

By Robert Louis Stevenson.

CHAPTER IX .-- (Continued.) And with that he was gone among the thicket. I made a fire, for I had no fear of the Italians, who had even spared all the little possessions left in my encampment; and, broken as she was by the excitement and the hideous catastrophe of the evening, I managed to bring her back to some composure of mind and strength of body.

Day had already come, when a sharp "Hiat?" sounded from the thicket. I started from the ground, but the voice of Northmour was heard adding, in the most tranquil tones: "Come here, Cassilis, and alone; I want to show you something."

I consulted Clara with my eyes, and, receiving her tacit permission, left her alone and clambered out of the den. At some distance off I saw Northmour leaning against an alder, and, a; soon as he perceived me, he began walking seaward. I had almost overtaken him as he reached the outskirts of the wood.

"Look," said he, rausing.

A couple of steps more brought me out of the foliage. The light of the morning lay cold and clear over that well-known scene. The pavilion was but a blackened wreck.

Close by the islet a schooner yacht lay to, and a well-manned boat was pulling vigorously for the shore.

"The Red Earl!" I cried. "The Red Earl twelve hours too late!"

"Feel in your pocket, Frank. Are you armed?" asked Northmour.

I obeyed him, and I think I must have become deadly pale. My revolver had been taken from me.

"You see I have you in my power," he continued. "I disarmed you last night while you were nursing Clara; but this morning-here-take your pistol. No thanks!" he cried, holding up his hand. "I do not like them; that is the only way you can annoy me now."

He began to walk backward across the links to meet the boat, and I followed a step or two behind. In front of the pavilion I paused to see where Mr. Huddlestone had fallen; but there was no sign of him, nor so much as a trace of blood.

"Graden Floe," said Northmour. He continued to advance till we had come to the head of the beach.

llant repartee when my humorous darts were leveled at herself.

This may all seem enigmatical to the reader, but will assume an aspect of entire plausibility in the light of the fact that she and I were telegraph operators at widely-separated stations on a western railway. She knew as little of the young man with whom she daily chatted as 1 did of herself. We had each drawn an ideal picture of the personal appearance of the other, and in our frequent conversations over the wire, each had in mind a face and figure to whom the remarks were addressed. I had pictured her as a bright-eyed, laughing, jolly little creature, with golden curls and silvery voice. I often wondered what sort of a mortal picture she had drawn of my-

Red Rock, where I was located, was a station on the Santa Fe railway, in the Cherokeen strip of Oklahoma, before that now famous stretch of land was purchased by the government from the Indians and thrown open for settlement. The population of the town (?) consisted of a burly section foreman, of Milesian extraction; his wife, a red-faced, red-armed woman, who had no aspirations outside the limits of her not over-clean kitchen; four section laborers, and myself, the agent and operator for the railway company. The country was, at the time of which I write, a wild one, inhabited only by Indians, a few cattlemen who leased grazing lands from the aboriginal owners, the cowboys who looked after the scattered herds, and roving bands of desperadoes under the leadership of the Dalton brothers, the most famous of whom, Bill Dalten, was punctured by a well-directed bullet from the rifle of a deputy United States marshal but a few days ago, and who died with pistol in hand cursing the shot which had laid him low.

Miss Rankin was my predecessor in the position of agent and operator at Red Rock. She learnt the art of telegraphy in the train dispatcher's office at Arkansas City, where her widowed mother resided, and when competent to assume charge of a small station, had asked for and been given a position at Red Rock. She tired, of a while, of the lonely monotony of that obscure station, and asked to be sent have smiled and thought it real cute, to one less isolated from mankind; and but that fright! Bah! when one day the operator at Ed-

He looked at me a moment in a alf-quizzical, half-mischievous manhalf-quizzical, half-mischievous manner, and replied:

"Say, Fred, I've heard some of the boys on the line say you was dead gone A Kansas and a Missouri Regiment on that piece, and I have an idea she is on your trail, too, for she made me tell her all about you while my train for No. 7. Did you never see her?" "No, I never had the pleasure of

meeting Miss Rankin." "Miss Rankin? You mean Mrs. Ran-

kin." "Mean wha-a-a-at?"

"Mrs. Rankin, I thought you knew she was a widow with two kids at her mother's, up in Arkansas City. I guess she's square enough sort of woman, but when you see her, old man, I've an idea you won't want a second look. She's no spring chicken! Forty if she's a day, and she doesn't need a better protector than that face of hers. And temper! Gee-whiz! My hindbrakeman asked her the other day if that face didn't pain her, and she grabbed up a coupling-pin and let it go at him. He'd have been a dead brakey if he hadn't been a good dodger. He never sticks his head out of the caboose window now while we are at that station, for she's got it in for him."

The passenger whistled, and he hastened to his train to pull out as soon as the track was clear.

How cruelly my idol was shattered. After the trains had gone, I gat as if dazed; in fact, I was so absorbed in digesting the startling information had gleaned from Armstrong that I neglected to report their departure, and the "jacking-up" I received from the train-dispatcher for my inattention to duty served to still further increase the ill temper into which the conductor's story had thrown me. The snappy clicks of the instruments had scarcely ceased to convey to my ears the merited reproof, concluding with the stereotyped chestnut which dispatchers always crack in such cases, "Don't let it occur again," ere I heard a call from Edmond. Heretofore I had fairly sprung to the table to respond to that call, but now I felt no desire to enter a conversation with the ogre who presided at the key at that distant station. It was with no gentle touch that I answered her call.

"Say, Sd" (my personal signal), "it's too bad, but u shid 'tend to biz. Ha! ha! ha! Was u sleep or reading letr fm ur girl?"

Thus came her consolatory message in the abbreviated conversational style of the telegrapher, and it served to fan the flames of my anger into a fierce heat. Had it been the nice little maiden of my dreams who had slung such chaff at me over the wires I would

QUEEN LIL HAS A FEW CLAIMS.

To Ask for a Million Acres of Crown Lands and the Back Rentals.

Will Go to Porto Rico.

was lying there this morning waiting BROOKE LEAVES CHICKAMAUGA

The Sixth Army Corps to Be Organized Immediately Under the Command of Major General James H. Wilson-To Consist of 36.000 Second Call Men.

CHICKAMAUGA, July 25.-General Brooke and staff left this afternoon on a special train for Newport News, whence they go to Porto Rico. The train was made up of a private car occupied by General Brooke, two Pullman sleepers and two baggage coaches. It will go over the Queen & Crescent route by way of Lexington, Ky., and Richmond, Va. The departure of Ceneral Brooke leaves Major General Wade in command of Camp Themas. At an early hour to-day the reserve hospital corps, reserve ambulance corps, the signal corps, Troop H, Sixth United States cavalry and Company F, Eighth United States infantry, left on special trains for Newport News. The several commands marched five miles to Rossville, where they were loaded ou special trains. To-morrow morning four light batteries of artillery, A of Illinois, B of Pennsylvania, A of Missouri, and the Twenty-seventh Indiana will leave for Newport News The whole of the First corps, with the exception of two brigades of the First division which are now on the way, will leave next week for Porto Rico. The regiments are as follows: Twenty-first Kansas, Second Missouri, Fifth Illinois, Third Wisconsin, First Kentucky, Sixteenth Pennsylvania, Second Wisconsin, Third Kentucky, Thirtyfirst Michigan, One Hundred and Six-Ohio, One Hundred and Fifty-eighth Indiana, First West Virginia, Second Ohio, First Pennsylvania, Fourteenth Minnesota, First South Carolina, Fifth Pennsylvania. Eighth Massachusetts, Twelfth New York, Ninth Pennsylvania and First New Hampshire.

It is announced here that immediately after the several corps have left Chickamauga park the organization of the Sixth corps, to be commanded by Major General James H. Wilson, will be begun and completed. The corps will consist of twenty-seven regiments from the second call for volunteers, numbering in all 35,000.

WASHINGTON, July 25 .- Major General Coppinger, commanding the troops at Tampa, has telegraphed Secretary Alger that the Eleventh and Ninetcenth regiments, regular infan- LITTLE WILL NOT BE OUSTED, try, Troop B of the Second cavalry and Light Batteries M and Cof the Seventh artillery are embarking to-day for Porto Rico. These troops, General Coppinger states, totally exhaust the capacity of the ships now at Tampa. General Grant's brigade received orders to-day to immediately follow General Hainc's brigade to Porto Rico. Orders were sent yesterday by the secretary of war to General Graham. commanding the troops at Camp Alger, to send troops under his command to Newport News for transportation to Porto Rico.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 25 .- It is reported among the intimate friends of Liliuokalani, former queen of the Hawaiian islands, that when she reaches Honolulu she will issue a statement or manifesto to the people. As soon as she has informed her people of the result of her mission, she will publicly protest against the transfer of the islands, and will present her claim for the crown lands, confiscated by the republic, which consist of nearly one

million acres which yield a yearly rental of more than \$100,000. It is said she will also present her claim for between \$300,000 and \$400,000 collected as rentals by the republic. American lawyers, it is said have been engaged to handle the case against the United States government.

WAR BETWEEN THE STATES.

What the Ex-Confederates Would Sub stitute for "the Rebellion."

ATLANTA, Ga., July 25 .- The city was decorated with endless miles of bunting for the Confederate parade yesterday. Mrs. Stonewall Jackson, Miss Winnie Davis, Mrs. John B. Gordon and Mrs. Crabbelle Currie, president of the Daughters of the Confederacy occupied carriages, as did also General and Mrs. Longstreet, General and Mrs. Hooker and General Wade Hampton.

General Gordon, at the auditorium. introduced Miss Winnie Davis, the veterans giving her an ovation. A resolution was passed to substitute for "the war of the rebellion," the expression, "the civil war between the states." Charleston, S. C., was selected as the place for the encampment next July.

tieth Indiana, First Georgia, Sixth TEXAS POPULISTS DESERTED.

The Middle-of-the-Road Convention Will Probably Be Abandoned.

CINCINNATI, July 25.-The national convention of the Populist party, called to assemble in Cincinnati September 5, is off and the gathering of middleof-the-road and affiliated Populists will not get beyond a call. Several states had held conventions and selected delegates. Maine had chosen five leading Populists as delegates. Other states had responded to the Omaha call Even Georgia had broken away from Chairman M. C. Butler. But Texas would not, and this broke the backbone of the straight

Populist movement.

TO BRING THE TROOPS NORTH.

Surgeons Think Shafter's Army Should Be Given a Vacation.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 20 .- General Shafter has opened a cable office here and is in communication with Washington regarding the disposition of the Fifth army corps, which consists of those troops which came with him from Tampa, and the reinforcements from the four transports which have since been unloaded. Except the Thirty-third and part of the Thirtyfourth Michigan, none of the latter has been in action, but all are camped in the same place.

So far as health considerations go, General McKibben seems to have held the opinion that the Fifth corps could join the Porto Rico expedition under General Miles as soon as Santiago should fall. This was the evident intention when the army of invasion left the United States, but the condition of the men now, according to the physicians and commanding officers, is such that the entire corps should return north at once. General Miles has cabled that he does not want and will not need a single man among them, and he believes that after their hard campaign they should be given a rest of at least two or three weeks.

The doctors say the men should be sent into camp in the mountains of North Carolina or Western Maine for a month. Washington agrees to this and will do everything possible, the cable dispatch to-day says, to carry the army away from here. But there is a lack of transports. In addition to the Porto Rico troops, which will require forty steamers for their conveyance, the authorities here are still counting upon having to convey the 22,000 Spanish prisoners to Cadiz. It appears from here that our government cannot get sufficient vessels and this fact holds the Fifth corps here, doing nothing. The men are anxious to get away.

The cavalry division has been sent into the mountains at its own request to see if it cannot get into shape to join General Miles. If no fever develops, the men may go to Porto Rico.

The Twenty-fourth infantry is acting as guards and nurses at the hospital at Juragua. More nurses are needed. The colored troops will probably remain here to attend the sick and hold Santiago.

General Shafter has cabled to Washington that it is imperatively necessary that he should have more immunes sent to him quickly, and the probability is that a corps will leave within the next ten days.

All our men are now camped upon the fighting line, where they have ocen for two weeks, except General Wheeler's men, who have been sent into the hills.

General Wheeler is still ill, but he resists the pleas of his friends to return to the United States. WASHINGTON, July 22. - Secretary Alger said to-day that the troops which were in the engagements at Santiago would not be sent to Porto Rico. They will remain in Cuba until yellow fever has been entirely stamped out. General Miles did not think it advisable to take any troops to Porto Rico that were liable to have contracted fever, and in this conclusion the department concurred.

"No farther, please," said he. "Would you like to take her to Graden House?"

"Thank you," replied I; "I shall try to get her to the minister's at Graden Wester."

The prow of the boat here grated on the beach, and a sailor jumped ashore with a line in his hand.

"Wait a minute, lads!" cried Northmour; and then lower and to my private ear: "You had better say nothing of this to her," he added.

"On the contrary!" I broke out, "she shall know everything that I can tell." "You do not understand," he returned, with an air of great dignity.

"It will be nothing to her; she expects it of me. Good-bye!" he added, with a nod.

I offered him my hand.

"Excuse me," said he. "It's small, 1 know; but I can't push things quite so far as that. I don't wish any sentimental business, to sit by your hearth a white-haired wanderer, and all that. Quite the contrary: I hope to God I shall never again clap eyes on either one of you."

ly station.

that she had been denied the privi-

lege of extending to me a personal wel-

I would find the station a pleasant one,

and asked me if I would not kindly

"meeting" with a lady who was soon

destined to play a heroic part in a

thrilling adventure in which I was a

Little by little Miss Rankin and my-

self became acquainted over the wire.

We were soon holding daily conversa-

tions, then semi-daily, and then cur

chats became so frequent that at times

with hints that some one was "mash-

ed" on some one else, and that we had

beiter give the suffering wire a rest

and do our spooning by mail. To these

ungentlemanly interruptions we paid

long-distance intercourse-I, as I be-

fore remarked, falling more hopelessly

sped by, and often wondering if a reci-

warmth at the other end of the wire.

I was a young man of but 20, very

I was then denied even a look at a

pretty face, aside from fleeting glimps-

trains, 1 came to regard Miss Rankin

as "my best girl," and her personal

Modesty, coupled with a fear of be-

into my cars.

prominent figure.

"Well, God bless you, Northmour!" I said heartily.

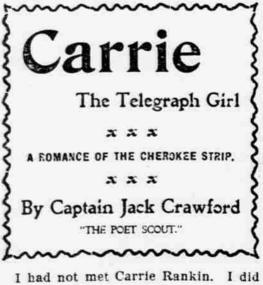
"Ch, yes," he returned.

He walked down the beach, and the man who was ashore gave him an arm on board, and then shoved off and leaped into the bows himself. Northmour took the tiller.

They were not yet half way to the Red Earl, and I was still watching their progress when the sun rose out of the sea.

One word more and my story is done. Years after Northmour was killed fighting under the colors of Garibaldi for the liberation of Tyron.

THE END.



not know if she was long or short. blonde or brunette, sweet sixteen or crabbled forty, plump as a mountain telegraphic signal, "Cr," became the quail or thin and angular as a Kansas female suffragist; yet we had become the best of friends, and daily chatted with each other on terms of marked

"I dt no as it interests u wt I was mond, further down the line, reported doing. I'm 2 busy to talk nw." that his fingers had been "pinched" while endeavoring to couple two cars

I snapped the words off with spiteful sharpness and closed my key with together, and that he must hasten to a thump that almost sprung the cir-Arkansas City for surgical attention. cuit breaker. the Red Rock agent was telegraphed

"Well u needn't bite my nose off coz instructions to lock up her depot, leave Dr (the dispatcher) turned you over. the key in the care of the section fore-Call me up when u get in gd humor. man, and proceed on a train then al-I've something to sa to u." most due to Edmond, and assume

My gentlemanly instincts sharply recharge until the injured agent should proved me for treating her in such an return. I was at the time an "extra ungentlemanly manner. Had she ever operator" on a Kansas division, and led me to believe she was young and on the afternoon of the day on which Miss Rankin left Red Rock, I found handsome? Was she to be blamed because she was a widow, wore a caricamyself sitting in her recently vacated ture in lieu of a face and was the chair for an indefinite stay at the lonemother of two children, no doubt as ugly as herself? I felt a tinge of My first train report had scarce announced my presence to the operators shame for having spoken so crossly to up and down the line, ere Edmond her, and with softer touch of the key called me up. She expressed regret replied:

"I beg pardon, madam. I've got bad hedake today, and feel cross as bear. Forgot I was talking to lady. Wt u come to my new home, said she hoped want to sa to me?"

"O. I'm real sorry ur not well, for collect a number of feminine trifles I've been 'ticipating pleasant visit with which she had overlooked in packing u. The agent here is on No. 5, and I'm her trunk, and then send them down ordered to Ark. City, and I thought if to her. She would be ever so much twould be greeable to u I'd go up on obliged, and should an opportunity prefreight trn and stop over t'r for passsent itself, would certainly reciprocate enger ts eveng. I want to c the old my kindness. That was my first statn again."

(To be continued.)

The Revolutionary Tories.

James K. Hosmer in the Atlantic: If George III, and his ministers were embarrassed by opposition at home, says James K. Hosmer in the July Atlantic, the American patriots were no less embarrassed. An energetic minority, it jealous operators at other stations has been said, brought to pass the revwould break in on our conversation olution, which proceeding, especially from New England, was carried through in spite of a majority in the colonies-a majority in great part quite apathetic, but to some extent actively resisting. The emigration of forces, but little attention, but continued our when the day was at last won, was relatively as great as that of the Huguenots from France after the revocation in love with my new friend as the days or the Edict of Nantes. The total number is estimated to have been at least procatory feeling was not growing in one hundred thousand. In this multitude were comprised only such, with their familles, as had been active for susceptible to female charms, and as the king. The indifferent, who had lent no helping hand to the patriots, must have been a multitude much es of female passengers on passing larger: these remained behind, inertly submitting to the new order of things as they had swayed inertly this way or that, following the power and direcsweetest sound my instrument clicked tion of the blast of war.

Ready with the Text.

ing "guyed," had prevented me from From the Boston Transcript: The sociability. I confess that, as the days questioning the train men regarding Beach hotel located on the Gulf front, ant Colonel Barnett of the Pennsylvasped by and I listened to her witty the personal appearance of my inamor-Maid-What are you doing with the Bia summer and winter resort house. nia recruits, Captain Perry and Lieuexpressions and bright conversation, I ata, but one day when I had orders ble, Freddy? Freddy-Picking out a was burned at 5 o'clock this morning. tenant Milesan have been detailed as a text for today's sermon. When I come The cause is said to have been a defound myself falling in love with her, to hold a north-bound freight until a board of survey to straighten out the fective electric wire. The loss is estiyet I had not the least tangible idea | belated south-bound passenger had arhome from church I always have to badly tangle 1 accounts of Quartermasmated at from \$200,600 to \$250,000. The of her personal appearance, and knew rived, and the freight conductor, Tom | tell pa what the text was. The Maidter Lieutenant L. C. Smith, Twentieth building was owned by W. E. Hughes not whether her voice was soft and Armstrong, came into my office and sat But how can you know the text until Kansas, resigned. of Dallas. musical, or pitched in a high key that down for a chat, I determined to sound you hear it? Freddy-Any text will do. 0 10. 1 9 7 was harsh and disagreeable to the ear. him and learn a little something of the Pa won't know the difference. The Lara-... Champagne for the Wounded. New Poll Books for Soldiers. KANSAS CITY. TOPEKA, Kan., July 25.-It would | Wheat-No. 2 spring I knew she was good-natured and pos- idol of my dreams. Maid-But your grandmother is going NEW YORK, July 24 .- A firm of wine 73 8 74 seased of a keen sense of humor, for "What sort of a looking girl is that with you. Freddy-But grandma will makers at Rheims, France, has offered cost \$36,000 to print the tally sheets Corn-No.2 the United States government 1,200 and ballots for the 4,500 Kansas sol-bottles of champagne for the sick and diers who are absent from the state Catte-Mixed. 3 60 a 3 55 she would laugh heartily at my re- now holding down Edmond station?" I be fast asleep long before they get to bottles of champagne for the sick and diers who are absent from the state Hogs-Mixed marks, and respond with the most bril- asked. the text. 3 35 3 4 (1) Sheep-S oc ers and feeders ... 3 45 a 4 55 this fall. wounded soldiers.

Commissary General Egan is rapidly making his arrangements for sending supplies to the Porto Rican army. The transport ship Massachusetts will sail in a few days from Newport News with a large amount of provisions. The vessel will go directly to Porto Rico.

General Egan has received a cablein regard to the commissary supplies. This is the dispatch in full: "The Mississippi came in yesterday. The About 33,000 pounds is the daily average consumption. We have lightered it ashore. Ships holding our stuff should not draw over fourteen feet of water. Stuff should not be on ships with troops aboard where their rations are mixed with ours, causing loss to us. Our losses from this source are large. Full rations are issued and fresh bread to two divisions. All will have fresh bread in a few days. Smith writes me concerning a lot of bacon and hard bread, parts of 750,000 rations bacon and 500,000 hard bread sent by your orders for Cubans.-Wes- loaded and ready for shipment. ton, Chief Commissary."

MORE TROOPS FOR MANILA.

and a Signal Corps Detachment Salls. SAN FRANCISCO, July 25 .- The transport steamer Rio Janeiro, bearing light artillery and a detachment Manila. The vessel was accorded the same ovation that has been given to

CHICKAMAUGA PARK, Ga., July 25 .-Charles Ellison, Company B, Twentyfirst Kansas, son of the sheriff of Hamilton county, Kan., diel at Leiter hospital yesterday of typhoid fever.

The Kansas Accounts Mixed.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 25.-Lieuten-

The Board to Examine Into the Officer's Health Said to Be Dropped.

CAMP MERRITT, San Francisco, July 25.-Lieutenant Colonel Little of the Kansas regiment, into whose physical condition a board of medical survey has been asked to examine by the colonel and chief surgeon of his regiment, said vesterday that he had been informed by Brigadier General King that on account of his obvious good health the matter would be dropped and no board appointed.

A TUGBOAT BLOCKADE.

Although Ironclads Will Be Relieved, Cuba's Guard Will Be Made Stronger. JACKSONVILLE, Fla., July 25.-The government is dispatching a large fleet

of tugboats and other small craft, cargram from Colonel Weston at Santiago | rying a few rapid-fire guns, to Cuban waters with the evident intention of relieving the big cruisers now that there is no Spanish fleet there. With beef is delightful. We issued to our this fleet of tugs and scows a strict troops and hospitals 25,000 pounds. patrol can be established around the island, thus entirely shutting off all food supplies for Havana.

Missouri Potatoes for Cuba.

Sr. Louis, Mo., July 25 .- A St. Louis commission house vesterday received a telegraph order from the assistant quartermaster general at Chickamauga for fifteen earloads of potatoes to be shipped immediately to Tampa, Fla., and thence by transport to Santiago. The firm hired a number of extra drays, canvassed the city for potatoes, and last night had the fifteen cars

To Weed Out the First Corps.

CHICKAMAUGA, July 25 .- All over the First corps are a number of men who cannot endure the hardships of war. These men are to be discharged at once. An examining board from each two battalions of South Dakota of the United States division hospitals volunteers, recruits for the Utan will at once be appointed to examine and inquire into the health of the men. of the signal corps sailed to-day for This work will not delay the departure of the corps for Porto Rico.

No Sponsor for Roosevelt.

NEW YORK, July 25.-No one can be found who will stand sponsor for Colonel Theodore Roosevelt's candidacy for governor. No one will admit that he has authority from Colonel Roose velt to promulgate his candidacy, and there is no organized movement apparently to advance his candidacy, but a candidate he is. and a popular one.

Galveston's \$200,000 Hotel Fire.

GALVESTON, Tex., July 25. - The

End of Sedalia's Hogg-Shirk Incident.

SEDALIA, Mo., July 22 .- William H. Hogg, who was horsewhipped by W. S. Shirk, jr., Tuesday, far paying attentions to his sister, was married to Miss Maude Shirk at the Cumberland Presbyterian church this morning, the Rev. Mr. Logan officiating. couple left a half hour later for Kansas City. Neither Judge Shirk or his son attended the marriage.

A British Steamer Taken.

KEY WEST, Fla., July 22 .- The British steamer Newfoundland, loaded with food supplies, was captured by the Mayflower on Tuesday off Cienfuegos, into which harbor she was heading. Two blank shots across her bow brought her to and the Mayflower put a prize crew on board of her and sent her to Charleston, S. C.

Blanco as a Press Agent.

MADRID, July 22 .- An official dispatch from Captain General Blanco announces that the greatest enthusiasm prevails in Havana, and that the feeling in favor of resisting the "Yankee" is universal. It further asserts that the commanders of the volunteer forces, at a conference under the presidency of General Arolas, military governor of Havana, resolved to "exhaust their resources and die rather than surrender."

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE

Omaha, Chicago and New York Market Quotations.

OMAHA. Butter-Creamery separator ... a 15 10 8 11 Butter Choice fancy country. Lemons -Per box Oranges-Per box 4 75 Potatoes-Per bushel. new 50 55 4 50 ; 6 00 Hay-Upland per ton SOUTH OMAHA STOCK MARKET.

	Lating a second of the second s		2.2
	Beef steers	a 5	
	Bulls 2 00	a 3	
	Stags	14.4	
	Caives 4 60	1 3	25
	Western feeders 3 90	3 4	10
	Come 9.45	a 4	15
	Helfers	a 4	13.3
	Stockers and feeders 3 25	a 4	663
	Sheep-Muttons 3 90	11.4	4.7
	Seeep -Native mixed	11.4	00
	CHICAGO.		
	Wheat-No. 2 opring	3	78
	Corn-Per husbel 33		3314
	Oats-Per bushel	18	20%
	Barley-No. 2	a	
	Rye-No.2		
	Timothy seed, per bu	1 2	
		a 9	
	Pork-Per owt		
1	Cattle_Prime feeding cattle 5 00	11.5	
		34	
	Cattle-Native beef steers 4 00	3 3	
	Hogs-Mixed		
	Sneep-tlipped Lambs 4 75	4.6	
1	Sheep-SpringLambs 5-50	14 15	10
	NEW YORK MARKET.		
		3	8:14
	Corn -No. 2	12	40
ų	Cats-No. 2	11	27%

Another Transport With Two Battalions

the other troops that have sailed for the Philippines. The expedition is under the command of Brigadier General H. G. Otis. A Kansas Soldier Dies at Chickamauga.