

The Plattsmouth Journal

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AN ANCHOR OF THE SOUL

God, willing more abundantly to show unto the heirs of promise the immutability of His counsel, confirmed it by oath; that by two immutable things in which it was impossible for God to lie, we might have a strong consolation, who have fled for refuge to lay hold upon the hope set before us; which hope we have for an anchor of the soul, both sure and steadfast.—Hebrews 6:17, 19.

Talk isn't cheap when congress does the talking.

None being government officials, five Dallas (Tex.) oil men have been sent to the penitentiary.

Everybody talks Andy Snyder for sheriff. Andy is the man of the hour, and none more popular.

Hi Johnson says he is still in the race, and as a matter of fact we suppose he is—as much as he ever was.

The law says a man is innocent until he is proved guilty, but what has the law to do with most trials these days?

If the truth could be discovered it might be found that polygamy was invented by men who were trying to get a wife that would do the cooking.

Nothing bothers a woman at a card party more than to know there is an interesting conversation going on at one of the other tables which she can't quite catch.

The old fashioned girl who wore stockings over her high-top shoes in winter is now seen on the streets with feet encased in peekaboo slippers when the weather is bad.

Why is the eighteenth amendment sacred, and all the others, with the rest of the constitution, subject to suspension by judges, state's attorneys and local authorities in general?

Government investigations carried on in New Jersey show mosquitos does not sting because he is hungry. We may soon learn a lightning bug doesn't carry his light behind him to see where he has been.

Secret service agents who prevented counterfeiters of a \$1,000 bill being circulated cannot be too highly commended. It would be an awful shock to a wage earner to find two or three of them in his pay envelope.

H. C. Mencken, of the so-called Chicago school of writers, says he has run out of ideas. Having read some of Mencken's effusions, we are thoroughly convinced that he never had any ideas worth while writing about.

The Boston Tea Party was held in 1773, but the Teapot Dome Party was not held until 1924. In the Boston Tea Party men disguised as Indians worked. In the Teapot Dome Party men disguised as government officials and oil operators. The work they did was to work the government. These two historical events differ in that one was for independence and one was for something else.

A shortage of young doctors, to serve as interns at hospitals, is becoming acute. This didn't strike us as startling until we read that there are 6,830 hospitals in the country with 750,000 beds. Including people who stage their illness at home, at least half a million Americans must be laid up all the time with various maladies. Probably three-fourths of this illness is due to incorrect living—lack of exercise and fresh air, and improper diet.

A young New York woman, described by the police as a "girl with the financial wizardry of a Ponzio or a Lindsay," is charged with defrauding a society patron of \$75,000. We thought women were infringing a little too far on the exclusive rights of man when they began to wear their hair short, but, when they take up this financial wizardry business it becomes insufferable. The right to practice the profession of financial wizardry belongs to cabinet officers who sell oil leases and governors who sell pardons. Women ought to keep out of it.

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GADDING GIRLS

A contemporary remarks that young men in search for wives do not look for them among the girls who are always gadding about the streets, and that gadding girls are not worth catching, anyway.

Do young men hunt for wives anywhere? Is it not that young men fall in love with and marry girls whom they meet in ordinary social life and without any prior idea of seeking them out? It may be that widowers hunt for wives, the going being a little more difficult for them and the opportunities fewer, but the young man doesn't hunt. He meets destiny, often quite unexpectedly.

On the streets and at the theatres one may see any number of young women who would and sometimes do make good wives. Girls have to use the streets and enjoy going to shows just as other people do. But any girl can use the streets too much and become altogether too infatuated with interests outside her home. Young men who appear to have nothing to do but stand around and ogle the good looking girls are, of course, poor material to make husbands of. Many of them owe for the underwear they have on and are paying for their overcoats on the installment plan. The gadding girl is one of a class who have a lot of energy in their heels and not so much in their heads, but that is no sign that they are not worthy and staunch in character. The finest sort of girl, therefore the one who will be the best kind of a wife, is one who has some spirit and some relish for amusement and some eagerness for the things of youth, but who does not neglect cultural reading and social development and refined home life. Ask any man what kind of a girl he likes the very best of all, and he will tell you, if sincere, that he likes one who hates vulgarity and declines association with those of either sex who are coarse in their language and manners.

But so long as Bishop Brown, of Ohio, holds himself as a priest of the church into which he was ordained, and writes and preaches so-called doctrines which are denials of that church's tenets, he openly, shamefully and scandalously violates solemn pledges which he took upon himself in the name of God. If he remains in that church either as bishop or priest and continues to teach, or attempt to teach, doctrines directly contrary to the church's teachings—which he vowed to conserve and spread abroad with all diligence—he will betray a trust reposed in him, a thing no decent layman would do.

Why, he is even false to what might be called the condition of his employment. Whatever salary he receives is paid him as a priestly expense of a certain church, a Christian church, and when he denies the doctrines of that church, he—strictly, if unpleasantly, commercial viewpoint—does not ever do what he is paid to do; to the contrary, he does his best to undo what he is paid to do. No decent layman would do that.

There will be a lot of talk about "courage" and "independence," and it will all be what Henry Ford said history was—bunk. If he were courageous or independent, he would get out of the church which he is attempting to discredit. The policy of "boring from within," adopted by some of the Reds in American labor unions, requires certain other mental qualities.

When a man continues to disregard solemn obligations deliberately sought and undertaken by him, it is called by churchmen "heresy." By laymen it is called "dishonesty."

A stadium seating 115,000 will be built for the Wills-Firpo bout. Why not keep it as a place to spank people who laugh at their neighbors' colds? This would draw a capacity crowd.

Purge the attorney general's office of the cuss and all his helpers. That's the way to do the business. Clean them out.

If these charges are true mere retirement to private life is too mild a punishment for the attorney general. If they are true, the facts should be disclosed and the guilty brought to bar. If they are untrue, Mr. Daugherty's vindication should be as public and sweeping as the indictments which have been read against him, so that an innocent official may be cleared and the country reassured.

When the resolution calling for removal of Mr. Denby was being debated in the senate recently, it was vehemently described by Senator Lodge as an attempt to "lynch" the secretary of the navy.

Senator Pepper joined in the denunciation of what he regarded as the injustice of dismissing Mr. Denby without a hearing. Now we find Senators Lodge and Pepper urging President Coolidge, "for the welfare of the party," to dismiss Mr. Daugherty.

We hope that President Coolidge will be as firm in defending the integrity of the executive function against the friendly solicitations of republican senators in the case of the attorney general as he was in defending it against the less amiable representation of democratic and insurgent senators in the case of the secretary of the navy. The worst offense charged against Mr. Denby was woeful weakness and utter incompetence. High crimes and misdemeanors are imputed to Mr. Daugherty.

Such concrete and specific accusations call for a hearing and a verdict for acquittal or punishment. Mere retirement would leave the attorney general under a cloud, and it would not satisfy the country.

HERESY OR DISHONESTY

Now that Bishop William Montgomery Brown, of Ohio, has formally been charged with "extreme heresy" by three other bishops ostensibly voiced in the name of "religious freedom," "freedom of belief," "freedom of speech," "revolt against ecclesiastical tyranny" and the like. For weeks and weeks the eastern part of the United States, in particular, went through all that in connection with the bombast of the much advertised and advertising Percy Stickney Grant. There will be more of that now, because the man charged with heresy is a bishop.

All these outbursts are and will be based upon a wholly false premise. Mr. Brown, of Ohio, is fully within his rights as a man and a citizen of the United States in believing and preaching and writing any sort of religion he pleases—provided he does not attempt to retain the office either of bishop or priest of the Protestant Episcopal church. If he were to resign, unfrock himself, join another church if there is any which holds as he believes, form a new church, or be a whole church in himself, the Protestant Episcopal church would have no more to do with his preachments than it has to do with the internal administration of any mosque in Turkey.

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DEATH IN THE COLISEUM

Last week a lion killed a man in the Roman Coliseum, or Flavian amphitheatre, and people have shuddered with horror at the news, thru out the civilized world. The man's fate was of course wholly unintended, and was merely an accident of undue carelessness in the making of a motion picture film. Preparations are being made, we are told in the cablegrams from Rome, for the criminal prosecution of those who were responsible for such fatal carelessness.

And still we are sometimes told that the world is getting no better, as the ages role on. The day has been when well towards 100,000 people crowded into that amphitheater for the express purpose of seeing combats of men with wild beasts, in which the men were often the victims. If a man were slain by a lion and dragged out in those days, the prevailing attitude was rather that of impatient haste for the next fight than of pity for the fallen. With the emperor and senate themselves sanctioning and watching the games, in especially reserved seats, no such idea as the prosecution of those who were responsible for the deaths that occurred ever entered anybody's head.

It is true that there were individuals who did not like it. Cicero expressed his disgust for such bloody spectacles more than a century before the Flavian amphitheater was built. But it was not until the spirit of Christianity had been working for some generations in Rome that the sand in various Roman amphitheaters ceased to be reddened with frequent baths of human blood, to satisfy the popular desire for sensational entertainment. One who imagines that the ages have been no general improvement has not read history very carefully.

The rainbow of hope ever spans the Niagara of our earthly experience in its maddest, wildest plunges.

Her worth shines forth the brightest, who in hope confides.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE

In the District Court of Cass county, Nebraska.

In the matter of the application of Hans Sievers, Administrator of the estate of Helene Hilbert, deceased, for license to sell real estate to pay debts.

Now, on this 23rd day of February, 1924, comes Hans Sievers, administrator of the estate of Helene Hilbert, deceased, and presents his petition for a license to sell the real estate of the deceased, to pay debts, which is a debt against said estate as provided by Section 1222 of the Compiled Statutes of 1922, and the expense of said administration, and that it is necessary to sell the whole or some part of the real estate of said deceased for the payment of such allowance or debt and the costs of administration.

It is therefore ordered and adjudged that all persons interested in the estate of said Helene Hilbert, deceased, appear before me, James T. Begley, Judge of the District Court of the County of Cass, Nebraska, on the 12th day of April, 1924, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any there be why such license should not be granted to Hans Sievers, Administrator of said estate, to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased as may be necessary to pay such allowance or debt, together with costs of administration.

It is further ordered that notice be given to all persons interested by the publication of this Order to Show Cause for four successive weeks in the Plattsmouth Journal, a legal newspaper published and of general circulation in said County of Cass.

By order of the Court.
JAMES T. BEGLEY,
Judge of the District Court

125-4w.

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.
By virtue of an Order of Sale issued by James Robertson, Clerk of the District Court within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 22nd day of March, A. D. 1924, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day at the south front door of the court house in Plattsmouth in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described property, to-wit:
Lots one (1) and two (2) in Block thirty-nine, (39) in Young & Hayes Addition to the City of Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska—
The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Frank Dettel and Amelia Dettel, defendants, to satisfy a judgment of said Court recovered by The Standard Savings & Loan Association of Omaha, Nebraska, plaintiff against said defendants. Plattsmouth, Nebraska, January 22nd, A. D. 1924.
E. P. STEWART,
Sheriff of Cass county, Nebraska.
O. W. JOHNSON,
Attorney. 121-5w.

Railroads Support One-Seventh of Population

THE railroads of the United States use in one form or another 30% of the Iron and Steel produced in this country. Of the more than 1,600,000 workers in that industry, the product of something like 500,000 is bought by the railroads.

Of Bituminous Coal the same railroads consume 28%. Engaged in the mining of this coal are 600,000 workers, of whom 168,000 are employed only because their product is needed for the making of transportation.

They also use 25% of the Lumber output, which takes more than 500,000 workers to supply, and the railroads are therefore indirectly employing 125,000 persons in this occupation.

The railroads have nearly two million employees of their own.

With their families, the employees of these few industries represent 12,000,000 people whose support is derived from the railroads, including smaller related industries, not less than one-seventh of the entire population is dependent upon railroad work.

The railroads could not prosper without the other groups, nor they without the railroads.

Co-operation is the keystone of our highly specialized civilization; and in the last analysis each man works for the other.

FOR SALE
Cow fresh March 4th. Call or address D. A. Young, Murray. 128-1f 5w

NOTICE OF SUIT TO FORECLOSE MORTGAGE

In the District Court of the County of Cass, Nebraska.

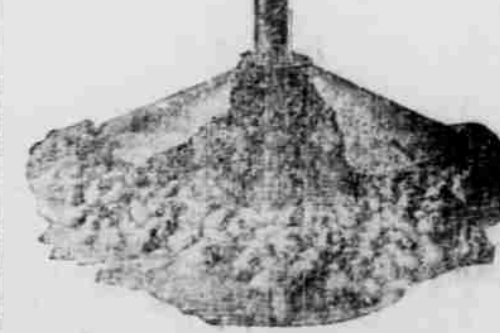
Caroline Propst, Plaintiff, vs. Robert L. Propst et al, Defendants.
To the defendants Robert L. Propst and Mayola D. Propst:
You and each of you are hereby notified that on the 9th day of February, 1924, the plaintiff Caroline Propst, filed her suit in the District Court of the County of Cass, Nebraska, against you and each of you, implored with others; the object and prayer of which is to foreclose a mortgage given by Robert L. Propst and wife to plaintiff bearing date November 21, 1921, conveying to plaintiff Lots 7 and 8 in Block 20, City of Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, filed December 5, 1921, in Book 48, page 356, Mortgage Records of Cass County, Nebraska, to secure the payment for six promissory notes dated November 21, 1921, being one note of \$250.00 and five notes of \$500.00 each, and \$250.00 note being payable in installments of \$25.00 each on the first day of each month, beginning January 1, 1922, on which the first four payments of \$25.00 each have been paid; said \$500.00 notes payable in one, two, three, four and five years respectively from November 21, 1921, the first of which has been paid; all of said notes bearing interest at 6 per cent until maturity and 10 per cent thereafter; that plaintiff prays that an account may be taken of the amount due plaintiff on her said notes and mortgage, that it be decreed that plaintiff have a first lien on said premises; that defendants be decreed to pay plaintiff the amount so found due; that in default thereof, said mortgaged premises be sold according to law and each and all of the defendants be forever barred and foreclosed of any and all right, title, interest or equity of redemption in and to said premises; that out of the proceeds, plaintiff be paid the amount due together with costs and that plaintiff be allowed to recover a deficiency judgment against the defendant Robert L. Propst, and for equitable relief.

You and each of you are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, March 31, 1924, or your default will be duly entered and a decree of foreclosure granted as prayed in said petition.

Of all of which you will take due notice.
Dated February 18, 1924.
CAROLINE PROPOST, Plaintiff.

W. A. ROBERTSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff. 118-4w

The primary is not far off. Get yourselves in line.



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Why experiment with unknown and untried brooding equipment? Buy a "National" at our risk. Sold on thirty days' trial, money-back guarantee. Made for Coal, Oil or Gas.

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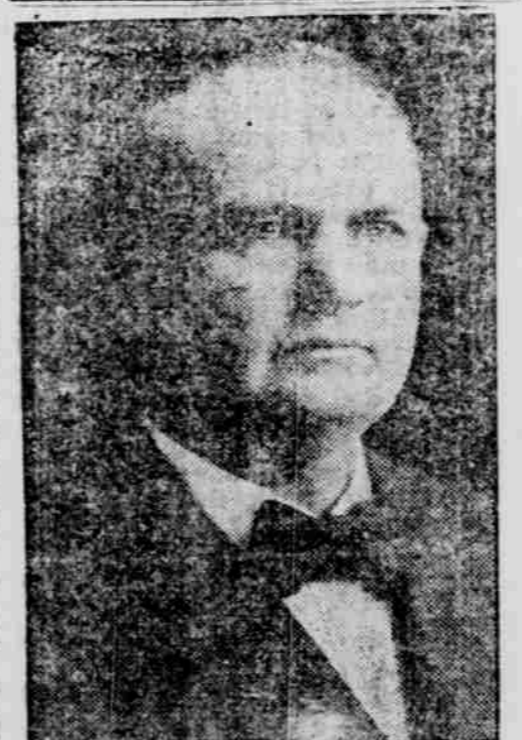
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James Walsh, President J. F. McArdle, Sec'y

Insures Farm Property and City Dwellings
Offers the best policy and contract for less money. Best and cheapest insurance company doing business in Nebraska. Pays the loss promptly. 7,200 members. Organized in 1895. Insurance in force, \$67,000,000. Call or write TODAY — tomorrow may be TOO LATE.

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2615 Harney Street Omaha, Nebraska



William A. Selleck For Congress First District

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES APRIL 8
Former State Senator.
Member Constitutional Convention 1919-1920.
Past President Lincoln Chamber of Commerce.
Past Pres. Lincoln Y. M. C. A.
Past Pres. Lincoln Community Chest.
Pres. Lincoln State National Bank.
A Man of unusual ability and sound judgment