

The Journal.

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY:

PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA.

SUBSCRIPTION.

One year, in advance, \$1.00
Six months, in advance,50
Three months, in advance,25

ADVERTISING

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THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1895.

That dollar a bushel wheat does not seem to be as far away as it did some time ago and in the race silver seems to have got lost.

The Lincoln Daily Call, the newspaper formerly owned by H. M. Bushnell, has joined the silent majority liabilities, \$16,000; assets \$8,000.

WAGES are advancing, factories are starting up, bonds, stock and all securities are showing an equal tendency and business generally throughout the country is improving.

FREMONT is to have another evening paper—just one more than is necessary. It would be much better if the people gave more encouragement to the two dailies they now have. The Herald and Tribune are all that Fremont need.

The Fremont Herald says: The republican papers in Nebraska that are making the greatest roar over the counting out of Evans in Tennessee are the ones which maintain a chilly silence when Governor Boyd was deprived of his seat in this state.

With the farmers all at work, with good prospects for a bountiful harvest, with all nature in her bright garb of spring and with a fairly good business our merchants and citizens can afford to stop talking about the hard times we have had, and talk of the good times we are going to have.

The frost which proved so disastrous in the north and east a few days ago did no noticeable injury in Nebraska. Her crops at this time are in splendid condition and with ample moisture will yield in abundance. The Lord willing, Nebraska will be able to give back the donations received with large interest.

The editor of the Nebraska City News evidently believes that it is ridiculous to find in Cass county. He never loses an opportunity to make sarcastic references to our coal mining industry, and even flippantly dubbed our county official base ball club "coal miners."

If half we read about the twenty-fourth session of the Nebraska legislature is true—and we have no doubt it is—that body is not only dead, but it has the foulest smell about it that ever offended the nostril of man. Although many of the legislators are honest and tried to do what their constituents demanded and expected, they were misled by the lobbyists.

GOVERNOR HOLCOMB has authorized the statement that he has been advised by the state relief committee that the wants of the people of the drouth stricken portions of Nebraska have been supplied to such an extent that further contributions from sources outside the state are unnecessary. He acknowledges on the part of the people gratitude for evidences of kindly interest which have come from almost every state in the union.

NEWSPAPERS are run on business principles the same as any other legitimate business calling. The merchant advertises because it pays. The people subscribe for a paper to get the news. Very few people take a paper because it agrees with them in politics or religion. The time when people subscribe for a paper to keep it alive has passed. It should have never been. Newspaper men should be business men and their publication must be worth the money before they succeed.

THERE appears to be a feeling among those conversant with asylum affairs that Governor Holcomb intends to resort to force to secure the retirement of Dr. Hay as superintendent. It is very much to be hoped that this is a misapprehension. The governor has not yet manifested any symptoms of "bloody brideism," and is not suspected of the slightest taint of it. There is little probability that the warlike adjutant general will ever be called upon to marshal the state militia to storm the battlements of the insane hospital.

"THE JOURNAL."

The ultimate fate of THE JOURNAL newspaper publication will be decided on Monday next, May 27th, when the good will, plant and fixtures complete will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, by the agent for the mortgagees. Just what disposition will be made of the newspaper no man knoweth, as it will depend entirely upon the result of the sale, but it is quite reasonable to suppose and predict that its publication will be continued without missing a single issue, and that all subscribers who have paid for their papers in advance will be credited for the entire time covered by such payment, and that all the parties whose names are on the subscription list will continue to be served with the paper each week.

Worthless Official Bonds.

The Hill case serves as another illustration of the folly of making public servants give bond for faithful performance of public duty. Not ten per cent of public stealings has ever been recovered by the state of Nebraska from the bondsmen of public thieves. In most states the situation is similar, though not so bad. The testimony in the Hill case showed that the people had paid into the public treasury a vast sum of money, and that in some manner it was diverted from proper channels, and ultimately lost. Somebody stole that money; somebody should be required to pay it back again. The law on the books says Hill and his bondsmen should make good the loss, but a jury, aided by learned lawyers, finds flaws in the bond, and everybody escapes responsibility. There is but one remedy. Official bonds should never be exacted from a public servant. That man whom the people call to serve them should be placed in office with his word of honor alone as a bond, and when he betrays his public trust he should die like a dog. Barbarous? Yes, perhaps, and yet withal better for the people and better for their servants. Long years under laws which place a premium upon theft have made honesty in public office a vice and dishonesty a virtue. It is time to change front and place the premium upon the good rather than upon the evil.

THE Bell telephone monopoly has just scored a decisive victory in the court of appeals, which reverses the decision of the circuit court in the matter of declaring the Berliner patent invalid. The action was one begun by the government, which claimed that the patent was void because of the fact that there was an illegal delay in its issue and because there was a prior patent covering the same invention. The lower court was evidently convinced that the government had sustained its position, and its decree declared the patent to be void because the telephone company had permitted and secured delay to the extent of about fourteen years between the date of application and the date of issuance of the patent. Upon what ground the court of appeals bases its findings has not yet been made known, but the effects of its decision will be to give the telephone monopoly a renewed grip on the people. It is a remarkable fact that in almost every case in recent years where any corporation or aggregation of capital is a party to a suit in the federal court it has received the decision. Whether this is due to the fact that they secure the best legal talent in the land or because of a bias of the courts is not known, but it is certain that a very well defined public sentiment is forming to the effect that the forum of the people is rapidly degenerating into the refuge of the corporations.

In this era of low prices one article of general production on the farm stands forth a deception. The average wholesale price of apples in New York for the past season was \$4.50 a barrel. Thus a barrel of good apples was worth the same as seven and a half bushels of wheat. If it be remarked that the apple crop of last year was unusually short, the fact may be cited that apples in the season of 1892-93 brought \$2.50 a barrel at wholesale in New York, and this price is the equivalent of more than four bushels of wheat. The farmer who is not looking after his orchard in these times, enriching and extending it, is missing what seems to be his best opportunity. No glut of fine apples need be feared; large quantities of American apples are demanded in London, the price for No. 1 ranging from \$5 to \$8 a barrel. The fast ocean steamers make special provisions for the fruit, and shipments of 8,000 barrels on one steamer is on record. While the English prize most our Newtons, Pippins, Northern Spys, Baldwins and Russets, they have learned the value of all good varieties, and shipments now begin as early as August. A well flavored, red-skinned

apple is the favorite with the English masses. The sight of a neglected orchard on a farm is woeful evidence of a business misunderstanding.

J. D. CALHOUN believes that the way to settle the silver question, so far as the democratic party is concerned, is to select delegates to the state convention upon that issue. Let every county choose delegates to the state convention upon an explicit pledge on one side or the other. Then let the majority of each state convention select delegates to the national convention who are bound with equal distinctness. Let us have no shilly-shallying about it. Let the next convention decide fully and completely for the gold standard or for the coinage of silver at the present rate. Let us have no more double-barreled platforms to be interpreted in any fashion that suits the interpreter. If the majority of the party favors the single gold standard let us know it in a plain direct and honest way; or if it favors free coinage at 16 to 1, let it be stated in terms that cannot be mistaken.

The attorney general has decided to start a school out at the penitentiary. There are undoubtedly men in the penitentiary who are deficient in mental attainments, but it will be entirely unnecessary to go outside of the penitentiary to secure talent competent to teach them everything they are qualified to learn. With the unequalled educational facilities afforded everyone in this country there is little ground for the assumption that ignorance is to any large degree responsible for crime. Some of the worst characters to be found in the penitentiary are educated men and those who are ignorant are generally men into whom the severest prison discipline would never drill an intelligent idea. Perhaps the experiment may prove of great benefit to the state and to the convicts, but there is plenty of room to doubt it.

LINCOLN just at present is in the throes of mental and financial anguish and all because its financiers have been unmercifully duped by W. M. Croan. This man Croan some years ago established a business school at Shenandoah, receiving a good bonus with which to erect the buildings, but some five years ago Lincoln's opportunity and she gave Croan a large bonus to come to that city and start his school. He came, he started his school and the vivid picture he drew of the school induced many to invest in Hawthorne property, out of which they realized not a cent. Well, Croan has received a proposition to go to Anderson, Ind., and start a similar school and that is why Lincoln is in the dumps. The people realize how nicely they were taken in and that is why they kick.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has signed the order opening the Kickapoo reservation for settlement but the Wichita, Kiowa, Comanche and Apache reservations will not be opened this year. There are only 200,000 acres in the Kickapoo reservation. If the white settlers could occupy every acre and their holding divided into 80 acre tracts, only 2,500 men could secure homes there. There are twice this number within a radius of 10 miles of Arkansas City who will make the race for homesteads. This is only one point out of a dozen where the boomers gathered for the great race.

WHEN such a man as Carnegie voluntarily advances wages it ought to be a pretty good evidence that he is getting more than the lion's share of the profits and the further evidence of returning prosperity. On Wednesday a raise of 10 per cent was made in all departments of Carnegie's mills, voluntarily, to go into effect June 1st. This, too, under democratic free trade. Another puncture in the g. o. p. pneumatic.

Natural Gas in Iowa.

The recent discovery of natural gas near Columbus Junction, Iowa, leads to the belief that it exists in considerable quantities in the southeastern part of the state, and that the field is not a narrow one. Gas has been struck a number of times by parties boring deep wells, and at a depth of from 100 to 150 feet. No tests have been made, however, and it is believed that when made gas will be found in considerable quantities. A short distance from Columbus Junction there is a collection of several houses which have been heated with natural gas for several years, and both the supply and pressure seems to increase as time passes.

The Ledger says: Union has the best base ball ground in the county to offer the officials of Cass and Otoe if they will come here to play one game of their series. It is the half-way point between Nebraska City and Plattsmouth, and we can guarantee attendance that will make the players do their prettiest work.

DOMESTIC NOTES.

The people of Utah are to have a new constitution. The leading questions to be decided are woman suffrage and prohibition.

According to a recent decision of the Illinois supreme court, the eight hour system employed by many firms in that state, is declared unconstitutional.

A recent frost in southern California nearly destroyed the apricot, almond, peach, prune and grape crops. The loss in the vicinity of San Jose is estimated at \$1,000,000.

About thirty-five of the men engaged in the killing of the negro workmen at New Orleans have been indicted. Warrants have been issued for all those not already under arrest.

Governor Morton of New York has signed a bill making a person guilty of a misdemeanor who solicits money, property, or tickets to any entertainment from a nominated candidate for any public office.

About 200 negroes from Savannah, Ga., will be taken to Liberia, Africa, by the Danish steamer "Hosea." These negroes will form a small colony in Liberia, with the expectation of making that their home.

The North German Lloyd steamship company will during the coming season establish a fortnightly line of fast steamers between Manchester, England, and Quebec and Montreal, Canada. The course to Manchester will be by the way of the new Manchester ship canal.

Erastus Wiman, who was convicted of forgery and sentenced to five years in Sing Sing prison, has secured an opportunity of appealing to the supreme court for a new trial. On a \$30,000 bond he has been allowed to await his new trial before being confined in prison.

FOREIGN NOTES.

The Island of Nossirey, off the coast of Madagascar, has been seized by the French troops.

The German Ambassador to Russia has been recalled. Count Herbert Bismark will, it is said, be called to that position.

Germany has officially announced her intention of taking part in the international exposition to be held in Paris, France, in 1900.

The ex Queen of Hawaii has been sentenced to a fine of \$5,000, and to confinement in a room in the government building of Honolulu.

Another assault from the Yaqui Indians is reported by the residents of Yaqui valley, Mexico. Three persons were killed and much grain destroyed.

According to a French newspaper, a typesetting machine, operated by electricity, which will set 50,000 letters per hour, has been invented by a dominican monk.

Snow fell in Angler, Morocco, on April 10th accompanied by a fierce wind. This is the first time in many years that there has been a snow storm in that country.

Prince Achille Bonaparte recently committed suicide. He was insane from the result of fever. His home was in Odessa, Russia. He was born at Bordentown N. J., in 1847.

Much of the wine made on the Island of Cyprus has been thrown away because the people are too poor to buy casks for shipping it. Much distress prevails among the poorer people there.

The czar of Russia has issued a decree abolishing the ancient custom of whipping persons committing petty offences against the law. This custom employed in all minor offences, caused many deaths.

Owing to the refusal of members of the German reichstag to send their congratulations to Prince Bismark on his birthday, the president of the reichstag, Herr von Litzlow, tendered his resignation.

An attempt is being made by the Catholics of England to have the laws of Oxford and Cambridge universities against Catholics set aside, so that Catholic students may avail themselves of their educational advantages.

The government of Cape Colony, Africa, has offered to establish free trade relations between Canada and its own government. This will give Canada, it is claimed, an increase of about 20 per cent over her present markets in the United States.

Great Britain has authorized Mr. Hubert Murray, former chairman of the customs departments of New Foundland, to relieve all suffering families. Canada will consider the question of annexing New Foundland at the next conference held in Ottawa.

The troublesome educational question of whether the Catholics of Manitoba, Canada, shall be obliged to pay taxes for public schools, when they support their own parochial schools, has not been settled. The Canadian government is debating the question as to whether it shall interfere in the matter.

Articles of Incorporation.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That we, D. O. DWYER, Byron Clark, C. A. Rawls and W. H. Dearing do associate ourselves together for the purpose of forming and becoming a corporation in the State of Nebraska for the transaction of the business hereinafter described.

The name of the corporation shall be the National Exchange Company. The principal place of transacting its business shall be in the City of Plattsmouth, County of Cass and State of Nebraska.

The nature of the business to be transacted by said corporation shall be a general real estate, loan, insurance and collection business, and the maintenance of such an office and fixtures as may be deemed necessary.

The authorized capital stock of said corporation shall be three hundred dollars, (\$300) in shares of ten dollars, (\$10) each.

The existence of this corporation shall commence on the 25th day of February, 1895, and continue during the period of twenty years.

The officers of said corporation shall be a president, vice president, secretary, treasurer and general manager, to be elected by the stockholders, at such time and place and in such manner as shall be prescribed by the by-laws of said corporation. The general manager shall have full control of the business of said corporation.

The highest amount of indebtedness to which said corporation shall at any time subject itself, shall not be more than two hundred dollars.

The manner of holding the meetings of stockholders and the method of conducting the business of the corporation, shall be provided in the by-laws adopted by the stockholders.

In witness whereof the undersigned have hereunto set their hand this 19th day of February, 1895.

D. O. DWYER,
BYRON CLARK,
C. A. RAWLS,
W. H. DEARING.

Mortgage Sale.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a chattel mortgage dated on the 20th day of November, 1894 and duly filed in the office of the county clerk of Cass county, Nebraska, on the 23rd day of November, 1894, and executed by Sherman & Curright and C. W. Sherman to J. P. Falter, W. H. Dearing, William Tighe, H. D. Travis, W. K. Fox, D. O. Dwyer, H. Guy Livingston, Henry Gering, N. Holmes, F. E. White, W. D. Wheeler, Frank J. Morgan and William Neville, to secure the payment of the sum of \$2,500 and upon which there is now due the sum of \$500 and interest. Default having been made in the payment of said sum and no suit or other proceedings being lawfully instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof, therefore I will sell the property therein described, viz: "Plattsmouth Journal" printing office, consisting of one Country Campbell press, one eighth medium job press, all type of every description, imposing stones, racks, cases, cabinets and all printing material and all other property of whatsoever description of the Plattsmouth Journal printing office, and the goodwill of the said Plattsmouth Journal—newspaper—is also mortgaged herewith to parties of the second part. All said property is situated in Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, at public auction at the Brew building on Main street, between Third and Fourth streets in the City of Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, on the 27th day of May, 1895 at 10 o'clock p. m. of said day.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by W. H. Dearing, clerk of the district court within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 4th day of June A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day at the south door of the court house in the city of Plattsmouth, in said county, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the following real estate to-wit: The east half E. 1/2 of the northeast quarter (N. W. 1/4) of northeast quarter (N. E. 1/4) of section No. one (1), township twelve (12), range twenty (20), north of north and east of west of the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of said section one (1), excepting six (6) rods width off the east side of last described tract, and excepting right of way of the B. & M. R. Co., all being in Cass county, Nebraska, together with the privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging or in anywise appurtenant. The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Charles Vandevanter and H. C. Vandevanter, defendants to satisfy a judgment of said court recovered by Anselmo R. Smith, plaintiff, against said defendants.

Notice of Sale.

In the matter of the estate of Bennett W. Pierce, deceased. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of Samuel M. Chapman, Judge of the district court of Cass county, Nebraska, made on the 15th day of May, 1895, for the sale of the real estate hereinafter described, there will be sold at the south door of the court house, in Plattsmouth, Nebraska, on the 31st day of May, 1895, at 2 o'clock p. m., at public venue to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit: Lots fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), block nine (9) in South Park addition to the City of Plattsmouth. Said sale will remain open one hour.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF NEBRASKA, ss. In County Court, Cass County. In the matter of the estate of Phillip Born, deceased. Notice is hereby given that the claims and demands of all persons against Phillip Born, deceased, late of said county and state, will be received, examined and adjusted by the county court at the court house in Plattsmouth, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1895, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. And that six months from and after the 31st day of May, A. D. 1895, is the time limited for creditors of said deceased to present their claims for examination and allowance.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF NEBRASKA, ss. In County Court, Cass County. In the matter of the estate of Mary Habsheit, deceased. Notice is hereby given that the claims and demands of all persons against Mary Habsheit, deceased, late of said county and state, will be received, examined and adjusted by the county court at the court house in Plattsmouth, on the 9th day of November, A. D. 1895 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. And that six months from and after the 9th day of May, A. D. 1895, is the time limited for creditors of said deceased to present their claims for examination and allowance.

Notice of Probate of Will.

STATE OF NEBRASKA, ss. In County Court, Cass County. In the matter of the last will and testament of Fritz Krampean, deceased. Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of May, A. D. 1895, at the office of the county judge in Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following matter will be heard and considered: The petition of Casper Bornmann to admit to probate the last will and testament of Fritz Krampean, deceased, late of South Bend precinct in said county, and for letters testamentary to Casper Bornmann.

Notice of Probate of Will.

STATE OF NEBRASKA, ss. In County Court, Cass County. In the matter of the last will and testament of George Buchel, deceased. Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of June A. D. 1895, at the office of the county judge in Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following matter will be heard and considered: The petition of Frederick Buchel to admit to probate the last will and testament of George Buchel, deceased, late of Plattsmouth in said county, and for letters of administration with will annexed to Frederick Buchel.

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