

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Negroes and white children are to be separated in Oklahoma schools.

Great Britain and Russia are quarreling over the Brussels sugar conference.

It is said that Germany and England will unite to bring Venezuela to time.

No redistricting bill will be passed at the coming session of the Kansas legislature.

The will of Herr Krupp bequeaths the big gun factory at Essen to his eldest daughter.

Nearly 100,000 inhabitants in the northern districts of Sweden face starvation on account of heavy rain-falls.

John L. Sullivan, former pugilist, has filed a petition in bankruptcy in New York to prevent his arrest for debt in Boston.

Congressman-elect Wm. R. Hearst of New York and party are in the City of Mexico. Mr. Hearst is the recipient of many courtesies.

Rev. W. H. Millburn, the blind chaplain of the senate who is now in California, has forwarded his resignation to President Pro Tem Frye.

It is stated in diplomatic circles that Venezuela has yielded in part to the demands of Germany and England for claims put in by the citizens of those countries.

Secretary Moody, in his annual report, lays particular stress upon the imperative need of more officers and men to man the battleships now building and authorized.

The Rock Island management has authorized contracts for the construction of an extension of that system from Dallas to Galveston, Texas, a distance of 270 miles.

The government case against the so-called "beef trust" has been set for hearing in the United States circuit court on December 16, before Judge Grosscup at Chicago.

To properly provide for the United States government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, it is estimated by various departments that \$59,189,112.30 will be required.

The Southern Pacific has bought the Shreveport & Red River Valley railway, a valuable railroad between Shreveport and Alexandria, with a branch line to Manouira.

The Union Pacific Railroad company has formally announced the installation of its pension system, effective January 1, by a notice posted on the bulletin boards at headquarters in Omaha.

Smarting under a rebuke administered by his employer, Albert Ethridge, a boy 18 years old, shot and instantly killed John Kesner, proprietor of the Western hotel at Pocahontas, Illinois.

William E. Curtis says the administration will make no further move to purchase the West Indies from Denmark, but will welcome any negotiations looking to the acquisition of St. Thomas.

Of the \$20,117 claimed by the state of New York for expenses incurred in aiding the United States to raise a volunteer army in the war with Spain, the comptroller of the treasury only allowed \$5,875.

William H. Murray, alias Howard, was arrested at Dunlap, Tenn., Saturday by an Illinois officer on a warrant charging him with the murder of a man named Woodruff at Williamsburg, Ill., twenty-eight years ago.

The anniversary of Clem Studebaker's burial was made memorable at South Bend, Ind., by his family presenting to the Epworth hospital directors over \$50,000 in addition to other contributions to pay in full for a \$75,000 hospital building recently completed.

J. Weis, one of the wealthiest cotton merchants of New Orleans, was fined \$25 for violating the Wilson separate car law. He sat in the section reserved for negroes and declined, under the conductors' request, to get up because there was no empty seats in the white section.

Despite the negative action of the Transcontinental Passenger association in St. Louis last month the Union Pacific and Oregon Short Line and Oregon Railroad and Navigation company have announced the intention of instituting the one way colonist rate to points in the northwest.

The British mail steamer reports another eruption of Mont Pelee on the island of Martinique.

Macedonian peasants, who were in revolt last month, are subjected to horrible cruelties by the Turkish authorities.

Dr. Joseph Parker, the noted pastor of the London City Temple, is dead after a protracted illness.

Western Union messengers struck at Des Moines for a guarantee of \$20 a month. It was granted in thirty minutes.

RESTRAIN TRUSTS

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUPPORTS PUBLICITY PROPOSAL.

LITTLEFIELD'S BILL REPORTED

Measure Will Now Be Considered with Others Affecting Combines—Information in Which Particulars Are Required to Be Given.

WASHINGTON.—The subcommittee of the house judiciary committee, to which was referred anti-trust bills, on Friday reported favorably to the full committee on Mr. Littlefield's bill providing for giving publicity to the affairs of commercial combinations.

The acting chairman of the judiciary committee appointed a subcommittee consisting of Representatives Littlefield (Me.), Overstreet (Ind.), Powers (Mass.), De Armond (Mo.), and Clayton (Ala.), to which all anti-trust bills, including the publicity bill, have been referred. A meeting of the committee is called for tomorrow.

The publicity bill, as amended, provides that every corporation, joint stock company or similar organization engaged in interstate or foreign commerce, and every such corporation which shall hereafter be organized, shall file with the interstate commerce commission on or before September 1, each year, a return stating its name, date of organization, where and when organized, the statutes under which organized, and, if consolidated, the name of the constituent companies and the same information concerning them.

If the concerns have been reorganized the original corporation is to be stated, with information concerning it. The following particulars must also be given:

(1) Amount of authorized capital stock, shares into which divided, their par value, whether common or preferred and distinction between each.

(2) Amount issued and outstanding, amount paid in, how much, if any, in property, and if paid in property a description and cash value of the property at the time it was received.

(3) Indebtedness, its nature and for what purpose incurred.

(4) A statement of the assets at their present cash market value, giving the elements upon which the market value is based.

(5) The total earnings and income, operating expenses, interest, taxes, permanent improvements, net earnings, dividends declared, with rate and date, during the period preceding the first preceding July, salaries of officials and wages of employees.

It is further provided that the treasurer or other officer of concerns affected shall answer on oath all inquiries that may be made in writing, under the direction of the interstate commerce commission, relative to its financial condition and its capital stock. Such answer is not to be used as evidence against the person making it, except in prosecutions under the proposed act.

A tax of 1 per cent per annum is imposed on so much of the capital stock outstanding which is not fully paid in cash or property at its full cash market value, and provision is made for collecting the tax.

Any concern failing to make the return as required, and any concern failing to pay the tax imposed, is to be restrained, on the suit of the United States, from engaging in interstate or foreign commerce.

Finds Women Mail Carriers.

WASHINGTON.—It has recently been brought to the attention of the postmaster general that about twenty-five women are holding positions as carriers in the rural free delivery service and a call has been made for information about them. An investigation will be made to learn whether they are performing their duties in a satisfactory manner. It appears the appointments were made without the department knowing the sex of the candidates.

Verdict Is \$100,000.

NEW YORK.—A verdict for \$100,000 damage was brought in Tuesday by the jury in the suit of Mrs. Jennie M. Leys against the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad company.

Mrs. Leys sued for \$250,000 for the death of her husband, who was killed in a collision in the company's tunnel in this city in January last. Mr. Leys was manager of a department store and his earnings were said to be \$25,000 a year.

May Renounce Sugar Treaty.

LONDON.—In the house of commons on Wednesday the under secretary of state for foreign affairs said the opposition to countervailing duties and the refusal to allow the importation of bounties sugar were not inconsistent with the most favored nation clause of the Anglo-Russian commercial treaty of 1889. Russia, he added, had been informed of this view, and an order was made to renounce the treaty if Russia did not agree.

THE SICK CATTLE.

Unprincipled Dealers Said to Have Sold Them.

BOSTON.—Dr. Salmon reacted Boston from Washington Tuesday. His first action was to hold a conference with Dr. Samuel E. Bennett, the Boston agent of the bureau, Dr. Austin Peters, chief of the Massachusetts Animal Bureau, and Dr. John R. Mohr, chief of the pathological division at Washington. James Law of Cornell university and Dr. Leonard Pearson of the University of Pennsylvania.

Dr. Salmon said: "The situation is very disquieting, principally because cattle dealers have been selling diseased animals and scattering the contagion and because there has been no adequate conception of the danger of carrying the disease by persons who have visited diseased herds."

Dr. Salmon will take offices so as to be in the closest touch with the cattle bureau.

Dr. Peters on Tuesday issued a notice calling attention to the statutes which direct local board of health to report all cases of contagion among cattle as soon as their presence is known.

WASHINGTON.—Official notice of the action of the British government prohibiting the landing of stock from New England was received Tuesday.

Mr. Moore on Tuesday ordered about twenty veterinary surgeons in various western cities to proceed to New England to augment the force of experts already fighting the epidemic. This force also will be added to by the inspectors relieved from duty owing to the cessation of exportation to Great Britain.

PORTLAND, Me.—The steamship officials have stopped loading cattle at this port until word is received from England that cattle shipped from Canada via Maine will be allowed to land.

CUBAN TREATY IS READY.

President Palma Will Sign Document at Havana Next Wednesday.

HAVANA.—After a conference with Secretaries Zalzo and Montes Friday night President Palma said:

"My commissioners, Senores Zalzo and Montes, will sign the reciprocity agreement with General Bliss Tuesday or Wednesday next. It will be then sent to Washington, where the treaty will be signed by Secretary Hay and Minister Quesada.

"After confirmation by the United States senate I will send the treaty to the Cuban senate for approval. I shall not send it to the house of representatives because that house has, with the approval of the senate, the right, according to the constitution, to make a treaty which does not affect the tariff.

"This agreement provides for certain reductions in the duties on imports from the United States, but the tariff on those articles is not changed. After the approval of the treaty I intend to send a message to the senate and the house asking for a revision of the tariff in order to keep up the revenues which will be necessarily lessened by the treaty."

A senator who represents the administration gives his opinion that the reciprocity agreement must be approved by the house of representatives. The matter of issuing a loan for \$35,000,000 is again being taken up in the senate.

MEET AND TALK ON TREATY.

General Bliss Says Things Are Moving Along.

HAVANA.—General Tasker H. Bliss, who is here to arrange a basis for a reciprocity treaty between the United States and Cuba had another conference Tuesday with Secretary of State Zalzo and Secretary of Finances Manos. General Bliss afterward said: "We expect to conclude the conference by next Saturday. Everything is progressing satisfactorily."

It is generally understood that the Cuban commissions have accepted all propositions which General Bliss has advanced thus far on behalf of the United States.

Choctaw Indians Moving.

ARDMORE, I. T.—The emigration of hundreds of Choctaw Indians residing in Mississippi to Indian Territory has commenced. Many families reached this city Friday to appear before the Dawes commission for enrollment. Under the law these Indians must reside in the Indian country for a certain period and prove they are Choctaw Indians before they are entitled to allotment. It is expected that several thousand will reach the territory before February 1, the date of the beginning of the allotments.

Want into the British Market.

BUENOS AYRES.—The senate has reported sanitary laws relative to the admission of foreign cattle, which were presented by the Argentine government in order to facilitate the opening of British ports to Argentine cattle.

STATEHOOD BILL

IT WILL BE TAKEN UP IN THE SENATE WEDNESDAY.

THE QUESTION OF ADMISSION

Committee Report Will Be Adverse to New Mexico and Arizona—Senate Will Probably Adjourn Thursday for Several Days.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In accordance with the unanimous agreement of the last session, the senate will take up the statehood bill Wednesday, and it is expected to remain the unfinished business for some time. The bill undoubtedly will provoke considerable debate and it is generally believed that it will continue to receive attention until the adjournment for the Christmas holidays at least.

Senator Beveridge, as chairman of the committee on territories, will call the bill up Wednesday, and probably will make a speech in support of the report in favor of the substitute bill presented by the committee. Other members of the committee who agree with him will follow. All of them will give careful attention to the testimony taken by the sub-committee which recently visited the territories. The committee's written report has not yet been submitted to the senate and this, too, will probably be put in on Wednesday. The report will analyze the testimony, dealing with the questions of soil, mines, agricultural possibilities, educational facilities and general fitness of the population of the various territories for statehood. It is generally understood that a strong position will be taken in opposition to the claims of New Mexico and Arizona, considerable stress being laid on the fact that a large percentage of the people of these territories do not use the English language and that interpreters are necessary in the conduct of the business of the many courts. Attention will be given to the previous question of statehood of those territories, many of which are seriously criticised by the present committee, on the ground that they fail entirely to represent the real conditions. The report giving the views of the committee will be accompanied by a transcript of the testimony taken by the committee, which will be printed for the information of the senate and the country.

It is expected that the immigration bill will continue to receive desultory attention on Monday and Tuesday, but the proceedings with reference to this bill will consist largely in the reading of the bill and the consideration of amendments.

There will be more or less of executive business during the week, and in all probability another adjournment from Thursday until the following Monday.

CATTLE EXPORTS HALTED.

New England Shippers Stay Idle Till Disease is Stamped Out.

BOSTON.—No reply has been received as yet to the cable sent to the British government by the acting consul expressing the desire of steamship men and cattle shippers that its quarantine against the shipment of cattle from New England be modified so as to permit shipments from Portland of western and Canadian animals. Meanwhile the New England export cattle trade is at a standstill, though some information from Washington says that the British authorities have requested a statement with regard to the foot and mouth disease, and a report as to the wisdom of allowing cattle to be loaded at Portland.

Dr. Salmon said today that it had been his intention to have the work of slaughtering the affected cattle begun by Tuesday, but the heavy snow about the state might cause a delay.

Fix Next Year's Fair Dates.

CHICAGO.—The National Association of Fairs and Exhibitions met on Tuesday and decided dates for state fairs in 1903 as follows:

- Missouri, August 17 to 22; Iowa, August 24 to 29; New York, August 24 to 29; Minnesota, August 31 to September 5; Ohio, August 31 to September 5; Wisconsin, September 7 to September 12; Nebraska, September 7 to 12; Indiana, September 14 to 19; Kansas, September 14 to 19; Kentucky, September 21 to 26; Illinois, September 28 to October 3; St. Louis, October 5 to 10.

Shuts Out Wild West Show.

LONDON.—Mr. Hanbury, president of the board of agriculture, has decided that owing to the existence of the foot and mouth disease in some of the New England states he will be unable to permit the landing in England of a herd of buffaloes belonging to the Wild West show, which opens in London on December 26.

REED PASSES AWAY.

Former Speaker Succumbs at Arlington Hotel, Washington.

WASHINGTON.—Thomas Brackett Reed former speaker of the house of representatives, died here at 12:10 Saturday night in his apartments in the Arlington hotel. The immediate cause of death was uraemia.

A change for the worse was noted in Mr. Reed's condition early in the morning. At 9:30 he was given a subcutaneous saline transfusion in order to stimulate his kidneys, which were failing to perform their proper function.

At 5 in the afternoon saline solution was again administered, about three-quarters of a pint of fluid being used.

The heart became weaker and weaker, but the patient retained consciousness until 11 o'clock at night, when a complete coma supervened.

At the bedside were Mrs. Reed and Miss Catherine Reed, Drs. Gardner, MacDonald, Bishop and Goodnow, and the nurses.

Dr. Goodnow, who had been in consultation with the local physicians on Thursday, was again summoned from Philadelphia.

It is stated that Mr. Reed had been suffering from Bright's disease for some time, which reached the acute stage Saturday, and this furnished an additional cause for alarm. Mr. Reed passed away peacefully and without pain.

The remains of Thomas Brackett Reed left here Sunday afternoon for Portland, Me., where the interment will take place on Tuesday afternoon.

The casket was placed on a special train, leaving Washington at 4:50 and running as the second section of the Federal express, scheduled to arrive at Portland Monday.

Accompanying the body were Mrs. Reed, Miss Catherine Reed, Amos L. Allen, Mr. Reed's successor in the house; Asher C. Hinds, Mr. Reed's parliamentary clerk while speaker, and Augustus G. Payne of New York, a lifelong friend. At Mrs. Reed's request there were no ceremonies of any kind and at Portland they will be of the simplest character.

Reed Chronology.

- 1859—October 18, Thomas Brackett Reed, born in Portland, Me.
- 1860—Graduated from Bowdoin college.
- 1864—Joined the United States navy as acting assistant paymaster.
- 1868-69—Member of the Maine legislature, lower house.
- 1870—Member of the Maine senate.
- 1870-72—Attorney general state of Maine.
- 1874-77—Solicitor city of Portland.
- 1877-99—Representative in congress.
- 1889-91—Speaker of the house.
- 1895-99—Again speaker of the house.
- 1896—Prominently mentioned for president.
- 1899—Retires from congress.

Says Swift Buys Railways.

KANSAS CITY.—George H. Ross of Chicago, for several years traffic manager of the Indiana, Illinois & Iowa railway, has succeeded Theodore C. Bates of Boston as president of the Union Depot, Bridge & Terminal Railway company. Mr. Bates says he resigned so that the company's interests might be in the hands of a practical railroad man. A dispatch from Boston however, positively asserts that Mr. Bates sold his interests, and the Winner bridge piers in the Missouri river, and the valuable river land and terminals owned by it, have been purchased by Swift & Company, who contemplate building an independent stock yards and a new plant.

Another rumor is to the effect that the Rock Island system has purchased but no reply had been received.

Republicans Applaud the Message.

WASHINGTON.—The house was in session an hour and forty minutes Tuesday. One hour of the time was consumed in reading the president's message. The reading was listened to with attention by members without regard to party, but without demonstration except at the conclusion of the reading, when the republicans applauded vigorously.

Honduras Faces Revolution.

PANAMA.—A revolutionary movement is threatened in Honduras. General Sierra has been induced to refuse to turn over the presidential power to Senator Monilla, who was elected president in October. It is believed that the Honduras congress will try to declare the last elections illegal, and Senator Bonilla's numerous partisans threaten to protect their leader's rights by force. Juan Angelarias, the defeated candidate, has been appointed minister of state.

Senate Confirms Holmes.

WASHINGTON.—Oliver Wendell Holmes was on Thursday confirmed by the senate to succeed the late Justice Gray as a member of the bench of the United States supreme court. There was no opposition.

"THE PROOF OF THE PUDDING LIES IN THE EATING."

The doctors are dumbfounded, and the druggists astonished, and the people excited and joyful over the wonderful cures and tremendous sales of the great Remedy, St. Jacobs Oil. Every case of Rheumatism—some of many years' standing—has given way to this powerful remedy. Thousands of certificates like the following can be furnished as to its value:—

George Sclayer, Publisher of the Chilton, Wis., "Volksbote," used St. Jacobs Oil for "almost unbearable pains in the back, which had completely prostrated him." A few applications cured him entirely.

Mrs. Fred Eberle, Bellaire, O., was for a long time severely troubled with Rheumatism. St. Jacobs Oil instantly relieved and entirely cured her.

Rev. Dr. B. Pick of Rochester, N. Y., suffered so intensely from Rheumatic pains that he was unable to preach. Several applications from a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil "relieved him."

F. Radder, Cleveland, Ohio, says: "Two applications of St. Jacobs Oil cured me of great and long-continued pain in my foot."

Messrs. C. L. Brundage and Son, Druggists, Muskegon, Mich., write:—"St. Jacobs Oil has a wonderful sale. We sold eight bottles at retail yesterday. This will give you some idea of how well it is liked in this section."

Mr. Louis Hinkel, of East Poesten, Kill, N. Y., says:—"I call St. Jacobs Oil the best liniment I ever used. It cured me of Rheumatism and pain in the back."

Herman Rittner, Manchester, N. H.:—"I have tried St. Jacobs Oil, and found it excellent. All those who have purchased it speak of it as 'simply incomparable.'"

Geo. G. Erfle, Palestine, Ill.:—"I was in bed suffering from a swollen leg, I used St. Jacobs Oil, its effect was wonderful. The following day I attended to my business again."

Dr. Otto Fuis, Reading, O., writes:—"The sale of St. Jacobs Oil is constantly increasing; it is praised by everybody, and never fails to give entire satisfaction."

Half Rates.

Plus \$2.00, one way or round trip, via Wabash Railroad. Tickets on sale first and third Tuesdays of each month to many points south and southeast. Aside from this tickets are on sale at all the winter resorts of the south at greatly reduced rates. The Wabash is the shortest, quickest and best line for St. Louis and all points south and southeast. Ask your nearest ticket agent to route you via the Wabash.

For rates, folders and all information call at Wabash corner, 1601 Farnam St., Omaha, or address:

HARRY E. MOORES, Gen. Pass. Agt. Dept., Omaha, Neb.

Never look like a bargain counter after the pick of the remnants is gone.

Ready to Die.

Not long ago Senator William P. Frye of Maine was summoned to prepare a will for a man who was very ill. It was necessary, of course, to secure two witnesses, and they had to be sent for. While awaiting their arrival the invalid seemed to get worse, and Senator Frye thought it his duty, no minister being present, to talk seriously to him. He told him that he was very ill, and that it was likely he would soon depart this life. "And are you ready to meet the great change?" Frye asked him. "I will be," was the reply, "as soon as those d-d witnesses get here."

Premier Balfour's Musical Tastes.

Arthur James Balfour is said to be the first musical premier England has had. He is an enthusiast for the art and is catholic enough in taste to like Wagner, although his idols are Handel and Bach. He is a friend of Mme. Wagner and has been Baireuth more than once. He used to make long journeys to hear the lesser known works of Handel and in January, 1887, the Edinburgh Review printed an article by him on that composer. He has been a subscriber of the Richter concerts from their commencement.

The Hansons Are Happy.

Ashley, N. D., Dec. 8th.—Cured of that most dangerous of all Diseases, Rheumatism of the Heart, J. H. Hanson of this place loses no opportunity of singing the praises of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I am able to work again," says Mr. Hanson. "And am feeling better than I have for five years. Broken down and fairly used up and suffering from Rheumatism of the Heart and Dropsy I was in very bad shape. "Then I started taking Dodd's Kidney Pills and—well, you can see how I look and I feel as well as I look. My Rheumatism is gone and the Dropsy with it."

"I don't think they'll ever bother me again, but if they do I'll just get some more of Dodd's Kidney Pills. I know that will fix them."

Mrs. Hanson, too, whose health was far from good, took the same remedy and she joins with her husband in recommending Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Old age would be bereft of a generous share of its comforts if it could not boast of when "I was young."

A mule or a woman could never be happy unless they could kick about something or other.

Lava Continues Hot.

The lava streams from the eruption of Vesuvius in 1858 were so hot twelve years later that steam issued from their cracks and crevices. Those that flowed from Etna in 1737 were found to be steaming hot just below the crust as late as 1840. The volcano Jorulla, in Mexico, poured forth in 1759 lava that 87 years later gave off columns of steaming vapor. In 1780 it was found that a stick thrust into the crevices instantly ignited, although no discomfort was experienced in walking on the hardened crust.