## Plush PillowTop

 GIVENAWAY







 450.


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ASSETS OF $\$ 1,327,179.94$ is the Statement of
THE OLD LINE BAKKERS LIFE of Lincoln.



## The Cost of Living

The iemocratic congressional committee has issued the following bulletin relating to the cost of living:
Bradstreet's index numbers of prices for October show the highest point reached since 1896 and indicate that the cost of living has advanced nearly 50 per cent since July 1, 1896. The advance since October, 1905, has been 3.8 per cent, so that prices are still rapidly advancing. As the index numbers are based on every necessity except rent and approximately agree
with those issued by the R. G. Dun with those issued by the $R$. G. Dun Co., they are much more reliable than
the figures issued by the bureau of labor for partisan purposes.

The following thirteen groups of commodities with the index numbers at different dates will be of great interest to all, but especially to those with incomes that do not fluctuate with prices and are therefore 50 per cent worse off than in 1896.
The political significance of these inex figures is that this enormous rise in prices of nearly 50 per cent has entirely occurred sinco the passage of the present tariff law, with its trust fostering and monopoly producing consequences. And yet the republican leaders say stand pat and let the trusts and monopolists continue to plunder you:

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } 1896 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } 1, \\ 1906 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct, } 1, \\ & 1905 . \end{aligned}$ | Sept. 1, 1906. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } 1, \\ & 1906 . \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breadstufts | . $\$ 0.0524$ | \$0.0808 | \$0.0783 | \$0.0733 | \$0.0756 |
| Live stock | . 1855 | . 3035 | . 8983 | . 3285 | . 3180 |
| Provisions | 1.3619 | 1.8652 | 1.7927 | 1.9297 | 1.9573 |
| Fruits | . 1210 | . 1392 | . 1892 | . 1994 | . 2507 |
| Hides and | . 8250 | 1.2150 | 1.1400 | 1.1900 | 1.1900 |
| Textiles | 1.5799 | 2.5408 | 2.5550 | 2.4995 | 2.4942 |
| Metals | . 3757 | . 7010 | . 6300 | . 7534 | . 7728 |
| Coal and co | . 0048 | . 0072 | . 0064 | . 0069 | . 0073 |
| Oils | . 8082 | . 2968 | . 2989 | . 2895 | . 2935 |
| Naval stores | . 0402 | . 1039 | . 1070 | . 0994 | . 1022 |
| Building materials | . 0726 | . 0803 | . 0874 | . 0894 | . 0902 |
| Chemicals and drus | . 6607 | . 6987 | .7017 | . 7083 | . 7083 |
| Miscellaneous | . 2150 | . 8945 | . 3467 | . 2015 | . 2877 |
| Total | . $\$ 5.7019$ | \$8.3289 | \$8.2898 | \$8.4428 | \$8.5480 |

## TARIFF BURDENS

Henry A. Blackwell, a distinguished republican of Massachusetts, recently registered an eloquent protest against republican tarif. Mr. Blackwell said: "Our coal tax is felt in every household; our lumber tax means higher rents and poorer accommodations. It is harder to live than ever before, although our imports and exports are greater, and we are told that the country is prosperous and that we should let well enough alone. But this pros perity is more apparent than real, be perity is more apparent than industries are not fairly distributed. A few thousand stockholders in over-protect ed corporations get the lion's share. Let me ask you, gentlemen, who are present, a simple question. How many of you are richer than you were last
year? How many of you have been year? How many of you have been
able to lay by anything for your old able to lay by anything for your old age? How many of you see before
you any prospect of fmproved condition? Not pect fifty. Why? Because we are all subject to great mo nopolies, which by trade agreements

Marconi Says:
 Columbia Calking


Columbla Phonograph Co. se Wabash ave., chicago.
have eliminated domestic competi tion, and by a 45 per cent tariff these monopolies are enabled to charge con sumers an advance of 50 per cent upon
"Our coal duty adds a dollar a to to our fuel bill; our lumber tax raises our rents: our tarif on textile fabric increases the cost of our clothing; our tax on sugar doubles its cost of importation.

In order to keep up these excessive rates of duty, our government spends lavishly, so that its outlay now amount to $\$ 1,000,000,000$ annually. The Drapers and Whitman have patents and protection on their products approximating and exceeding 100 per cent. The fron and steel trust gets a profit of from 100 to 150 per get Steel rails which to 150 per cent can be made without loss at $\$ 12$ a can be made without loss at $\$ 12$ a
ton were sold week before last to the Panama commission for $\$ 29.50 \mathrm{f}$. o. b. at Baltimore (equivalent to $\$ 49.50$ at at Baltimore (equivalent to $\$ 49.50$ at
the isthmus), while a recent sale was me isthmus), while a recent sale was made to a forelgn customer for $\$ 24$ a ton delivered at Tampico. No wonder the cost of living has advanced $421 / 2$ per cent! It will go higher. All depends on the tariff. Raise it 20 per cent and prices will go up 20 per cent Lower it 20 per cent and prices will fall 20 per cent. The exactions made by the trusts are all paid by the labor of the country. In the interests of the consumer we call for tariff revision. In the interests of manafacturer and operator and consumer alike, we need free importation of raw materials. Many of our raw materials come free already. Let us add to them coal, fron ore, lumber, hides and wood pulp. Let us reduce our tariff on Canadian products 20 per cent and thereby enable our netghbors to buy more of our manufactured goods" ${ }^{\prime \prime}$

## MR. BRYAN'S ITINERARY

Mr. Bryan put in October 25, 26 and 27 in Ohlo, speaking in forty-seven cities on the trip. October 25 he spoke at the following places: Montpelier, Wauson, Napoleon, Cecil, Paulding, Haviland, Ottawa, Findlay, Carey,
Upper Sandusky, Forest, Kenton, Mar ion, Galion, Mansfield and Wooster On October 26 he spoke at Millers burg, Orrville, Leetonia, Salem, All ance, Canton, Valley Junction, Calal Dover, New Com, Coshocton, Trinway, Zanesville, Malta and Marletta On

## BRIGHTASDAY

 BECK-IDEN ACETAMPNE $W^{\text {rug }}$

 eo Univeralty Piace

## THE COST OF A PIANO

should not be reckoned entirely upon what you pay to get it. A very important factor, as the and more important still is the length of service
and the degree of satisfaction it gives yon.
GABLER PIANOS
while netiner the highest nor the lowest prices, are unsurpassed by any instrument made in America or Europe in the service and satisfacGABLER TONE" is famous and the no-
less-famous "GABLER WORKMANSHIP", nont through generation sfter generation of use. A Gable
BECAUSE BEST. Investigute

ERNEST GABLER $\&$ BRO. ESTABLISHED 1854
500 Whitlock Ave., Bronx Borough, N. Y. Ofty


PATENTS that PROTECT


## Faint Spells

are very orten attributed to bilionsness, and the stomach is treated to cathartics.
That's wrong.
That's wrong.
Faint spells are often accompanied by billousaess, but you will also notice shortness of breath, asthmatic breathing, oppressed feeling
in chest, weak or hungry spells. which are ail in chest, weak or hungry spells, which are all
early symptoms of heart weakness. Don't make the mistake of treating the stom-
ach when the heart is the source of the troubla,

## Dr. Miles'

## New Heart Cure

will strengthen the nerves and muscles of the all other heart troubles, will disappear. Four years ago F was wery low with heart troubie, could hardiy was very low with heart fainting spell, and thought $I$ would day it had a afterI began using Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, and after taking three bottles I feel that I am
cured." - MRS. EFFLE CLOUGH, Ellsworth Falls, Maine. EIFFLE CLOUGH, Ellsworth
Fared The first bo gist will return your money.

