

THE free wool bill passed the house yesterday by a vote of 104 to 60.

THE republicans carried the day in South Omaha, the stronghold of the boubons, where the independents and republicans elected their ticket.

IF China wants to retaliate, let her do so. We don't want any more Chinese immigrants, and we are going to use all legitimate means to keep them out.

WEeping WATER is troubled with tramps and the Republican wants a stone pile to utilize the wasted energy of the twenty five bums that drop in there each day.

THE treasury's cash balance is growing. This is a highly encouraging condition of things, but we notice that the democratic papers have forgotten to mention it.

THE democrats are sure to lose New York this fall, and where are they going to get the votes to make up this loss? They are sure to be beaten worse than they were in 1888.

THERE is not one democrat in five that believes Cleland can carry New York this year, but they are bound to nominate him and are willing to take all risks, as the condition of things forces them to.

NEW YORK has often knocked out the west in democratic national conventions, and it will do the same this year. It is only in the republican national convention that the 'good western man' has a chance.

THE St. Louis Republic thinks the democracy will come west this year for a presidential candidate and that it will light on Governor Boies of Iowa. If it should do so politics will be lively in Iowa this fall, and don't you forget it.

THE inventor of the age, Mr. Edison, has invented a machine that will project a torpedo two miles under water and keep it there ready to be exploded at the pleasure of the man in the ship from where it was started.

VICE PRESIDENT MORTON says he will accept a renomination, and the party cannot do any better than to give it to him. He has made an efficient officer, and he is strong in the state that will probably decide the election.

THE farmers evidently have a little surplus money to invest, as a number of them have already contracted for new homes to be built this summer. It is a pretty good sign that the country is prospering when the farmers provide better homes for themselves.

CHICAGO wants more war vessels on the lakes; she is afraid that if war should ever be declared between the United States and England that the great city of the west would be shelled. She need not fear before that ever happens, Edison, America's greatest inventor, or some other inventive genius will have invented a machine or contrivance that will lay the modern implements of warfare along side of the old flint arrow.

IN all the history of this nation there has never been a law enacted by congress and signed by a president so beneficial to the American farmer as is the McKinley tariff law. Its good effects has been felt in the homes of every farmer in the nation, its influence has reached along every channel of agriculture. It has touched the dozen of eggs and the pound of butter; the potato has been stimulated to a larger growth and the old hens after a useful life can be sold for the table at advanced prices and more it has reduced in price all articles consumed on the farm. This law can be retained, by retaining in power the republican power.—Indianola, Iowa, Herald.

WHAT are the tin plate howlers going to do now? Twenty-two thousand pounds of block tin was shipped to New York from the Temescal mines in California the other day and put up on the market, and the result was that immediately the tin combine of England telegraphed orders to put down prices. The time is not far distant when the only remaining article of general consumption whose price has advanced since the passage of the McKinley bill will be withdrawn from the list. This shipment is only a beginning. The work still on a small scale, only one smelter having been as yet put in operation, but in a short time the output will have a very decided influence on the market. In a few months the Dakota tin mines will begin to make a showing at Nigger Hill and Harney's Peak.

THE SILVER SITUATION.

It is evident now that the Bland bill is dead for this session of congress at any rate. The failure of Speaker Crisp to render the aid to the friends of the measure which they expected, and which, it is said, he had virtually promised, seals its fate for this year. The few democrats of the Eastern states who are sincerely opposed to the passage of the bill at any time and under any circumstances, in combination with the tricksters and dodgers of the south and west who, for partisan reasons, desire to postpone the bill until after the election, have triumphed. Their margin of victory it is true, is narrow, but it is sufficient for their purpose. Mr. Bland and the other honest but deluded friends of the measure intend to make another struggle to force it through the house, but it is easy to see that they are doomed to defeat.

The effect which this setback for silver will have upon the canvass can not be foretold at the present time with any confidence. Doubtless a vigorous and persistent attempt will be made in the west and south to secure an expression in the national convention in favor of free silver. Unquestionably also these sections, if they work harmoniously and with any approach to unanimity in this endeavor, will accomplish their purpose. Yet it would not be altogether safe to predict that they will do this. The extremists have lost prestige by their reverse and can scarcely regain their old influence and standing. For the time being anyhow they are losing ground. The eastern section of the party is showing a zeal, a cohesiveness and an affluence of resources which were not looked for, and promise to last throughout the canvass at least. Evidently the democratic leaders and managers are taking their orders from the east instead of the west, as they always did in the past.

It would be vain to deny that the republicans are disagreeably disappointed by the prospect that the democrats may be able to dodge the silver question this year. The passage of the Bland bill in the house would have put the four doubtful states of the north in the republican column without the shadow of a doubt, leaving to the democracy the old slave state region only. This would have happened even though the bill could not, by any accident or mischance, override the presidential veto which awaited it. However, success to the republicans has by no means been altogether dependent on the silver issue. This would have gained them a few extra electoral votes, but victory for them has been assured all along without it. The protection cause is still with us. There can be no dodging by the democrats on the tariff question. Then there is the reciprocity issue, which holds forth possibilities of many successive triumphs for its champions. Under this sign they are sure to conquer. The republican party is materially and distinctively stronger at this moment than it was on the eve of the opening of the national campaign of 1888.—Globe-Democrat.

IF IT WASN'T FOR THE FACTS.

Reviewing the trade of the United States in textile manufacture during the first three months of this year, the Dry Goods Economist says, quoting the great firm of A. Van Bergen & Co.:

Collections have been in better shape, and business all around has been better to do. Bankruptcies have been fewer than in 1891. The action of the tariff has increased the manufacture in America of low price worsted goods. As a proof, one of our mills is building a new factory at Camden, Maine, and another is increasing its production by extension of plant. Domestic dress goods have sold much better.

This report is sadly out of keeping with the democratic predictions of the inability of the American people to buy clothing because of "higher protection on account of the tariff."

But let us continue to quote from the great organ of the American dry goods trade:

Another agent, who represents a well known dress goods mill, reports trade as good as in 1891. * * * Credits are much better and bankruptcies fewer. Prices are lower than in 1891, with the prospects that during the next six months they will be further reduced.

"Prices lower than in 1891, with prospects of further reduction during the next six months." And this in the pages of a trade journal whose editorial opinions ever have been unfriendly to the McKinley bill!

But let us continue to quote: Frederick W. Hayne, of Lawrence & Co., reports the condition of the cotton goods market in excellent shape, an increase in the sale of goods of better qualities and wearing features. The volume of business has been larger than during the corresponding quarter of last year. Credits are in a much improved condition. The change in

the financial condition of to-day, as compared with a year ago, is a most noticeable feature, and the prosperity in the west has added largely to the increased business.

Everybody remembers that the democratic and free trade press said that the McKinley bill was framed to fatten the east upon the flesh of the west. But after eighteen months' operation of the bill it appears that it is "the prosperity of the west" that is the noticeable feature.

But let us make one more quotation: This points to a still greater trade later on in the year. The west is developing to a wonderful extent, and the distributions are being made from western and southern centers that previously were made from New York. The tendency of the manufacturing industries is to better qualities of goods, better styles and more originality.

Of late, finding it useless to report the old falsehood about "higher prices," the free trade and democratic press has been busy in saying that prices are kept from rising by lowering the quality of the goods sold, but the trade organs tell us that the demand everywhere throughout the United States is for better qualities than ever before were offered.

If it wasn't for the facts, how admirable would free trade theories be—Chicago Inter Ocean.

A FLORIDA PHENOMENON.

We clip the following from the Scientific American:

Mr. Editor: I arrived here about six weeks ago and have since visited on several occasions the most rare and peculiar phenomenon.

There is a prairie within three miles of this place that is fifteen miles in length, with an average width of five miles. Twelve years ago it filled with water to a depth of eight to twenty feet, varying according to high and low ground.

This water stood undisturbed for this twelve years' space of time until last August, when it suddenly disappeared entirely in two days, leaving two small holes of water, not exceeding ten acres area, and a few ponds here and there of sizes too insignificant to mention.

The soil here is principally sand underlaid at varying depths by very soft sand and limestone. There is some flint at great depths.

Near the location where the water is thought to have made its exit the country is literally dotted with holes, varying from ten to forty feet in depth; the sides are steep and precipitous. These holes are commonly known here as sinks, and are sometimes formed in a single night.

For days after the escape of the water from this prairie the stench of putrid fish was intolerable. The farmers heaved them off in wagons for fertilizers.

On the prairie anywhere turtle shells can be seen, with here and there the skeleton of some unfortunate alligator that has been killed by some marksman or by some scay hunter.

HARRY BONFORD, Gainesville, Fla., March 8, 1892.

THE following paragraph from Postmaster General Wainmaker's address before the conference of postmasters last month ought to be made familiar to every citizen who desires to see a business-like administration of our public affairs:

"At 12 o'clock this very day, three years ago, I took my place as a fellow workman with you in this service. As a matter of fact and for your encouragement I will state that these three years cannot be matched in good results to the service by any other similar period in 102 years of its history. From March 4, 1889, to March 5, 1892, we have established 10,549 new post-offices, more than one-sixth of the whole number in existence. To the 2,654 presidential offices of 1889 we have added in three years 467—about 18 per cent of the entire number of such offices, which is now 3,121. In the matter of the revenue, the three years prior to the present administration increased postal receipts \$24,000,000, or from \$130,000,000 to \$154,000,000, being more than 18 per cent. The three years of this administration carried the revenue from \$154,000,000 to over \$195,000,000, an increase of more than 26 per cent; in other words, we maintained the \$24,000,000 gained by the last administration and added over \$40,000,000 to it."

THE democrats can't dodge the free wool bill now for they have passed it by a solid party vote, and it will cost their party many thousands of votes in localities it cannot afford to spare them. They can't dodge that question even if they do dodge free silver.

SOME of the democratic papers of New York are asking a question that they think is a stunner and think no one can answer. Here is the question: "If Cleveland can't carry New York, who can?" We will answer it by not only naming a man who can, but one who will carry that state this fall and his name is Harrison.

Mrs. Lessie Hunt and Miss Mattie Smith were passengers this morning for Omaha.

STATE BASE BALL.

The Schedule as Adopted by the Directors of the League.

From Saturday's Daily.

The following schedule has been adopted by the directors of the state base ball league:

Games at Hastings.
Beatrice will play at Hastings May 23-24, June 20-21, July 18-19, August 15-16, September 12-13.

Lincoln will play May 20-21, June 17-18, July 14-15, August 12-13, September 9-10.

Grand Island will play May 13-14, June 10-11, July 7-8, August 5-6, September 2-3.

Fremont will play May 16-17, June 13-14, July 9-11, August 8-9, September 5-6.

Plattsmouth will be at Hastings May 18-19, June 15-16, July 12-13, August 10-11, September 7-8.

Games at Beatrice.
Hastings will be at Beatrice May, 9-10, June 6-7, July 4-4, August 1-2 August 29-30.

Lincoln will play May 18-19, June 15-16, July 12-13, August 10-11, September 7-8.

Grand Island will play May 11-12, June 8-9, July 5-6, August 3-4-31, September 1.

Fremont will play May 13-14, June 10-11, July 7-8, August 5-6, September 2-3.

Plattsmouth will play May 16-17 June 13-14, July 9-11, August 8-9, September 5-6.

Games at Lincoln
Hastings will play at Lincoln May 7-8, June 3-4, July 1-3, July 29-30, August 26-27.

Beatrice will play May 5-6, June 1-2, June 29-30, July 27-28, August 24-25.

Grand Island will play May 9-10, May 30-30, June 5-6, July 4-4-31, August 28.

Fremont will play May 11-12, June 8-9, July 5-6, August 3-4-31, September 1.

Plattsmouth will play May 13-15 June 10-12, July 7-8, August 6-7, September 2-4.

Games at Grand Island.
Hastings will play at Grand Island May 1-2, May 15-29, June 25-26, July 23-24, August 20-21.

Beatrice will play May 25-26, June 23-24, July 20-21, August 17-18, September 14-15.

Lincoln will play May 23-24, June 19-20, July 17-18, August 14-16, September 11-12.

Fremont will play May 18-19, June 12-15, July 10-13, August 7-10, September 4-8.

Plattsmouth will play May 21-22, June 17-18, July 14-15, August 12-13, September 9-10.

Games at Fremont.
Hastings will play at Fremont May 3-4, May 30-30, June 27-28, July 25-26, August 22-23.

Beatrice will play May 1-2, May 28-29, June 25-26, July 3-23-24, August 21.

Lincoln will play May 25-26, June 22-23, July 20-21, August 17-18, September 14-15.

Grand Island will play May 5-6, June 1-2, June 29-30, July 27-28, August 24-25.

Plattsmouth will play May 23-24, June 19-20, July 17-18, August 14-16, September 11-12.

Games at Plattsmouth.
Hastings will play in this city May 5-6, June 1-2, June 29-30, July 27-28, August 24-25.

Beatrice will play in this city May 3-4, May 30-30, June 27-28, July 25-26, August 22-23.

Lincoln will play in this city May 1-2, May 28-29, June 25-26, July 23-24, August 20-21.

Grand Island will play in this city May 7-8, June 3-4, July 1-3, July 29-30, August 26-27.

Fremont will play in this city May 9-10, June 5-6, July 4-4, July 31, August 1-28-29.

By the schedule the season will open in this city with two games between Lincoln and the home team, followed by Beatrice, Hastings, Grand Island and Fremont, each club playing two games with the home team.

Plattsmouth also gets two games on Decoration day and two July 4. Beatrice will be here on Decoration day and Fremont on July 4.

SHOT AT HIS WIFE.

A University Place Man Who Can Congratulate Himself on His Marksmanship.

A story comes floating in from University Place that D. M. Wolf, a grocer in that village, has occasion to entertain grateful reflections that he is not an unerring bell-ringer with a gun. One night early in this week he was aroused by a suspicious noise at the front door. Mr. Wolf hastened at once to the door with a light and a gun. When he inquired through the door what was wanted a man on the outside made some reply and vanished. Mr. Wolf extinguished the light in due time and started back to the bedroom. On his way he noticed some one at the kitchen window, and supposing it to be a burglar who had effected an entrance, pointed his weapon in that direction and fired. He was

FARMERS:
LOOK OUT!
You are exposed to sudden changes of temperature, and to injuries.
ST. JACOBS OIL
Cures RHEUMATISM,
SPRAINS, BRUISES, CUTS, WOUNDS, SORENESS,
STIFFNESS, SWELLINGS, BACKACHE, NEURALGIA,
SCIATICA, BURNS.
A PROMPT AND PERMANENT CURE.

AT COST

Our entire stock of

BOOTS and SHOES

Ladies Glove grain butt \$1.25 shoe reduced to 84 cents.	\$4.00 shoe, now \$3.25.
Ladies plain rubbers formerly 25c now 20c.	Mens buff bala and congress \$1.50 shoe, reduced to \$1.00.
Ladies Dongola butt \$1.50 shoe \$1.30	Mens B calf bala and cong \$2.00 now \$1.00.
Sadies good Dongola butt \$2.00 shoe for \$1.65.	Mens good calf bala and cong. \$2.50 shoe \$2.10.
Ladies best Dongola butt \$2.00 shoe for \$2.10.	Mens best calf bala and cong. \$3.00 shoe \$2.50.
Ladies fine Dongola butt \$3.00 shoe \$2.40.	Mens dress goudola congress \$3.50 shoe \$3.00.
Ladies extra fine Dongola hand	Mens best solid \$3.00 boot, \$2.0

We also have a great many other bargains that we have not space to mention in Boys, Misses, and Childrens shoes. We intend going to Texas and will sell them at a great sacrifice.

W. A. BECK & CO.

FRED GORDER AND SON,

HAVE A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

Harness - and - Buggies.

AND A FULL LINE OF FARM MACHINERY, SUCH AS

HOOSIER SEEDERS, PLOWS, HARROWS, ETC.

WE CARRY THE TWO LEADING CULTIVATORS

NEW DEPARTURE TONGUELESS,

AND BADGER RIDING CULTIVATORS

They also carry a full Line of Implements at their house in Weeping Water

FRED GORDER & SON.

Plattsmouth, - - - - - Nebraska.

The Triumph of Love!
Happy and Fruitful Marriage.
Every MAN who would know the GRAND TRUTHS, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and the New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, should write for our wonderful little book, called "A TREATISE FOR MEN ONLY." To any earnest man we will mail one copy Entirely Free, in plain sealed cover. "A refuge from the quack."
THE ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

FREE FOR 30 DAYS

Wishing to introduce our CRAYON PORTRAITS and at the same time extend our business and make new customers, we have decided to make this Special Offer: Send us a Cabinet Picture, Photograph, Tintype, Ambrotype or Daguerotype of yourself or any member of your family, living or dead and we will make you a Crayon Portrait Free of Charge, provided you exhibit it to your friends as a sample of our work, and use your influence in securing us future orders. Place name and address on back of picture and it will be returned in perfect order. We make any change in picture you wish, not interfering with the likeness. Refer to any bank in Chicago. Address all mail to ECLIPSE PORTRAIT CO., 108 and 110 East Randolph St., CHICAGO, ILL., U.S.—We will forfeit \$100 to any one sending us photo and not receiving a Crayon Portrait as per this offer. This offer is bona fide.

horrified in an instant to find that it was his wife at whom he had shot. She had slipped into the kitchen unknown to her husband, to close the window blinds. So close was he when he fired that Mrs. Wolf's neck was powder burned, which was the only injury sustained except a very severe nervous shock which prostrated the lady for some time.

AMERICAN TIN INDUSTRY.

Twenty-two thousand pounds of tin is not a great deal, but it was enough to make the London dealers in the metal telegraph to New York to lower the price of foreign tin lest the American product should injure the business. This 22,000 pounds of tin was the first shipment from the Temescal mines, in this state, received in New York on Wednesday, and ordered by the consignee to be sold to dealers in small lots as samples of an article which in a short time will supply the American market.

There is only one smelter at work at the Temescal mines at the present time, and the output is necessarily limited, but as soon as additional machinery can be put up the product of tin will be greatly increased. The quality of this first shipment of California tin is said to be fully equal to that of the best tin from the Straits Settlements, and the price will reach that obtained for this grade of imported tin.

It is asserted on good authority that the deposits of tin ore in the Temescal mines are very extensive, and that there is a prospect of a great output of the metal. If this be true it will not take long for the California tin to make a decided impress on the imports of the foreign metal. Our annual import of tin is valued at about \$7,000,000, so 22,000 pounds of the metal at 20 or 52 cents a pound does not cut much of a figure, or rather would not if this were the beginning and ending of it; but because it is believed there is plenty more where this came from it exercises an immediate effect upon the market.

This shipment of tin will discourage the tin plate liars more than ever, if such a thing be possible. It has not escaped attention that the democratic house has been perfectly mum on the tin and tin plate schedules of the McKinley bill, and now there will be less likelihood than ever of their being touched this season.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Hon. T. M. Britt was in town today shaking hands with his many friends. His record was such that all are glad to meet him and find him in good health.—Glenwood Opinion. Hon. F. M. Britt is a brother of Rev. Britt of this city.

A. N. Sullivan had business in Omaha to-day.