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VOLUME XXXVIII.

RED CLOUD, NEBRASKA.

JUNE 23, 1910.

NUMBER 25

ALL KINDS OF MONEY
will be yours if you will make up your mind to save a little each week and
PUT IT IN THE BANK

It is the only way to get ahead in this world, because it enables you to start in business for yourself when the proper time comes, and also insures a comfortable and peaceful old age. Don't put this off until to-morrow, do it now



Webster County Bank,
RED CLOUD, NEB.

CAPITAL \$25,000

B. F. Mizer, President,

S. R. Florance, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

B. F. Mizer, C. J. Pope, Wm. M. Crabill, Wm. H. Thomas,
S. R. Florance.

LESTER

Mr. and Mrs. Jake Fry visited her parents Tuesday.

If any one knows when dog days are please tell Chart Emick.

Mr. Tom Swartz and sister, Ola visited I. Frisbie's Sunday.

Miss Clara Rasser is visiting relatives and friends at Guide Rock.

Mrs. Charlie Fry and children are visiting at her parents this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Blair and daughter visited at Hulsebush's Sunday.

Miss Cora Weesner spent Sunday evening with Jim Doyle and family.

Two of the little Cray girls of Guide Rock visited Mae Frisbie this week.

Hank Rasser is as busy as a bee. He is back at his same old job again.

Mr. and Mrs. John Holcomb and daughter, Mary spent Sunday at John Saladen's.

Miss Lacy Decker has returned home from Hulsebush. She will soon leave for Colorado.

A party was given at C. H. Harris' Friday night in their new barn. All had a fine time.

We are having fine weather for the corn but wouldn't mind having some rain now and then.

Amos Dillin is learning how to run the new auto. Just wait girls he will take you all out soon.

Miss Winnie Ohmstede of Guide Rock visited at the home of Andrew King over Saturday and Sunday.

Fred Moyle, Amanda Ohmstede, Joe Britten and Edson Miner of Guide Rock and Amos Dillea, Hazel Saladen and May Frisbie of Lester visited at the home of Miss Dollie Rasser Sunday.

SUNNY SIDE.

Wm. Robertson is having his house painted this week.

John Winters of Lincoln was out to his farm last week.

Miss Hazel Rust was taking the school census this week.

Dan Lindsey was haying out this week on the Warnock farm.

Oscar Emick is reported married and gone to Denver for a couple of weeks.

J McArthur is out to his farm with their teams cultivating corn this week.

Jake Ellinger has a new top on his auto. Its pleasanter in the shade he says these days.

Oh hot weather long have we waited for thee our corn needs thee, but we feel thy presence also, but—well its all right anyhow.

Don't forget the School Meeting the last Monday in June the 27th. If you are not there don't kick because it is not to your liking, do your duty or keep mum.

GARFIELD

Ge'e ain't it hot.

Mr. Reed and family called on Manley Bros. Sunday.

Will Fisher and children took dinner at George Harris' Sunday.

Miss Ella White is working at Mrs. N. P. Campbell's this week.

Good corn weather and a fine time to kill weeds and get up a good sweat.

Miss Mary Beaty from Colorado is visiting her sister, Mrs. Louis Manley.

Guy Barnes and Will Fisher are giving their corn the second degree in disking this week.

Manley Bros got in a nice bunch of steers on Saturday. There was eighty nine head in the bunch.

Miss Grace White returned home Saturday from Mr. Reed's where she was doing the cooking act last week.

George Jennings and family were on wind mill row Sunday calling on his brother-in-law, Guy Barnes and family.

Dave Kaley was on wind mill row last Saturday and we thought he was sick but he says "no boys I have been at work in the hay field."

Louis Manley is like most boys. The older ones half to see that their clothes are all right when they go to town but he went when his wife was away and he wore his old straw hat and he wanted to go to the show and he had to borrow his father's hat before they would let him in. Try and do better next time Louis.

An old pioneer of Garfield past a way last Friday. Mrs. George Houchin came to Nebraska from Kentucky with her husband and family and located in Webster County, Garfield precinct in the early days. She went thru with a lot of hardships and drouths that goes with frontier life. To this union were born six girls and two boys and they all live in this neighborhood except two. The funeral was held at the Ash Creek M. E. church and she was laid to rest in the Wagoner cemetery. Rev. Hummel conducted the funeral service. She leaves eight children, a number of grand children and a host of friends and neighbors to mourn.

Toy balloons look innocent enough, but they are dangerous, not to the one who sends them up, perhaps, but the torch of shavings and resin which generates the gas that inflates them, blazes from nine to twenty minutes. The paper balloons very often take fire in mid-air and the lighted torch may fall and ignite a shingle roof or pile of rubbish. Last summer Louisville, Ky., and Jeffersonville, Ind., had several fires from this origin, the balloons having been sent up from Louisville.

The small torpedo contains a wafer of chlorate of potash, and gravel, while the largest variety contains chlorate, phosphorus, and chloride of antimoney. One manufacturer is using fulminate of mercury, which makes the explosive power almost as great as dynamite. These noise makers have been responsible for many deaths and accidents, and have also turned valuable properties into bon-fires, caused by being exploded on open cellar gratings, the paper wrappings falling in a burning condition on rubbish and packing material in the basement.

A new kind of fire works, known as a "son-of-a-gun" has recently made its appearance, and it would seem as though it tried to live up to its name on all occasions. It is made of pieces of chlorate of potash, tied together with a fuse, and makes about twenty explosions when stepped upon. It is particularly apt to ignite the dress of any lady who may happen to tread upon the abominable thing. As it is usually exploded on the side walk, there is great liability of pieces falling into air ways or through cellar windows, and setting fire to the rubbish usually found in such places.

The prettiest fire works are the least dangerous. Mines, fountains, flower-pots, and sparklers are very beautiful, and few people's buildings are burned by them. Beware of the whistling fire works, as these contain pirate of potash and will explode by slight friction.

A wisely drafted and well enforced city ordinance, backed by an unmistakable public sentiment, will prevent much of the rowdism, masquerading as patriotism which in other years has meant death, injury and property loss. The wisdom of prohibiting the sale of high explosives and noise making contrivances has been demonstrated to many people who had come to regard the Fourth of July as a painful period of heathenish uproar and who are grateful for the relief they found in a "debrutalized" celebration.

With the barbarities eliminated from the celebration there is an opportunity to build up a sentiment for a proper observance of the greatest patriotic day of the year. An observance which will be sane, safe and fitting, in keeping with the real and high significance of July Fourth.

BRETHREN CHURCH.
Corner of 5th Avenue and Chestnut Street.
10 a. m. Sabbath School
11 a. m. Preaching
7:15 p. m. Christian Worker's Band
8:30 p. m. Preaching
All are invited to attend.
J. E. JARBOE, Minister.

When we take into consideration the number of lives lost and the injuries resulting from the barbarous and murderous features of the Fourth, it is no wonder that there is a hue and cry that it is time to make a change. A careful record of the killed and injured for the past ten years will open almost any one's eyes. They include only the accidents reported up to the same hour of the morning of the second day after the fourth. From 1900 to 1909 the total dead is 537; from 1900 to 1909 the total injured is 30,549.

When we take note of the tremendous enthusiasm this National holiday seems to arouse, it seems odd, that people do not know more about fire-works and such things. It is safe to say that outside of the mere name fire crackers, rockets, Roman candles, pin wheels, etc., the average persons idea of what they are handling is as crude as a grammar-school boy's conception algebra. Twenty five thousand persons in round numbers, are engaged the year around in preparing the material that is burned each year. We do not manufacture our fire crackers. Through all her wars and troubles China has maintained her monopoly on this industry. When you light a bunch of crackers bear in mind that they have traveled many thousands of miles. We make nearly every thing else but not this line of goods.

The chemical ingredients of fire works are almost unknown to all but the makers. Chlorate of potash, one of the highest explosives known, to science, has taken the place of gun powder and as this substance will explode through light friction, it is more dangerous than dynamite. The largest cannon crackers contain two-thirds ounce of chlorate, one third ounce of sulphur, and a small amount of charcoal. Last Fourth of July one of these "murderers" exploded while under a man's arm, killing him almost instantly and driving his watch from his vest pocket into a telegraph pole to the depth of one inch.

Did you ever stop to consider what a blessing will be bestowed on humanity when the present movement for a safe and sane Fourth of July crystallizes public sentiment into abolishing the present custom of noise and flame, with its sacrifice of human life and its useless loss of property by fire.

There is much to be done to eliminate the belief that only by some barbarous display of fire and smoke, to say nothing of the nerve racking noise of the past years, can we show our patriotism. The experience of the cities that have used reason in the matter of using red fire and powder has proved so plainly that there is little likelihood of their ever going back to the old way of allowing every small boy to menace the lives and property of others, just to demonstrate that he is true American.

Looking at the matter from the standpoint of the fire underwriters, it seems the height of folly to pass laws and ordinances regulating the storage of every kind of combustibles and prescribing the amount of powder or gasoline a dealer may keep, yet permit any one to shoot firecrackers, cannon, Roman Candles, etc., at will.

Last year the fire loss so far as the records on the subject show, chargeable to Fourth of July celebrations amounted to \$1,149,935.00. We mean that is the amount reported up to the second morning after the Fourth. It is safe to say that at least a half million more was not reported.

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All First Class Work Guaranteed.

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An Old Reliable Delaval Cream Sperator, 500 lbs. Capacity for \$57.50

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