The Breath of the World.
The Spanish Colony.

While Europe was engrossed in the grandeur of the Renaissance, the Spanish Empire was thriving in the New World.

Also, the Spanish Empire was a significant force in the world, with colonies in the Americas, Asia, and Africa.

The Empire had a unique political structure, with a central government in Spain and local authorities in the colonies.

The economy was based on agriculture, with the feudal system and the encomienda system.

The encomienda system was a form of slavery where the Spanish conquerors were granted the right to enslave the indigenous peoples of the Americas.

The system led to the exploitation of the indigenous population and the extraction of valuable resources such as gold and silver.

The Spanish Empire was also a center for exploration and trade, with expeditions led by famous figures such as Hernán Cortés and Francisco Pizarro.

The Empire's power and influence declined in the 17th century, but it continued to be a significant force in the world until the late 19th century.