"GOSPEL FARMING" SUBJECT OF SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE.

From the Text "I am the True Vine and My Father Is the Husbandman" -John XV: 1- Plowing and Sowing that We May Reap the Good Things of Life.



open my Bible the breath of newmown hay and see-

We were nearly all of us born in the country. We dropped corn in the hill, field from fence to fence, and he plowand went on Saturday to the mill, tying the grist in the center of the sack that he had not found the money; so that the contents on either side the but when the crop had been gatherhorse balanced each other; and drove ed and sold for a hundred dollars more the cattle afield, our bare feet wet with than any previous year, then the the dew, and rode the horses with the young man took the hint as to what halter to the brook until we fell off, his father meant when he said there and hunted the mow for nests until the were a hundred dollars buried down feathered occupants went cackling in that field. Deep plowing for a crop. away. We were nearly all of us born Deep plowing for a soul. He who in the country, and all would have makes light of sin will never amount stayed there had not some adventurous lad on his vacation come back world. If a man speaks of sin as with better clothes and softer hands, though it were an inaccuracy or a misand set the whole village on fire with take, instead of the loathesome, ambition for city life. So we all understand rustic allusions. The Bible is full of them. In Christ's sermon on the Mount you could see the fullblown lilies and the glossy back of the crow's wing as it flies over Mount Olivet. David and John, Paul and Isniah find in country life a source of frequent iHustration, while Christ in the text takes the responsibility of calling vices. I thought it made no differ-God a farmer, declaring, "My Father ence. After awhile my father came is the husbandman."

nothing about Cain, the tiller of the soil. Adam was a gardener on a large have missed that." And he plowed it scale, but to Noah was given all the acres of the earth. Elisha was an agriculturist, not cultivating a ten-acre lot, for we find him plowing with subsoil plow of God's truth ought to twelve yoke of oxen. In Bible times | be put in up to the beam. the land was so plenty and the inhabitants so few that Noah was right when he gave to every inhabitant a certain tian workers-Plow deep! Plow deep! portion of land; that land, if cultivated, ever after to be his own possession. Just as in Nebraska the United of the sinful side of your nature, put States Government on payment of \$16 down into your soul the ten commandyears ago gave pre-emption right to 160 acres to any man who would settle there and cultivate the soil.

All classes of people were expected to cultivate ground except ministers of religion. It was supposed that they would have their time entirely occupied with their own profession, although I am told that sometimes ministers do plunge so deeply into worldliness that they remind one of what Thomas Fraser said in regard to a man in his day who preached very well, but lived very ill: "When he is out of the pulpit, it is a pity he should ever go into it, and when he is in the pulpit it is a pity he should ever come out of it."

They were not small crops raised in those times, for though the arts were rude, the plow turned up very rich soil, and barley, and cotton, and flax, and all kinds of grain came up at the call of the harvesters. Pliny tells of one stalk of grain that had on it between three and four hundred ears. The rivers and the brooks, through artificial channels, were brought down to the roots of the corn, and to this habit of turning a river wherever it was wanted, Solomon refers when he says: "The king's heart is in the hand of the Lord, and he turneth it as the rivers of megatherium. water are turned, whithersoever he will."

The wild beasts were caught, and then a hook was put into their nose, and then they were led over the field, and to that God refers when he says to wicked Sennacherib: "I will put a not counted. They get convicted, but hook in thy nose and I will bring thee not converted. What is the reason? And God has a hook in every bad man's a nose, whether it be Nebuchadnezzar or other end of the field. We kept our eye Ahab or Herod. He may think himself very independent, but some time in his life, or in the hour of his death, he will find that the Lord Almighty has a hook in his nose.

This was the rule in regard to the culture of the ground: "Thou shalt not plow with an ox and an ass together," illustrating the folly of ever putting intelligent and useful and pliable men in association with the stubborn and the unmanageable. The vast majority of troubles in the churches and in reformatory institutions comes from the disregard of this command of the Lord, "Thou shalt not plow with an ox and an ass together."

There were large amounts of property invested in cattle. The Moabites paid 100,000 sheep as an annual tax. Job had 7,000 sheep, 3,000 camels, 500 yoke of oxen. The time of vintage was ushered in with mirth and music. The clusters of the vine were put into the wine press, and then five men would get into the press and trample out the fuice from the grape until their until covered with the blood of crucitrodden the wine press alone."

is supported by an athletic and in- joy all ripe. Why do you not go and dustrious yeomanry. So long ago as wrote twenty-eight books on agriculture; Hesiod wrote a poem on the same subject-"The Weeks and Days." Cato was prouder of his work on husbandry than of all his military conquests. But I must not be tempted into a discussion of agricultural conquests. Standing amid the harvests and orchards and vineyards of the Bible, and standing amid the harvests and orchards HIS last summer, and vineyards of our own countryhaving gone in larger harvests than have ever before different directions been gathered-I want to run out the over between five analogy between the production of and six thousand crops and the growth of grace in the miles of harvest soul-all these sacred writers making fields, I can hardly use of that analogy.

In the first place, I remark, in grace without smelling as in the fields, there must be a plow. That which theologians call conviction is only the plow-share turning ing the golden light up the sins that have been rooted and of the wheat field. And when I open matted in the soul. A farmer said to my Bible to take my text, the Scripture his indolent son: "There are a hunleaf rustles like the tassels of the corn. dred dollars buried deep in that field." The son went to work and plowed the ed it very deep, and then complained to anything in the church or in the abominable, consuming, and damning thing that God hates, that man will never yield a harvest of usefulness.

When I was a boy I plowed a field with a team of spirited horses. I plowed it very quickly. Once in a while I passed over some of the sod without turning it, but I did not jerk back the plow with its rattling dealong and said: "Why, this will never Noah was the first farmer. We say do; this isn't plowed deep enough; there you have missed this and you over again. The difficulty with a great many people is that they are only scratched with conviction when the

My word is to all Sabath school teachers, to all parents, to all Chris-

And if in your own personal experience you are apt to take a lenient view ments which reveal the holiness of deepest depths. If a man preaches to you that you are only a little out of order by reason of sin and that you need only a little fixing-up, he deceives! You have suffered an appalling injury by reason of sin. There are quick poisons and slow poisons, but the druggist could give you one drop that could kill the body. And sin is like that drug; so virulent, so poisonous. so fatal that one drop is enough to kill

Deep plowing for a crop. Deep plowing for a soul. Broken heart or no religion. Broken soil or no harvest Why was it that David and the jailer and the publican and Paul made such ado about their sins? Had they lost their senses? No. The plow-share struck them. Conviction turned up a great many things that were forgotten As a farmer plowing sometimes turn? up the skeleton of a man or the anatomy of a monster long ago buried so the plow-share of conviction turns up the ghastly skeletons of sins long ago entombed. Geologists nevel brought up from the depths of the mountain mightier ichthyosaurus or

But what means all this crooked plowing, these crooked furrows, the repentance that amounts to nothing, the repentance that ends in nothing? Men groan over their sins, but get no better. They weep, but their tears are back by the way which thou camest." I remember that on the farm we set standard with a red flag at the on that. We aimed at that. We plowed up to that. Losing sight of that we made a crooked furrow. Keeping our eye on that we made a straight furrow. Now in this matter of conviction we must have some standard to guide us. It is a red standard that God has set at the other end of the field. It other end of the field. We kept our eye that you will make a straight furrow. Losing sight of it you will make a crooked furrow. Plow up to the Cross. Aim not at either end of the horizontal piece of the Cross, but at the upright piece, at the center of it, the heart of lery behind the cashier's desks, so that the Son of God who bore your sins and made satisfaction. Crying and weeping will not bring you through. "Him hath God exalted to be a Prince and a Saviour to give repentance." Oh, plow up to the Cross!

Again, I remark, in grace as in the farm there must be a reaping. Many Christians speak of religion as though It were a matter of economics or insurance. They expect to reap in the next garments were saturated with the wine world. Oh, no! Now is the time to an had become the emblems of reap. Gather up the joy of the Chrisslaughter. Christ himself, wounded tian religion this morning, this afternoon, this night. If you have not as fixion, making use of this allusion much grace as you would like to have, when the question was asked: "Where- thank God for what you have, and fore art thou red in thine apparel and pray for more. You are no worse en- fire. thy garments like one who treadeth the slaved than Joseph, no worse troubled wine vat?" He responded: "I have than was David, no worse scourged than was Paul. Yet, amid the rattling | in order to keep a patent in his posses | tracts of cheap land in the west and the | gold went abroad, where mint ratios In all ages there has been great honor paid to agriculture. Seveneighths of the people in every country are disciples of the plow. A govtry are disciples of the plow. A govtry are disciples of the plow. A govtry are disciples of the press alone."

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In all ages there has been great honor of shipsion, has to pay a tax of \$50 for the great emigration to that setcion. Instry are disciples of the plow. A govtry are disciples of the press alone."

In all ages there has been great honor of entering of fetters, and amid the gloom of dungreat emigration to that setcion. Instry are disciples of the press alone."

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In all ages there has been great in his posses, sion, has to pay a tax of \$50 for the great emigration to that setcion. Instracts of cheap land in the west and the great emigration to that setcion. Instracts of cheap land in the west and the great emigration to that setcion. Instracts of cheap land in the west and the great emigration to that setcion. Instracts of cheap land in the great emigration to that setcion. Instracts of cheap land in ernment is strong in proportion as it house to-day has 500 acres of spiritual | tion.

reap it? You have been groaning over before the fall of Carthage, Strabo your infirmities for thirty years. Now give one round shout over your emancipation. You say you have it so hard; you might have it worse. You wonder why this great cold trouble keeps revolving through your soul, turning and turning with a black hand on the for attributing all ills in our body polistone on which you are to sharpen your of free and unlimited coinage of silver. sickle. To the fields! Wake up! Take off your green spectacles, your blue spectacles, your black spectacles. Pull up the corners of your mouth as far as you pull them down. To the fields! Reap! reap!

The Savior folds a lamb in his bosom. The little child filled all the house with her music, and her toys are scattered all up and down the stairs just as she left them. What if the hand that plucked four-o'clocks out of the meadow is still? It will wave in the eternal triumph. What if the voice that made music in the home is still? It will sing the eternal hosanna. Put a white rose in one hand, a red rose in the other hand, and a wreath of orange blossoms on the brow; the white flower for the victory, the red flower for the Savior's sacrifice, the orange blossoms for her marriage day. Anything ghastly about that? Oh, no! The sun went down and the flower shut. The wheat threshed out of the straw. "Dear Lord. give me sleep," said a dying boy, the son of one of my elders, "Dear Lord, give me sleep." And he closed his eyes and woke in glory. Henry W. Longfellow, writing a letter of condolence to those parents, said, "Those last words were beautifully poetic." And Mr. Longfellow knew what is poetic. "Dear Lord, give me sleep."

'Twas not in cruelty, not in wrath That the reaper came that day; Twas an angel that visited the earth

And took the flower away. So may it be with us when our work is all done. "Dear Lord, give me

sleep." I have one more thought to present. I have spoken of the plowing, of the sowing, of the harrowing, of the reaping, of the threshing. I must now speak a moment of the garnering.

WHEEL HUMOR.

"I was told you wouldn't insure bicycle girls. Won't you insure me?" "Not on your life!"-Cleveland Plain Dealer.

She-Do you know this bicycle reminds me so much of you? He-How is that? She-I always have a dickens of a time getting it started .-Cleveland Leader.

"I see they are applying ball bearings to a great many things now. God, and that sharp and glittering "Yes, they have a ball bearing sign coulter will turn up your soul to the down where I keep my watch."-Washington Times.

"I want the bicycle number of The Scottish Quarterly Review," said he to the newsdealer. "I don't think The Scottish Quarterly Review has issued a bicycle number, sir." "No? How 'ery much behind the times!"-Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

An elderly lady in Cleveland viciously "swiped" with an umbrella a scorcher who missed her by about two inches. and the spectators applauded. An umbrella is very well, but there is something to be said in favor of an ax .-Minneapolis Journal.

She (on the way over)-Just to think that this big ship is absolutely under the control of the man at the wheel! He-Oh, that's nothing! The man on the wheel at home claims to have power enough to control the whole nation. ·Philadelphia North American.

EITS OF KNOWLEDGE.

An ordinary silk hat weighs only seven ounces.

Great Britain, whole or in portions,

Zinc salts and calcium are the mediums

seen recently in Long Island Sound. This animal is rarely seen outside the the popocrats to the contrary, the state-Arctic regions.

vided with an anchor, the exact shape gross falsehood, as the above figures of the anchor used by the ships. By means of this peculiar device the insect holds itself firmly in any desired not tolerate such misrepresentation and

Up to the beginning of the fourteenth century the popes of Rome were contented with a single crown; and in 1303 figures are on the side of sound money. the first double one was assumed and in 1364 the present tiara, or triple one, figures. They content themselves with was adopted.

It is said that a large well known bank has an invisible camera in a galat a signal from one of them any suspected customer can instantly have his photograph taken without his knowl-

When the Trans-Siberian Railway is completed in 1900, it will be possible for a globe trotter to encircle the globe in thirty days. Over the new route he will be able to reach St. Petersburg from London in forty-five hours, and arrive at Port Arthur in 250 hours.

Three miles an hour is about the average speed of the Gulf Stream. At certain places, however, it attains a speed of fifty-one miles an hour, the extraordinary rapidity of the current giving the surface, when the sun is shining, the appearance of a sheet of

The Mexican government has amend-

與歌歌歌歌等等等來來來來來歌歌歌歌樂等來來來歌歌歌歌 SILVER AND THE VALUE OF FARM LANDS.

the boldest, perhaps, is that farm lands have depreciated in value along with the depreciation of silver bullion. As a matter of act the decennial appraisetown and city real estate in the state and 1890 as we have seen occurred .of Ohio show that instead of the value going down there has been a decided rise, proving that the assertions of free silver advocates are utterly talse on this point as in other directions. Even if land values had depreciated since 1873 it would not prove that the act of that year caused it, but when they have actually risen in value it completely refutes the free silver assertion that because of the lack of free and unlimited coinage of silver land has depreciated in value.

The records of the state prove that the farm lands of Ohio are more valuable now than when silver was demonetized in 1873. The reports of the auditor of state speak for themselves and are proof positive. The valuation of land for taxation is made in Ohio every ten years, and it is only necessary to compare the valuation in 1870 with that of 1890 to show that land is higher today than when we had free silver. In 1870 valuations were made in an inflated currency. In other words, gold was at a premium of 15.2 per cent. In 1890 all currency was at a parity and the valuation was on a gold basis. In 1870 the valuation of farm lands in Ohio, exclusive of the real estate in the towns and cities, was \$503,351,297. This was in the inflated war currency, gold being at a premium of 15.2 per cent, so that the real valuation of farm lands of Ohio in gold was \$436,936,889. In 1890 the valuation of land, exclusive of the real estate in towns and cities, was \$725,-642,254, an increase over that of 1870 of \$233,705,365, or more than 66 per cent. In the same period silver bullion has fallen in value fully 50 per cent. These figures are for the entire state of Ohio. But to impress the fact more forcibly below is given the valuation of generally was debased. land in several of the representative counties of central Ohio, the figures in

The popocrats appear to have a mania farm lands, they have gone to the far west or to the towns and cities. Thus crank. Ah, that trouble is the grind- tic, both real and imaginary, to the lack | the demand for Ohio farms has decreased and with it their selling value. Among their numerous claims one of | That this is true is proved by the fact that the fall in price has occurred in the last fifteen years. If it had been caused by free silver it would have begun earlier and there would have been ments or valuations of farm land and no such increase in value between 1870 Columbus State Journal.

BANK, originally a bench upon which the merchant weighed money, metals or other things. Now, any place where money is handled as a commodity.

BIMETALLISM, the theory that, if both gold and silver are coined free and in unlimited quantities at a fixed ratio for private owners, the coins will circulate concurrently in a councry. It has often been tried and invariably failed. If the coinage ratio be more favorable to silver than to gold, judged by the true or commercial ratio, gold will disappear. If unjustly favorable to gold silver will disappear.

BULLION, originally buila, a seal or stamp. Later, and now, money metal. stamped or unstamped-uncoined. Bullion is bought where it commands the least value and sold where it commands the greatest.

CAPITAL, surplus wealth.

CENT, from centum; Latin, hundredth part of a dollar. CIRCULATION, amount of money

COIN, stamped metal used as money. CREDIT, expectation of money

within a limited time. CURRENCY, that which is given or taken as having or representing value. DIME, Latin, decimus, tenth, a

tenth of a dollar. DOLLAR, from a dale in Bohemia where there was issued a pure and honest coin at a time when the coinage

FIAT MONEY. Fiat, Latin, let it be. Paper or other substance intrinsically still more favorable to silver. should lose our gold.

LEGAL TENDER, currency which a government permits a debtor to offer and compels a creditor to receive.

MINT, a place where money is coined. The name comes from Juno Moneta, Juno the adviser, adjoining whose temple on the Capitoline hill

the Roman mint was. MONEY, a thing universally recognized as having intrinsic value and used as a measure of value of other

things; also a commodity. PARITY, equality of purchasing power or debt-paying power.

PECUNIARY, referring to money. RATIO, the rate at which gold measures the values of other metals. Today one ounce of gold measures-that is, will buy-nearly thirty-two ounces of silver. The ratio is, therefore, 1 to 32. Gold is always the 1.

SEIGNIORAGE, the charge for stamping money. When coinage is free there is no seigniorage.

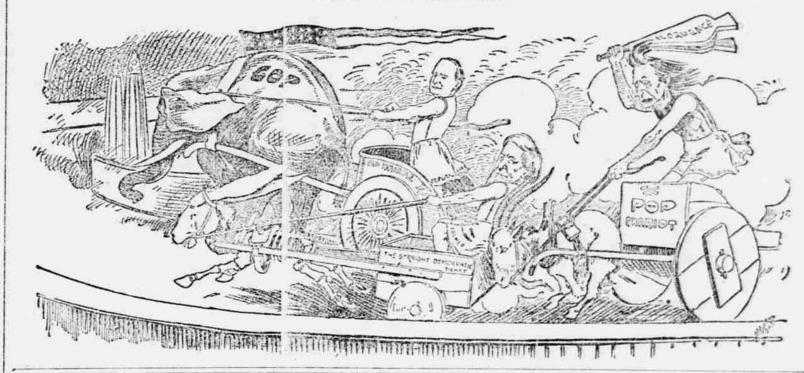
SILVER CERTIFICATE, a treasury receipt for silver dollars actually deposited. The receipts are not nominally legal tender, but are practically so, being accepted by the government for customs, taxes and other public dues, being thus kept at par with gold, the gold equivalence to be lost if we abandon the existing gold standard. They will then represent only the intrinsic value of the pure silver in the silver dollar and will fluctuate in purchasing power according to the market demand for silver bullion. That is, instead of being worth, as they are now, 100 cents to the dollar, they will be worth 53 cents, more or less, to the

SIXTEEN TO 1, the demand of owners of uncoined silver that the government give them the equivalent of an ounce of gold for sixteen ounces of silver, although they cannot get the equivalent of an ounce of gold from any other source for less than about 72 ounces of silver.

STANDARD, that by which something is measured. Standard of value that by which value is measured. Gold is the universal money standard of value because it is not only held by mankind as the most precious of money metals, but because all other kinds of money are rated according to their equivalent in it.

SUBSIDIARY COIN, small pieces of money metal having only limited legal tender power.

BLOCKED AT THE TURN!



each case showing a healthy increase in the twenty years:

County. 1870. 1890. Increase. Franklin\$12,627,283 \$16,525,370 \$3,898,687 Delaware ... 5,302,871 9,859,250 Fairfield 8,841,780 11,113,770 Champ'gn ... 7,956,920 Clark ... 7,537,380 Mad'son ... 5,793,630 11,176, 40 The value of bicycle exports from | Pickaway ... 10,288 520 13,057,240 | Licking 11,543,984 15,857,160 Although the increase in the valuawas last year a million and a half tion of farm lands in the above-named

counties has been at a healthy rate. Luminous inks may now be used to the increase of town and city real esprint signs to be visible in the dark. tate has been at a higher percentage because the growth of population in Ohio in the twenty years has all been It is reported that a white whale was | in the towns and cities. Notwithstanding all the assertions of

ment that farm lands in Ohio have fall-The synapta, a water insect, is pro- en in value since the "crime of '73" is a taken from the official records of the state show. Fair-minded people will the revolt against it has already come.

It is one of the peculiar features of the present campaign that the facts and Popocrats do not try to disprove the fine spun theories and attempts to sustain their position by bold assumptions. But mere assertions without any foundation in fact carry no weight. The figures of the state's records are positive, are not only made on facts, but are the facts themselves. They cannot be denied or disputed, and sincere people will accept them in preference to the wild and sweeping assertions of the popocrats. If, as they claim, the lack of the free coinage of silver in this country has caused all values to drop, how are they going to reconcile rency with gold. with their statement the increase in the valuation of farm lands under the limited coinage of today over the valuation under the free silver laws of 1870? It cannot be done. All of which goes to prove that the alleged crime of having no free and unlimited coinage of silver is not at all intimately connected with the value of land.

It is true the value of farm lands has

worth nothing forced into currency as money and not redeemable in money metal, therefore not properly money. DOUBLE STANDARD, the proposal

that in the same country at the same time two yardsticks can be in use, one thirty-six inches long, another eighteen inches long, each to be called a yard. Gold is the yardstick thirty-six inches long, silver a yardstick eighteen inches long. FREE SILVER, a popular way of de-

scribing the privilege sought by owners of uncoined silver to take it to the mints or assay offices of the United States and get in exchange standard money at the rate of \$1.29 per ounce of silver, although the real value of the metal to-day is a little over 60 cents per ounce. The owners of the bullion will make the profit and the government and the people be the losers. Silver will be no more "free" than now, and nobody will be able to get a dollar then otherwise than now, that is, by giving labor or some other commodity in exchange for it.

GOLD CERTIFICATE, a receipt by the government of the United States for not less than \$20 worth of gold, coined or uncoined, deposited in the treasury and returnable on demand in exchange for the receipt. These receipts are not nominally legal tender, but the government has made them practically so by accepting them for payment of duties on imports. None are issued when the gold in the treasury falls below \$100,0000,000.

GOLD RESERVE, \$100,000,000 gold coin or bullion held in the treasury to maintain the specie payments and the parity of all legal tender American cur-

GRESHAM'S LAW. When both cuits he put the family to flight. metals are legal tender and have equal privilege at the mints, the cheaper will drive the dearer out of circulation. The law is as old as the currency, but was not named until after formulated by Sir Thomas Gresham 300 years ago. August 16, 1893, in the House of Representatives, William J. Bryan said: "We established a bimetallic standard in fallen since 1880 in Ohio, but that has 1792, but silver, being overvalued by ed its patent law so that an inventor been due to the opening up of immense our ratio of 15 to 1, stayed with us and

TALE, the thing told on the face of the coin-its declared value.

TOKEN MONEY, coins lawfully current for more than their real value. TROY WEIGHT, twelve ounces to the pound, supposed to have taken its name from the goldsmiths of Troyes,

a town of France, southeast of Paris. UNIVERSAL STANDARD OF VALUE, gold, because all other commodities of the world are measured by their relation to it. Eighty per cent. of the world's business is done on the gold standard of value. Even in silver standard countries, where gold is not seen, prices are fixed by the gold standard, and the silver money fluctuates in value according to its relation to gold.—Pawtucket Post.

Pat-How do you stand on th' silver question, Moike?

Mike-Me? Sixteen to wan is moi platform. Pat-Tis, is it? Wel, me laddy-

buck, if you and the long-phiskered cranks win, oi'm thinking that by next winter iverybody's platform will be, "Nothin' to ate!"

This Couldn't Have Been Kentucky. A Kentucky tramp called at a residence and solicited food. The housewife gave him some saleratus biscuits. The tramp thanked her and then, stepping off a few yards, threw the biscuits at the windows of the house, breaking the glass in every one of them. Then with the remaining bis-

The Piercle Craze,

People who think the "bicycle craze" is on the wane will open their eyes when they read an announcement of a sale, by a New York firm, of good bicycles at \$18 each brought 40,000 eager purchasers to the store. The crush was so great that after several persons had been injured the proprietors were obliged to stop the sale.