The Plattsmouth Journal

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R. A. BATES, Publisher

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Lent—Where's your umbrella?

—:o:—

Next—St. Patrick's day, March 17.

—:o:—

Everything waits for those who come.

—:o:—

Do the Senators speak just to hear themselves?

—:o:—

More tourists are visiting Uruguay than for many seasons.

—:o:—

A few days like Saturday will be a god-send to this section.

—:o:—

From a bird's viewpoint one bush is better than a dezen hands.

—:o:—

Many people rely strictly to the town clock for their time of day.

—:o:—

Dinner parties in the snow have been popular in Switzerland this winter.

—:o:—

Present government aid in shipbuilding in France is declared to still be inadequate.

—:o:—

Now that the faces of some vaudeville singers have been lifted, is there any way to have their voices lowered?

—:o:—

There is an advertisement in an Ohio paper for a lost black and white tomcat. We think he was on the air last night.

—:o:—

Those receiving Poor Law relief in England total more than 1,260,000, an increase of 260,000 in the past 12 months.

—:o:—

The Legislature has fired the correspondent of the World-Herald. There are always some smart Alecks in the legislature.

—:o:—

British manufacturers have formed an organization having the purpose of pushing British-made goods at the Leipzig, Germany, fair.

—:o:—

We are inclined to the opinion that it wouldn't do any harm if science had a little more religion and religion had a little more science.

—:o:—

Well, it appears that a vaudeville act by Gilda Grey has been successfully broadcast over radio, and we suppose other juggling acts will follow soon.

—:o:—

The weather is spring-like, but the ground hog sleeps. His extra six weeks of winter will be up March 13, and meanwhile no deception can beguile him.

—:o:—

Be yourself. Otherwise, you are liable to look and act like those misbegotten creatures which the cartoonists put into their conceptions of small town life.

Road work is now in order.

—:o:—

Have you selected your Easter bonnet?

—:o:—

Germans are now taking to horse hide leather coats.

—:o:—

More than 2,000,000 people visited the London Zoo last year.

—:o:—

When the cat is away it is up to the mousetrap to get busy.

—:o:—

The town clock needs a new guardian, or the old one pushed up.

—:o:—

A boy judges his mother's greatness by her ability to make pies.

—:o:—

A small boy loves his neighbor as himself—if she gives him something to eat.

—:o:—

Joe McMaken is a good man to look out for the bad roads. That is in his line of business.

—:o:—

The private secretary of the Governor of Oklahoma, may become known as the power behind the thrown.

—:o:—

Billy O'Brian has resigned as Superintendent of the South Ben Fisheries. He was popular, and we all liked him.

—:o:—

On the other hand, fail to make a better mousetrap, or to produce something convertable into money, and the wolf will beat a path to your door.

—:o:—

Herbert Corey says everybody in New York is playing the stock market, or else planning to do so. Including most of those who have just sworn never again.

—:o:—

Among the features recently introduced on a crack train in England are radio concerts, motion picture shows, a library, a beauty parlor and a children's nursery.

—:o:—

Favoritism in public business is wrong in principle and vicious in practice. It invariably tends to promote graft and waste. It works for private, not public, interest.

—:o:—

Mr. Coolidge is glad to be free from the tyranny of an alarm clock. He can now pound his ear in his Northampton flat while his successor pounds the beaten highway of fame.

—:o:—

Did you ever get up in the morning, tired out and out of sorts and turn on the radio, only to hear the singer, entertainers or what have you, running along in an even tenor, just as if they were starting out on the brightest day of their lives? Those radio performers must have angelic dispositions.

Public Sale!

Saturday, March 16th, 1929

at 1:00 O'Clock P. M.

at the farm of the late H. M. Frans, three quarters of a mile east of Union, Nebraska. the following property at Public Auction

LIVE STOCK

Six milk cows, some giving milk and all to calve later; seven Durham calves, exceptionally good; eight head of hogs, average weight about 250 pounds; one mule colt, 9 months old, weight about 600 pounds; one black mare, smooth mouth, wt. 1200; one black horse, smooth mouth, wt. 1300.

MACHINERY, ETC.

One single harness; one set work harness; one walking plow; several tools, different kinds; one top buggy; one tool box and tools; 20 rods woven wire, new; one Deering Ideal mower, good condition; one Moline lister; one corn drill; one vice; one wood wheel wagon, with box complete; one iron wheel barrow; three iron V hog houses; one new cream separator; 100 bushels oats in bin and other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms of Sale

All sums of $10 and under, cash. On sums over $10, note with approved security, bearing 8 per cent interest. No property to be removed until settled for.

W. B. BANNING, Administrator

H. M. FRANS ESTATE

Rex Young, Auctioneer Bank of Union, Clerk

FLOWERS AND CHICKENS

"I want to plant a flower garden this spring, but my neighbor raises chickens and allows them to run at large. What can I do about it?"

Thus writes a housewife up in the northeastern section of the city.

Dear madam, you are up against it.

If your neighbors raise chickens you can't raise flowers, and that's all there is to it.

Flower seed and poultry wont's mix—no more than oil and water or gasoline and alcohol. They are incompatible elements.

The only way out of such a dilemma is to approach your neighbor and courteously suggest a spirit of fair play, telling him frankly of your purpose, and requesting that his chickens be kept within secure wire enclosures.

You might also remind him that's the law on the subject; That Plattsmouth has an ordinance prohibiting chickens from running at large; that you don't want to demand the protection of the law, but ask him for a square deal.

Plant flowers in your front yard, for that matter—and if three chickens are at large in the neighborhood they will scratch up seed faster than you can put them in the ground.

Therefore, it resolves itself into what sort of neighbors you have. If they are the right sort, they will keep their chickens at home—it can be done at a small expense. The problem is one that requires diplomacy, and is going to be acute in many neighborhood in this city the next few weeks.

—:o:—

We often wonder whether John D. Rockefeller, jr., who is in Jerusalem, was careful enough to get Colonel Stewart's permission before starting on his extended pleasure trip.

—:o:—

Well, there's hope after all; the new and smaller paper currency will put in an appearance about July 1. But the trouble is that it will be just as hard to get and as easy to spend.

—:o:—

The Texas toad which died after being set free from his prison in a cornerstone for some thirty years, was like some people who cannot stand the light of day on their transactions.

—:o:—

Loyalty and physical vigor of minors in Poland have increased the output per man of coal mines of the country from 2,515 pounds a day before the World War, to 3,812 at the present time.

—:o:—

Both United States Senators from Missouri were present when ex-governor Hyde took the oath as Secretary of Agriculture in Mr. Hoover's Cabinet. It must have been a great rally of dirt farmers.

—:o:—

Elinor Glyn is going to write a scenario about Chicago's underworld, and is going to spend a couple of days there getting atmosphere, etc. What she's going to do with the extra day and a half is not announced.

—:o:—

An item says there are not enough munitions on hand to last through one great battle and that is poor policy to exercise such economy. You would not catch any foreign power in any such trap as that, but it is our way.

—:o:—

Representative Timberlake of Colorado has a bill levying exports of sugar free of duty from the Philippines of 500,000 tons. Another bill would tighten up Cuban sugar. Both countries are protesting against any more restrictions.

—:o:—

A delegation of Missouri women has been before the legislature asking for the right to serve on juries. Let them have it, and also the right to carry in the wood. O piffle, that is an old job, and they want to change for the new.

—:o:—

Babe Ruth neglected to touch first base while running out a long hit in a practice game the other day, permitted the rookies to win the game. Babe will have to do better than that, or he's liable to be sent back to the minors for more experience.

—:o:—

The repayment by the government of $125,000,000 collected as income taxes is explained on the ground that the government in levying income taxes made serious errors. There is no favoritism about it for it is clearly the fault of the government itself.

—:o:—

State ownership of hydroelectric power in the province of Ontarion in Canada where it has been tried for some years has received a bad setback. It is said this has served its purpose, but the public is convinced private ownership is the most economical.

PROHIBITION NOW TO BE TESTED

The disappointment with which Mr. Hoover's views on prohibition laws having been read by Republican journals in the East is genuine and profound. During the campaign many of the journals had been able to persuade themselves, possibly in all sincersity, that Mr. Hoover thoroughly understood the difficulties of enforcing prohibition in great urban centers like New York, Boston and Philadelphia, and that the commission which he proposed to create to study the "grave abuses" of the law would start with a free hand and be empowered to recommend some form of modification of the facts pointed in that direction. These optimistic interpreters of Mr. Hoover's campaign speeches now find to their dismay that the new commission will have nothing to do with the question of determining whether in its present form the law can or cannot be enforced, and that the sole duty of the commission will be to recommend such changes in the administration of the law as will put more power back of it.

We are unable to share the surprise which some of these Eastern Republican papers now manifest in the unwelcome discovery that Mr. Hoover's purposes run parallel with the purposes of the Anti-Saloon League of America. For we did not believe that when Mr. Hoover committed himself during the course of the campaign to a bone-dry program he took this step with a sly wink in the direction of his Eastern supporters. We believe that he meant what he said and that he would prove that he meant it. We credited him with believing that the law should be enforced without any change he would bring all the powers of Government to bear in an effort to enforce it. Accordingly, when Mr. Hoover makes these facts clear beyond any doubt we do not feel that he has suddenly permitted us to share a secret. Mr. Hoover is a man of honor. If he took a militantly dry stand during the campaign it was to be expected that he would take a militantly dry stand upon his inauguration.

Where his devout championship of prohibition in its present form will lead him it would be futile to guess on his beginning in office, but there can be no possible doubt that it will lead him far beyond the complacent policy of let-things-drift which has characterized the attitude of Congress and the Coolidge administration toward the enforcement of prohibition. Mr. Hoover is not the man to let things drift. He is an excellent man to get things done. He is certain to discover that very little has been done, really, to enforce prohibition. Without going one mile from the White House, his commission of inquiry will discover, for example, that in the records of the Appropriations Committee of the House of Representatives there was entered on last December 5 the opinion of the Prohibition Commissioner that the sum of $300,000,000 annually would be needed for a real effort at enforcement. If Mr. Hoover is in earnest in his wish to enforce the Volstead act without amendment, and if he is able to carry Congress with him on this new crusade, the country is certain to see a profound alteration in the chief emphasis of its Federal budget. It is certain to see new courts created, new armies of enforcement officers, recruited, new penalties imposed.

For ourselves, we do not regret the fact that the country is now about to witness a test of prohibition in a new mood and on an entirely new scale. For since the American people are not ready to modify the law the best alternative is a real effort to enforce it. The Republican party has accepted the responsibility for such an effort. It has full power. There can be no excuse if it fails. Mr. Hoover has his mandate and we shall see what we shall see.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

—:o:—

David Goldstein, a Hebrew bachelor, is touring Mississippi under the auspices of the Knights of Columbus, delivering a series of lectures on "What's Wrong With the Family." In furtherance of the spirit of harmony, the Ku Klux Klan ought to furnish Mr. Goldstein with special music preceding his lectures.

—:o:—

Someone asks if we ever witnessed a groomless wedding. Well, hardly, but since we come to think it over, we have seen them when the poor man was led to the altar as a sheep to slaughter, with about as much backbone as a twine string—no ideas of his own, no hopes of his own, and just enough ambition to answer yes to questions propounded to him by the marriage officer. Yes, there are groomless weddings. To many to marry, also. So says The Stanberry (Mo.) Headlight.

INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS

In the end all economic questions with their problems must be answered by actual results, and can not be by argument, discourses and able papers. One phase of the economic side is that of national needs and application of practices regardless of other countries. The international side is lost sight of, for the conditions of each are different. So it is that conferences on economics attended by delegates from nations far apart from each other in natural conditions, find it impossible to agree upon uniform practices. Differing countries have differing tariffs, differing treatment as to methods to encourage navigation and other subjects, hence these representatives upon some important bearing points do not seem able to meet on a common ground. If it were possible to bring the civilized world under one government, establishing uniform laws for all, do away with all existing barriers, with trade, business, manufacturing under equal laws and regulations, there would still be the natural advantages to consider.

There is soil, climate, water, harbors, valleys and mountains, with other factors bearing on the economic side. There would be disadvantages of some countries that would have to be equalized some way, if there were to be internationalism instead of nationalism. It might be a better and brighter world provided man was willing to conform his nature and disposition to the changed order of things.

But to the economic side may be added a gain. The world has agreed that however it may disagree as to some fundamentals in its interchanges, it must agree upon a uniform valuation of money. Naturally, the World war disarranged this sound basis and nations concerned have gradually resumed their normal status. All the world agrees upon gold and silver as a medium for money and upon the gold basis each country issues its paper currency. The world can agree in this one factor of economics, for it realizes that for one country to do any business with another there must be a mometary circulation valued in gold. It can not agree upon tariffs but it can upon its medium of exchanges. Economics is great.

—:o:—

THE WAY TO THE WHITE HOUSE

They have come by various ways to the White House. Most of them by way of the law; some by way of party service; some by military glamour; one, by the intervention of Providence, so many believe; one by the people's intuitive recognition of his sturdy character. Mr. Hoover comes to the White House by way of Australia, China, Russia, the Road to Mandalay, by humanitarianism in the collossal scale of the World War, by the accollade of business on his administration of the Department of Commerce.

French papers describe the President as a self-made man, pre-eminently qualified for the office. His professional career gives Mr. Hoover an international imprint which none of his predecessors has had. Industrially he is a cosmopolitan perhaps without parallel anywhere in the longitude and latitude of personal experience.

Were a favorable trade balance the sole, or even the first, consideration of Government, there could be no dissent from the verdict of his exceptional equipment for the office. Certainly prosperity should be safe in his competent hands. But what would it profit this nation to gain the whole world and lose its soul? That is a question we may ask ourselves today, not with doubt or foreboding, but with a proper degree of solemnitp.

"When there is no vision the people perish." That was the bibical verse which Mr. Hoover chose to kiss in taking the oath of office. Perhaps there is augury in that choice. Certainly Mr. Hoover enters upon the succession with a rare abundance of popular faith and good will.

—:o:—

ALSO OUR HOLIDAY

At last Ireland has come into her own!

St. Patrick's Day has been declared a major holiday in the Irish Free State. At that, they have nothing on us.

We are also going to take a full day off on March 17th.

Every factory, bank, school, and business house in the United States will be closed on St. Patrick's Day.

If you don't believe it, look at the calendar.

—:o:—

FOR SALE

120 young Barred Rock hens now laying 50%, $1.40 each.—Mrs. Frank Schlichtemier, Nehawka, Neb.

m4-4sw

SOUTH CAROLINA ACTS

And now comes South Carolina, heretofore regarded as the most backward of Southern states with a $75,000,000 bond issue for the building of modern highways.

A bill authorizing the bond issue has passed the South Carolina legislature, and organization work for the program is getting under way. The Columbia State, in discussing the object subject says:

"We feel that it is the most important and constructive legislation adopted in South Carolina in many years, and it will usher in an era of great progress for our state."

It undoubtedly will, not only for South Carolina, in many years, and it will usher but for any other state that makes up its mind to put thru a modern highway program in this generation, and not piddle with the problem through adoption of a "Pay As You Go" policy.

Mississippi and Alabama, unfortunately, are the only two Southern states that have not adopted constructive road-building programs. The peanut politicians insist on holding them down in the mud.

—:o:—

President Hoover has appointed Farmer Hyde, of Missouri, as Secretary of Agriculture. We never knew before that Mr. Hyde had any special knowledge of agriculture. Possibly he gained this knowledge by his observation of town cows while running a garage at Trenton, Mo.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss.

In the County Court.

In the matter of the estate of Fritz Kehne, deceased.

To the creditors of said estate:

You are hereby notified, that I will sit at the County Court room in Plattsmouth, in said county, on the 29th day of March, 1929, and on the 1st day of July, 1929, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of each day to receive and examine all claims against said estate, with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for the presentation of claims against said estate is three months from the 29th day of March, A. D. 1929, and the time limited for payment of debts is One Year from 29th day of March, 1929.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court this 23rd day of February, 1929.

A. H. DUXBURY,
(Seal) County Judge.
C. E. MARTIN,
f25-4w Attorney.

ORDER OF HEARING and Notice on Petition for Settlement of Account

In the County Court of Cass County, Nebraska:

State of Nebraska, Cass County, ss.

To heirs at law and all persons interested in the estate of Isaac S. Hall, deceased:

On reading the petition of C. A. Rawls, administrator praying a final settlement and allowance of his account filed in this Court on the 11th day of March, 1929, and for decree of distribution of the residue of said estate, and for his discharge as administrator of said estate;

It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said County on the 22nd day of March, A. D. 1929, at ten o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for one week prior to said day of hearing.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and the Seal of said Court this 11th day of March, A. D. 1929.

A. H. DUXBURY,
(Seal) m11-1w. County Judge.

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.

By virtue of an Order of Sale issued by Golda Noble Beal, Clerk of the District Court within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1929, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the south front door of the Court House in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate:

A square lot out of the northwest corner of the west half of the northwest quarter of Section 23, Township 11, Range 13, East of the 6th P. M., in Cass county, Nebraska, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of said Section 23, running thence south 147.58 feet, thence running east 147.58 feet, thence running north 147.58 feet, thence running west 147.58 feet to the place of beginning, in the County of Cass, Nebraska—

The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Frank E. Vallery et al, Defendants, to satisfy a judgment of said Court recovered by Jennie A. Smith, Plaintiff against said Defendants.

Plattsmouth, Nebraska, February 16, A. D. 1929.

BERT REED,
Sheriff Cass County,
Nebraska.

f18-?

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss.

In the County Court.

In the matter of the estate of Samuel G. Latta, deceased.

To the creditors of said estate:

You are hereby notified that I will sit at the County Court room in Plattsmouth, in said county, on the 29th day of March, 1929, and on the 1st day of July, 1929, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each day, to receive and examine all claims against said estate, with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for the presentation of claims against said estate is three months from the 29th day of March, A. D. 1929, and the time limited for payment of debts is one year from said 29th day of March, 1929.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court this 18th day of February, 1929.

A. H. DUXBURY,
(Seal) f25-4w County Judge.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the District Court of Cass county, Nebraska, and according to the provisions of a decree entered by said Court on January 12, 1929, in a cause pending in said court wherein The Nebraska City Building & Loan Association, a Corporation, is plaintiff, and Louis Keil et al are defendants, commanding me to sell in the manner provided by law the real estate hereinafter described to satisfy the lien adjudged and determined against said land by said decree in favor of plaintiff in the sum of $2,502.48, with interest accruing and costs as in said decree provided, I, the undersigned Sheriff of Cass county, Nebraska, will on Saturday, March 16th, 1929, at 10:00 o'clock a. m. at the south front door of the court house in the City of Plattsmouth, in Cass county, Nebraska, offer for sale and will sell at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate in Cass county, Nebraska, to-wit:

Lot nine (9), in Block ninety-nine (99), in the City of Plattsmouth, and the east fourteen (14) feet of Lot four (4), in Block ten (10), in Young & Hays Addition to the City of Plattsmouth.

Dated this 6th day of February, 1929.

BERT REED,
Sheriff, Cass County,
Nebraska.

Pitzer & Tyler and
Lloyd E. Peterson,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

ORDER OF HEARING AND NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.

To all persons interested in the estate of John Rich, deceased:

On reading the petition of Elizabeth Heigl praying that the instrument filed in this court on the 2nd day of March, 1929, and purporting to be the last will and testament of the said deceased, may be proved and allowed and recorded as the last will and testament of John Rich, deceased; that said instrument be admitted to probate and the administration of said estate be granted to Mrs. Mary Stolcpart or any other person the court may direct, as Executor;

It is hereby ordered that you, and all persons interested in said matter, may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 29th day of March, A. D. 1929, at ten o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and that the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Witness my hand and the seal of said court, this 2nd day of March, A. D. 1929.

A. H. DUXBURY,
(Seal) m4-3w County Judge.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the District Court of Cass county, Nebraska, according to the provisions of a decree entered by said Court on January 12, 1929, in a cause pending in said court, wherein The Nebraska City Building & Loan Association, a Corporation, is plaintiff, and Emily Morrison et al are defendants, commanding me to sell in the manner provided by law the real estate hereinafter described to satisfy the lien adjudged and determined against said land by said decree in favor of plaintiff in the sum of $1,110.62, with interest accruing and costs as in said decree provided, I, the undersigned Sheriff of Cass county, Nebraska, will on Saturday, March 16th, 1929, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., at the south front door of the court house in the City of Plattsmouth, in Cass county, Nebraska, offer for sale and will sell at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate in Cass county, Nebraska, to-wit:

Lots three (3) and four (4), in Block thirty-three (33), in Young & Hays Addition to the City of Plattsmouth.

Dated this 6th day of February, 1929.

BERT REED,
Sheriff, Cass County,
Nebraska.

Pitzer & Tyler and
Lloyd E. Peterson,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Read the Journal Want-Ads.