

# LIEUT. WAUGH'S DEATH

A Manila Paper Publishes a Long Article Concerning Him.

## ONE OF BRAVEST IN REGIMENT

Insisted on Staying at His Post of Duty While Suffering from Disease, Even Though Urged to Enter the Hospital—A Man Fearless in Performance of Duty.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., April 9.—Hon. Samuel Waugh of this city has received the Manila Freedom containing the following:

"While temporarily insane from the effects of intermittent brain fever, contracted during the severe campaign in south Luzon, Second Lieutenant John R. Waugh of the Thirty-ninth Infantry shot himself through the heart at Calamba, early Tuesday morning. He died almost instantly and yesterday his body was brought to Manila by an escort from Company H of the Thirty-ninth, under command of Lieutenant Harry E. Courtney. The remains will be transported to the states on the Sheridan.

"Lieutenant Waugh was one of the bravest of the young officers of Bullard's fighting regiment. He had barely reached his majority and for one so young in years had gained a name for personal bravery and devotion to soldierly duty. He was slight of stature and a fit candidate for the hospital when Langhorn's battalion reached Calamba a week ago from its record breaking 'hike' through the provinces of Laguna, Batangas and Tayabas, but he continued 'for duty' with his company and on Monday collapsed from nervous exhaustion. He recovered within a few hours and appeared to be on the high road to complete recovery, but in the early morning of Tuesday he ended his life by his own hand while suffering the tortures of disease.

"He had been talking in a sort of distracted way with Captain Joseph P. Coughley of the Thirty-ninth at his quarters in Calamba an hour before he fired the fatal shot, and the captain urged him to enter the hospital for treatment. Young Waugh refused and added that he would feel better soon. Captain Coughley kept a watchful eye over him until breakfast had been finished and then Waugh appeared to have entirely recovered. At 9:30 o'clock a shot rang out and the officers quartered in the building rushed out upon the veranda and saw the young officer lying there gasping for breath. An army revolver had ended his life. He died within ten minutes. A military escort, made of infantry companies from the Thirty-ninth and Sumner's artillery, with a troop of cavalry, did military burial honors over the body of the dead lieutenant at Calamba yesterday.

"Lieutenant T. M. Cobb, jr., said: 'A more impetuously brave young officer I have never known. I have seen him have his platoon into the hottest of the fight and no one ever saw Dick Waugh flinch. I know his people in Nebraska, and I can truthfully say they have lost a noble son.'

### School Bonds Invalid.

FREMONT, Neb., April 9.—A special meeting of the school board was held here, and Mr. W. J. Courtright, the attorney employed by the board to represent them in the district court, submitted his opinion that the school bonds were invalid for several reasons, one being that not one-third of the legally qualified school electors signed the petition for their submission at the election last fall. His opinion was a good deal of surprise, as it practically conceded the points set out in the petition for the injunction. The board instructed their attorney to file an answer admitting that the petition for the submission of the bonds was not signed by a sufficient number of electors.

### A Mile and a Half a Day.

OMAHA, April 9.—At the Union Pacific shops, a force of carpenters and blacksmiths has begun building a Roberts steam track layer. This is a giant mechanical device to take place of hand work in the distribution of both ties and steel, whereby one steam track layer with a force of sixty men can lay a mile and a half a day, an amount far in excess of what the same crew could do without it. The equipment of the steam track-laying train, as planned to lay three-quarters of a mile for each half day trip, consists of a pioneer car, eight tie cars, then the engine, and then the three cars with rails.

### Road Race at Norfolk.

NORFOLK, Neb., April 9.—A bicycle road race was held here under the management of the Young Men's Christian league. The course was from Stanton to this city, a distance of fourteen miles. The race was won by George Davis, with Clyde Williams second and John Kuhl third. Best time, 40 minutes 11 seconds. W. W. Hughes collapsed at the finish and was carried home. His condition is not considered serious.

### Survivors of Shiloh.

SCHUYLER, Neb., April 9.—The survivors of the battle of Shiloh met here and held a campfire, which was addressed by Rev. C. H. Miller of this place, T. J. Majors of Peru and Rev. Presson of Stromsburg. About forty visitors were present and an interesting meeting was held. Rev. Mr. Presson, ex-Governor Thayer and John L. Webster were the principal speakers on the board.

### Will Raise Beets.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., April 9.—President Fynn of the Commercial club says that no doubt remains as to the utility of raising beets on the vacant land adjacent to the city, and that a great many laboring people have expressed a desire to cultivate them if given an opportunity. For that reason, a number of the leading business men, headed by President Fynn and Secretary Watkins of the Commercial club have formed an association which will provide the seed and cultivators for a number of responsible people who desire to go into the beet raising business.

## AT THE STATE CAPITAL.

Some News and Notes from the Seat of Nebraska Legislation.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 7.—After serving two years and two months of his five-year sentence in the state penitentiary Benjamin Mills of Harlan county was released April 1 by Governor Poynter, because of the ill-health of the prisoner and his wife. Mills was president of the Republican City bank. At that time his cousin, James Whitney, was treasurer of Harlan county. Mills borrowed county money from his cousin for the use of the bank. Whitney was tried before a jury and found guilty on the charge of embezzlement of county funds. He was sentenced to a term of three years in the penitentiary. Mills was then tried on the charge of being an accessory to the embezzlement and found guilty. Although the sum in which he was involved was hundreds of dollars less than that which Whitney had embezzled, the man was sentenced to five years in state's prison. He was twice put on parole by Governor Poynter. The appeal of D. E. Thompson from the United States bank of Harvard rejecting his application for water from the Platte river for irrigation and power purposes was dismissed by the State Board of Irrigation. Mr. Thompson proposed to construct a canal from a point near Linwood, on the Platte, to Fremont.

The State Banking board designated the United States bank of Harvard a state depository. A bond of \$30,000 was filed and approved by the board. Robert E. Davis, the student who mysteriously disappeared from this city Tuesday night, has been located at his home in Fairbury. He left Lincoln unexpectedly without notifying his friends.

### Kraft Charged With Assault.

O'NEILL, Neb., April 7.—Jacob Kraft was before the county court preliminary hearing upon the charge of criminal assault, Fay Alunt being the complaining witness. This is another chapter of the Stuart case, in which William Fuller was bound over to the district court upon the charge of assault upon the same girl. As many as eight of the young men of the town have been implicated by testimony of the young woman. Nearly every business man of Stuart, besides other representative men, to the number of about thirty, were in the city to attend the Kraft hearing on behalf of the defendant. A number of them were interviewed, and all expressed the opinion that the prosecution is either malicious or that the charge is for the purpose of blackmail. The defendant is a man of about 45 years, and has a family. He is a stockman and reputed to be well off financially.

### Contracts for Raising Beets.

SOUTH OMAHA, April 7.—J. F. Weybright, a representative of the beet sugar factory at Ames, is in the city for the purpose of making contracts with farmers in this vicinity for the raising of beets. A tour through the territory tributary to South Omaha is being made by Mr. Weybright under the direction of the South Omaha Commercial club. One member of the club will accompany Mr. Weybright in his travels each day for the purpose of introducing him to farmers. An effort will be made to secure as many contracts as possible for the raising of beets this summer.

### Train Collides With Wagon.

BRAINARD, Neb., April 7.—Joseph Jacob, a Bohemian farmer living about three miles north of this place, started home about 6:15 o'clock, and when about three blocks out of town, while crossing the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley railroad track, was struck by a south-bound passenger train. Jacob was thrown out of the wagon and badly bruised. He was picked up and all that medical aid could do was done. His recovery is very doubtful. The team was unhurt, but the wagon was entirely wrecked.

### Monkey Starts a Fire.

GENEVA, Neb., April 7.—A fire alarm was sent in from the residence of Dr. J. W. Puckett. A few neighbors had run in with buckets and had the fire under control before the firemen arrived. The origin of the fire is a mystery as no one was at home except a Philippine monkey, which is suspected by many of being guilty of the mischief. The building was damaged to the amount of twenty-five or thirty dollars, but the monkey did not lose a hair.

### Losses His Furze and Pipe.

OMAHA, Neb., April 7.—John Snyder, a thrifty farmer from the interior of the state, came to Omaha Sunday, and thinking to economize on hotel expenses put up at a cheap lodging house on South Thirteenth street. As is often the case, however, he found that the cheapest is the most expensive in the end, for that night's lodging cost him \$11 and a briar pipe.

### Volunteer Soldier Dead.

FULLERTON, Neb., April 7.—Chester A. Adams, one of company B's youngest members, died at the home of his father in this city of chronic diarrhoea, which disease he contracted while soldiering in the Philippines. Young Adams was raised in this city and was universally liked. He was a young man of sterling worth and the very best of habits.

### Presbytery at Nebraska City.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., April 7.—The annual meeting of the Nebraska Presbytery of the Presbyterian church was held here. About sixty ministers were in attendance. The officers elected for the ensuing year were: Dr. W. M. Hindman of Lincoln, moderator; Rev. W. H. Parker of Table Rock, Rev. J. H. Dausberry of Gresham, clerks. Dr. Hindman and Rev. M. Gilmore, F. R. Frazier and I. S. Tyson were elected delegates to the National Presbytery. The next meeting will be held in Auburn.

# STATE LOST THE CASE

And Leonard Kephart Has Been Released From the Pen.

## RAN AWAY FOR HALF OF A YEAR.

But the Court Holds that This Time is to Be Counted in His Four Years Term of Imprisonment—A Question Rarely Before the Courts—Miscellaneous Nebraska Matters.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 5.—Leonard Kephart, sentenced in Otoe county to four years in the penitentiary for assault, was ordered released by Judge Holmes. Kephart escaped after sentence was passed and was not delivered to the penitentiary authorities until six months afterwards. He claimed that Warden Hopkins had no right to extend his sentence for the time he was a fugitive from justice. Under the law and the holdings of the court sentence begins running the day a man is sentenced and in this case it was contended that the same rule applied.

For the state it was insisted that the warden had the right, when a prisoner escaped after sentence and before being placed in the penitentiary, to hold him for the full term beginning the day he was actually placed therein after recapture. It was conceded on both sides that if Kephart had made his escape after being placed in the prison and been at large six months he could not hope to get out now, because then it would have been a violation of prison rules and he would have forfeited his eleven months' good time. The state also contended he could not take advantage of his own wrong.

The case was decided on the demurrer to the officer's return, which showed that Kephart was being held for the six months' additional on an affidavit giving the contents of the record in the district clerk's office of Otoe county, which showed his escape. Judge Holmes held that the authority to hold Kephart in custody had served its time and ordered his release. The question is one that has rarely come before the courts for solution and the state may appeal for the purpose of having it passed upon. Meanwhile Kephart would be released on his own recognizance.

### Killed by the Cars.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., April 5.—A young man named Charles Selby was struck by Burlington train No. 4 at Schuyler and killed. The accident occurred at the point of the bluff east of Cullom siding. He was driving a team with a hayrack on the wagon, and seems to have come down off the bluff to water his horses. Hearing the train coming the team took fright and ran upon the track, the man running alongside the wagon holding the lines. The team had crossed the track before the engine struck the man, which threw him some distance, breaking his left leg, and his head struck a large rock. His neck was broken. The train carried away all but the front wheels of the wagon. The horses escaped injury.

### Faithful to the Creed.

FREMONT, Neb., April 5.—Chris Anderson, one of the oldest settlers of this city, died aged 75 years. His death ends a remarkable life and furnishes a striking illustration of the power of the Mormon church in gaining control over its converts. The deceased embraced that faith while a young man in Denmark, and coming to this country he made a pilgrimage to Salt Lake City in the '60s on foot and wheeling a wheelbarrow. Becoming dissatisfied he escaped from Utah, but nearly all his life has been in constant dread of being pursued and killed by the "Avenging Angels" he had been taught to fear.

### Farm Work in the State.

FREMONT, Neb., April 5.—Farmers have commenced putting in small grain this week and if the weather continues good nearly all the oats and spring wheat will be in the ground within the next ten days except on the bottoms. The rain of the last week left the ground in good condition. The acreage of beets put in by farmers will be some smaller than last year, which will be more than made up by the increased acreage put in by the Standard Cattle company.

### For the Aid of India.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 5.—Governor Poynter has issued a proclamation calling upon the people of the state to contribute to the relief of the starving people of India. He has designated J. H. Auld, cashier of the City National bank of Lincoln, as custodian of the funds and all contributions are to be sent to him. G. L. Hosford of University Place has been designated to take charge of the relief work and the collection of funds.

### Damage to Rip-Rap.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., April 5.—Owing to a sudden rise in the river at this point, some damage was done to the rip-rap work being done by the government. A number of the brush mats and piling were washed out. The forces were to have moved today, but they will have to remain some times longer to repair the damage done. They go from here to Omaha.

### Arrested for Illegal Voting.

HOLDREGE, Neb., April 5.—George Spangler, who travels for Paxton & Gallagher, was arrested here charged with illegal voting. He was arraigned and the case continued to April 20.

### Falls Exhausted Into the Fire.

COLUMBUS, Neb., April 5.—Fred Gerber, a well-to-do Swiss farmer living in Loup township, met his death in a peculiar manner. He set fire to some grass to back fire from around his property. The fire got beyond his control and he overexerted himself and fell exhausted in the fire. He was overcome by smoke and suffocated. He had been dead a number of hours when found. He was 67 years old, was a member of the Grand Army, had lived in this country for thirty years and leaves a wife and several children.

## ADMIRAL TALKS ABOUT IT.

Influenced, He Says, by Many Letters and Friendly Suggestions.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Admiral Dewey tonight expressed himself as very much gratified over the manner in which his announcement to be a candidate for the presidency has been received by his friends. His manner likewise indicated the fact as his chatted with a reporter at his home this evening. Many telegrams have come to him today, particularly from the south, and some also from the far west, endorsing his course and stating that he will receive the support of the signers in the campaign which he will make.

The admiral was in excellent humor and talked interestingly of a number of things in connection with his proposed candidacy though concerning most questions asked him he requested that nothing be said at this time, as in due time he would make a statement to the public.

"Why is it, admiral, that you have decided to become a candidate for the presidency?" he was asked.

"Really on that point there is nothing to add to what has been printed on the subject. If the American people want me to be a candidate for this high office I shall gladly serve them. My determination to aspire to it was influenced by my many friends, who have written me letters suggesting that I should be a candidate. These communications have come from all over the country, some from New York, a large number from the south, and some from the Pacific coast. It was in response to these suggestions that I have taken the course announced.

"Since the announcement was made I have received a number of telegrams from my friends commending the action I have taken and promising me their support. I am deeply gratified to them for their kindness. These are the considerations which have urged me to change my mind from the original statement I made on my return from Manila that I would not be a candidate for the office."

"Now tell me something about your plans for the future," suggested the reporter.

"On that point I am not yet prepared to make any statement," answered the admiral. "I am consulting with my friends as to the course to be pursued. When the proper time arrives I will make a statement of my intentions as to the future, and this will be very soon. Pending that I prefer not to say anything for publication regarding them."

"Will the announcement of your candidacy for the presidency make any change in the plans for your trip to Chicago and other western cities?"

"Not at all. The cordial invitations which I have received from those cities to visit them during the coming spring and which I have accepted I expect to fulfill. The assurances of regard conveyed by them are very gratifying to me and I certainly want to show the people that I appreciate their kindness."

Admiral Dewey has some very decided opinions on matters of public moment and while expressing them in private prefers not to make any public announcement of them at this time. Platforms for parties, he believes, are not made by candidates for the high office of president. In connection with his determination to run for office the admiral greatly relies on the warmth of the receptions he has received throughout the country, including the south particularly.

## COMMITTEE LOCK HORNS.

Differences Crop Out in the Coeur d'Alene Investigation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—The cross-examination of Frederic Burbridge, manager of the Bunker Hill mine, was continued in the Coeur d'Alene investigation today. There were frequent animated controversies between members of the committee. One of these occurred over the authority of Mr. Crosthwaite, one of the private counsel, to appear. He denied that he represented the Bunker Hill mine or General Merriam, and he was retained and paid by Governor Steunenberg. Representatives Hay and Dick also joined issue over the extent of the inquiry. Mr. Hay contending that it was being curtailed to the prejudice of those making the charges, while Mr. Dick insisted that some limitation was essential in order to get through. During Mr. Burbridge's testimony he stated that he was not a United States citizen at the time he became manager of the mine, but was admitted to citizenship the following year.

### Plan to Nominate McKinley.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—From the highest sources it is learned that the program agreed on by republican leaders is to make Mr. Wolcott of Colorado temporary chairman and Mr. Lodge permanent chairman of the republican national convention and let Mr. Depew make the nominating speech for President McKinley.

### Honors for Gen. Manderson.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—The president has appointed the following board of visitors to the United States military academy: General Charles F. Manderson, Nebraska; General Anson M. Cook, New York; Prof. Abram C. Kaufman, South Carolina; Colonel William C. Church, New York; Rev. Henry D. Curtis, Ohio; Prof. D. F. Houston, Texas, and Dudley Evans, New Jersey.

### Peace Again in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—Peace was restored in the senate today before the body convened and during the proceedings of the session there was only a reminder of the harsh language used just before adjournment yesterday. The session opened with a lively and interesting discussion of the status of the Quay case, in the course of which Wolcott apologized for the language he had used yesterday, disclaiming any intention of being offensive to anybody, least of all to his friend, Lodge.

## THE PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

Condition of Uncle Sam's Finances by the Latest Figures.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business, March 31, 1900, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$1,112,256,358, a decrease for the month of \$6,629,701. This decrease is accounted for by a corresponding increase in the cash on hand. The debt is recapitulated as follows:

Interest bearing debt, \$1,026,862,140; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,207,600; debt bearing no interest, \$390,979,613. Total, \$1,419,049,353.

This amount, however, does not include \$720,500,779 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding, which are offset by an equal amount of cash on hand. The cash in the treasury is classified as follows:

Reserve fund in gold coin and bullion, \$150,000,000; trust funds, \$720,500,779; in national depositories: To credit of Treasurer of the United States, \$104,556,700; to credit of disbursing officers of the United States, \$6,075,415. Total, \$1,108,379,783.

Against which there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to \$801,588,787, leaving on hand a national cash balance, including the reserve, of \$306,792,056.

The monthly statement of the complementary receipts and expenditures during the month of March shows the total receipts to have been \$18,726,837, and leaves a surplus for the month of \$16,538,566. The disbursements for the month charged to the war department amounted to \$8,329,053, a decrease as compared with March, 1899, of \$3,300,000; navy department, \$4,413,637, a decrease of \$130,000. For the nine months of the present fiscal year the receipts exceeded the disbursements by \$51,302,000.

The monthly statement of the director of the mint shows the total coinage of the mints of the United States during March to have been \$17,075,688.

The monthly statement of the controller of the currency shows that at the close of business, March 31, 1900, the total circulation of National bank notes was \$270,953,063, an increase for the year of \$27,900,751, and an increase for the month of \$21,518,190. The circulation based on United States bonds was \$263,284,230, an increase for the year of \$23,558,241, and an increase for the month of \$19,674,201. The circulation secured by lawful money was \$37,668,838, an increase for the year of \$4,542,510, and an increase for the month of \$1,843,990. The amount of United States registered bonds on deposit to secure circulation notes was \$256,001,450, of which those of the new 2 per cent. amount to \$97,797,630, and to secure public deposits \$83,631,680, of which \$19,992,900 were the new 2 per cent.

## DEWEY IS TO VISIT EUROPE.

Will Combine Business With Pleasure During the Trip.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The information was given out at the bureau of navigation that Admiral Dewey will probably visit Europe the coming summer. It was said that he would be accompanied by Mrs. Dewey, his secretary, Lieut. John W. Crawford, and his aide, Lieut. Harry H. Caldwell. While the plans of the admiral have not been fully arranged, it was said that he would sail for Europe about the last of April. As president of the naval policy board, Admiral Dewey, it is said, will combine business with pleasure while abroad, and will inspect the navy yards, ships and the modern vessels of all the leading countries. The policy board will hold a meeting in a few days and agree upon the plans for the summer. The members will discuss the building of the battleships now under consideration, but it is probable that the designs for the ships will not be definitely decided upon until after Dewey's return from abroad, as it is believed that his visit will result in his gaining some information about the armament and guns of the vessels of foreign powers that will be of great value to the board in planning the big vessels to be constructed by this country.

## SENATORS NOT FAVORABLE.

Opposed to Disturbing War Revenues This Session.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 4.—No disposition is manifested in the senate to disturb the war revenue taxes during the present session of congress. Republican members of the senate committee on finance who are in the city agree in expressing the opinion that the session is too far advanced to justify any effort in that direction at the present time. Some of them say that there is no menace in the present surplus of revenue and they generally agree that as circumstances would not permit the removal of the entire tax it would be a very complicated work to make an equitable adjustment. They say that this work will have to be undertaken at the beginning of a session when undertaken at all.

## Cuban Custom Receipts.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The War department today made public a comparative statement of the customs receipts in Cuba for the months of January and February, 1899, with those of January and February, 1900. The statement shows receipts of the island for January and February, 1899, were \$2,014,933, those of January and February, 1900, were \$2,772,619, an increase for the two months of 1900 over the same period of 1899 of \$757,686.

## Located the South Pole.

LONDON, April 4.—Carston E. Borchgrevink, leader of the south polar expedition fitted out in 1898 by Sir George Newnes, of this city, who with the surviving members of his party arrived on the steamer Southern Cross at Campbelltown, Bluff Harbor, N. Z., telegraphs Sir George Newnes that the object of the expedition was fully attained and the position of the south magnetic pole located. He adds that the expedition reached with sledges the furthest point south of which there is any record, namely latitude 78 degrees 50 minutes south.

## PRICES OF STOCK INCREASE.

Enhancement of Value of Live Stock by Hundreds of Millions.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET. CHICAGO, April 9.—CATTLE—Native, best head, \$5.00; mixed, \$4.50; prime steers, \$5.00; poor to medium, \$4.25; 4.50; selected feeders, \$3.25; mixed stockers, \$3.50; cows, \$3.00; hogs, \$3.50; calves, \$3.25; Texas, receipts, none.

HOGS—Market 5c to 10c lower; top, \$5.75; good clearances, mixed and butchers, \$5.25; good to choice, heavy, \$5.00; rough, heavy, \$4.50; light, \$5.25; bulk of sales, \$5.40 to \$5.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Good to choice wethers, \$6.00; fair to choice, mixed, \$5.00; western sheep, \$5.50; yearlings, \$6.00; mixed, \$5.00; 40c; western lambs, \$5.00; 40c; western lambs, \$5.00.

NEW YORK GRAIN MARKET. NEW YORK, April 9.—WHEAT—May, 75¢; July, 74¢; closed at 75¢; September, 75¢; closed at 74¢.

CORN—Spot, easy; No. 2, 47¢; No. 3, 46¢; No. 4, 45¢; No. 5, 44¢; No. 6, 43¢; No. 7, 42¢; No. 8, 41¢; No. 9, 40¢; No. 10, 39¢; No. 11, 38¢; No. 12, 37¢; No. 13, 36¢; No. 14, 35¢; No. 15, 34¢; No. 16, 33¢; No. 17, 32¢; No. 18, 31¢; No. 19, 30¢; No. 20, 29¢; No. 21, 28¢; No. 22, 27¢; No. 23, 26¢; No. 24, 25¢; No. 25, 24¢; No. 26, 23¢; No. 27, 22¢; No. 28, 21¢; No. 29, 20¢; No. 30, 19¢; No. 31, 18¢; No. 32, 17¢; No. 33, 16¢; No. 34, 15¢; No. 35, 14¢; No. 36, 13¢; No. 37, 12¢; No. 38, 11¢; No. 39, 10¢; No. 40, 9¢; No. 41, 8¢; No. 42, 7¢; No. 43, 6¢; No. 44, 5¢; No. 45, 4¢; No. 46, 3¢; No. 47, 2¢; No. 48, 1¢; No. 49, 0¢; No. 50, 0¢.

OATS—Spot, easy; No. 2, 28¢; No. 3, 27¢; No. 4, 26¢; No. 5, 25¢; No. 6, 24¢; No. 7, 23¢; No. 8, 22¢; No. 9, 21¢; No. 10, 20¢; No. 11, 19¢; No. 12, 18¢; No. 13, 17¢; No. 14, 16¢; No. 15, 15¢; No. 16, 14¢; No. 17, 13¢; No. 18, 12¢; No. 19, 11¢; No. 20, 10¢; No. 21, 9¢; No. 22, 8¢; No. 23, 7¢; No. 24, 6¢; No. 25, 5¢; No. 26, 4¢; No. 27, 3¢; No. 28, 2¢; No. 29, 1¢; No. 30, 0¢; No. 31, 0¢; No. 32, 0¢; No. 33, 0¢; No. 34, 0¢; No. 35, 0¢; No. 36, 0¢; No. 37, 0¢; No. 38, 0¢; No. 39, 0¢; No. 40, 0¢; No. 41, 0¢; No. 42, 0¢; No. 43, 0¢; No. 44, 0¢; No. 45, 0¢; No. 46, 0¢; No. 47, 0¢; No. 48, 0¢; No. 49, 0¢; No. 50, 0¢.

THE MONTHLY STATEMENT OF THE COMPLEMENTARY RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES DURING THE MONTH OF MARCH SHOWS THE TOTAL RECEIPTS TO HAVE BEEN \$18,726,837, AND LEAVES A SURPLUS FOR THE MONTH OF \$16,538,566. THE DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE MONTH CHARGED TO THE WAR DEPARTMENT AMOUNTED TO \$8,329,053, A DECREASE AS COMPARED WITH MARCH, 1899, OF \$3,300,000; NAVY DEPARTMENT, \$4,413,637, A DECREASE OF \$130,000. FOR THE NINE MONTHS OF THE PRESENT FISCAL YEAR THE RECEIPTS EXCEEDED THE DISBURSEMENTS BY \$51,302,000.

THE MONTHLY STATEMENT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT SHOWS THE TOTAL COINAGE OF THE MINTS OF THE UNITED STATES DURING MARCH TO HAVE BEEN \$17,075,688.

THE MONTHLY STATEMENT OF THE CONTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY SHOWS THAT AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, MARCH 31, 1900, THE TOTAL CIRCULATION OF NATIONAL BANK NOTES WAS \$270,953,063, AN INCREASE FOR THE YEAR OF \$27,900,751, AND AN INCREASE FOR THE MONTH OF \$21,518,190. THE CIRCULATION BASED ON UNITED STATES BONDS WAS \$263,284,230, AN INCREASE FOR THE YEAR OF \$23,558,241, AND AN INCREASE FOR THE MONTH OF \$19,674,201. THE CIRCULATION SECURED BY LAWFUL MONEY WAS \$37,668,838, AN INCREASE FOR THE YEAR OF \$4,542,510, AND AN INCREASE FOR THE MONTH OF \$1,843,990. THE AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES REGISTERED BONDS ON DEPOSIT TO SECURE CIRCULATION NOTES WAS \$256,001,450, OF WHICH THOSE OF THE NEW 2 PER CENT. AMOUNT TO \$97,797,630, AND TO SECURE PUBLIC DEPOSITS \$83,631,680, OF WHICH \$19,992,900 WERE THE NEW 2 PER CENT.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE. CHICAGO, April 9.—WHEAT—No. 2, 75¢; No. 3, 74¢; No. 4, 73¢; No. 5, 72¢; No. 6, 71¢; No. 7, 70¢; No. 8, 69¢; No. 9, 68¢; No. 10, 67¢; No. 11, 66¢; No. 12, 65¢; No. 13, 64¢; No. 14, 63¢; No. 15, 62¢; No. 16, 61¢; No. 17, 60¢; No. 18, 59¢; No. 19, 58¢; No. 20, 57¢; No. 21, 56¢; No. 22, 55¢; No. 23, 54¢; No. 24, 53¢; No. 25, 52¢; No. 26, 51¢; No. 27, 50¢; No. 28, 49¢; No. 29, 48¢; No. 30, 47¢; No. 31, 46¢; No. 32, 45¢; No. 33, 44¢; No. 34, 43¢; No. 35, 42¢; No. 36, 41¢; No. 37, 40¢; No. 38, 39¢; No. 39, 38¢; No. 40, 37¢; No. 41, 36¢; No. 42, 35¢; No. 43, 34¢; No. 44, 33¢; No. 45, 32¢; No. 46, 31¢; No. 47, 30¢; No. 48, 29¢; No. 49, 28¢; No. 50