

Is Wilson Another Jackson?

Raleigh (N. C.) News and Observer: In his first formal address after his return from Bermuda, Governor Wilson gave timely warning to any money kings who have formed the habit of threatening the country with panics unless the people elected their candidates to office or if the government at Washington dared to legislate contrary to their desires. They have been in the habit of forcing the treasury department to deposit money to protect Wall street kiting and high finance under the threat of a financial cataclysm. They have demanded currency legislation that would give them the autocratic power to contract or expand the volume of money in circulation to suit their speculative affairs, and, failing to get the Aldrich act, drawn to deny government the inherent power to control national finances, they have prevented the passage of any measure by which the government could prevent money panics. When Roosevelt declared for effective railroad rate regulation they threatened the defeat of any measure desired by the administration until Roosevelt yielded to the Aldrich amendments, which cut the heart out of the necessary rate regulation and reduction. They have written every tariff act enacted in a quarter of a century except the William L. Wilson tariff as it passed the house in 1894, and they so emasculated it in the senate as to cause Cleveland to withhold his signature and to pronounce the law as passed "party perfidy and party dishonor."

There are not wanting indications that if they dared certain trust magnates would hold up currency, tariff and monopoly legislation in the interest of all the people by the threat of a panic and business stagnation. "You must be 'safe and sane'" is the admonition of monopoly organs giving advice to democrats, meaning by "safe and sane" that the promises should not be kept of scientific surgery that will disconnect the unlawful milk swillers from the government cow. No doubt rumor of threatened panics by the big interests that have controlled practical legislation and bull-dozed even the strenuous Roosevelt reached the president-elect at his quiet retreat at Bermuda, so that upon his return home he gave his "def" to the attempts to frighten his administration from its fixed purpose to destroy privilege and monopoly, and permit a return to the day of fair competition. There is nothing of the blusterer or bulldozer about Governor Wilson. He is the mildest mannered man who ever strangled corrupt agents of privilege. But, while he never engages in bluff or threats to carry out his policies looking to justice, unmoved by threats of those who, like Demetrius see their craft endangered by his righteous policies. Here was the wise and timely admonition uttered for the benefit of those who might be inclined to precipitate unnatural panics, the "machinery for which is in existence by which the things can be deliberately done."

"Frankly, I don't think there is any man living who dares use the machinery for that purpose. If he does I promise him, not for myself, but for my fellow-countrymen, a gibbet as high as Haman's."

The governor added that he meant no "literal gibbet," for "that is not painful," but he said it would be a gibbet of public disgrace which would live "as long as the members of that man's family survive."

"America with her eyes open is not going to let a panic happen," continued the governor, "but I speak as if I expected it—as if I feared it."

I do not. I am afraid of nothing." In the course of his address Mr. Wilson said such wise things as the following:

"It's all very well to make public who owns the journals of the country, but it also ought to be made public who owns this or that idea. If it can't be produced by law, it can be produced by conversation. I have gone through a campaign in which I endeavored to speak of things, not of persons, but you speak of persons by implication when you speak of things and the plainer you make the implication the more effective you make the mark. The only way to keep out of trouble in the future is to see that your name is connected with the right thing."

"I say this not as a threat, but to convey this intimation that men have got to stand up and be counted and put their names down. I think that so soon as they see that this is business, not amusement, an enthusiasm will arise by which it will be revealed that honor and integrity of purpose breed more prosperity than any other things in the world. God knows the poor suffer enough. A man would hesitate to take a single step that would involve any further suffering. We must move to the emancipation of the poor."

"The task ahead of me so far as it is making appointments to office is wholly hateful, but the task so far as it is leadership of the United States, is full of everything that is bright and touched with confidence, because I know that all you have to do is to appeal to the people of the United States on the right ground and put those who are wrong out of business. I am not a brave man—because I don't know anything to be afraid of. You can beat a man temporarily in politics, but if he is right it isn't necessary that he should live to wreak his vengeance."

"Some people say," he asserted, "that business is going to be disturbed by the changes which are going to be undertaken by the democratic party. I mean changes in economic policy. Business can not be disturbed unless the minds of those who conduct it are disturbed. A panic, according to the dictionary, is really a state of mind. There is just as much money in the country the day after a panic as the day before, but it is distributed differently as a result of the panic." Here the governor issued his warning against the deliberate starting of panics.

The New York Herald has a significant editorial commenting on the significant utterance of President-elect Wilson. It is as follows:

A New Jackson?

"If a single drop of blood be shed there in opposition to the laws of the United States I will hang the first man I lay my hands on engaged in such treasonable conduct upon the first tree I can reach!" said Andrew Jackson to South Carolina "nullifiers."

"Panic is merely a state of mind. They say machinery is in existence which can create a panic when certain gentlemen desire to predict trouble and then have it. I don't believe there is a man living who would dare use the machinery. If he does I'll hang him as high as Haman!" said Woodrow Wilson at the Southern society dinner.

"Because Mordecai 'bowed not, nor did him reverence,' Haman the Agagite, prime minister to King Ahasuerus, plotted the death of Mordecai and all his people, the Jews. He built a lofty gallows for Mordecai's special benefit. Esther revealed his plot, and the king ordered Haman hanged on the gallows he had made of Mordecai, and on the same day, the 13th of Adar, which had been set

by Haman for the slaughter of the Jews."

"Have we in President-elect Wilson a new Jackson?"

"His threat to hang 'as high as Haman' any man or men who may be discovered plotting to cause a panic has a familiar ring."

"Governor Wilson is wholly right in his statement that 'honor and integrity breed prosperity.' His dictum that 'panic is merely a state of mind' has found frequent, if not continuous verification."

"There may be no need of hanging anybody, but it is just as well to have the country know how squarely Governor Wilson stands for prosperity."

"Also—that he 'has his feet on the ground.'"

Andrew Jackson defied Nicholas Biddle who was ready to destroy the credit of the country unless Jackson would let the national bank be bigger than the federal government. If, when the New York bankers visited Roosevelt and demanded the privilege of violating the anti-trust law and destroying competition, on the price of letting the panic come to an end—if upon that morning Roosevelt had shown that he had the spirit of Andrew Jackson, he would have ordered these bankers under arrest as public enemies, because they conspired by threatening disaster which they admitted they could prevent. If Mr. Roosevelt had said: "By the eternal, you shall not be granted the right to violate the anti-trust law by gobbling up your only competition, and now that you admit you can stop the panic if I give you the right to violate the law, I defy you to carry out your conspiracy. If you do so, I will hang you on a gibbet as high as that upon which Haman was hanged. If Roosevelt had been an Andrew Jackson at that critical period, the panic would have ended and the steel trust would not have swallowed the Tennessee Steel and Iron company."

Why did Governor Wilson feel constrained, in his first speech after his vacation, to declare that he would act courageously and effectively if the machinery in existence should be employed to precipitate an unnecessary panic? Mr. Hornady, the able and experienced Washington correspondent of the Indianapolis News, thus discusses the "Answer to Panic Threat," as he calls it:

"The democratic leaders here explain President-elect Wilson's gibbet threat by saying that he was undoubtedly received intimation from reliable sources that if the democratic administration displeases the beneficiaries of the high tariff rates or makes too much trouble for the trusts that have their headquarters in Wall street, a panic will be manufactured. That threats of this kind have been made in a quiet way with the hope that they might have some influence on the incoming president and his advisers, is asserted to be a fact by influential democrats."

"Nothing that Mr. Wilson has said since he entered public life has pleased the general run of democrats more than his emphatic declaration that he will make trouble for any 'captain of finance' who enters into the business of panic making. Public men who have watched the career of Mr. Wilson as governor of New Jersey assert that he will undoubtedly do precisely what he says he will do in dealing with a panic situation if one should arise."

"In connection with this plain notice from the president-elect as to his course in case any effort shall be made to manufacture a panic after he enters the White House, it may be said that a good many of the old-time republicans have ever since the election been privately expressing the hope that financial difficulties would follow the entrance of a democrat

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Throw Away Your Eyeglasses

HOW TO SAVE THE EYES

IS THE TITLE OF A

Free Book

SIMPLE HOME TREATMENT DOES IT

At last the good news can be published. It is predicted that within a few years eyeglasses and spectacles will be so scarce that they will be regarded as curiosities.

Throughout the civilized world there has, for several years, been a recognized movement by educated medical men, particularly eye experts, toward treating sore, weak or strained eyes rationally. The old way was to fit a pair of glasses as soon as the eyes were found to be strained. These glasses were nothing better than crutches. They never overcame the trouble, but merely gave a little relief while being worn, and they made the eyes gradually weaker. Every wearer of eyeglasses knows that he might as well expect to cure rheumatism by leaning upon a walking stick!

The great masses of sufferers from eye-strain and other curable optic disorders have been misled by those who were making fortunes out of eyeglasses and spectacles.



Save Your Eyes—Get Rid of Glasses

Dr. John L. Corish, an able New York physician of long experience, has come forward with the edict that eyeglasses must go. Intelligent people everywhere are indorsing him. The Doctor says the ancients never disfigured their facial beauty with goggles. They employed certain methods which have recently been brought to the light of modern science. Dr. Corish has written a marvelous book entitled "How to Save the Eyes," which tells how they may be benefited, in many cases instantly. There is an easy home treatment which is just as simple as it is effective, and it is fully explained in this wonderful book, which will be sent free to any one. A postal card will bring it to your very door. This book tells you why eyeglasses are needless and how they may be put aside forever. When you have taken advantage of the information obtained in this book you may be able to throw your glasses away and should possess healthy, beautiful, soulfully expressive, magnetic eyes that indicate the true character and win confidence.

BAD EYES BRING BAD HEALTH

Dr. Corish goes further. He asserts that eye-strain is the main cause of headaches, nervousness, irritability, neurasthenia, brain fog, sleeplessness, stomach disorders, despondency and many other disorders. Leading oculists of the world confirm this and say that a vast amount of physical and mental misery is due to the influence of eye-strain upon the nerves and brain cells. When eye-strain is overcome these ailments usually disappear as if by magic.

FREE TO YOU

The Okla method, which is fully explained in Dr. Corish's marvelous book, is the method which is directed at making your eyes normal and saving them from the disfigurement of these needless, unpleasant glass windows. If you wear glasses or feel that you should be wearing them, or if you are troubled with headache in the forehead or nervousness when your eyes are tired, write today to Okola Laboratory, Dept. 365D, Rochester, N. Y., and ask them to send you, postage prepaid, free of all charge, the book entitled "How to Save the Eyes," and you will never regret the step taken.