

Democratic Department

Conducted
by the
Democratic Committee.

BY YOUR WORKS ARE YE KNOWN

The recent accession of Congressman Norris to the growing Anti-Cannon ranks speaks in no uncertain way of the party expediency and the time-serving tendencies of the man who has three times voted to make Joseph Cannon the second man in authority in the United States.

In a published statement for Nebraska consumption he says he is opposed alike to Cannon and to the rules which makes Cannon a dangerous, arrogant autocrat. Cannon is an old man; he has been in Congress nearly forty years; he is a past master in the art of republican retrogression. He is chief of the air-brake department and grand sacham in the Order of Stand Pat. For forty years he has heard the cry of the people for reform and given them no heed. For forty years he has stubbornly stood, when he could not lead, in the light of progress and blocked the way to better things, and when permitted to lead he has delivered his followers into the hands of corporate greed, special interests and favored trusts.

Through all this time his rule of conduct has been akin to the laws of the Medes and Persians; unchangeable and unchanged. Knowing this, sitting at elbows with it, hearing it from the very stones in the streets of Washington, Congressman Norris voted to make Cannon speaker in 1903. That was his first term and might have been overlooked upon the plea of inexperience and stage-fright. But two years later he sinned again, and with greater light. Cannon was the same national blunder, swinging the same red light across the way and singing the same old siren song to the pilgrims at Washington, that he had been for more than a generation.

Two years later Mr. Norris, having been for the third term chosen to misrepresent the people of the Fifth Nebraska district, bent his suppliant knee before the speaker's chair and voted to continue his intolerable rule. Not that alone, he voted to create and ratify the rules of which he now complains and made it thereby possible for the speaker to absolutely control the greatest body of men on earth, throttle their every effort to be free and make them the sport of his fancy and his whims.

Then the cock crew, and Mr. Norris waked up. He heard the "rolling of the thunders and the coming of the storm" and he ducked to the bomb proof. From it he issued his appeal to the voters and asks for an immunity bath.

He does not apologize for nor explain the past, yet the very conditions he now professes to deplore he voted for, three times, advisedly, knowingly, with premeditated purpose to create, and then, as if the burden of his folly and cowardice had not rested hard enough upon the backs of his patient constituency, he gave his voice and his favor to a gag rule for the house of representatives so that the hopes and aspirations and welfare of a great, a free and an honest people might be strangled at its portals.

Cannon was the same Cannon two, four and six years ago as he is today. He has learned nothing, forgotten nothing. It is as meet for Norris to vote for him now as then. Ethically, Norris did not make Cannon unspcakably bad, but knowing, he three times voted to make him practically harmful and now has not the saving grace of a penitent to own his wrong.

What faith can voters have in the man who has three times betrayed their trust that he will not a fourth time, for the promise of a good place on committees, again commit the Cannon blunder?

There is but one certain way of defeating Cannon's re-election as speaker. Elect a democratic congress. There is no better place to commence than by putting Senator Ashton in the place of the opportunist and trimmer, who disclaims his own offspring and proclaims against his own acts.

Every Democrat and Populist ought to apply the rule laid down by Senator Beveridge when here. He stated that Mr. Bryan was an intimate personal friend, and that he was one of the best men he ever knew, yet he was not the man for President measured by Beveridge standard. There have been appeals made in the past and no doubt will be this year to Democrats and Populists to support Norris for the reason that he is a nice fellow and a citizen of our county. It might be worthy of consideration if they, the Republicans, would apply that rule in the state by supporting Mr. Bryan for the Presidency who has done more for Nebraska than a regiment of Norries could do from beginning to the end of time.

VOLUNTEERS MEET

The Bryan and Kern Volunteers meet in the Diamond hall at eight o'clock every Saturday evening. Second Street west.

SAYS GOD MADE THE TRUSTS

Senator Dolliver Declares Creator will Regulate Monopolies.

Reno, Nevada, Oct. 16.—Senator Dolliver of Iowa declared last night before an audience here that God made the trusts, not man, and that God would be responsible for their regulation.

"Trusts are governed not by any statute, but by the laws of God made for the protection of His own people," he declared. "The laws of God are equal to the task of regulating the growth of the trusts."

Citing the law of maximum consumption Senator Dolliver said that it was to the interest of the trusts to make prices low so that consumption would increase; that postage stamp revenue increased in proportion as the price of stamps was reduced by law; that sugar sales increased and the profits thereof with the reduction of the price and fell with its advance.

"The sugar trust," he said, "is in the hands of the Author of the universe."

Dolliver Says the Almighty Made the Trusts

Granite City, Ill., Oct. 10.—William J. Bryan got a rousing reception in this factory town when his special train pulled into the station. The democratic candidate had been made acquainted with the fact that a number of the factories at this place were closed down, while several others were working only one-third time, and he used this as a basis for an exposition of the democratic platform with respect to labor. He declared that converts were not made by speeches so much as by events and he said "a speech can only draw lessons from events; a speech can only point out the connection between cause and effect."

The republican argument, he contended, did not attempt to show any relation between cause and effect. "The republicans," he said, "simply talk upon an incident taken hold of, magnified, and claim credit for it if it is good and if it be bad they throw the responsibility on the Almighty."

"Within the last few days the country has had an illustration of that. Mr. Taft went out to talk to the farmers. He told them that they were prosperous and their prosperity, he said, was due to the republican party. Now everybody knows that there are but two sources of a farmer's prosperity. One is good crops and the other good prices, and when Mr. Taft assumed that the republican party was responsible for the farmer's prosperity, he assumed that the republican party was responsible for the good crops. He gave the republican party credit where God was entitled to credit, and now comes Senator Dolliver, who says that God made the trusts and must be relied upon to regulate them."

Mr. Bryan asserted that Senator Dolliver and Mr. Taft had gotten things turned around. "God," he said, "is responsible for the good crops and the republican party is responsible for the trusts, but Mr. Taft attempted to rob the Almighty of the credit for the good crops and Senator Dolliver attempted to blame the Almighty for the trusts that have grown up under republican rule. Now, I only use this to illustrate what I have often said, that there is no logic in republican argument."

The citizens of McCook need not hesitate in giving their support to Mr. Ashton for congress for the reason that his election would delay progress in the erection of the new Federal building. Mr. Ashton will be as deeply interested in promoting the development of McCook and will have as much influence in the event of the election of a republican congress for the reason that he has pledged himself to oppose Cannon re-election as speaker which places him outside of the zone of influence for anything.

Ex-Postmaster General Heath says: "I believe the prohibition party will pull Ohio and Indiana through for the republicans." Now, Mr. Prohibitionist, you see the republican party is looking to you to help pull their candidates through by casting your vote for Chafin instead of for Bryan, and in some other states they expect the same help from the socialists, what will you do, cast your vote for your party candidate and elect Taft and the trust ruling power, or vote for Bryan and the interests of the common people?

Democratic National Ticket.

For President
WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska
For Vice-President
JOHN W. KERN, of Indiana

Democratic State Ticket.

For Governor
Ashton C. Shallenberger, of Alma
Lieutenant Governor
E. O. Garrett, of Fremont
Secretary of State
Dr. A. T. Gatewood, of Arapahoe
State Auditor
William B. Price, of Lincoln
State Treasurer
Clarence Mackey, of Ansley
Superintendent of Public Instruction
N. C. Abbott, of Tekamah
Attorney General
Harry B. Fleharty, of South Omaha
Commissioner Public Lands & Buildings
E. B. Eastham, of Broken Row
Railroad Commissioner
W. H. Cowgill, of Holdrege
Congressman, 5th District
Fred W. Ashton, of Grand Island
State Senator, 29th District
Cecil Matthews, of Bartley
State Representative, 65th District
J. H. Hoppe, of Bartley
County Attorney
Sidney Dodge, of Marion

The Bryan and Kern club meets every Saturday evening at 8:00 o'clock in Diamond's hall on 2nd Street West.

FAVORITISM IN TAXATION.

Why should railroad taxes in Nebraska be decreased at the same time that farm taxes are heavily increased?

For years the people of Nebraska have been fighting for justice in taxation. They have been fighting for such a tax system as will compel the big corporation to pay its just and fair share of taxes equally with the farmer and home-owner.

The republican party, and the present Sheldon administration, has taken its stand against the people on this issue.

The state taxes levied on the railroads in Nebraska this year are \$37,754.55 less than last year.

The state taxes levied on other property this year are \$182,910.02 more than last year, and almost every dollar of this increase falls on farm lands.

Why this flagrant favoritism to the railroads?

If farm lands are growing so much more valuable in Nebraska then, and for the same reason, the railroads are growing more valuable.

For the farms increase in value only as they are cultivated more, produce more corn and wheat and oats and cattle and hogs.

And practically every dollar's worth of this increased production represents increased business for the railroads. That means a greater earning capacity, and it is out of earnings that dividends are paid.

A vote for Sheldon and the republican state ticket is a vote to sanction this favoritism, and to ask for some more of the same.

A vote for Shallenberger and the democratic state ticket is a vote in protest, and in favor of a just system of taxation.

Why Not Guarantee Both?

A farmer sells a hundred dollars worth of stock or grain to his local dealer and gets a check for it. He presents it to a national bank and gets in return a certificate of deposit. The next day he sells a like amount, but when he presents his check decides to take the amount in currency and the banker counts him out \$100.00 in the notes issued by the bank. Next day the bank fails. The farmer holds \$200 of his obligations, \$100.00 in the form of a certificate of deposit, and the other \$100.00 in the form of bank notes. The latter is good as gold, but whether he will ever receive any portion of the former depends on the condition of the bank. Why should the one be as good as gold and the other doubtful? Simply because the bank notes are guaranteed by the government, and the deposit is not. Why should the one be guaranteed and not the other? Why not guarantee both?

Reason, Not Prejudice Should Guide.

Parties are indispensable and that each should have its leaders is inevitable. The character of a party from time to time depends upon the character of its leaders. If the leaders are controlled by sinister influences inimical to the interests of the people, the party for the time being will be controlled by such influences, and a victory for that party is a victory for those influences. The representatives of those influences do not ask whether a candidate belongs to the party of Jackson or of Lincoln, but merely whether he is friendly to the interests they represent. The voter with no interest to serve but that of himself and his country should learn a lesson from them, for they seldom make the mistake of voting for a candidate who is likely to thwart their

purposes. When they are lined up in favor of a particular candidate, he may rest assured that it is because they have some guarantee that he will serve the interests they represent, and then, if he is true to himself and to his country, he will cast his vote against that candidate, no matter by what party he is put forward.

Stand Patters in Control.

Taft's nomination was heralded as a victory for Roosevelt, for the progressive element of the republican party. In fact, it was a victory for the stand patters. The convention that nominated Taft, also adopted a platform. He endorses not only the platform but the work of the convention. While the convention showered boquets on Roosevelt, it was careful to see that none of his progressive ideas were embodied in the platform. By a vote of 866 to 114 a plank declaring for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people was defeated. A plank in favor of the publicity of campaign contributions was defeated by a vote of 880 to 94. Senator LaFollette's proposition looking toward the physical valuation of railroads was defeated by a vote of 917 to 63. As to the guarantee of bank deposits and the income tax, the convention maintained a cowardly silence. There was not a progressive idea in the entire platform. It is reactionary from beginning to end. If the stand patters—the spokesmen and agents of Wall street, were able to dictate the platform, do you imagine they would have permitted Taft's nomination had they considered him unfriendly?

A leading magazine says, "Long lease of power has made the real rulers of the republican party corrupt." The republican party has had a long lease on the ruling power of our country, and the real rulers will not listen to the cries of the reformers that spring up in their party. Where then can you go for relief, you may be a socialist, prohibitionist or believe in the policies advocated by some other party, but how can you hope for reform by casting your vote for any of these candidates, when you know they cannot be elected, but that Bryan or Taft will be our next president?

How are you going to vote? Are you satisfied with present conditions? Do you think the trusts and monopolies ought to be allowed to rule our country? Do you believe our billion dollar trusts (infants) ought to be protected with a Chinese wall? If you do then vote for Taft and the republican candidates. But if you are not satisfied with the present trust ruling power, if you believe our infant industries, that sell their products in the markets of the world, ought not to be protected by a Chinese wall, then you cannot in justice to yourself and your children, vote for the republican candidates.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the County Court within and for Red Willow County, Nebraska.

In the matter of the Estate of Eliza M. Hamilton, Deceased: To the Creditors of said estate: You are hereby notified that I will sit at the County Court room in McCook in said county, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1909, at 1 o'clock P. M., to receive and examine all claims against said estate, with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for the presentation of claims against said estate is six months from the 13th day of November, 1908, and the time limited for the payment of debts is one year from said 13th day of November, 1908.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court, this 20th day of October, 1908.

(Seal) J. C. Moore, County Judge.

NOTICE.

To Mabel Martin, Non-Resident Defendant: You are hereby notified that on the second day of October, 1908, Cray J. Martin, plaintiff, filed a petition against you in the District Court of Red Willow County, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which are to obtain a divorce from you on the ground that you have willfully abandoned the plaintiff, without good cause, for a term of more than two years last past. You are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, the 15th day of November, 1908. Dated this 2nd day of October, 1908.—109-41

CRAY J. MARTIN, Plaintiff.
By Boyle & Eldred, his Attorneys.

NOTICE.

In the county court of Red Willow county, Nebraska. To the creditors of and to all persons interested in the estate of John Sutton, deceased:

You are hereby notified that I will sit at the county court room in McCook, in said county, on the first day of May, A. D. 1909, at 9 o'clock a. m., to examine all claims and demands filed against said estate with a view to their adjustment and allowance.

On the same day at the hour of 1 o'clock p. m., I will hear the application of Adelle Parvin, executrix of said estate, for final examination of her report as executrix and for her discharge from such trust.

The time limited for the presentation of claims against said estate is six months from the 30th day of October, A. D. 1908, and any claim not presented on or before that time shall be forever barred.—109-41

Dated this 8th day of October, A. D. 1908.

(Seal) J. C. Moore, County Judge.
J. E. Kelley, Attorney.

NOTICE OF SUIT.

James C. Hammond, Lilly N. Hammond, Ada A. Hammond, Mary E. Dutton, Roy Dutton, Josephine M. Hammond and Arden H. Farris, defendants, will take notice that on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1908, Milton H. Hammond, plaintiff, filed a petition in the district court of Red Willow County, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which are to obtain a decree or judgment confirming the title to the undivided one-sixth interest, each of the plaintiff and the defendants, James C. Hammond, Ada A. Hammond, Josephine M. Hammond, Mary E. Dutton and Arden H. Farris, under the will of James M. Hammond, deceased, in and to the Southeast quarter of Section (11), Township Two (2), North of Range Thirty (30), Red Willow County, Nebraska, and for a partition of said real estate according to the respective rights of said parties, or if the same cannot be equitably divided, that said premises, and the proceeds thereof divided between the parties according to their respective rights. You are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, November 29, 1908. Dated this 21st day of October, A. D. 1908.

MILTON H. HAMMOND, Plaintiff.
By J. E. Kelley, His Attorney.

10-23-4
BEGGS' CHERRY COUGH SYRUP cures coughs and colds.

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C. H. BOYLE C. E. ELDRERD
BOYLE & ELDRERD
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
Long Distance Phone 44
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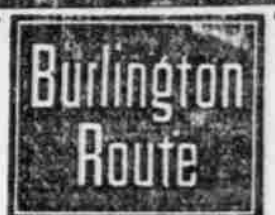
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Write D. Clem Deaver, General Agent, Land Seekers' Information Bureau, Omaha, or

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