

ORDERS AND OTHER ORDERS

Mrs. Gadsden the Subject of Many Suits.

IS STILL AN INMATE HERE.

Did Not Secure Her Release But Was Ordered Transferred to the Lincoln Asylum—Judge Cornish of Lincoln Issues a Restraining Order.

Perhaps there has been no case in the Norfolk hospital for the insane that has excited more general interest than that of Mrs. Jas. Gadsden of Schuyler. There is a contention between Mr. Gadsden and the patient's family that has brought about numerous complications. Mrs. Gadsden is still an inmate of the hospital here under a restraining order granted by Judge Cornish of Lincoln. The board of public lands and buildings ordered her removed to the Lincoln asylum and her relatives, hearing of it, got out this restraining order before the order of removal reached the hospital authorities.

The Schuyler Quill contains the following article regarding another case pending before the district court of Colfax county brought by the patient. "The commission appointed by Judge Hollenbeck to investigate in regard to the granting of the application of Mrs. Fannie Gadsden for a discharge from the hospital for the insane at Norfolk, has reported against her discharge but recommending her removal to the Lincoln asylum. The commission was composed of C. J. Phelps of this city and Dr. Evans of Columbus.

"The testimony as brought out in the examinations by the commission, shows that Mrs. Gadsden's condition is considerably improved as compared with the time of her entrance into the hospital, but she is not yet considered normal. The testimony shows that she is still subject to spells of melancholy and depression and at times gives evidences of homicidal and suicidal illusions. According to the asylum records this melancholy and depression was usually recurrent upon the receipt of letters from home. This led to the request of Dr. Teal to see the letters and to the ultimate suit and injunction prohibiting Gadsden from writing to his wife. Dr. Young testifies that the extract of a letter as published in the State Journal last week (copied in the Quill), is genuine. We have not heard Mr. Gadsden deny having written it, but he has told us that he defied anyone to produce the original letter. It would seem Mrs. Gadsden is extremely nervous and has but little will power. According to her own statement she and Mr. Gadsden are on the best of terms. In a deposition shown to us this week she testifies that the Lees (her relatives) offered to dismiss the cases pending if Mr. Gadsden would transfer to her a large amount of property or a large sum of money, to be held in trust for her by her father or brothers. Mr. Gadsden claims the case to be all spite work and to have its origin in the fact that the Lees are bankrupt and need some money.

"A greater mix-up or a more unfortunate affair it would be hard to find. It would appear from the evidence at hand that the Lees are not fit parties to act as guardians, and if Mr. Gadsden is liable, as it appears, to give way to anger or jealousy, and write letters or utter words to his wife such as are claimed to have been written by him, then he is not a proper person for a guardian. It seems to us that the wisest plan would be to remove Mrs. Gadsden to Lincoln and keep her as quiet as possible, with nothing to irritate or disturb her. To do this it is evident that both Mr. Gadsden and the Lees would have to be enjoined from communicating with her and a disinterested party would have to be appointed as guardian."

This is about in accord with Dr. Teal's position. Before the meeting of the board of public lands and buildings he recommended her removal to the Lincoln asylum believing that inasmuch as she was not satisfied to remain here better results might be obtained through her removal. Not only did he recommend her removal at that time, but is of the same opinion and would again recommend it if called upon by the court issuing the restraining order.

Dr. Teal was asked today what there was in the rumor that he had retained her here after the order of removal to Lincoln had been made by the board and said: "I considered that I had no right to remove Mrs. Gadsden without the written order of the board. At the time the order was given I was in attendance at the board meeting and in fact recommended her removal. They told me that this order should accompany Mrs. Gadsden and constitute her commitment papers to the Lincoln asylum. They also instructed me to consult with Dr. Green about having her admitted there. This took some time. The written order for her removal came four days after the board meeting and Dr. Green's letter saying he would receive her came four or five days after the restraining order had been granted. It was impossible for me to legally remove her before the restraining order was issued."

Mrs. Gadsden will continue as an inmate of the Norfolk hospital until after the hearing on the restraining order is had before Judge Cornish at Lincoln.

When the plate is furnished THE NEWS will supply engraved cards at 75 cents for 50, or \$1.00 for 100.

WEDNESDAY WRINKLES. Dr. P. H. Salter went to Orlington today.

Gay T. Graves of Pender was in the city today.

Mrs. J. B. Maynard is visiting with Mrs. A. K. Shirliff of Omaha.

Misses Anna and Christina Johnson went to Omaha yesterday to visit friends.

The Norfolk Shoe company nine will go to Pierce tomorrow to play ball with a young team of that town.

Mrs. O. S. Bargelt, who has been visiting relatives here for several weeks, left yesterday for the west.

Architect J. C. Stitt is preparing to draw plans for a large addition to the public school building at Neligh.

Judge R. E. Evans of Dakota City, grand master mason, met last evening with Masonic lodge No. 55, of this city.

The work of painting the residence of E. A. Bullock on Madison avenue and Twelfth street has just been completed.

Miss Clark, Miss Clara Feiberham and Miss Ada Ellenwood, of Stanton, were the guests of Miss Otelia Pilger yesterday.

Judge and Mrs. I. Powers expect to leave tomorrow morning for Seattle, Washington, and other points of interest in the Pacific northwest.

Senator Allen of Madison was in the city today enroute home from Stanton where he represented the plaintiff in the case of Martin vs. Stanton county.

John Hendricks, father of Mrs. J. L. Daniel is very sick at Mrs. Daniel's home in this city. Two of his daughters arrived this noon from Scribner to visit him.

Elsie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Truman, is six years old today and this afternoon is entertaining a company of little friends in celebration of the occasion.

The pupils who were members of the Sixth grade last year and attended school in the room taught by Miss Kate Stafford are enjoying a picnic today at Taft's grove.

Misses Lena Mills and Oriole Adams left this morning for California. They will visit friends at several places in that state and be gone until about the first of September.

Horace Eiseley and bride returned last evening from Minneapolis, where they were married on Monday. The lady's name was Miss Minnie Russell. They will go to housekeeping on South Fourth street.

H. E. Hardy writes from Chicago that he and Mrs. Hardy arrived there safely and expected to leave today for Boston. They are ready to acknowledge that the heat in Chicago is something intense.

The F. E. & M. V. company is replacing the old rails on its track with heavy steel ones and the work has progressed as far as Stanton, where six carloads of the new material was received and unloaded Monday.

A telephone message received in Norfolk today announces the death of Mrs. A. Hofius, wife of the German Lutheran minister at Pierce, which occurred yesterday. Rev. J. P. Mueller of this city will conduct the funeral services which will be held tomorrow.

The faddists now have gaily colored shoe strings to attract their attention for the present. A large supply of the articles were purchased here the other day and taken to the reunion at Neligh where the purchaser hoped to find a large demand at handsome prices.

David Whitla, chairman, and J. L. Knesel, secretary, of the republican county central committee have called a meeting of that committee to be held in Battle Creek July 20, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of setting the time and place for holding the republican county convention.

S. R. McFarland, sr., of Stanton, uncle of City Clerk McFarland, is here and this morning submitted to an operation which it is hoped will give him the use of his left leg. About a year ago he was kicked on the lower part of his leg by a horse. The bone was splintered and broken, and never healed properly.

Dr. P. H. Salter's thermometer yesterday indicated a maximum temperature of 103, which is certainly the highest of the season. A slight shower this morning cooled the weather to some extent, but later in the day it warmed up to quite an uncomfortable degree. The bureau promises thunderstorms and cooler for tonight and tomorrow and it is to be hoped that the term of oppressive heat is passed.

A special train of cattle loaded by Wood & Bancroft and Morris Gross at Madison Monday experienced considerable difficulty when the train started for Chicago. The dryness of everything made fires easy and cars twice caught on fire, once after they had been wet down. One car and part of another were unloaded two miles south of town. One of the cars unloaded was not sent out until the night train.

troupe is billed to appear in Norfolk next Tuesday. The performance will be given under canvas, the tent to be erected on the vacant lot at the corner of Philip avenue and Third street, across from the Lincoln school building. This company has been on the road many seasons and has proven popular where it has entertained. They claim to be the oldest white minstrel company on the road, under one continuous management.

A cheap way of getting to Buffalo and the exposition is given as follows in the Bee: Twelve young men in Jersey City some time ago hit on the plan of hiring a freight car in which to make an economical trip to the Buffalo exposition. The idea has since attracted the favorable attention of so many of their friends that enough of them to fill nine similar cars have decided to join this novel excursion. Bunks will be fitted up along the sides and they will live in the cars during the trip, which will last four weeks.

The G. A. R. reunion of the North Nebraska district is being held at Neligh this week, commencing Tuesday and continuing until Friday night. There is a good attendance, the grounds are nicely located and everything points to a good time to those participating. Gambling and kindred vices are prohibited on the grounds but the leaders of last week give some encouragement to the fraternity by remarking: "If visitors desire an opportunity of losing their money, no doubt they can find abundant chances on the outside which is beyond the control of the managers of the reunion."

The crop bulletin published from the university of Nebraska for the week ending July 9, shows very favorable conditions in the northeastern section of the state, the following being the report from that and neighboring counties: Antelope.—Rye harvested, good crop; corn doing well; plenty of rain. Knox.—Winter rye cut, good crop; wheat, oats and corn doing splendidly; grass growing well; some damage from hail. Madison.—Rye being cut; oats and wheat looking fine and filling well; hay big crop; corn growing splendidly. Pierce.—Small grain and pastures fine; very little corn laid by and is weedy, but looks fine and growing fast. Platte.—Showers have been local and parts of county need rain; much of the corn laid by; harvesting progressing rapidly.

To Prevent Heat Prostration. Just now the newspaper doctors and other kinds are engaged in laying down rules to prevent prostration by heat. Many of the printed rules are good, but perhaps they may be improved upon. All rules will not work in all climates. For Columbus and vicinity, the following code is promulgated for the guidance of all who do not desire to die from the effects of hot weather: Wear a shirt waist, if your wife will let you.

Trust in God and pay your grocery bill.

Don't try to bull the corn market while there are any bears in sight.

Don't try to sell hair restorative to Charley Pollock or Attorney Cornelius.

Don't ask Judge Curtis to play ball. Advise in The Telegram.

Don't be afraid of water. Steer clear of doctors and lawyers. Don't have the toothache. Smoke cigars made in Columbus. Buy Columbus real estate.

Don't spoil good democratic whiskey by mixing it with water.

Make love to one woman at a time.—Columbus Telegram.

An Extract from Her Letter: "If you could only be here this winter morning and see for yourself you would no longer doubt me. Roses are blooming in our front yard and all nature is as far advanced in this lovely American summerland as it will be in your cold eastern home by June."

"We made the journey from Missouri river to the Golden Gate on the Union Pacific to avoid the circuitous routes—an important item in the winter. A trip to California is made delightful by the perfect service and luxurious accommodation of The Overland Limited, which is perhaps the most finely equipped train in the world."

Detailed information furnished on application. F. W. JUNEMAN, Agent.

Pan-American Exposition Excursion Rates. Excursion tickets will be sold by the F. E. & M. V. (Northwestern line) on May 6, 13, 20, 27 and 28 with a return limit of 7 days at \$30.55 via standard and \$29.01 via differential lines.

Every day until September 30 with return limit of 15 days, at \$38.30 via standard and \$36.30 via differential lines.

Every day from May 15 to September 30 good for return until October 31, at \$47.75 via standard and \$45.35 via differential lines.

Full particulars will be cheerfully furnished all inquirers. H. C. MATRAU, Agent.

To the Ladies of Norfolk. Miss Mary Shelley announces that during the balance of July and through August she will take her vacation and her parlors in the Cotton block will be closed until the first of September. A portion of her vacation will be spent in Chicago, where she will study the latest styles for the benefit of her patrons.

THURSDAY TIDINGS. D. L. Upton of Pierce was in the city yesterday.

J. S. McClary attended the reunion at Neligh yesterday.

Dr. Wm. Kiesau and bride returned last evening from their wedding trip into Iowa.

J. A. Hornberger, at one time superintendent of the Norfolk schools, was here yesterday from Chicago.

Wheat threshing has commenced in the neighborhood of Table Rock and the average yield is thought to be about 20 bushels to the acre.

Mrs. Fred Jenel of Bloomfield, formerly Miss Anna Maas of this city, arrived last night for a two-weeks' visit with relatives and friends.

Fremont Tribune: Judge Barnes of Norfolk, who is prominently spoken of as a candidate for the republican nomination for supreme judge this fall, was a passenger through Fremont on his way home to Norfolk.

Miss Rosa Eddy of Glenn Falls, N. Y., is expected here tonight to visit her sister, Mrs. P. T. Birchard. At Marshalltown, Iowa, she was met by Mr. Birchard and the children who will accompany her to Norfolk.

Miss Annie McBride left on the noon train for Aurora, Ill., and other points, expecting to be absent about four weeks. Miss Clara Whyman, formerly of this city, expects to return with Miss McBride for a three-weeks' visit.

Ed. A. Wood of Oleridge was in the city over night on his way home from Stanton where he played with the Stanton team in an interesting game of ball against West Point. It was a 10-inning game and resulted in a victory for Stanton by a score of 10 to 9.

Mrs. A. N. Gerecke entertained a company of eight young lady friends at a four-course 1 o'clock luncheon Wednesday, complimentary to Miss Nelle Gerecke, soon to be married. It was a very pleasant affair and greatly enjoyed by those attending.

Invitations have been issued by Mr. and Mrs. Herman Gerecke to the marriage of their daughter, Nelle Mildred, to Mr. Frank Wyllys Emery, Monday morning, July 23, at 10 o'clock. The announcement is likewise made that the couple will be at home in Chicago after September 1.

Yesterday was a record breaker according to Dr. Salter's government thermometer, which showed a maximum temperature of 103. The highest ever before recorded during the seven years that Dr. Salter has kept a record was 102 and he was slow to believe that yesterday's temperature was recorded correctly, but today's papers indicate that it was no higher than in other places and he has decided that the showing was correct. The minimum temperature was 64, which was much lower than yesterday and brought the average lower than that of yesterday by several degrees.

The banner warm weather story comes from the home of Herman Gerecke, and what is important it is said to be true. Several days ago Mr. Gerecke brought in some eggs from the barn and they were placed in the pantry. This morning the girl employed by Mrs. Gerecke heard a noise in the pantry which she thought was a mouse and after securing a broom bravely proceeded to enter and make war upon the pest. She was astonished to find that the author of the disturbance was a very young chicken that had emerged from the pan of newly harvested eggs. A strange part of the story is that it is not known that the eggs had been set upon and the result is thought to be entirely due to hot weather.

For some reason there is a scarcity of water at the command of the city waterworks pumping station and while there is at present no cause for great alarm, consumers would do well to practice economy in the use of the water. Undoubtedly many are using it over-time and otherwise extravagantly and such extravagance is not only against the best interests of the city but may mean a loss to the people. A test is to be conducted this afternoon to learn if there is plenty of water in the wells to supply the pumps. If the wells are giving out or not adequate to supply the demand the condition is more serious than one that could be quickly and thoroughly remedied. Fire Chief Hartford makes the request that in case of a fire everyone who is using water will shut it off and give the firemen all the pressure possible. Last evening there was scarcely any pressure at all and if a large fire had started the firemen would have been at a decided disadvantage. It is to be hoped that the situation is one that can be easily and early adjusted.

Career and Character of Abraham Lincoln. An address by Joseph Choate, Ambassador to Great Britain, on the career and character of Abraham Lincoln—his early life—his early struggles with the world—his character as developed in the later years of his life and his administration, which placed his name so high on the world's roll of honor and fame, has been published by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway and may be had by sending six (6) cents in postage to F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

YOU MUST NOT FORGET

That we are constantly growing in the art of making Fine Photos, and our products will always be found to embrace the

Most Artistic Ideas

and Newest Styles in Cards and Finish. We also carry a fine line of Moldings suitable for all kinds of framing.

I. M. MACY.



WILL CURE NASAL, THROAT AND BRONCHIAL AGUTE AND CHRONIC CATARRH AND TUBERCULAR Consumption

Medical Opinion in regard to Dr. A. H. Keller's Sylvan-Ozone.

An editor of a medical journal writes as follows:

"Dr. A. H. Keller's Sylvan-Ozone offered by the Dr. A. H. Keller Chemical Company as a cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Catarrh, Coughs, Colds and all diseases of the air passages. This we know to be a genuine specific for these complaints, and as such, entitled to our confidence and that of our readers."

"Close examination into the practical results which have been had from the use of this remedy has caused us to endorse it as being an undoubted cure for the above ailments, effectual in removing the exciting cause in a number of attacks which had been of the severest and most tedious character. Dr. A. H. Keller's Sylvan-Ozone permanently restored health, and in cases which were of a milder description its use immediately afforded relief."

OPENED TO SETTLEMENT.

President Proclaims Aug. 6 as Date of Oklahoma Rush.

TO DRAW LOTS FOR THE LAND.

Only Registered Applicants Will Be Allowed to Enter the District to Secure Homesteads—Sixteen Days for Filing of the Names.

Washington, July 8.—The proclamation of President McKinley, opening to settlement the lands ceded by Indians in the territory of Oklahoma, was given to the public today. The proclamation covers the cessions made by the Wichitas and affiliated bands of Indians in accordance with the act of March 3, 1895, and those made by the Comanche, Kiowa and Apache tribes in pursuance of the act of June 6, 1900.

The proclamation provides for the opening of the lands in those reservations which are not reserved at 9 o'clock a. m. on the 6th of August next, the lands to be open to settlement under the homestead and town-site laws of the United States.

The proclamation says that beginning on the 10th inst. and ending on the 26th those who wish to make entry of land under the homestead law shall be registered. The registration will take place at the land offices at Reno and Lawton. The registration at each office will be for both land districts.

To obtain registration, the applicant will be required to show himself duly qualified to make homestead entry of these lands under existing laws and to give the registering officer such appropriate matters of description and identity as will protect the applicant and the government against any attempted impersonation.

Registration cannot be effected through the use of the mails or the employment of an agent, excepting that honorably discharged soldiers and sailors may present their applications through an agent, no agent being allowed to represent more than one soldier. No person will be allowed to register more than once. After being registered applicants will be given certificates, allowing them to go upon the ceded lands and examine them in order to aid them in making an intelligent selection.

It is explicitly stated that "no one will be permitted to make settlement upon any of the lands in advance of the opening provided for," and the statement is added that "during the first 60 days following said opening no one but registered applicants will be permitted to make homestead settlement upon any of said lands, and then only in pursuance of a homestead entry duly allowed by the local land officers or of a soldier's declaratory statement duly accepted by such officers."

The order of the applications is to be determined by drawing, the plan for which is described as follows:

"The order in which, during the first 60 days following the opening, the registered applicants will be permitted to make homestead entry of the lands opened hereunder, will be determined by drawings for both the El Reno and Lawton districts, publicly held at the United States land office at El Reno, O. T., commencing at 9 o'clock a. m., Monday, July 23, 1901, and continuing for such period as may be necessary to complete the same. The drawings will be held under the supervision and immediate observance of a committee of three persons whose integrity is such as to make their control of the drawing a guaranty of its fairness. The members of this committee will be appointed by the secretary of the interior, who will prescribe suitable compensation for their services. Preparatory to these drawings the registration officers, at the time of registering each applicant who shows himself duly qualified,

make out a card, which must be signed by the applicant, stating the land district in which he desires to make homestead entry, and giving such a description of the applicant as will enable the local land officers to thereafter identify him. This card will be at once sealed in a separate envelope, which will bear no other distinguishing label or mark than such as may be necessary to show that it is to go into the drawing for the land which the applicant desires to make entry. These envelopes will be separated according to land districts and will be carefully preserved and remain sealed until opened in the course of the drawing as herein provided.

When the registration is completed, all of these sealed envelopes will be brought together at the place of drawing and turned over to the committee in charge of the drawing, who in such manner as in their judgment will be attended with entire fairness and equality of opportunity shall proceed to draw out and open the separate envelopes and to give to each enclosed card a number in the order in which the envelope containing the same is drawn. The result of the drawing for each district will be certified by the committee to the officers of the district and will determine the order in which the applicants may make homestead entry of said lands and settlement thereon."

Two Killed at a Dance. Texarkana, July 8.—News reached here that two men were killed and two wounded in a desperate battle between four or five negroes near Index, nine miles north of here, on the Kansas City Southern railway, last night. The fight occurred at a dance in Little River county, just over the river from Index.

Car Famine in Kansas. Kansas City, July 8.—There is a shortage of cars to move the Kansas wheat crop, although the marketing of that cereal has barely gotten under way. The wheat movement started much earlier this year, owing to the fine weather, and the railways, it is stated, are unable to care for it. One railway has contracted for 1,500 new cars to be delivered this month.

Car Famine in Kansas. Kansas City, July 8.—There is a shortage of cars to move the Kansas wheat crop, although the marketing of that cereal has barely gotten under way. The wheat movement started much earlier this year, owing to the fine weather, and the railways, it is stated, are unable to care for it. One railway has contracted for 1,500 new cars to be delivered this month.

Car Famine in Kansas. Kansas City, July 8.—There is a shortage of cars to move the Kansas wheat crop, although the marketing of that cereal has barely gotten under way. The wheat movement started much earlier this year, owing to the fine weather, and the railways, it is stated, are unable to care for it. One railway has contracted for 1,500 new cars to be delivered this month.



is very much like the blossoming of a flower. Its beauty and perfection depends entirely upon the care bestowed upon its parent. Expectant mothers should have the tenderest care. They should be spared all worry and anxiety. They should eat plenty of good nourishing food and take gentle exercises. This will go a long way toward preserving their health and their beauty as well as that of the little one to come. But to be absolutely sure of a short and painless labor they should use

Mother's Friend

regularly during the months of gestation. This is a simple liniment, which is to be applied externally. It gives strength and vigor to the muscles and prevents all of the discomforts of pregnancy, which women used to think were absolutely necessary. When Mother's Friend is used there is no danger whatever. Get Mother's Friend at the drug store, \$1 per bottle. THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. ATLANTA, GA. Write for our free book, "Before Baby is Born."