I. W. W. CHIEFS HELD

WILLIAM D. HAYWOOD AND OTH-ERS ARRESTED IN CHICAGO AS U. S. FOES.

168 NAMED IN INDICTMENTS

Men in Many Cities Face Arrest for Advocating Sabotage-Planned to Destroy Property While Nation Was Busy With War.

Chicago, Oct. 1. - Government agents raided the headquarters of the industrial Workers of the World at 1001 West Madison street and arrested William D. Haywood and 35 other lead-

All the men were taken to the federal building.

The arrests followed the return of indictments by the federal grand jury before Judge Evan Evans, in which

168 persons were named. Among the leaders of the I. W. W. arrested in the raid were:

William D. Haywood, general secretary and treasurer; Richard Brazier, Chicago, "Spokane and elsewhere," member of general executive board; George Andreychine, Chicago, "Duluth and elsewhere," manager publicity bureau, Chicago; Ralph H. Chaplin, editor and manager Solidarity; Vladimir Lossieff, Chicago; Bert Lorton, Chicago manager Recruiting Union; Charles Rothfisher, editor A Bergumkas, Chicago and Cleveland; Charles Plahn, Chicago and Detroit; Herbert Mahler, Seattle and Chicago.

The evidence presented to the grand jury revealed a far-reaching plot to obstruct the government in its prosecution of the war.

"The astonishing feature which stands out at the conclusion of the investigation and which is well calculated to make patriotic persons shudder with alarm is found in the disclosure of the number of men enjoying the protection of the government who are so far unmindful of social duties and obligations as to openly advocate the most vicious forms of sabotage, particularly in industries engaged in furnishing war munitions," says the report of the grand jury.

The activities of these defendants have been directed against what they conceive or pretend to conceive, to be the misguided attitude of the world at large toward persons not possessed of property, the result being that this time of general stress and strain has been selzed upon because, as they insist, the opportunity was here and now presented to make effective these secret and covert processes of destruction which they traitorously employed while pretending to work.

"Boiled down and stated in a few words, the propaganda of those defendants consists of these assertions: 'We are going to take possession of the inwe want them. 2. Because we need them. 3. Because we are in this crisis possessed of the power to put it over.'

"In addition, there is running through all these endeavors a pronounced opposition to the support of the war in which this country is enlisted."

MICHAELIS ASSAILS WILSON

Chancellor Says Statement of War Aims Would Prejudice Questions at Peace Parley.

Amsterdam, Oct. 1.-Doctor Michaelis, the German imperial chancelof the reichstag, said that Pope Benedict's peace proposals were inspired by moral seriousness, pure justice and neutrality, which things were lacking in the reply made by President Wilson to the pope.

Justifying Germany's refusal to state her war aims, Doctor Michaelis said such action would only have a confusing effect and would injure German interests.

Were Germany to state her war aims, the chancellor asserted, it would discussed at the time of peace nego-

The chancellor strongly attacked President Wilson's reply to the pope, which, he asserted, merely bound the German people together more firmly.

27 KILLED IN TRAIN CRASH

Thirty-Five Seriously Injured When Passenger and Empty Troop Train Meet Head-on in Oklahoma.

Kellyville, Okla., Oct. 1.-Bodies of 17 negroes and seven white men and three Indians have been taken from the wreckage of St. Louis & San Francisco train No. 7, which collided head-on with an empty troop train one mile southwest of here on Friday. It is believed that several more bodies still are in the debris. Three of the negroes were women. Thirty-five persons were seriously burt.

Lloyd-George Asks Libel.

London, Oct. 1.—David Lloyd-George, the premier, is commencing proceedings for libel against newspapers which announced that on the occasion of an air raid the premier left London for his Walton Heath home.

Pershing Man Hit From Air.

Washington, Oct. 1.-The slight wounding of First Lieut. Howard F. Keating of Philadelphia, medical corps, during an air raid on the night of September 24, was reported to the war department by General Pershing.

JAMES H. COLLINS.



James H. Collins, for 15 years a widely known writer on business subjects, has charge of the food administration's publicity handled through trade papers. He finds that technical news is a big side of food conservation, and reaches many employers and business men through the trade papers.

AIR RAIDS ON LONDON

U. S. SOLDIERS IN CAPITAL DUR-ING AIRPLANE ATTACK.

Fifteen Persons Are Slain and Seventy Others Wounded During Two Raids.

London, Sept. 27.-Many American soldiers, on leave in London, had their first experience with German air raiders Monday night. A large number were at various places of amusement and on the streets when the warning signals were given.

Fifteen persons were killed and seventy injured in the air raid over London on Monday night.

The Zeppelins which crossed the Yorkshire and Lincolnshire coasts did not penetrate inland, being driven off by gunfire. Three women were in-

Only two airplanes at the most penetrated the defenses of London, it is reported officially.

The following official report was given out by Lord French, commander of the home defenses:

"Airplane Raid-The latest reports concerning the airplane raid show that the group of raiders which approached London was driven off by the fire of districts reported by the police up to the present are: Killed, 15; injured, 70. The material damage was not great.

"Airship Raid.—Enemy airships crossed the Yorkshire and Lincolnshire coests between midnight and 3 a. m. There is no evidence of their having penetrated to any distance inland. They were driven off by gunfire from various defended localities which they attempted to approach. Bombs were dropped at one coast town, three women being slightly injured. Little damage was caused.'

SOLONS FIGHT IN THE HOUSE

lor, in a speech to the main committee | Rep. Heffin, Who Charged Bernstorff Plot, Pushed Down by Norton of North Dakota.

> Washington, Oct. 1.-The house aujourned without acting on the rules committee decision not to propose any resolution looking to investigating charges that German money has been used to influence members of congress.

The row in the house over Representative Heffin's charges culminated in a fight between Heflin and Representative Norton, his chief critic. prejudice the complex questions to be | Friends separated them. The two men grappled for a moment and then fell over, with Norton on top.

The climax came at the end of gusty session of the house, which did not approve the action of the rules committee in refusing to begin investigation of Heflin's charges that certain congressmen acted suspiciously about the time Count von Bernstorff was asking his government to authorize the expenditure of \$50,000 to influence congress.

Increase for Railroaders.

St. Louis, Sept. 29.-Announcement was made that effective next Monday. Schooner Henry Lippitt Destroyed, but station agents, agent telegraph operators, telegraphers and other station employees of the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad, and yard clerks and clerks in the general offices who have not received an increase since January 1 will be granted a wage increase of 8 to 10 per cent.

Enemies of War Blamed.

Traverse City, Mich., Sept. 29.-The spillway at the lower dam of the Boardman River Light and Power company's plant, near here, was dynamited. It is believed that enemies of the government are responsible.

Connecticut Congressman Dies. Norwalk, Conn., Sept. 29.—Ebenezer J. Hill, representative in congress from the Fourth Connecticut district, died at his home, after an iliness of several

weeks induced by a heat stroke sus-

tained late in fuly.

T. R. CALLED KAISER

COLONEL ROOSEVELT FORCED ARBITRATION ON VENE-ZUELA AFFAIR.

THREATENED TO SEND DEWEY

Former President Reveals Inside Story About Ultimatum Giving German Fleet Three Hours to Leave.

Chicago, Sept. 29.-Painting Germany as the arch foe of the world, as a nation drunk with power and with the sword as its God, Col. Theodore Roosevelt on Thursday told the inside story of the Venezuelan incident, when, as president he gave Germany three days in which to get its warships out of Venezuelan waters or face a fight with Dewey.

The story was told on the spur of the moment at a luncheon given for the colonel at the New Morrison hotel by the local branch of the National Security lengue,

Colonel Roosevelt said:

"I let Hay write a reasonable number of notes. Note writing is not a form of mental exercise that I am devoted to. Finally I told Hay that I man ambassador to come in, and I said:

" "This Venezuelan business has gone far enough. We don't want to let it come to a point where it will make trouble between our countries. You NEW have your fleet down there, and we must have an understanding that you cannot take possession of a single foot of Venezuelan territory.'

"He said: 'We won't take pernent possession.' I said: 'Oh, no, of course not, but we are not going to allow any temporary possession for ninety-nine years or so.' He said: 'But I cannot discuss that.' I said: 'I don't want you to discuss it. Just tell your government that in ten days they must arbitrate or I will send Dewey down with our fleet to see that you don't take a foot of Venezuelan

"He said: 'But I cannot send such a message. You do not realize what it means,' I said: 'Oh, yes, I do. We're alone here and I can say it. You are afraid it may mean war.' He said: "This is awful. It will be terrible for your country,' and I said: 'Yes, but it will be more unpleasant

for yours." Then Colonel Rooseovelt explained that he had sent Dewey with his fleet to the West Indies on a "friendly cruise, and notified rim to be ready to sail at an hour's notice. The American fleet was then stronger than Germany's. England was supposed to be week the German ambassador called on Colonel Roosevelt and made no reference to the ultimatum. The president asked whether the message had been transmitted. The ambassador replied that he had not taken the president seriously, and he was sure his country would not arbitrate.

Colonel Roosevelt continued: "I said there were three days of the ten left, and that unless I got an answer within forty-eight hours, Dewey would sail. In thirty-six hours the ambassador called on me and notified me that his country wished me to arbitrate between them and Venezuela."

SENATE VOTES 8 BILLIONS

Urgent Deficiency Measure Passed Without Roll Call-Warning Made by Martin.

Washington, Sept. 27.-The senate on Tuesday passed the \$8,000,000,000 urgent deficiency bill without a roll call as Senator Martin of Virginia, Democratic leader, uttered a warning lavish expenditure must cease.

The bill totaled \$7,991,625,220. The figures were slightly changed, for \$1,-240,000 was taken out and \$500,000 was added.

The house granted the army \$3,509, 736,735, and the senate added \$749,-247,394, making a total of \$4,258,984,-

The navy was given \$573,019,623 by the house and the senate added \$24.-049,500, a total of \$597,069,123.

The cash appropriations are more than \$5,606,906,000 and the authorization for contracts exceeds \$2,385,458,-

UNARMED U. S. SHIP SUNK

Crew Is Saved, Says Message to State Department.

Washington, Sept. 29.-The unarmed American schooner Henry Lippitt has been sunk, but her crew was saved, said a consular message to the state department.

Rail Strikers Going Back. Chicago, Oct. 1.-Railroad unions

rhose men employed by the Elgin, Joliet & Eastern rallway went on strike whipped a number of their members into line and induced them to return to work.

U. S. Warshap Runs Aground.

Atlantic Port, Oct. 1 .- A United States battleship is ashore on the Atlantic coast, according to an announcement of naval authorities here. The vessel is said to be in no immediate JOHN McE. BOWMAN



John McE. Bowman, working with the United States food administration as representative of the hotels, restaurants, dining cars, clubs and passenger steamships of the country. Mr. Bowman is president of the Hotels would handle it myself. I told the Ger- Biltmare, Manhattan, Ansonia and Commodore (now building), all in New York city, and president of the Bowman-Herr-Morgan Hotels company.

BRITISH DRIVE

HAIG'S TROOPS MAKE GAINS EAST OF YPRES.

Important Posts and Powerful Works Captured During Sweep on Six-Mile Front.

London, Sept. 28.-In an attack along a six-miles front on Tuesday the British troops captured an important position around Tower Hamlets and strong field works, according to the official report from Field Marshal Haig tonight. Powerful resistance was offered by the Germans throughout the day, and they delivered many strong attacks. "But," says the British commander, "our operations were entirely successful."

British Headquarters in France and Belgium, Sept. 28.—Along the northern half of the battle line to the east of Ypres, where Field Marshal Haig resumed the offensive, the British have advanced at numerous places for a distance from 1,000 to 1,200 yards. An early report, which was somewhat anti-aircraft guns. Only one, or, at the backing Germany up, but he paid no vague, indicated that the British inmost, two machines penetrated the de- attention to England, because he was fantry was fighting along a line only fenses. The casualties in all the raid- sure her heart was not in it. In a a few hundred yards west of Zonne-

The Germans are resisting desperately, and along a front of some thousand yards astride the Ypres-Menin road a terrific struggle is proceeding.

The line of the present battle is between points to the east of St. Julien and southwest of Gheluvelt. The Germans already have been pushed out of many important positions.

MAY SOLVE SHEEP PROBLEM

People of Upper Michigan and Wis consin Interested in the "More Wool" Movement.

Marquette, Mich., Sept. 29 .- The "More Sheep, More Wool" movement begun in Chicago during the Great Lakes Wool convention September 11 and 12 will produce definite results at Menominee, Mich., October 10, when Frank Hagenbarth, president of the National Wool Growers' association. Salt Lake City, Utah, will confer with Upper Michigan and Wisconsin people who are vitally interested in the sheep

Mr. Hagenbarth, during the Great Lakes Wood convention in Chicago on September 11 and 12, said that the grazing question in the western states was in a serious situation and that the sheepmen would either have to go out of business or seek new fields. The law permitting persons to homestead on 640 acres has brought about the acute situation.

The sheep-grazing business has been given a thorough test in the cutover lands of Wisconsin and the Upper Peninsula of Michigan, and has been found very profitable. It has been difficult, however, to get the larger grazing people of the West interested in the middle Western districts. Local people argue that the food products for sheep are richer and more profuse here than in the West, that freight rates are much smaller owing to the shorter hauls to Chicago markets, that less feeding will be necessary in transit and that there will be much less loss of weight because of the shorter haul.

Pan-German Newspaper Suppressed. Copenhagen, Oct. 1 .- Under orders of the authorities the pan-German newspaper Deutsche Zeitung of Berlin has been suppressed and the socialist Volkswacht of Dantzig has been placed under censorship.

Police Chief Is Murdered. Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 1.-Police Commissioner Parsley was shot to death at the city hall. J. K. Yates, a former policeman, barricaded himself in the city hall, but was soon shot to death by officers.

THE NEW WAR TAX ASTHM

BOUT EQUALLY DIVIDED IN DIFFERENT CLASSES.

STANDING BY THE PRESIDENT

Farming Congress Alligns Itself on Side of Administration-Fistic Encounter in the

House.

Washington.-Final agreement on the \$2,700,000,000 war tax bill was reached Saturday by the senate and house conferees and the report presented to the house Monday. Levies of approximately \$1,000,000,000 on war excess profits and \$842,000,000 on incomes were left unchanged, but a new system of calculating excess profits was adopted. The conference report provides

that the graduate tax of from 20 to 60 per cent on excess profits of corporations, partnerships and individuals shall be levied on a basis of invested capital compared with invested capital of the three pre-war years of 1911, 1912 and 1913. This is a substitute for the senate taxes of from 12 to 60 per cent based upon a similar comparison of pre-war and present profits.

The income tax section virtually was unchanged, except for re-arrangement of surtaxes on incomes between \$15,000 and \$40,000. The graduated surtaxes of from 1 to 50 per cent on incomes from \$50,000 to those of a million dollars and over were approved.

Fistic Encounter in the House

Washington.-Hot debate, culminating in a physical encounter between Representatives Heffin of Alabama and Norton of North Dakota was precipitated in the house by a report from the rules committee that it had decided not to act on any of the various resolutions for an inquiry into whether members of congress have been influenced by German money. At adjournment the two belligerents were clamoring for an opportunity to address the house, and other members who want an inquiry were striving to have one ordered in spite of the committee's report. Discussion will be resumed at once, with demands from both sides of the house for investigation of Mr. Heflin's charges that several members have not acted loyally.

STANDING BY THE PRESIDENT Farming Congress Aligns Itself

Squarely On His Side Peoria, Ill.-George A. Smith of Salt Lake City, Utah, retiring president of the international irrigation congress was elected president of the international dry farming congress at the closing business session of the farm congress here. Other officers elected were: First vice president, Frank G. Odell, Omaha, Neb.; second

peg, Man.; third vice president, H. M. Rayner of Topeka, Kas. The farm congress adopted resolutions declaring "we deem it our first duty and privilege to align ourselves squarely with the president, his administration, the army and navy; we pledge the richness of our fields, the wealth of our flocks, and, as need

vice president, T. J. Harrison, Winni-

comes, the support of our firesides." The resolutions also favor crop rotation, continuance of extension work among the farmers and housewives, ask stringent rules to prevent abuse of sale privileges of Indian land, express thanks to the department of labor for aid in securing farm hands. urge better marketing facilities, advocates further establishment of consolidated schools, urge further conservation of foodstuffs and say "establishing a minimum price at this time for wheat is proper and correct. We approve the action, expecting an early price adjustment of other commodities to correspond."

Former Chief Justice Reese Dead

Lincoln, Neb.-Manoah B. Reese, former chief justice of the supreme court of Nebraska and dean of the law college of the University of Nebraska, is dead at his home here. He had been ailing for some time but his condition had not been considered dangerous so that his death came as a shock to his friends. Judge Reese was prominent in republican politics in early days.

Peking.—The city of Tien Tsin is threatened with destruction by bood. The Chinese city and portions of all the foreign concessions are under water which is rapidly rising and which covers the great plain to the southeast of Peking. It is estimated that 1,000,000 Chinese are homeless.

New York.-A round-up of Germans in New York who have violated the terms of permits granted them to enter zones barred to enemy aliens or who have gone into these districts without permits, has begun.

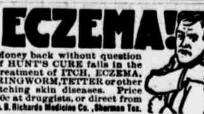
Enlistd Men to Be Returned

Washington.-Provost Marshall General Crowder in a statement said a number of instances had been reported where men subject to call for the national army had enlisted in the regular army, the national guard or other branches of the military service after their names had been posted calling them for examination. In all such instances the men are discharged and ordered to report to the national army examining board at their own ex-

and has permanently cured thousands who has considered incurable, after having tried ever means of relief in vain. Sufferers are afford opportunity of availing themselves of this "hack" guarantee offer as through purchasing their own regular braggist, they are sure money will be refunded by him if the remedy You will be the sole judge as to whether you benefied and will get your money back if you not. We do not know of any fairer propose which we could make.

R. Schiffmann Co., Proprietors, St. Paul, Minn







The man who doesn't know enough to go in out of the rain gets many free shower baths.

Dyspeptic Dangers.

"Is this war bread, my dear?" "No; why do you ask?" "It looks to me as if a man had only a fighting chance with it."

SKIN-TORTURED BABIES

Sleep, Mothers Rest After Treatment With Cuticura-Trial Free.

Send today for free samples of Cutirura Soap and Ointment and learn how quickly they relieve itching, burning skin troubles, and point to speedy healment of baby rashes, eczema and itchings. Having cleared baby's skin keep it clear by using Cuticura exclusively.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L. Boston. Sold everywhere.-Adv.

CHIGIS BACK TO OLD HOME Roman Family to Occupy Historic Villa Farnesina-Descendants of

Original Owners. After 337 years the historic Villa Farnesina, on the banks of the Tiber a half-mile distant from St. Peter's church, will again be occupied by descendants of its original owners and builders, the Princes of Chigi, says a

Rome correspondent. The head of the house, Prince Ludovic Chigi, who last year was appointed marshal of the Holy church and the guard of the Conclave and, therefore, rules the Vatican during the interim between the death of a pope and the election of a new one, recently disposed of the Chigi palace to the Italian government. It is stated that by this sale he was put in a position to buy back the Villa Farnesina, erected in 1509-11 by the Papal banker, Agostino Chigi, and notable because of its

frescoes by Raphael. The palace will be restored and refurnished as it was when first occupied by the Chigi family, an auction sale having been held recently to rid the palace of the furniture left there by the king of Naples.

The return of the Chigis is considered remarkable since it is proverbial in Rome that when once a family leaves its home it leaves forever.

Philadelphia may open municipal food markets.

