Commission's Report and house.

Dec. 5, says: The immediate unifica- gating committee, arranged a confertion of all the railroads of the United ence with President Wilson for next States for the duration of the war, Monday, to receive executive recomeither by the railroads themselves or mendations. by the President, the suspension of cisive and immediate action by the the anti-trust laws and anti-pooling government is necessary to insure laws, and a government loan and efficient operation of the railroads government regulation of security and provide sufficient capital. issues, are recommended by the interstate commerce commission in an interstate commerce committee eximportant and unexpected special report made today to congress.

Commissioner McChord, in a supplementary report, declares that any advocated loaning money only to voluntary pooling plan would fail to meet war exigencies because of the unavoidable influence of selfishness among the railroads, and emphatically urges government control because "the strong arm of the government authority is essential if the transportation situation is to be radically improved." He asserted that railroad operation is approaching a chaotic condition.

The railroads' own proposition for 21.] the solution of the present war transportation difficulties of the nation, an increase in rates in order to attract capital, was characterized as entirely inadequate by the commission.

Even with more funds, the report said, the shortage of equipment could not be remedied materially because of the inability of industries to manufacture it with sufficient speed. Doubt also was expressed as to whether new capital would be attracted in view of the enormous flotation of government war securities.

Prompt action of some kind to improve the railroad situation for the

Senator Newlands, chairman of the A Washington dispatch, dated special congressional railroad investi-He declared that de-

> Chairman Adamson of the house pressed oppposition to the suggestion of repealing the anti-pooling provision of the Sherman act, and weak roads. Representative Sims. who will succeed Representative Adamson as chairman of the committee, advocated government operation. Representative Gillett, acting republican leader, said he favored almost any plan short of government control.

> DRYS INCREASE FIRE ON WETS [From The Chicago Journal, Nov.

> "Chicago is going dry; there is no doubt about it.'

> This was the war cry today by dry leaders as they girded on their armor and prepared for increasing the intensity of the oratorical bombardment started Tuesday evening by William Jennings Bryan and others.

"The nation is going dry! Will you help?" shouted Mr. Bryan at the climax of has speech Tuesday evening at Medinah temple.

"Yes! Yes! We will!" shouted back nearly 3,000 people.

"Alcohol is poison when taken into the body. It weakens the physical man; it weakens the mental man; it menaces the moral man," the speaker told his audience.

"If it is not a good thing for a man to use liquor," continued the Nebraskan, "how can it be good for a community to permit a saloon to sell that which does harm? Every community in which saloons flourish is a partner in the liquor business. No saloon can now exist without votes."

TALKS FOR A DRY CHICAGO From The Chicago Tribune, Nov.

William Jennings Bryan, at his best, gave the dry Chicago campaign an inspiring start last night. Three thousand men and women at Medinah temple and 1,500 at an overflow meeting at the La Salle avenue Baptist church were aroused to an intense pitch of enthusiasm as he opened the actual fight to wipe out Chicago's saloons at next April's elec-

Prefacing Mr. Bryan's speech at Medinah temple, Philip Yarrow, general superintendent of the Chicago Dry federation, made the first definite announcement of the preliminary campaign for signatures to the necessary petition. He predicted an overwhelming success in this detail.

"We need a total of 106,500 names," Mr. Yarrow said. than one-half of that number are now turned in and counted, and many districts in the city have made no reabout the petition. We want to complete it ready for filing by Dec. 1. Certainly it will be ready before the holidays."

Mr. Bryan spoke to men and women-who swept over to the north side meetings from every part of Chicago. The crowds were as notable for the diverse character of their membership as for the rolling tides of enthusiasm

prosecution of the war will undoubt- that were created by Mr. Bryan's ora- ident in 1916 and is the national Interstate Commerce edly be taken by congress. The report torical periods and by the smashing chairman of the new national party, met quick response in both senate speeches made by Dr. Ira Landrith of organized recently in Chicago. He Tennessee. Dr. Landrith was the pro- preceded Mr. Bryan at Medinah temhibition party candidate for vice pres- ple and followed him at the church.

The Rejected Risk

The man who has been rejected for life insurance learns something in the twinkling of an eye that no one could ever teach him. Heretofore he has thought of life insurance as something he could take at any time - just as he could take a journey or buy a new suit of clothes. He had been so often solicited to insure that it seemed as if he must be doing everybody a favor in making a tardy application.

What a shock and what a revelation, when the agent tells him the company can not accept him. He knows the company wants business. Why then is he declined? There must be some good reason. In most cases he simply waited too long. He can not blame the agent or the company. Whose fault will it be if you, now in good health, later are declined? Better buy a policy now in

THE MIDWEST LIFE

of LINCOLN, NEBRASKA N. Z. SNELL, President. Guaranteed Cost Life Insurance

Mr. Bryan's New Book---'Heart to Heart Appeals'

Mr. Bryan has made a careful collection of the Heart to Heart Appeals, scattered through the speeches delivered by him during a quarter of a century (1890-1916) in the belief that they will be of permanent interest to the reading public, especially to students.

They cover all the issues before the country during the eventful period covered by his connection with American and world politics.

The twenty-two chapters deal with topics ennumerated in the table of contents below:

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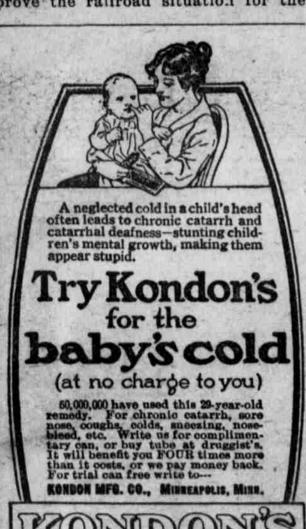
I.—Government XI.-Equal Suffrage II.—Tariff. XII.—The Liquor Question III.—Income Tax XIII.—Issues Past and IV .- Money Present V.—Imperialism XIV .- Chicago Convention VI.—Trusts XV .- St. Louis Convention VII.—Labor VIII.—Popular Election of XVI.-Baltimore Conv'tion XVII.—Pan America XVIII.—In Foreign Lands Senators IX.—Publicity Campaign XIX.—Peace XX.—Religion XXI.—Ideals Contributions X .- Initiative and Ref-XXII.-Miscellaneous

Mr. Bryan is sepecially anxious to get the book into the hands of University, College and High School students. Any student desiring to act as agent can obtain terms by addressing the publishers, Fleming H. Revell Co., 158 5th Ave., N. Y. Readers of The Commoner can secure the book at one dollar per volume by addressing The Commoner or the publishers.

erendum

It will be sent FREE to any subscriber sending in three subscriptions at one dollar each. Address

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Cured His RUPTU

Catarrhal Jelly

I was badly ruptured while lifting a trunk several years ago. Doctors said my only hope of cure was an operation, signed to petitions that have been Trusses did me no good. Finally I got hold of something that quickly and completely cured me. Years have passed and the rupture has never returned, al- port. There is not the slightest doubt though I am doing hard work as a carpenter. There was no operation, no lost time, no trouble. I have nothing to sell, but will give full information about how you may find a complete cure without operation, if you write to me, Eugene M. Pullen, Carpenter, 1003D Marcellus Avenue, Manasquan, N. J. Better cut out this notice and show it to any others who are ruptured-you may save a life or at least step the misery of rupture and the worry and danger of an operation.

