of cavalry, the Twenty-first infantry, the Colorado regiment and part of the Ninth infantry, entering the town without firing a shot. He then advanced upon Paranaque. The women and children, and for that mat-

REBELS PUT TO FLIGHT

Americans Sweep Clear the Country South of Manila.

INSURGENT LOSS FOUR HUNDRED.

The American Loss is Four Killed and Twenty-five Wounded—Colorado Volunteers Receive Brunt of the Battle—Enemy is Disorganized and Routed.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—The war department received the following report from General Otis: MANILA, June 11.—The terrific heat yesterday did not permit the troops to reach the positions at the hours designated. This enabled a majority of the insurgents to escape in scattered organizations south and westward, which they effected during the evening and night. The movement was a great success, however. The enemy was disorganized and routed, suffering heavy loss. The troops are resting today at Las Pinas and Paranaque. The navy did excellent execution along the shore of the bay, but many insurgent detachments retired in that direction, protected by the presence of women and children, whom they drove along with them. Our loss, four killed and some thirty wounded. Report of the casualties later. A conservative estimate of the enemy's loss is about 400. Otis.

Two Towns Occupied. MANILA, June 12.—The Filipino occupation of the province of Cavite has been broken and as a result of the present movement the Americans now control the important coast towns of Paranaque and Las Pinas, while a long line of insurgent trenches facing our south line has been cleared. The insurgents have again proved their facility as dodgers, between 3,000 and 4,000 warriors, who seemed destined to be captured having disappeared, the majority sliding away under cover of the night after fighting the Americans all day. Some others came to meet our troops with professions of friendship.

The Thirteenth infantry lost one man killed and six wounded; the Ninth infantry, one man killed and five wounded, the Fourteenth infantry three wounded, and the First Colorado volunteer regiment, 11 wounded.

Saturday's work was the hardest our army has seen. The battlefield stretched out across the entire isthmus, from Laguna de Bay to the harbor. While the troops were advancing, the army gunboat Napidan, in the river near Taguig, shelled the enemy, killing several of them.

The monitor Monadnock and the gunboat Helena shelled Paranaque and Las Pinas all day with the full power of their batteries. The rebel sharpshooters kept in hiding until the American lines had passed and then attempted to pick stragglers from the trees. Thanks to their poor marksmanship this was without result.

Strip to the Waist. The whole country proved to be a succession of small hills, with boggy ground between the high, thick grass and bushes in the hollows, which retarded the advance, but gave shelter from the enemy's bullets. Our men threw away blankets, coats and even haversacks, stripping to the waist, and trusting to luck for food. Water could not be obtained, and there was much discontent after the canteens were emptied. At the outset the Colorado, the Ninth infantry and the First infantry formed the first line of insurgent trenches, wheeled to the left and drove the enemy toward the lake. During this maneuver, the Filipinos, in concealed trenches on the right, opened an enflading fire, but the brigade, partly owing to the high grass, had few hit.

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Word was received at Port Chester, N. Y., that the crew of the three-masted schooner George A. Howes, which captured the barque, N. J., on Friday last, had all been saved by an unknown schooner.

Four miles west of Scottsburg, Ind., Sunday, John Taylor Mount, former trustee of Finley township, fatally shot his wife and then turned the weapon on himself, dying almost instantly from the wound.

Samuel Roberts shot and instantly killed his wife, her mother, Mrs. Lewis, and then blew out his own brains at Canon City, Colo., Sunday. His wife had obtained a divorce and made her home with her parents.

The men attached to the cruiser Brooklyn, now moored at the Brooklyn navy yard, have decided to celebrate July 3, the anniversary of the battle of Santiago, when Cervara's fleet was destroyed. They propose to call it "Schley day."

In regard to the Indianapolis story about the gigantic brewery combine, Captain Frederick Pabst and Eugene Wuesthoff of the Pabst and Schlitz brewing companies deny that Milwaukee breweries are connected with the deal in any way.

STRIKERS STOP CARS.

Street Railway Situation at Cleveland Growing Serious.

NEW MEN LEAVE THEIR POSTS.

Efforts to Operate the Big Consolidated Only Partially Succeed—Cars Were Run on Two Roads at Irregular Intervals. Scenes of Disorder.

CLEVELAND, June 13.—The attempt of the big consolidated railroad company to move its cars yesterday was attended by scenes of wild disorder in various parts of the city, though nobody was hurt and very little damage was done to property. Cars were run on two lines at very irregular intervals, but without passengers, and mainly under the protection of policemen. The principal work of the mobs, which were composed largely of idlers and spectators, was to blockade the tracks, in which they were materially assisted by accommodating drivers of trucks, cut trolley ropes and jolt at the nonunion men. Occasionally stale eggs and pieces of mud were thrown, but nobody was hurt. The strikers discouraged violence, but they did most effective work in inducing the nonunion men to quit, and in that they were assisted by several women, relatives of the strikers, who boarded the cars and pleaded with the new men to leave their posts. One of these women was provided with money and when argument failed she induced the nonunion men to quit by paying them.

Many of the cars were left on the lines deserted and were afterward picked up by inspectors and taken to the yards. The company says it has sufficient men to operate its cars today, but this is denied.

The important event of the day was the refusal of the company to let the state board to arbitrate the only question involved—the recognition of the union. The strikers says they feel greatly encouraged and that they will be better prepared than ever to resist the running of cars when the attempt is resumed today.

Idaho Rioters on Trial. WALLACE, June 13.—The trials of some 300 prisoners who are charged with complicity in the riots at Wardner on April 29, when the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mill was blown up with dynamite by a mob of 1,000 miners, and two men shot and killed, began yesterday in the state district court, Judge Stewart presiding. In the cases of impeachment of the sheriff and the county commissioners, the state was represented by Attorney General Hays and Attorneys Borah and Forney. The defense had present Colonel Reddy and Jones and Murphy. Jones presented and argued a motion to quash and strike from the records the accusations against the defendants, claiming that the citation to appear had been issued in illegal and irregular manner. The prosecution asked for time to prepare a counter argument.

Johnson Defeats Fisher. KANSAS CITY, June 13.—The match race between John S. Johnson of Minneapolis and John T. Fisher of Chicago was decided at the Velodrome last night, Johnson winning the deciding heat in the presence of 4,000 spectators. His time for the mile was 2:07 2-5. The first heat, at three miles, was won by Johnson on Saturday last. Though Fisher was beaten in the match race, he beat Johnson's time later in the evening, when he won a mile event, professional, in 2:03 1-3. Lawson of Chicago was second and Ben Monroe of Memphis was third.

Bloodhounds Take the Trail. CHEYENNE, June 13.—Three trained bloodhounds from Beatrice, Neb., were sent from here by a special train to the point where Curry and one of the Roberts brothers, alleged participants in the Union Pacific robbery, were seen Friday evening and positively identified. The dogs will be started on their trail. A telephone message from Casper said there was no news at that point. Long telegrams of instructions and information thus far received were sent out by the Union Pacific to all sheriffs whose assistance may be possibly needed in the chase.

Fisher Throws Up Sponge in Eleventh. BALTIMORE, June 13.—Harry Fisher stood eleven rounds before Joe Walcott, the welterweight champion, last night and then threw up the sponge. The Brooklyn boy took a severe drubbing at the hands of the Barbadoes wonder and seemed only a trifle tired at the end. His blocking tactics made it necessary for Walcott to hammer him on the kidneys and back of the head, and his left side and arm looked like raw meat at the finish.

Many Anxious to Enlist. ST. LOUIS, June 13.—Lieutenant J. F. Hines arrived here from Cleveland to enlist landmen for the navy. When the lieutenant opened up the recruiting office in the government building he was besieged by a mob of men and boys anxious to enlist.

Mr. Bland's Fight For Life. LEBANON, Mo., June 13.—Mr. Bland's condition is encouraging. His pulse is stronger than for several days and he has taken more nourishment than during any day since his collapse, ten days ago.

Collapse of Six-Day Walk. NEW YORK, June 13.—The 6-day walk appears to have suddenly collapsed. The walkers have all left the track. It is understood that the affair has proved to be a failure financially.

School House Burns. LYONS, Neb., June 13.—The Neary school house, three miles west of here, was burned down for the second time in less than six months.

MAN HUNT IN WYOMING.

Small Army Organized to Clear Out Robbers' Roost in Hole-in-the-Wall.

CHASER, June 12.—The Hole-in-the-Wall, for years a refuge for outlaws, promises to be cleansed of its desperate inhabitants. The daring robber band which looted the Union Pacific express at Rock creek recently and escaped to the fastnesses of their dens in the Hole-in-the-Wall, in spite of the fact that they were closely pursued over plain and mountain, are to be systematically hunted to their death. To this purpose the several railroad managers with interests in this state are organizing posses and the outlaws will be given no rest. It is expected 200 men will be engaged in the big man hunt. The state, express and railroad companies have offered an aggregate of \$3,000 each for the heads of members of the band.

In addition to this head money, the men will be armed and fed by the corporations and big cattle companies of this section during the time they are engaged. Thus they are enabled to enlist a typical band of rough riders and every man of them a dead shot. The various bands of man hunters will be accompanied by Indian trailers, bloodhounds and pack trains. The six road agents who looted the Union Pacific express box will not oppose the small army of allies alone. It is estimated that 50 men on whose heads there are prices set and who are wanted in many states are to be found hiding there.

Charges Against Alaskan Official. SEATTLE, June 12.—The report of the United States grand jury, sitting at Juneau, Alaska, investigating educational matters in the territory, has just been received here. The report says that between 1884 and 1897, inclusive, \$415,000 was appropriated by congress for education in Alaska, which, if it had been judiciously expended, ought to have provided a school system commensurate with the requirements there and would have done so had not the general agent of education wasted the money in useless jaunts and in the establishment of schools at places where but few white people lived. The report accuses him of making false statements in his official reports and concludes by asking the secretary of the interior to relieve Alaska of this official.

Remove College Professors. KANSAS CITY, June 12.—Four times the ax descended at the Kansas Agricultural college at Manhattan yesterday, and each time the head of a member of the faculty rolled into the basket. Those who were notified that their services would not be required after June 30 are: President Thomas E. Will and Professors Ward, Bemis and Parsons. The reason assigned by the regents for the wholesale dismissal of the members of the faculty is that they want to take the college out of politics. It was for this reason that, shortly after the inauguration, Governor Stanley set about the removal of the Populist regents, whose places have been filled by men in harmony with the administration.

Strike Situation at St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, June 12.—The strike of architectural iron workers, inaugurated several days ago, is still on, with 650 men out and ten shops closed. At a meeting of the Trades and Labor assembly yesterday a resolution was adopted, tendering the support of organized labor to the strikers for a shorter workday and higher wages. It was thought that all the members of the allied building trades would be ordered to quit work. This step was not taken as it was not deemed necessary. Negotiations are now pending, which, it is thought, will result in amicable settlement of the differences between the iron workers and their employers.

Smallpox in Iowa City. IOWA CITY, Ia., June 12.—Smallpox has broken out in Iowa City. Only one case, Lincoln Pope, a painter, aged 22, has been reported so far. Dr. J. C. Shrader of the state board of health has instituted a rigid quarantine. Exposures are few.

Windy Weather Garments for Women. TOPEKA, June 13.—Henry Black, an editor in Syracuse, western Kansas, has started a movement for a special stormy weather skirt for women to wear during the season when the wind blows at a velocity of 40 miles an hour across the prairies. In his paper, the Journal, Editor Black appeals to the women to turn from fashion and custom and wear during windy weather divided skirts, or better still, the trousers of their brothers or husbands. He says ten women of Syracuse have agreed to inaugurate this new western Kansas reform.

Missouri Ends His Life. CINCINNATI, June 13.—The dead body of E. C. Robinson of Lexington, Mo., was yesterday found in a hotel room. He had taken arsenic. A note left indicated that he was penniless and gave the names of his wife at Lexington, Mrs. J. P. Gordon at Lexington and F. C. Robinson, Groton, S. D.

Western Man For Vice President. CHICAGO, June 13.—Senator W. B. Allison of Iowa is in Chicago. He says the Republican leaders of the west are becoming satisfied the vice presidential nomination will come west next time and that Henderson has won the speakership fight in a walk.

Monday's Baseball Games. NATIONAL LEAGUE. Cleveland 3; Pittsburgh 5. New York 2; Boston 11. WESTERN LEAGUE. Buffalo 4; Kansas City 4. Indianapolis 5; St. Paul 3. Detroit 6; Minneapolis 7. Columbus 4; Milwaukee 1. WESTERN ASSOCIATION. Birmingham 14; Ottumwa 3.

As the result of missing several hundred union miners at Hillsboro, Ill., where they are encamped, the Driving Park mine, which has been operated by nonunion miners, has been temporarily closed down.