The Plattsmouth Journal

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY AT PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA
Entered at Postoffice, Plattsmouth, Neb., as second-class mail matter

R. A. BATES, Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE $2.00 A YEAR IN FIRST POSTAL ZONE
Subscribers living in Second Postal Zone, $2.50 per year. Beyond 600 miles, $3.00 per year. Rate to Canada and foreign countries, $3.50 per year. All subscriptions are payable strictly in advance.

"Stops Itching in Two Minutes," says an advertisement, but not the itching for office.

—:o:—

The fellow in business nowadays doesn't have time to save the country. It is all he can do to save himself.

—:o:—

It now costs 3 cents to tell your fellow being how you are feeling, which is probably 3 cents more than he cares.

—:o:—

More than 5,000 people lost their clothing in the Coney Island fire and had to go home in their bathing suits, the lucky stiffs.

—:o:—

The state of confusion in Chile may be gathered from the fact that many people are still taking part in the last revolution but one.

—:o:—

An agnostic presumes not to know; teach him as you would a child: a bigot assumes to know all; treat him as you would a mental patient.

—:o:—

Since many wives have been given an electric refrigerator by their husbands, the wives should see about a mechanical stenographer for the office.

—:o:—

Personally we can't think of anything more discouraging than to discover, just after consuming three roasting ears, that there isn't a toothpick in the house.

—:o:—

The Los Angeles Railway company is donating fifty old street cars which will become the homes of unfortunate families until such time as improving conditions enable them to ask for transfers.

—:o:—

The propsal to Congress that American surplus farm crops be made into legal light wines and beer still offers no solution for the problem of taking surplus farm products out of the liability class.

—:o:—

John D. Rockefeller, 93 years old, has faith in the future, according to press reports. Well, if we had the "nest eggs" and "windfalls" that he has had in the last sixty-five years, we wouldn't care a whoop about the future, either.

—:o:—

Now is the time when boys of an athletic build who have just graduated from high school find they will be taken care of at any college they may wish to attend, while boys not of athletic build, who wish to go to college just to study and get a higher education, find jobs scarce and almost impossible to secure.

—:o:—

It is interesting that the Chinese, instead of raising statues to their heroes of the recent Japanese attack on Woosung, are to build a model village as a memorial, and to supply homes to the thousands made homeless during the operations. This may not be art, neither is it a glorification of war, but it probably will please the Chinese people more than all the monuments in the world.

—:o:—

Davy Hutton confidently declares that Myrtle St. Pierre is not going to collect the $5,000 a jury awarded her from him for breach of promise. Davy has several reasons for opposing payment but one of them seems quite sufficient. He has no money. This ought to give other great lovers an idea. If a fellow is going to break any love promises, he should first look out for safety first by having no money.

These are "dog days," and times are so hard the average man also is leading a "dog's life."

—:o:—

Another objection to the low price of eggs is that it encourages the manufacture ofegg sandwiches.

—:o:—

Harry Bannister says the report that he is to marry the 18-year-old daughter of a Los Angeles lawyer is ridiculous. Yes, yes, but when is the wedding?

—:o:—

After shelling her corn crop, a Maryland farm mother disposed of the corncobs by trading them to a barber for haircuts for her children, thereby also getting rid of the shocks.

—:o:—

"Two wrestlers fell through the ropes at Boston and were stricken unconscious simultaneously," reports the Detroit News. "After a time this became noticeable and the bout was stopped."

—:o:—

Dr. Hugo Eckener, commander of the Graf Zeppelin, ran his motor car against a tree the other day. Like Bernard Shaw discussing pugilism, the doctor seems rather at a disadvantage when he essays forth on an unaccustomed low plane.

—:o:—

In view of the amazing success in getting votes of Will Rogers, the Oklahoma school-teacher, if there are any other Aimee Semple McPherson-Huttons, Rudy Valees or Prince Carols around the country we shall expect to see them holding office in the not far distant future.

—:o:—

A WAVE OF PROTEST

Business men, manufacturers, property owners of every class and kind are joining in the wave of protest against increasing Governmental expenditures and mounting taxes.

Marshall Field & Company, the largest department store in the world, we believe, have issued a circular to their wholesale customers in which they point that while, last year, Federal, State and local taxes took almost 22 cents out of every dollar of private income, the proportion will be higher this year because of the greatly reduced income.

Expenses have not been reduced; they have been increased. According to the Field tabulation, since 1927 our Federal costs have increased 63 percent, from $1,964,000,000 to $3,195,100,000 a year. And as this is written Congress is still in session and is trying to spend another couple of billion of tax money, though where it is to come from nobody knows.

This is all wrong. It is time to call a halt. We see only one way to do that, and that is to make economy the watchword of the coming campaign. No man should be supported for election to any office in which he will have anything to say about taxation or the spending of tax money who will not pledge himself to reduce expenses and taxes, even if by doing so he loses a few votes when he comes up for re-election.

We think that nine-tenths of Governmental extravagance is due to the desire of legislators to placate groups and individuals whose votes they desire. It is nothing short of robbery, in our opinion, for a man in public office to impose taxes upon one class of the public in order to spend the money for the benefit of another class, whose votes, he hopes ,will perpetuate him in power.

It is time to stop.

Monuments

We are distributors for the famous Rock of Ages granite. Largest stock and lowest prices. Drive over to our plant, southeast corner of Square.

Glenwood Granite Works
Glenwood, Iowa

'HOWLING MOB" DOES VERY WELL

The cynic likes nothing better than to poke fun at a national political convention. He calls it a circus or a mad mob without direction. It is a sure sign, he says, of the breakdown of our theory of democracy. He thinks it hopeless ever to get a sane decision out of a howling crowd like that. And at first thought, as one looks down from the balcony or listens over the radio, he may be disposed to agree with the cynic. But order does finally come out of chaos.

A convention is in part a holiday, and why not? Most of us need a holiday. There is a contagious and pent-up enthusiasm in the crowd. This must spend itself before the delegates settle down to serious business. It is the fact that they do finally settle down to serious business that makes a democracy. Responsibility placed on men makes them serious.

The parliament is largely a new device in government and even yet it is accepted by only a small part of the world. During most of history those in authority would not trust the judgment of the crowd. Louis, the smug old French king, said: "I am the state." He laughed at the crowd that battered down the gates of Versailles crying for bread. The dictator of Italy makes decisions for the Italians and laughs at what he calls the corpse of democracy.

To review national conventions in American history strengthens one's faith in what the cynic calls the national circus. In most cases the selections have been wise, for on the whole, our presidents have been great Americans. Here is a partial list; they stand among the great statesmen of the world: Washington, Jefferson, Jackson, Lincoln, Roosevelt, Wilson. There selections were made by the so-called howling mobs, but after all, they did pretty well.

The national political convention is our best cross-section of American life. The delegates come from north, south, east, west; they represent all classes, but they are all Americans meeting together to perform a solemn and important duty, and as a rule they do it well. This is the way of a democracy. It may be halting and faulty and crazy at times, but it is the best form of government thus far devised.—Dayton News.

—:o:—

CHEER IN BETTER PRICES

For a month or more the trend of commodity prices has been upward. It has been a steady movement. While not uniform, it has been especially marked in some commodity groups. It is the kind of development that has been long awaited. Repeated reports of falling prices were warnings that one important part of a stable foundation for business recovery was lacking.

It cannot be assumed even now that a turn assuring permanent betterment has come. Temporary recessions, at least, are to be expected. But if the disheartening long continued fall of prices is now being checked, it is most significant for future progress.

While grain prices have continued to lag, the recovery in livestock has been pronounced, and has been a big factor in helping to boost the entire price level. Provisions and meats have followed livestock, while there has been a stiffening in textiles, industrials, fuels, paint materials and a few other groups. Steel and other building materials, leather, and a few others, either have receded slightly or failed to gain at the time the general level was being raised.

Particular items, heavily depressed for a protracted period, now are showing strength. Butter and eggs afford a conspicuous example, futures in these commodities having risen sharply, with indications of more consumption. Sugar prices also have recovered to a fair degree. Futures up to yesterday had scored gains of 32 to 42 points in a month.

Along with those hopeful signs, there are evidences of more confidence in security prices, both bonds and stocks having made a better showing the greater part of the week than for some time past. Uncertainty as to farm commodities relates chiefly to wheat and cotton. There was a fair recovery in the latter from the extreme low figures of early June, but marked improvement still is awaited. A definite turn toward better prices for these two leading farm products would give pronounced impetus to an upward movement that now seems to be started.

—:o:—

It has been found that United States one-dollar bills wear out at the rate of about 50,000,000 a month, showing that they do not last much longer than they seem to.

WHITHER NATIONALISM?

A large portion of the world is engaged in damming the headwaters of the streams of commerce and at the same time cherishing the naive hope that the streams will continue to flow. But the higher the dam is raised, the less water is finding its way into the valleys where trade no longer blooms with refreshing vigor.

The situation in Germany presents an illuminating example of the part which increasing restriction is playing in international economy. Germany, in protecting its currency by exchange restrictions, has built a dam against products of other nations. She has supplemented this structure with super-tariffs and special economic regulations. But in the middle of her task she has turned to discover that the stream of exports is drying up. In May, German exports at 447,000,000 marks were the lowest in many years—a figure only about one-half of her exports a year ago.

It is true that this is not brought about exclusively by conditions of Germany's own devising. England's departure from the gold standard and from free trade cut a serious hole in German exports. Financial difficulties in neighboring countries have aggravated the situation and Germany has full license to declare that her present exchange restrictions were inaugurated in self-defense.

But at the same time this has been accompanied by a definite policy of economic self-sufficiency, especialy in the effort to develop an independent food supply. High tariffs have been combined with extensive subsidies. A "Buy German" campaign, which importunes the housewife to keep her "fruit and vegetable" money within the Reich, has even made its appearance. But as Dr. Hans Luther, president of the Reichsbank, recently warned the nation, while this autarchial tendency might prove advantageous to agriculture, it would be dangerous if allowed to spread to other fields.

This danger expresses itself not only in immediate policies, but in a type of nationalistic thought which is being fostered with not inconsiderable success by the parties of the Right in Germany. The Nationalists, who control the present mild oligarchy in Germany, repeatedly talk of economic "independence." Adolf Hitler's National Socialists, grown to the largest individual party in the Reich amid the cry of "Germany for the Germans," intone vigorously against internationalism.

Yet the most exereme nationalists do not believe that it is possible to create prosperity within the state of Brunswick while the rest of Germany is in want and in need. They admit that the only way that agrarian difficulties of East Prussia can be solved is with the aid of a strong and prosperous Reich.

What, then, must they say of the world of which Germany is as much a related unit as Brunswick is a part of Germany? One may understand the pressure of immediate difficulties which require temporary nationalistic measures. Yet at the same time a grave responsibilty faces the leaders of thought and policy. It is to refrain from using difficult material conditions as the excuse for an inflamed nationalism. It is to recognize that the streams of national happiness and national prosperity are not augmented by the building of dams.

—:o:—

The Journal will appreciate your phoning in news items. Call No. 6. Thanks!

Bargains

are what we are all looking for these days of the great depression.

In view of this fact, we are offering the following labor specials for a limited time only. Bring your car in!

Valve Special

Including Refacing and Reseating Valves, Cleaning Carbon and Tuning up the Motor

Chevrolet 6	$3.50
Chevrolet 4	2.75
Ford, Model A	3.75

Bearing Special

Adjusting Main and Rod Bearings and Cleaning Oil Pan

Chevrolet 6	$4.00
Chevrolet 4	3.50
Ford, Model A	5.00

Above Prices are for Labor Only

R. V. Bryant
O-K Garage Phone 76

NOTICE OF ELECTION

To the Legal Electors of the Village of Greenwood, Nebraska:

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the action of the Village Board at a regular meeting held on the 28th day of June, 1932, for the purpose of submitting to the legal voters of the Village of Greenwood, Nebraska, the question of whether or not the Village should sell its electric distribution system and transmission line to the Iowa-Nebraska Light & Power Company and in accordance with said action of the Village Board and pursuant to the authority fixed in me as Chairman of the Village Board of the Village of Greenwood, Nebraska, you are hereby notified that said election has this day been called to be held on the 8th day of November, 1932, in said village at regular polling places.

You are hereby notified that said election will be held on said date and the polls will be open at 8 o'clock a. m. and will be closed at 8 o'clock p. m., at which time and place the question of whether or not the Village shall sell its electric distribution system and transmission line to the Iowa-Nebraska Light and Power Company will be voted upon and question will be printed in full upon said ballot, together with all terms and conditions thereof. The ballots to be used in said election, for said purpose will be in substantially the following form:

NOTICE TO VOTERS: For an affirmative vote upon the following question, mark a cross (X) in the square after the word "Yes." For a negative vote, mark a similar cross after the word "No."

Shall the following Public Measure be Adopted?

YES ---------- ☐
NO ---------- ☐

Shall the Village of Greendwood, Nebraska, sell its electric distribution system and transmission line to the Iowa-Nebraska Light and Power Company under the terms and conditions as specified in the following memorandum of agreement, all in accordance with the laws of the State of Nebraska covering said sale?

Memorandum of Agreement
IOWA-NEBRASKA LIGHT & POWER COMPANY
and
VILLAGE OF GREENWOOD, NEBRASKA

This contract made and entered into this 28th day of June, 1932, by and between Iowa-Nebraska Light and Power Company, a corporation (hereinafter called "Company") and the Village of Greenwood, Nebraska, a municipal corporation (hereinafter called "Village"):

WITNESSETH: That whereas at a regular meeting of the Village Board held at the regular meeting place on the 10th day of May, 1932, (copy of minutes of which are marked Exhibit "G" and attached hereto and made a part hereof) the Village of Greenwood, Nebraska, made an offer to sell its electric distribution system and transmission line to Iowa-Nebraska Light and Power Company for the sum of Fifteen Thousand Dollars ($15,000.00) and, whereas Iowa-Nebraska Light & Power Company has accepted said offer;

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants herein contained the parties hereto agree as follows:

SECTION I

Village hereby agrees to sell and convey (subject to the approval of the electors of the Village of Greenwood, Nebraska, under the requirements of Initiated Law No. 324, Session Law of Nebraska, 1931) and Company agrees to purchase the entire electric distribution system now owned and operated by Grantor in Greenwood, Nebraska, including all poles, wires, crossarms, service connections, meters, street lights, transformers and approximately seven miles of transmission line extending from point of connection with properties of Company adjacent to Waverly, Nebraska, to Greenwood, Nebraska, and all other equipment owned and used by Grantor in connection with the operation of said electric distributing system and said transmission line under the terms and conditions hereinafter specified.

SECTION II

Village hereby agrees, upon execution of this agreement, to promptly call a special election in conformity with provisions and requirements of Initiated Law No. 324, Session Laws of Nebraska, 1931; submitting to the electors of the Village of Greenwood, Nebraska, the proposition of the sale of its electric distribution system and transmission line to Company. Upon said election failing to authorize sale of said property, this agreement shall at once become null and void. However, upon said election resulting favorably to sale of said property, Village hereby agrees to, at once deliver possession and control of property to Company and to immediately grant unto Iowa-Nebraska Light and Power Company, its successors and assigns, a twenty-five (25) year electric franchise, copy of which, marked Exhibit "A", is attached hereto and made a part hereof and to adopt rate ordinance, marked Exhibit "F", attached hereto and made a part hereof, regulating rates to be charged by Company for electric service rendered to consumers within the Village of Greenwood, Nebraska.

Village further agrees, upon said election resulting favorably to the sale of said property, to at once execute with the Company, street lighting and water pumping contracts for a term of five (5) years. Copies of which contracts, marked Exhibit "B" and "C," respectively, are attached hereto and made a part hereof.

Village further agrees, upon said election resulting favorably to sale of said property, to at once execute bill of sale conveying title to said electric distribution system and transmission line to Company, copy of which, marked Exhibit "D", is attached hereto and made a part hereof.

SECTION III

For and in consideration of the foregoing, Company agrees to pay to Village for the aforementioned electric distribution system and transmission line the sum of $15,000.00, payable as follows:

Upon the election authorizing the sale of above mentioned distribution system and transmission line resulting favorably to sale of said property, Company hereby agrees to assume full payment of principal and interest of outstanding bonds of the Village of Greenwood, Nebraska, as follows:

$2,000.00 Greenwood water extension bonds dated July 1st, 1925, numbered serially from one (1) to six (6), inclusive, bearing interest at the rate of 4½% payable semi-annually on January 1st and July 1st of each year. Due and payable July 1st, 1945, but optional after July 1st, 1935;

$12,000.00 of Greenwood water bonds dated July 1st, 1925, numbered serially from nineteen (19) to forty-two (42), inclusive and bearing interest at the rate of 4½%, payable semi-annually on January 1st and July 1st of each year. Due and payable July 1st, 1945, but optional after July 1st, 1930. All of the bonds being in denominations of $500.00 each, numbered serially.

SECTION IV

Upon said election authorizing sale of aforesaid property resulting favorably to sale of said property, Company agrees, for the purpose of retiring the bonds mentioned in Section 3 hereof, to at once deposit with the Greenwood State Bank of Greenwood, Nebraska, the sum of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00). Said sum of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00) to be delivered to Village, by said Greenwood State Bank on the next bond interest date of above mentioned bonds, which date is January 1st, 1933. On this date Village hereby agrees to pay said sum of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00) to the Cass County Treasurer for the retirement of two (2) bonds of Five Hundred Dollars ($500.00) each, this sum to be the first payment by Company hereunder.

Company further agrees to pay One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00) or more on January 1st of each year thereafter until above mentioned bonds to the total amount of Fifteen Thousand Dollars ($15,000.00) are fully paid.

SECTION V

Upon said election authorizing sale of aforesaid property resulting favorably to sale of said property, Village shall deposit bill of sale, franchise, street lighting contract and water pumping contract mentioned in Section 2 hereof, with the Greenwood State Bank of Greenwood, Nebraska, in accordance with terms of escrow agreement marked Exhibit "E", attached hereto and made a part hereof.

It is further mutually agreed by the parties hereto that when the water bonds and water extension bonds of the Village of Greenwood, described in Section 3 hereof, have been fully paid, both the principal and interest, by Company and said bonds have been canceled and delivered to Village, that above mentioned escrow shall be released and the bill of sale, franchise, street lighting contract and water pumping contract delivered to and become property of company.

SECTION VI

Company hereby agrees, upon assuming control and operation of distribution system and transmission line as provided in Section 2 hereof, to immediately put into effect residential and commercial lighting rates and commercial power rate as specified in rate ordinance, marked Exhibit "E", attached hereto and made a part hereof.

Company further agrees upon assuming control and operation of distribution system and transmission line to assume all liability incident to and in connection with the operation and use of said system and to maintain said system in as good condition as when received by Company from Village, regular and ordinary depreciation excepted.

SECTION VII

Company further agrees to assume a Ten Dollar ($10.00) deposit now owing each electric consumer by Village, the total amount of which deposits it is mutually agreed is One Thousand, Two Hundred and Eighty Dollars ($1,280.00).

SECTION VIII

This contract shall inure to and be binding upon the lessees, successors and assigns of the parties hereto.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this agreement on the day and year first above written.

IOWA-NEBRASKA LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY,
By L. R. KING,
President and General Manager.
Witness:
W. R. McGeachin,
Contract Manager

VILLAGE OF GREENWOOD, NEBRASKA
By E. A. LANDON,
Chairman, Board of Trustees.
Witness:
L. C. Marvin,
Village Clerk.

E. A. LANDON,
Chairman, Board of Trustees of the Village of Greenwood, Nebraska.
(Seal)

Lumber Sawing

Commercial sawing from your own logs—lumber cut to your specifications.

We have ready cut dimension lumber and sheeting for sale at low prices.

NEBRASKA BASKET FACTORY

SUE CAROL A MOTHER

Los Angeles.—A daughter was born to Sue Carol, film actress and her actor-husband, Nick Stuart. The child was named Carol Lee Stuart.

If you want to sell anything, try a Journal Want-Ad. The cost is small.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.

In the matter of the estate of Bertha Halmes, deceased.

Notice of Administration.

All persons interested in said estate are hereby notified that a petition has been filed in said Court, alleging that said deceased died leaving no last will and testament and praying for administration upon her estate and for such other and further orders and proceedings in the premises as may be required by the statutes in such cases made and provided to the end that said estate and all things pertaining thereto may be finally settled and determined, and that a hearing will be had on said petition before said Court on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1932, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., and that if they fail to appear at said Court on said 5th day of August, A. D. 1932, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., to contest the said petition, the Court may grant the same and grant administration of said estate to John N. Halmes or some other suitable person and proceed to a settlement thereof.

Dated this 7th day of July, A. D. 1932.

A. H. DUXBURY,
(Seal) j11-2w County Judge.

ORDER OF HEARING AND NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.

To all persons interested in the estate of Christina Rummel, deceased:

On reading the petition of Max J. Rummel, William Rummel, Edward C. Rummel, Charles Rummel and Lucille Rummel praying that the instrument filed in this court on the 29th day of June, 1932, and purporting to be the last will and testament of the said deceased, may be proved and allowed and recorded as the last will and testament of Christina Rummel, deceased; that said instrument be admitted to probate and the administration of said estate be granted to William Rummel as Executor;

It is hereby ordered that you, and all persons interested in said matter, may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 29th day of July, A. D. 1932, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioners should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and that the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this Order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Witness my hand, and the seal of said court, this 29th day of June, A. D. 1932.

A. H. DUXBURY,
(Seal) j4-3w County Judge.

Samuel Zacharin, Attorney
844 Brandeis Theatre Building,
Omaha, Nebraska

NOTICE OF CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of August, A. D. 1932, at eleven o'clock a. m., at the former Jones Livery Barn, at 7th and Main streets, located on Lot 5, Block 36, Original Town of Plattsmouth, in Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, the undersigned will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash:

One White Truck, Model 51, Motor No. G. R. 16512, Serial No. 129300;

One White Truck, Model 51A, now Motor No. G. R. 685; formerly Motor No. G. R. B 4132, Serial No. 147139;

One White Truck, Model 51A, Motor No. G. R. B 11225, Serial No. 149965;

One White Truck, Model 51, Motor No. G. R. B 6766, Serial No. 140463, including one A-frame crane;

One White Truck, Model 51A, Motor No. G. R. B 10571, Serial No. 147138;

One White Truck, Model 51A, Motor No. G. R. B 3332, Serial No. 147099;

One White Truck, Model 51A, Motor No. G. R. B 11223, Serial No. 149963;

Seven Pole Trailers, complete with poles;

One Caterpillar Tractor, Motor No. P. S. 5969.

NOTICE is further given that on said 1st day of August, 1932, at 12:30 o'clock p. m., at the lot at 11th and Timber streets, located on East half of Lot 2, Block 224, Original Town of Plattsmouth, in Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, the undersigned will also sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash:

One White Truck, Motor No. G. R. 6987, Serial No. 112549, complete with Crane;

One Pierce Arrow Truck, Motor No. 4106, complete with Crane;

One Pierce Arrow Truck, Motor No. 2114, complete with Crane;

One Pole Trailer, less tires—

covered by chattel mortgage executed and delivered by Gerry Transportation Co., a corporation, by A. M. Gerry, President, to The White Company, a corporation, on the 20th day of February, 1932. Said mortgage was duly filed for record in the office of the County Clerk of Douglas county, Nebraska, on the 23rd day of February, 1932, and filed for record in the office of the County Clerk of Cass county, Nebraska, on the 28th day of June, 1932.

Said sales will be for the purpose of foreclosing said mortgage, for costs of sales and all accruing costs, and to satisfy the amount now due thereon, to-wit: Nine Thousand Two Hundred Seventy-Two and 54/100 Dollars ($9,272.54); that no suit or other proceeding at law has been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof.

THE WHITE COMPANY,
j11-5sw Mortgagee.