

THE HERALD.

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McKEIGHAN is bound to die in the ditch he is still in Lincoln instead of attending to his duty at Washington.

It is now asserted that Tammany will lead the inaugural procession at Washington, but it is not known what effect it will have upon the solemn responsibility of Cleveland.

We do not hear any democratic congressman saying anything about repealing the McKinley tariff law. They seem to have forgotten all about such a law since the election.

When McKeighan was accused of getting drunk, he said he only drank red-eye for his brain and if it was good for such men as Henry Jackson or Carlisle it ought to be good for him.

An exchange says, "ocean cables stretch 120,250 miles." That is nothing compared with the calamity orators stretched the truth when talking about the McKinley bill.—Beatrice times.

HARRISON has added 8600 persons to the classified list of the civil service, against 7300 added by Cleveland; and this is only one of the many ways in which he has done better than his predecessor.

The Union Pacific railroad has closed a contract whereby it will carry all of the oranges from the Pacific coast to the east. The amount this year is estimated to be between 4,000 and 5,000 cars.

It is said that mail matter dropped in the postoffice at Paris is delivered in Berlin in an hour and a half, and sometimes in thirty five minutes. The distance between the cities is 750 miles and the mail is sent by means of pneumatic tubes.

The supreme court of Illinois has granted a new trial to Coughlin one of the murderers of Dr. Cronin. We do not see the good sense of granting a new trial and it is hoped that the friends of Dr. Cronin will not allow this fellow to escape after all.

EDITOR SHERMAN of the Plattsmouth Journal, that true blood democrat and inevitable delegate, has repudiated J. Sterling Morton and will never say good word for him again. The editor is bourbon and as bitter as gall.—Nebraska City Press. No Brother Sherman is only opposed to Morton because he is afraid Morton will interfere with Sherman's pet—Bryan's schemes. Whenever Morton comes up for office in the democratic party no matter what he has done, Sherman will come around and be his strongest supporter, he always gets in line under the party lash.

The chaplain of the Colorado house of representatives, gives rather a practical turn to this supplication. The following prayer from his lips caused an uproar that shook the buildings. "We shall pray especially for the majority of this house. We hope that they will be better than the last legislature or else that they may not have a majority of one. We are told to pray for our enemies, and we do so, so far as they need our prayers, and we hope all party lines may be covered up; and we pray for the populists and the democrats, and we hope that they will be resigned to their fate. We thank God for allowing us to live in this glorious country, and we hope now that all the offices are filled there will be harmony. May God bless us all."

SONOMA county, California, will send a unique exhibit to the World's Fair. It will be a representation of the geysers, one of the great natural curiosities of the state. The model will be thirty-two feet long, twenty-eight feet wide and four feet high. It is made of iron, and is painted to resemble the real thing. It is a masterpiece of art and science, and will be a great attraction at the fair.

OUR ROADS.

There has been a good deal, both written and said about our country roads so we have taken no little pains to look the matter up and we agree with the masses of the people that it is high time some permanent system was adopted for the improvement of the roads. We find that Cass county alone spends over \$20,000 a year upon her roads and work is only temporary and has to be done over each year and the state of Nebraska has spent during the past ten years in so called road building nearly \$100,000,000. The money has in the greater part been wasted by piling mud on top of mud, "fill up chuck holes" that the next heavy rain made as bad as ever. The first requisite to a good road is good drainage. Given that a road can be passable, except in very bad weather. Where gravel is used, we find it is better than dirt as a roadbed, and vitrified brick or broken stones is a good substitute. Gravel it is said is very plentiful in Nebraska and as vitrified brick can be made almost anywhere it should be used where the gravel could not be had.

It is said by those who have made a study that the loss to the farmers of the United States by chronically bad roads was one thousand millions of dollars a year and the following is the way this enormous amount is reached;

The quality of goods transported by rail and water through the United States is equal to 900,000,000 tons; these figures are indisputable, being taken from the returns of the transportation companies. But every ton of this vast aggregate has to be hauled to the rail-ways or to the docks of the vessels by which it is carried for long distances; horses and wagons haul all of it for a greater or less distance. Leaving out the haulage from factories in cities and from mines near to railroads or docks, through much of the latter is done by farmers who "do a little hauling between crops," and a safe estimate leaves 500,000,000 tons of farm products to be carried a greater or less distance over country roads. It costs the farmer about 25 cents a mile to haul over ordinary dirt roads one ton of grain or other material. A railway carries it at less than one-fourth of a cent. The farmer never can haul so cheaply as a railway can, but he can reduce his average cost of 25 cents to about 6 cents. By actual experiment it is found that a team will haul 138 per cent more weight on a gravel road than on a good dirt road, and 300 per cent more than a dirt road that is not in first class condition. On a macadamized road a team will haul 300 per cent more freight than on a good dirt road. These are no conjectural estimates; they are figures determined by tests.

Far beyond the tariff, beyond the silver question, beyond the rate of interest question, beyond the railway freight question, beyond any other question, the good road question is of importance to the pockets of the the farming community. Bad roads occasion a yearly waste of money that is ten and a half times as great combine revenues of tariffs and direct taxes levied by the national administration.

"THE biggest little city in the country," is what an adopted citizen of New Orleans calls that town. With but little more than a quarter of a million inhabitants, the Crescent city has most of the features of a true capital and metropolis. It is among the few towns in our country that can be compared with New York in respect of their metropolitan qualifications, but New Orleans leads all the rest, though in population it is small beside any of the others. It has an old and exclusive society, whose claims would be acknowledged in any of our cities. It supports grand opera, its clubs are fully what the term implies, and not mere empty club houses. It has theatres and public and church buildings. The joys of the table, which Chesterfield ranked first among the dissipations of intellectual men, are provided not only in many fine restaurants and in the club, but in a multitude of homes. No city has finer markets. Its commerce is with all the world, and its population is cosmopolitan, with all which a long continuance of those conditions implies. Like the

WOMEN OF IRRITABLE TEMPER.

It is like living in a den of scolding animals to live with a person who has this sort of temper, writes Ella Wilcox in an article on "The Destroyers of Domestic Edens," in the February Ladies' Home Journal. Many an Eden is destroyed by it, while the possessor prides himself upon being a good christian, and doing his whole duty by his family. Yet, if the soup lacks a little salt, or contains a little too much pepper, if a meal is a moment delayed, if a child is noisy in its mirth, if a drawer sticks, or a door slams, or a chair creaks, each trifle calls forth an exhibition of disagreeable temper, which ruins the comfort and peace of the household for an hour. Many a woman is addicted to this sort of temper, and calls it "her nerves," and considers herself the most devoted wife and mother in the world. Yet if she is obliged to delay her dinner for any member of the family, if she is called from one task to perform another, if the children scatter their playthings, or leave their school books in the parlor, she indulges in such petulant scolding that a gloom settles over the whole household. She would consider it no difficult thing to die for that household, if it were demanded of her. But to control her irritable temper is a task too great to demand of her. And so the Eden is destroyed, and the children grow up eager to get out of the home where everything is uncomfortable, and the parents wonder why all their sacrifices are so poorly appreciated, why their children for whom they have toiled and saved, seem to care so little about their home, and why they seem so anxious to seek pleasures elsewhere.

PROTECTION ON THE SEA.

Lewis Cass, a veteran democrat, said in the United States senate in 1852, in advocating government aid to the Collins line, which was not granted, much to the joy of the Cundarders: "well, sir, it is a question of protection—of high and important and holy protection, in the best sense of the term—the protection of our country, of our expatriated seamen, of our commerce, of our interests, of our honor, of our soil, of all that gives dignity and character to nations, protection against defeat, disgrace and dishonor on the sea. This kind of protection to our commerce is as effectual as the protection afforded by expensive naval armaments."

THE DEMOCRATIC RECORD.

DURING the reign and rule of democratic free trade for ten years prior to the war the United States lost over \$400,000,000 in gold to Europe. Nothing but the immense amount of gold dug from the mines of California saved the nation from financial ruin at that time. The following is the record showing the excess of exports of specie:

Table with 2 columns: Year and Amount. 1851: \$24,019,249. 1852: 37,169,091. 1853: 23,281,493. 1854: 34,345,152. 1855: 52,587,531. 1856: 41,537,853. 1857: 56,075,123. 1858: 33,358,651. 1859: 59,452,622. 1860: 57,996,104. Total: \$417,423,879.

EXACTLY SO.

The eminent merchant of New York City, Cornelius N. Bliss, speaking of the tariff says: "I do not regard the verdict at the polls last November as settling the question. A good many people evidently thought they would like to try free trade, and so voted the democratic ticket. They will have had all they want of free trade based on wages. If the same rate of wages prevailed over the world there would be no necessity for protective tariff. Our manufacturers must reduce the scale of wages to the European standard the moment the protective tariff is abolished or go out of business."

THERE can be no mistaking the representative character of the British agricultural conference which has lately adopted, with practical unanimity, a strongly protectionist resolution. That conference was composed of delegates from local agricultural associations in England, Scotland

ANOTHER SOUTHERN LYNCHING.

In Gaston, Kentucky, last week, two colored men were hung to a flag staff in front of the postoffice in broad day light. The people of the south will grow bolder, in their outrages on colored people until the colored race will rise up and in a terrible manner wreak vengeance on its oppressors. The time may come when the south will appeal to the north for protection from the furies it is now planting in the hearts of the southern colored people. In the Gaston outrages the colored men were not guilty of the crime, that is usually made an excuse for such summary proceedings, assaults on white women. They had done no more than thousands of white men have done in the south, killed another man. The colored race has been long the suffering and longer in patience, but it will not always remain insensible of the wrongs that are done to it. The south will have a bigger problem than it now anticipates if it continues in its present policy.—Iowa Register.

THE people of Nebraska will observe that their legislature is not doing much, but spend the states money.

NOTES FROM EXCHANGES.

From the Ledger. Syl Hathway one day last week while loading ice in some way let a large cake fall on his left leg, causing a fracture of the tibia just below the knee. He was brought to town and Dr. Davis attended him. It is feared the injury will be permanent.

L. G. Todd departed last week for Texas and expects to gone ten days.

Burglars paid our village another visit last week but got nothing of any value.

Brakeman A. C. Duggy has been laying off on account of sickness.

From the Eagle. Miss Myrtle Dean received a handsome upright piano the past week of which she is justly proud, inasmuch as she has earned and paid for it herself.

Little Johnnie, the 13 year-old baby boy of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Osenkep, died Saturday morning. The remains were taken to Louisville for interment in the family burying ground.

Elmwood is talking up a cob pipe factory. And she will get it too, for she is a hustler. Eagle could just as well as not have had a cob pipe factory, a canning concern or steam mill if all would but work together.

Miss Grace Brown, accompanied by her friend, Miss Dell Hassack of Reserve, Kan., spent Saturday, Sunday and Monday, the guests of Q. P. Brown, the M. P. agent.

J. A. Vierson, a gentleman from Kansas, has taken possession of the M. P. hotel and trusts to merit a share of the patronage of the people by good, clean, substantial meals.

From the Courier Journal. BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hase-meir, a bouncing baby boy Friday, January 20th, 1893.

Mr. Ashman has moved his family and household goods to this city. Mr. Ashman has accepted the managing of the Waterman lumber yard. We heartily welcome them to our city.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ahl returned Tuesday from a three week's visit in Santa Rosa, California. They report having a nice time, and say that farmers in California are sowing grain; flowers are in bloom and everything has a sunny summer appearance.

The frost bitten calf, who acts as soliciting correspondent for the Plattsmouth News, was in our city Sunday, looking after the interests of that sheet and in Wednesday's News he gives our city a write-up and says, "Louisville is a quiet, little town." Why didn't he come around during a week day when business was humming, and then give us a "blow."

From the Eagle. Charlie Beach was a victim of another accident a few days since. His father was assisting him to cut down a tree. When it was nearly down his father stuck the axe in the tree, leaving Charlie to finish the job. Before the tree fell, the axe came down, splitting Charlie's leg in a horrible shape. And he has concluded to lay his axe on the ground after this. Dr. Buttler was called to repair the damage.

son of William the owner of a sort time ago, he put it to was the leg of his love the ankle. was loaded of it would not Dr. Hall would ce to care for

Barnum Torrence met with what might have been a very serious accident yesterday. While driving his team near the corner of E. E. Day's elevator the horses gave a sudden start throwing Barnum out of the sleigh backwards, alighting on the back of his head. He was picked up in an unconscious condition and carried to the office of Dr. Butler where his only hurt was found to be a small cut on the back of his head, his brain received a very severe shock at the same time. The doctor thinks that he will soon be all right again.

From the Echo. The fourth and last car of lumber for the new opera house arrived last week and was unloaded on the ground. Durbin Bros, who will do the work have already got out much of the casing and frames, and as soon as the weather will permit the constructions will commence.

Miss Alpha Eells was kindly remembered by her papa last week with a beautiful upright piano, which prize Miss Alpha appreciates very highly. She has been taking a thorough course in instrumental music at Lincoln the past two years and now the Eells domicile rings with sweet music.

John R. Baird returned last Friday evening from his old home in Ontario, and he says he enjoyed the trip immense, but there is one business point he has salted down, and that is that the whole of Canada is decidedly democratic when talking upon U. S. politics. This is proof enough for John that all the U. S. should be republican.

The carpenters commenced work on Henry Holenbeck's elegant new residence Tuesday morning and the work is progressing rapidly with Ede & Uhley at the helm. The structure promises to be one of the most unique and best in the city. The residences in Elmwood, as a rule, are all pretty nice, and we rejoice to see so many more under course of construction.

From the Register. Lewis Phylan, left last Monday for Huntington, West, Va., to visit relatives and friends.

Mr. Beeman, who, with his family have been visiting relatives at Pacific Junction, since the holidays, returned home last week.

Last Wednesday while the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Beeman, was playing on the floor it came across a hair pin, the child like placed it in its mouth. Later it fell down and inflicted a very serious, if not a dangerous wound.

PEOPLE AND AFFAIRS.

Oskalosa Herald.—During the late war, on the Union side, 1 in every 28 men were killed, 1 in every 13 men died of disease—averaging 1 in every 9 men dying that the nation might live to see and hear cowards disparage them and their comrades yet living, because of a pension bill paid by the whiskey tax.

BEN BUTLER AND THE SPOONS.

I remember well a meeting in Hartford, Conn., when, soon after the general had commenced speaking, a tipsy individual cried out in a loud voice: "Gen. Butler, tell us something about those spoons you stole in New Orleans!" The general replied by saying he would tell all about it when he got through, and went on with his speech. When he ceased speaking and was gathering up his notes and papers preparatory to leaving the stand without making the explanation asked for the same voice was heard again and in a very peremptory tone demanded an explanation as to those "stolen spoons." "Ah yes," responded the general. "The matter had escaped my memory." Then in his most persuasive tones he innocently inquired: "Are you a republican, my friend?" "I am," rejoined the other, "and I am proud of it." "So was I," sharply retorted the general, "when I stole those spoons," and turning about he left the stand amid such a storm of laughter and applause as was never heard before in that hall. The "howls of laughter" in this case were evident on the general's side.

The family medicine of the world —TUTT'S PILLS.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. M. J. McDonald in South Park, last Tuesday morning a 12 pound girl.

WILL STAND TRIAL. The men in the county jail on the charge of hog stealing are not so anxious to begin serving their term in the penitentiary as they were and their attorney has notified County Attorney Morgan that they have refused to plead guilty; consequently no special term of court will be held. Judge Chapman was notified today that it was not necessary for him to come down next Thursday.—Nebraska City News.

"Crown cough cure warranted to cure by Brown & Barret.

Legal Notice. In the district court of Cass county, Nebraska. Paulina Barrett and Susan A. Brookings, Referee's Sale in Partition. Ethel D. Hewins. Under and by virtue of a commission directed to us, from the district court of Cass county, Nebraska, in a cause therein pending wherein the heirs of Sarah L. Stucker and their assigns seek partition of realty belonging to her estate in the above entitled cause. The undersigned referees will, upon the 18th day of February A. D. 1893, at the south door of the court house of Cass county, Nebraska, at 10 o'clock p. m. of said day, sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, viz: The north half of the southeast quarter of section twenty-two (22) in township 19 north, range eleven (11) in Cass county, Nebraska. Said sale will remain open for one hour. F. M. WOLCOTT, G. H. WOODS, T. M. HOWARD, Referees. Dated this 14th day of January A. D. 1893.

Legal Notice. Under and by virtue of an execution issued by W. H. Dearing, clerk of the district court of Cass county, Nebraska, in favor of the First National Bank of Plattsmouth and against George S. Billings and Adeline Billings and against William Tighe as surety, which judgment on the 24th day of September, 1892, was duly transmitted to said district court, I have levied upon the following described real estate as the property of the said George S. Billings and Adeline Billings, to-wit: commencing at a point 68 and 7/16 feet west of the southeast corner of lot 12, section 18, township 12, range 14 east and south line of the sw quarter thence south 12 degrees 31' and 12' feet thence east 26 feet to place of beginning; also commencing at a point 158 feet north of the southeast corner of the sw quarter of the section 18 township 12, range 14 thence west 34 feet to place of beginning, thence west 92 feet thence north 18 feet, thence east 90 feet, thence south 135 feet to the place of beginning known as a part of lot 7, section 15, town 15, range 14 containing two houses also commencing at a point 20 feet west of the northwest corner of lot 12, section 18 township 12, range 14 east, thence running south 57 degrees 12' to the place of beginning, thence south 12 degrees 31' and 12' feet thence east to place of beginning, known as a part of lot 12, section 18, township 12, range 14, containing two houses; also commencing at a point 101 feet west of the southeast corner of section 15, township 12, range 14 east, thence running east 30 rods, thence north 24 rods to place of beginning, thence east 90 feet, thence north 32 feet to the place of beginning, containing one house, and I will on the 18th day of February, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day at the front door of the court house in said county, in Plattsmouth, sell said district court public auction to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said execution, the amount due thereon being the sum of \$500.00, with ten per cent interest from September 7th, 1892, \$65.00 costs, and accruing costs. J. I. UNKUR, Coroner Cass County, Nebraska. Dated January 11th, 1893.

Legal Notice. State of Nebraska, ss. County of Cass. By virtue of an order of sale issued to me, Kenben W. Myers, by W. H. Dearing, clerk of the District court of Cass county, Nebraska, upon a judgment of foreclosure entered in said district court, and a decree thereof marshalling the assets of Thomas J. Thomas and Albin A. Thomas, and said judgment being in favor of Susana Thomas in the sum of \$200.00, and Nicholas Holmes, and Ami B. Todd for \$252.28, and Calvin H. Parmele in the sum of \$218.25, and general judgment in the sum of \$108.47, and general judgment creditors according to their priority of record, directing me to sell to satisfy said judgment, and the following tracts, parts and parcels of land to satisfy said decree of date December 31st A. D. 1892, viz: That part of government lot No. five (5) in the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter, also known as subdivided lot four (4) and eight (8) said last two numbers referring to the same tract of land as government lot No. five (5), containing about eight (8) acres according to government survey. All of government lots three (3) and four (4) except lot (4) in the northwest side of the B. & M. R. R. Co. in Nebraska, and ten (10) acres known as subdivision lot (10) in the southwest corner of government lot (10) containing about 96.70 acres according to government survey. Also the west half of the southeast quarter, and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter, all of the above and foregoing lands being situated in section thirty-two (32), township thirteen (13) north of range thirteen (13) east of the 6th p. m.

Also the east half of the northwest quarter of section nine (9), and the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter, and the east half of the southeast quarter and the west half of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section eight (8), all in township twelve (12) north, of range thirteen (13) in Cass county, Nebraska. And I will, on the 8th day of February A. D. 1893, at one o'clock p. m. of said day, at the south door of the court house of Cass county, in the city of Plattsmouth, sell real estate at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said decree. The aggregate amount of said judgment being \$230.00, and charges of costs amounting to \$23.00 and accruing costs. Dated this 14th day of January A. D. 1893. KEBURN W. MYERS, Receiver.

Notice. Notice is hereby given that bids will be received up till noon of February 10, 1893, for the printing of Court Docket, Commissioners Proceedings, Road Notices, and Treasurers Statements for the year 1893. Commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids. Said bids to be filed in my office. Please state on envelope "Bid for County Printing." Plattsmouth, Neb., January 6, 1893. FRANK DICKSON, County Clerk.

What Can't Pull Out? Why the Non-pull-out. Bow on the Jas. Boss Filled Watch Cases, made by the Keystone Watch Case Company, Philadelphia. It protects the Watch from the pick-pocket, and prevents it from dropping. Can only be had with cases stamped with this trade mark. Sold, without extra charge for this bow (ring), through Watch dealers only. Ask your jeweler for pamphlet, or send to makers.