THE HERALD.

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PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF CASS COUNTY.

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NEBRASKA HERALD.

JNO. A. MACMURPHY, Editor. "PERSEVERANCE CONQUERS." TERMS: $2.00 a Year.

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THE HERALD.

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SPACE	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 yr.
1 sqr...	$1 00	$1 50	$2 00	$2 50	$5 00	$8 00	$12 00
2 sqrs..	1 50	2 00	2 75	3 25	6 50	10 00	16 00
3 sqrs..	2 00	2 75	4 00	4 75	8 50	13 00	20 00
¼ col...	5 00	8 00	10 00	12 00	20 00	28 00	35 00
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National Bank
OF PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA,
SUCCESSOR TO
TOOTLE, HANNA & CLARK.

JOHN FITZGERALD.....President.
E. G. DOVEY.....Vice President.
A. W. MCLAUGHLIN.....Cashier.
JOHN O'ROURKE.....Assistant Cashier.

This Bank is now open for business at their new room, corner Main and Sixth streets, and is prepared to transact a general

BANKING BUSINESS.

Stocks, Bonds, Gold, Government and Local Securities
BOUGHT AND SOLD.

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On 6th St. next door to Dr. Jno. Black's Office.
HE IS A
Professional Workman,
has given good satisfaction, so far and
PROPOSES TO STAY!
If the people give him the requisite encouragement.

GOOD FITS,
WARRANTED,
AND ALL ORDERS ATTENDED TO PROMPTLY. 14ly

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THE OLD STAND OF
WM. STADELMANN,
Nearly opp. Saunders House, Main St.

At the old stand I still hold forth, and for the Centennial year I offer goods at 76 prices—1776, I mean. If you do not believe it, come and see.

A Large Stock of Clothing,
'MEN'S AND BOYS'
HATS, CAPS, GLOVES,
CANES, TRUNKS, VALISES,
etc., etc., etc., etc.
All Goods at a Great Reduction in Prices.

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NEW IMPROVED LOCK-STITCH
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SEWING MACHINE,
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CHARLES VIALL,
With all the Extras and Attachments, such as Needles, Oil, Trackers, Binders, Etc.

Those who contemplate buying a machine will do well to give the Grover & Baker a trial, satisfaction guaranteed, and the cheapest machine in the market. All orders by mail promptly attended to. Address, CHAS. VIALL,
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The buying and selling of good horses made the specialty of the business. A new
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with gentle horses, for Ladies to drive is kept at the Stable.
FARMERS CALL AND EXAMINE MY STOCK FOR SALE.
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OYSTERS!
Better you call on dot
Ben Hempel.
HE'S THE MAN,
KEEPS AN EATING HOUSE.
ON LOWER MAIN STREET,
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Meals at all Hours.
Ales, Wines and good Liquors to be used reasonably, for your benefit if you desire.
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DICK STREIGHT'S
LIVERY,
Feed and Sale Stables.
Corner 6th and Pearl Sts.
HORSES BOARDED BY THE
DAY, WEEK, OR MONTH.
HORSES BOUGHT,
SOLD OR TRADED,
For a Fair Commission.
TEAMS AT ALL HOURS.
Particular attention paid to
Driving and Training
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GROCERY STORE
NUTS, CANDIES, TEAS, COFFEES,
SUGARS, TOBACCOES, FLOUR, &c.
Remember the place, opposite E. G. Dovey's on Lower Main Street.
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J. V. Weckbach,
GENERAL DEALER IN
Groceries,
DRY GOODS,
Boots and Shoes,
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QUEENSWARE!
AND ALL KINDS OF
GOODS
NEEDED BY THE
FARMER
—OR—
Householder.
Corner 3d and Main Sts.,
PLATTSMOUTH.....NEBRASKA
(Guthman's old stand.)

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TREASURER—Wm. Winterstein.
CLERK—W. F. Bennett.
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COUNCILMEN, 2d WARD—P. L. Wise, J. V. Weckbach.
COUNCILMEN, 3d Ward—Wm. L. Wells, B. Donnelly.
COUNCILMEN, 4th WARD—F. B. Guthman, J. Heffner.

B. & M. R. R. Time Table.

Corrected Sunday, January 30th, 1876.

OR OMAHA FROM PLATTSMOUTH.

Leaves 5:45 a. m. Arrives 8:50 a. m.
" 2:50 p. m. " 5:45 p. m.

FROM OMAHA FOR PLATTSMOUTH.

Leaves 9:20 a. m. Arrives 10:24 a. m.
" 4:20 p. m. " 6:06 p. m.
" 6:00 p. m. " 7:45 p. m.

FOR THE WEST.

Leaves Plattsmouth 9:40 a. m. Arrives Lincoln, 12:45 p. m.; Arrives Kearney, 8:00 p. m.

ST. LOUIS EXPRESS—Leaves Plattsmouth, 4:25 p. m. Arrives, Lincoln, 6:40 p. m.

Freight leaves 7:40 a. m. Ar. Lincoln 12:25 p. m.
" 11:50 p. m. " 3:50 a. m.

FROM THE WEST.

Leaves Kearney, 6:40 a. m. Leaves Lincoln, 12:45 p. m. Arrives Plattsmouth, 3:15 p. m.

ST. LOUIS EXPRESS—Leaves Lincoln, 7:20 a. m. Arrives Plattsmouth, 10:20 a. m.

Freight leaves Lincoln 11:25 a. m. Arrives Plattsmouth, 4:12 p. m.

Leaves Lincoln 7:40 p. m. Arrives Plattsmouth, 11:10 p. m.

GOING EAST.

Express, 6:00 a. m.
Passenger, (train each day) 3:50 p. m.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF PLATTSMOUTH MAILS.

EASTERN, NORTHERN & SOUTHERN

Arrive at - 9:30 a. m. | Depart at - 5:30 a. m.
" - 4:00 p. m.

OMAHA VIA R. & M.

Arrive at 10:30 a. m. | Depart at - 2:15 p. m.

WESTERN VIA B. & M.

Arrive at - 5:15 p. m. | Depart at - 9:00 a. m.

WEEPING WATER.

Arrive at 12:00 m. | Depart at - 2:00 p. m.

ROCK BLUFFS & UNION MILLS.

Arrive at 12:00 m. | Depart at - 1:00 p. m.

J. W. MARSHALL, P. M.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

R. B. WINDHAM.
ATTORNEY and Counselor at Law. Real estate bought and sold. Taxes paid; and special attention given to collections. Office over Dr. Chapman's Drug Store, Plattsmouth. 3y1

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Collections and paying of taxes carefully attended to.

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40-y1 JOHN W. HAINES.

DR. J. M. WATERMAN,
Physio--Medical Practitioner.
Louisville, Cass Co., Neb.
Always at the office on Saturdays. 40y1

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PLATTSMOUTH, - - - NEB.
H. J. STREIGHT, PROP.
TERMS—$2.00 per day. Only First-Class Hotel in town. Good Sample Room always ready for Traveling Men. [3811

'GRAND CENTRAL' HOTEL,
Largest and finest Hotel between Chicago and San Francisco.
GEO. THRALL, - - - Prop.
OMAHA, NEB.

PLATTSMOUTH MILLS.
PLATTSMOUTH, NEB.
C. HEISEL, - Proprietor.
Flour, Corn Meal, & Feed
Always on hand and for sale at lowest cash prices. The highest prices paid for Wheat and Corn. Particular attention given custom work.

Wm. Neville,
PROPRIETOR OF
PALAC BILLIARD HALL.
(Main St., under First Nat. Bank.)
PLATTSMOUTH, - - - NEB
MY BAR IS SUPPLIED WITH THE
BEST WINES, LIQUORS,
CIGARS
BEER, ETC., ETC. 49y1

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For President,
RUTHERFORD B. HAYES,
of Ohio.

For Vice President,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER,
of New York.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.

When in the economy of Providence, his land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people, by the people, for the people, was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind, and looking to the future with unfaltering courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, in national convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined workings of the National and State Governments, under their respective constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad, and the common welfare promoted.

2. The Republican party has preserved those governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the constituents of the great truths spoken at its cradle: That all men were created equal; that they were endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed. Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed or, if needed, to be, vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the enjoyment of all their rights, are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is vested by those amendments in the Congress of the United States and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the legislative and executive departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous exercise all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and public rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its duty to discharge all past obligations to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make good, at the earliest practicable period for the redemption of United States notes in coin.—Commercial prosperity, public morals and national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payments.

5. Under the constitution, the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and to consent to appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected; that Senators and Representatives who may be judges and accusers should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the fitness, fidelity and capacity of the appointee, giving to the party in power those places where harmony and vigor of administration requires Republicans to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trust shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public fund or property for the benefit of any school or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligations of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interests of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public land to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government so to modify existing treaties with European governments that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect emigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to fully investigate the effect of immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognizes with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women by the many important amendments effected by the Republican legislation to the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment and election of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States for their government, and in the exercise of this power it is the right and duty of Congress to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall procure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled.—The grateful people will always hold those who perilled their lives for their country's preservation in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feelings and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party, counts as its chief hope of success upon the electoral vote of the united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation, and we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its ascendancy in the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with transmitting and applauding in the national capital the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing ends of peace; shown by its partisan management and obstruction of investigations with proving itself through the period of its ascendancy in the lower house of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the government.—We warn the county against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The National Administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the confidence and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and his immense services in war and peace.

A Supplementary Call for Republican State Convention to Nominate State Officers, Etc.

The Republican electors of the State of Nebraska are hereby called to send delegates from the several counties to meet in State convention at Lincoln, on the 20th day of September, 1876, 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following named officers, viz:

Three presidential electors, and three alternates.
One Member of Congress.
One Member of Congress Contingent.
Governor.
Lieutenant-Governor.
Secretary of State.
Auditor.
Treasurer.
Superintendent of Public Instruction.
Attorney General and
Land Commissioner.
And to transact such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The several counties are entitled to representation in the State Convention as follows, based upon the vote of C. A. Holmes for Regent at the election in October, 1875, giving one delegate to each 150 votes and one for the fraction of 75 votes also one delegate at large for each organized county:

Adams	7	Johnson	5
Antelope	3	Kearney	2
Boone	2	Keith	1
Buffalo	5	Knox	2
Burt	5	Lancaster	13
Butler	4	Lincoln	4
Cass	9	Madison	4
Cedar	2	Merrick	3
Cheyenne	2	Nemaha	6
Clay	6	Nuckolls	2
Colfax	4	Otoe	8
Cuming	4	Pawnee	5
Dakota	3	Phelps	1
Dawson	2	Pierce	1
Dixon	3	Platte	3
Dodge	7	Polk	5
Douglas	13	Red Willow	2
Filmore	5	Richardson	9
Franklin	3	Saline	7
Frontier	1	Sarpy	1
Furnas	3	Saunders	9
Gage	7	Seward	6
Greeley	1	Sherman	1
Hall	6	Stanton	2
Hamilton	7	Thayer	3
Harlan	2	Valley	2
Hitchcock	1	Washington	6
Howard	3	Wayne	1
Jefferson	6	Webster	3
		York	6

GEO. L. BROWN, Secretary.
JAMES W. DAWES, Chairman.

A CALL FOR TWEED.

William, dear William, come home to me now,
Your Sammy is feeling forlorn.
He misses your hand and he misses your voice,
Which he knows would be raised for reform.
The "barrel" is empty, the canvass ahead,
And still they are crying for more.
Oh! William, my love, if you only were here
To shove a check under my door!
Come home, come home!
Dear William, *my* William,
Come home!

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

London, Aug. 23.

A telegram to the Russia embassy says that despite the Turkish Official reports of all the dispatches to Russian affairs, the Servians repulsed the enemy before Alexinatz.

Vienna, Aug. 23.

Porte is ready. Thanks to the efforts of the friendly powers to essentially identify the conditions of peace negotiations, its demand is limited to war indemnity, and guarantees against breaches of peace by Servia.

Belgrade, August 23.

Gen. Tchernayeff, on Tuesday, sustained the repeated attacks of the united forces of Eyonb Pasha and Krim Pasha, who were endeavoring to take Alexinatz. The Turks to the number of 50,000 were repulsed in all directions. Battle was commenced early Wednesday morning, and up to the present moment the Servians maintain their position.

Constantinople, Aug. 23.

It is positively stated in official quarters that Turkey hitherto has made no proposals to any of the foreign representatives concerning the basis for peace negotiations.

Vienna, August 23.

Intelligence from Belgrade announces that the war party has finally obtained ascendency, and besides despatching Col. Montverde to Belgrade urging the continuance of the war, Gen. Tchernayeff has sent Prince Milan dispatches, undertaking to regain the lost positions, to drive the Turks completely out of Servia and to carry war into the Turkish territory. It also formally protested against Prince Milan's Pacific leanings. Servians ministers supporting Gen. Tchernayeff, Prince yielded, and ordered hostilities to continue.

Philadelphia, August 23.

Three boats with roughs went down the Delaware river last night and at daybreak a fight came off at Depont's wharf, at Wilmington, between Mike Gilles Pierce of Philadelphia, and Fiddler Leary of New York, for $500 and middle-weights championship. Gilles Pierce won the fight, whipping his opponent in half an hour.

A POINT WELL TAKEN.

The Hon. William A. Wheeler, in the course of his speech at Grand Rapids, Michigan, Wednesday evening, said: They (democrats) make all sorts of charges against us. The St. Louis convention says the republican party has given 200,000,000 acres of railroad lands to railroad corporations; that is, that there has been all that given altogether. Now, the first grant that was ever given to a railroad corporation was made under the lead of Stephen A. Douglas to the Illinois Central railroad. And about the last grant that was ever made was got through Congress by Thomas A. Hendricks, who was then a member of the committee on public lands in the Senate, having been, four years previous, the Comissioner of the General Land Office. And that was a small grant of 54,000,000 of acres to the Northern Pacific railroad. [Laughter and applause.] They are pretty fellows to talk about it. But there is no need of discussing it, for all parties are agreed that the time has come to stop all these land grants. The wilderness that would not otherwise have been developed is now developing with sufficient rapidity, and nobody that has the good of the country at heart and understands himself wants any more land grants at present.

LEGAL FEES.

About this time of the year we expect to see the usual frantic appeals to the "poor taxpayers" about the refusal of the County Commissioners, or the County Treasurer, to "let to the lowest bidder the printing of the delinquent tax list." But this is all bosh. The law requires that the owner of every piece of real estate, upon which the taxes are delinquent after a certain date, shall be assessed ten cents for a city lot and twenty cents for a quarter section or less of land, thus delinquent, in addition to the tax, in order to pay for advertising the same, and requires the treasurer to collect and pay over to the newspaper thus advertising, this amount.

The taxpayers who pay their taxes promptly, pay nothing for this advertising. If the newspaper agrees with the treasurer to take less than the fees the law prescribes, the treasurer does not give the difference to the parties who pay for the advertising, but puts it into his own pocket, or, if he, in order to curry favor, puts it into the county treasury, it is no less a steal from either the printer, or the delinquent taypayer. The delinquent is mulcted in interest and damages, already for the benefit of the county.

If the law makes the advertising fees too large, it ought to be amended, but it is just as proper, when there are several candidates for printing the delinquent lists to "let it to the lowest bidder," as it would be if there were several candidates for the office of justice of the peace in a precinct, to let that office to the lowest bidder, that is, to the one who would agree to pay a portion of his legal fees to the commissioners, as a bribe, or to the county treasury.

No honest county treasurer will demand that a newspaper shall divide with him the legal fees for advertising the delinquent tax list, but will, as it is his manifest duty to do, have it printed in the paper published in the county having the largest circulation, and pay every dollar for it that he collects for that purpose, as the law directs.

But the fact is that no reputable and permanent newspaper can as a matter of business, afford to do work for a county at prices much below the rates it charges individuals. The pay for this advertising, which is a transient matter, is legally put at from 2½ to 5 cents per line for each insertion. The composition costs double that of ordinary reading matter, and several hundred pounds of type, not needed for any ordinary emergency, must be kept for this especial purpose in a county of considerable population.

It is true that, in some instances, the wrangle over this small bone, between rival "snide" country papers gets so hot that they offer to publish the list for nothing, but this is not business, only a disgrace to the profession. A man who should get so raving mad after office as to agree to discharge its duties for nothing, to keep some rival out, would be set down as either an ass or a lunatic, and couldn't get a dozen votes in any respectable community. No respectable citizen ever descends to this mode of getting an office, and no respectable newspaper ever offers to do work for the public when the compensation is fixed by statute, for less than the legal fees. The law fixes the fees for the protection of the public, and the laborer for the public, just as it fixes fees for any other official services, and both parties are entitled alike to the protection of the statute. —*Lincoln Journal.*

BOB. INGERSOLL ON THE DEMOCRATS.

Col. R. G. Ingersoll has addressed the following to the Peoria *Transcript:*

As a great deal has been said concerning a few gentle remarks that I made before the county convention the other day, and a great deal more about remarks that I never made, that I think it right to tell what I did say:

First—I did say that the worst ward in New York, the ward in which there is the most ignorance, the most crime, the most vice and the most lice, would give the largest Democratic majority.

Second—I did say, speaking of Gen. Grant, that he had done more than any other man, probably, to save the nation; that I could not forget that at Donelson the eagle circled up the cliffs to victory for the first time, and when I heard a dirty, lousy democrat or rebel slander and curse him, that I felt outraged.

Third—I say that this was a time of general suspicion—that everybody suspected everybody. That if an officeholder had a decent suit of clothes, he was charged with stealing them, and that lazy loafers would sit on the corners, with faces that had not been washed for a year, and denounce every man with a clean shirt "as a thief."

Upon the subject of shirts, dirt, and vermin, I made no other observations.

What I did say is bad enough and true enough without any addition whatever; but bad as it is and true as it is, I am willing to, and do stand by every word.

I do say that the worst wards, the worst cities, the worst States, are the democratic wards, the democratic cities, and the democratic States. I do not say that the Hamburg murderers are supporters of Tilden and Hendricks. I do say that the haters of liberty—the assassins of colored men, women, and children—the masked wretches who ride to the hut of the freedman and shoot him down like a beast, disregarding the prayers and tears of wife and children, I do say that these men are not for Hayes and Wheeler.

I do say that the real friends of liberty are the only friends of labor, and that those who vote for Hayes and Wheeler are the best friends of liberty, labor and love.

I write this for one reason, and for one reason only. I am unwilling that any one should believe that I judge men by their condition or position, instead of by their heads and hearts.

R. G. INGERSOLL

THE LATE SPEAKER KERR.

Arrival of the Remains at Washington and Departure for New Albany.

Formal Announcement by President Grant.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The remains of the late Speaker Kerr arrived here this morning from Rockbridge Alum Springs, at 6:15, accompanied by Mrs. Kerr and her son. Representatives Milton Sayler, S. S. Cox and H. Casey Young, and Mr. Adams, Clerk of the House. The body is encased in a casket covered with black cloth. The moldings are of heavy plate, and there are six heavy-plated, massive handles on the sides. The cover is of plate-glass, and extends the whole length of the casket. An extra cover of black cloth and silver-plated mountings fits over the glass. The interior is lined with white silk and satin. Upon the arrival of the party in Washington, Sergeant-at-arms Thompson took charge of the remains of Mr. Kerr, and had them removed to a special car. A detail of six men of police were placed on guard. The outer cover of the casket was removed, and the body laid in state until 10:30 this forenoon.—During the morning a number of Mr. Kerr's friends and others visited the depot to view his remains. At 11:30 the casket was closed, and at 11:50 the funeral party, with his remains, left for New Albany, Ind., via. Harrisburg and Indianapolis. Representatives Sayler and Cox did not accompany the party.

LONG BRANCH, Aug. 22.—The following has just been received from the President:

It is with extreme pain that the President announces to the people of the United States the death of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Hon. Michael C. Kerr, of Indiana. A man of great intellectual endowments, large culture, great probity and earnestness in his devotion to the public interests, has passed from the position of power and usefulness to which he had been recently called. The body over which he had been selected to preside not being in session to render its tribute of affection and respect to the memory of the deceased, the President invites the people of the United States to a solemn recognition of the public and private worth and the services of a pure and eminent character. U. S. GRANT.

By the President: JOHN L. CADWALLADER, Acting Secretary of State.
Washington, Aug. 21, 1876.

[From the Inter-Ocean.]

Martin Van Buren, when Governor of New York appointed one Marcy to a high judicial position to save him (Marcy) from exposure as corrupt.—Reference to a biography of Tilden shows that his father was one of Van Buren's "most cherished, intimate, and personal friends." A very significant incident of the relations between young Tilden and old Van Buren is related. Young Tilden heard a discussion in regard to a scheme for a coalition between the National Republicans and the anti-Masons. Little Samuel was profoundly impressed, and disappeared for two or three days [whether it was two or three days the chronicler does not state]. At all events, "in the seclusion of his own chamber," little Sammy produced a paper on the subject which he submitted to his father. The old gentleman was so much pleased that he took Sammy to see Mr. Van Buren. The old Democrat who appointed Marcy to a judgeship to save that bad man from exposure was so enamored of little Sammy's performance that he caused it to be published "with the signatures of a dozen or more leading Democrats." It appeared in the Albany *Argus* as an address, and the *Journal* attributed it to the pen of Van Buren himself.—Thus early did Tilden show himself the equal of Martin Van Buren, "in ways that are dark and tricks that are vain"—the equal of Van Buren, of whom his friend Jesse Hoyt said:

For my political education I am mainly indebted to you, and I have learned that politics is a matter of dollars and cents, and adherence to party the only hope of gain.

THE NEW YORK CONVENTION.

The nomination of Edwin D. Morgan for Governor by the Republican Convention at Saratoga, N. Y., yesterday is probably the most prudent choice that could have been made, inasmuch as it will undoubtedly unite all classes of Republicans in support of the State ticket. Mr. Morgan is well known to the political world, having served in many places of distinction. He was Vice President of the first Republican Convention, which met at Pittsburg in 1856, and was then made Chairman of the Republican National Committee, a place he filled continuously up to the meeting of the Cincinnati Convention. Was elected Governor of New York in 1858, and was re-elected in 1860. He was a Major General in the army, but served without pay, refusing to receive any compensation for the service he rendered the country. In 1863 he was elected United States Senator, filling the position with much credit. In 1864 President Lincoln offered him the Treasury portfolio, which he declined, and at the end of his term returned to private life, where, with the exception of his services as Chairman of National Committee, he has remained until now. Mr. Morgan inspires more of confidence than enthusiasm, but his known probity, high personal character, and excellent public record render him particularly strong in the coming fierce struggle in the Empire State.—The rest of the ticket is a good one, and the whole proceedings at Saratoga yesterday augur well for the victory of the ticket in New York next November.—*Inter-Ocean.*

The following epitaph is from a tombstone in Indiana:

Under This sOd our Bable Lies,
it nether cifies nOr Hoffes
IT LIVEd Just twenty 7 Days,
And cOs dc 246.