All Other Remedies Fail. Relieved Instantly and Cured in Four Weeks by the Cuticura Remedies.

I have a few words to say regarding the CUTICURA REMEDIES. They have cured me in four weeks' time from a Skin and Blood Disease which I have had for over three years. At certain times, my skin would be very sore, and always kept cracking and peeling off in white scales. In cold weather my face was one mass of scales. When in the cold air the pain was intense; it would almost bring tears to my eyes, and my blood also being in a poor condition, with a loss of hair. I have tried every known remedy that was recommended to me, but it was of no nee, and gave me very little benefit. So, hearing of your CUTICUTA REMEDIES, I concluded to give them a trial. The first application gave almost instant relief. In a few weeks' time I found myself cured, and I am thankful for what they have done for me. Your CUTICUTA REMEDIES are a blessing to those who may have the opportunity to use them. I can recommend them to any one.

EDMUND KERAS,

27044 Union Ave., Chicago, Ill.

## Cuticura Remedies

Effect daily more great cures of humors and dis-Effect dally more great cures of humors and dis-cases of the skin, scalp, and blood than all other remedies combined. CUTICUBA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICUBA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Puri-fier and Beautifier, externally, and CUTICUBA RE-SOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier and greatest of Humor Remedies, internally, cure every species of itching, burning, scalp, pimply, and blotchy dis-eases of the skin, scalp, and blood, from infancy to age, from pimples to scrofula, when the best physi-cians and all other remedies fall.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, \$1. Prepared by the POTTER DRIG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston. pages, 50 illustrations, 100 testimonials

PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.



Full of comfort for all Pains, Inflam-nation, and Weakness of the Aged is be Cuticurs Anti-Pain Plaster. the first and only pain-killing strength laster. New, instantaneous, and infallible

OLD FOLKS' PAINS.

A Challenge. A Book Free. We never saw as sweeping a claim as the publishers of "King's Handbook of the United States' make for that book. They say: "Find any other well-made book

"having HALF the type, ONE-FIFTH "the illustrations, and ANY maps of "equal excellence, at the same price, and we will give you a copy FREE. There ano trick in these wordswe to n them in the spirit in which you read them."

America's most complete printing concern is the Art-Printing Works of the Matthews-Northrup Co. of Buffalo, the publishers of this book; and as they are rated at a quarter of a million, they are able back up their challenge. The work contains thousands of pictures, page or double-page maps of every state and territory, nearly a thousand large octavo pages, and sells for only \$2.50. Many hundreds of prominent educators and statesmen assisted in editing or revising it, and every word, cut and map are new and expressly for this book. It is first in the field with figures from the new census, and is the only book which tells of the greatness and glory of "Our Country" as it is to-day, at the threshold of the world's fair. We understand that it is selling wonderfully where introduced; most people are willing to buy when they get a great dea! for little money, and this "Cha" should make shor it-a fellow would either buy make up his mind to scrape a without it mighty quick. Its circulars are certainly the finest we ever saw, and from them we infer that J. M. French & Co., 512 and 513 Paxton block, Omaha, are the general agents for this field. We advise our local canvassers to look this up, for if the book is what is claimed it will "put money in thy purse," as lago

From Monday's Daily

A Laughable Letter.

The work of compiling facts and figures relative to the cost per acre of producing corn in Nebraska is going on nothwithstanding obstacles in the way. Labor Commissioner Andreas has sent out blanks to leading farmers all over the state and as a rule the replies are very satisfactory. He ran across a reply yesterday, however, that made him look twice to be certain he was not mistaken. This "leading" farmer and probable disciple of Jay Burrows, replied in this April fool style:

"I can't see what business it is to eney of you White Shirt Sharps long as I support myself & pay my debts. I have no money for energy of you money Sharps. I hope that I will never hear from Eney of you Sharps a gin."

This interesting reference to farmer who wrote it and whose name world. is suspressed "on account of his family," evidently started to fill out the blank in earnest. The first and strictly one-price clothier, has question, interest or value of land at received his mammoth stock of answers by saying: "I don't under- furnishing goods, which is the stand you. I pay 7 per cent." To largest stock carried in Cass the item of taxes he says: "My taxes county. Particular pains were on \$500 was \$22.25." To the cost of taken by Joe in selecting this stock seed he facetiously says: "I had my and he bought the cream of the own seed. I don't know its value." market in the clothing line. Joe In regard to cost of cultivating he has now the finest line of clothing states that he "tended his own corn ever brought to the city, which will and kept no account." Then to wind be sold strictly at one price, and up with he says in relation to cost that as low as the lowest. Joe has of husking: "I cut my corn up." another novel scheme whereby he He also informs the white shirt will give away a fine suit of clothes money sharps that he "raised ten as the first prize, a good leather acres of corn; probably it went satchel as the second prize and two twenty-five bushels to the acre; I fine white shirts as the third. Joe don't know; I did not measure it." | will give these prizes to the gentle-

good work will go right on. Lin- The matter will have to be readable no bones were broken, as he fell a coin Journal.

WHAT THE LEGISLATURE DID.

lowa People Satisfied That no Greater Damage was Done.

DES MOINES, In., April 3. The Twenty-fourth general assembly adjourned on March 30 after a session of twelve weeks. Not a great deal was done that will benefit the people, but then not much harm resulted, so that it was a pretty good thing for the state anyway. The most important features, probably, was the appropriation of \$125,000 for the state exhibit at the Columbian exposition; the passage of the Norris Australian ballot bill, and the appropriation of \$150,000 for a soldiers' monument to be crected on the site of the old capitol.

The appropriation committee did a good deal of hard work. They had the south side of Vine, between requests from the various state institutions asking for an aggregate of \$3,000,000, and only had about \$650,-000 to distribute. They managed to divide this up fairly, and each institution will have to wait another two years before they can get an increase.

Institute Notes.

The Cass County Teachers' Insti-Water, has just finished the first his morning. week's good, faithful work.

Holding the institute at this time of the year was something of an experiment, but one which has proved very successful, all agreeing that it is much more pleasant to study at this time of the year than in the heat of summer as heretofore.

Prof. Noble as conductor proves himself fully competent for the position. He is greatly to be commended for having secured such able assistants. Prof. A. H. Waterhouse, Prof. Miller of Lincoln, editor of the Northwestern Journal of Education, Miss Tucker of Lincoln and Supt. Noble have charge of classes in all the branches which day only. Bring in your good horses. E.C.Powell. our county teachers need.

There are over one hundred teachers in attendance.

Plattsmouth is represented by Misses Bertha Porter, Olive Boyd, Luella Mathews, Ella Snyder, Jennie Bailey, Hattie Bailey and Mr. Shinn. Omaha.

World's Fair Notes. The World's Fair appropriations by foreign countries, as far as reported, aggregate more than \$4,500,-

Several additions have recently been made to the appropriations made by the States and Territories, which now aggregate \$3,180,000. Maryland and New York, respectively, have voted \$60,000 and \$300,000; New Jersey has increased its approprintipn of \$20,000 by \$50,000; Iowa

\$10,000 by \$125,000, and Massachua - a has doubled the \$75,000, which is had already appropriated.

e Silk Association of America and the Silk Industry Association have decided to combine in making this city are soon to be joined in the finest possible exhibit of silk the holy bonds of matrimony. goods and products.

An East Indian village and exhibit will occupy 200,000 square feet of space on Midway Plaisance.

A herd of live elk will be taken from Idaho to the exposition. In the Montana exhibit will be shown about 100 specimens of wild animals and birds, native to that state. and set up by a skilled taxidermist.

The Canadian Pacific railway will exhibit at the fair a model passenger train, and also models of the fine ocean steamers in that company's service.

More than 7,660 car loads of build ing material have been received on the exposition grounds.

One million signatures of people directly and indirectly connected with the exposition are being collected by the World's Fair Mammoth Autograph Co. Copies of these collections of autographs will What I raise or how much I raise as be bound in three volumes of 2,500 pages each, to be presented, respectively to the president of the United States for the Smithsonian Institution, to the governor of Illinois for the state library, and to the "money sharps" was found at the mayor of Chicago for the city end of the Clark report under the public library. The names will be head of remarks. The intelligent collected from all parts of the

Joe, the enterprising, energetic Such reports as this are calculated men who will write the most words slight injuries to his right side. to discourage honest efforts, but the on one of the large postal cards. It was something of a miracle that

be awarded July 4, 1892, and no one will have more than one chance. Joe shows a large amount of enterprise by his liberal offer. It has only been a short time since he gave away a \$20 overcoat and several other presents.

T. K. Clark of Weeping Water is

in the city to-day. Officer Maguire was on his mettle Saturday night from reports yester-

Fred Gorder came in from Weephis relatives.

Judge Chapman to-day. A new sidewalk is being laid on

Fifth and Sixth streets. A very pleasant party was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. M.

Schlegel last Saturday evening. Lawrence Dutton, clerk in Mayer Bros.' clothing establishment in Lincoln, spent Sunday with his

parents. Miss Maud Current, who has been visiting with her sister, Mrs. Old- hibited from returning to this countute, now being held at Weeping ham returned home in Elmwood try. It makes liable to arrest on a

> The heaviest rain storm of the visited this city. No damage, how-

> Two young boys were arrested Saturday night and brought before Judge Archer this morning and he administered a severe reprimand to them and let them go.

> > WANTED HORSES. HORSES.

Horses and mares for the eastern market from 4 to 9 years old, weighing from 1050 up. They must be fat and smooth for which I will pay the highest market price. Will be at Plattsmouth Monday April 11, one

rom Tuasdays Daily. Bob Wilkinson, of Weeping Water, left for Omaha this morning.

E. L. Reed, of Weeping Water and Denver, took the morning train for

The heavy snow storm throughout the western part of the state, delayed all east bound trains this If the ladies do not vote any bet-

ter than they did to-day, we do not see what good the right of franchise does them. Editor Basom of the Murray Banner came up last evening, returning

home this morning over the M. P. railroad. The report was received at this office to-day that the heaviest snow

of the season had tallen at Alliance last night and this morning. Another rumor has it that a couple of the leading young people of

Mrs. Wm. Ulrich, of Louisville, Kentucky, who is on her way to California, stopped off this morning to visit Miss Maggie O'Rourke of this

Mrs. Sarah Winch and her daughter, Mrs. Aldrich, and granddaught hibits. er, Miss Aldrich, left this morning for their home in Providence, Rhode

Mrs. Montague, of Dublin, Ireland. was found guilty of manslaughter and was yesterday scentenced to one year imprisonement for the murder of her three year old daughter.

The Evening News moved this morning across the hall from its old quarters to where they could get more light, as the rooms they

formerly occupied were too dark. Miss Frankie Stiles, who has been book-keeper for the Singer Sewing Machine Co. for some time, left for Lincoln this morning where she takes the same position in the company's office in that city.

A general storm seemed to pre vail throughout the entire country yesterday. Illinois and Wisconsin both visited by disastrous cyclones, while many other states suffer from severe wind and rain storms.

Judge Chapman left this morning for Lincoln, Neb., where he will hold court a few days for Judge Charles Hall. Judge Hall is expected here 8 per cent (estimated per acre) he spring and summer clothing and this afternoon on the flyer to hold court for Judge Chapman and try the case of the Weeping Water bank vs. Reed Bros.

> The fence enclosing the baseball grounds is causing the management a great deal of trouble. During the recent wind storm the fence along the west side was blown down, repaired, and blown down again. It is again undergoing repairs to-day.

Peter Petersen, living on South Tenth street, accidentally fell from the roof while shingling his house yesterday. He sustained only by the naked eye. The prizes will distance of some twenty feet.

CHINESE EXCLUSION.

Some of the Provisions of the Bill Passed by the House Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 4.-A bill held by friends and foes alike to be one of the most important now pending in congress was passed by the house to-day after only thirty minutes' debate. The bill in question is commonly known as "the Chinese exclusion bill," and was reported by the committee on ing Water to spend Sunday with foreign affairs and to-day taken up on motion of Mr. Geary of Califor-The celebrated Winch divorce nia. Mr. Geary said that the Chicase is occupying the attention of uese government, both through its officers at home and in this country, had done everything in its power to violate the spirit of the treaty.

Messrs. Herman and Cutting also favored the bill, and, after further debate, it was passed-yeas, 179; nays, 43. The bill absolutely prohibits any Chinese whether or not subjects of China, excepting diplomatic and consular officers and servants, from entering the United States, and the chinese who may hereafter leave this country are prowarrantissued by any justice, judge or United States Commissioner. season was that of yesterday that Chinese entering this country by crossing its boundaries or found unlapfully in the United States and provides for the punishment of the Chinese by imprisonment not to exceed five years, and subsequent removal from this country to that from whence they came and provided that they when they come here from China by way of continguous foreign territory, shall be returned to China. The act applies to subjects of China and all Chinese, even if subjects of any other foreign power. A proviso al lows the secretary of the treasury to admit Chinese other than laborers or artisans to temporarily visit the United States under such rules as he may prescribe. The last clause repeals all acts inconsistent with this and sets aside the provision of all treaties now in force between the United States and China which may conflict with the provisions of this act. Violations of the law will be

followed by fine and imprisonment. The negative vote was cast by Messrs. Alexander, Andrew, Beeman, Belknap, Beltshoover, Bergen, Brosius, Bushnell, Cheatham, Coburn, Coolidge, Craig, Culberson, Curtis, English. Epes, Flick, Grady. Greenleaf, Harter, Heard, Hemphill, Henderson, Illinois; Herbert, Hitt, Hooker, Mississippi; Hopkins, Illinois; Johnson, Indiana; Johnson, North Dakota; Lawson, Georgia; Little, Lodge, Miller, Perkins, Post, Powers, Randall, Robinson, Pennsylvania; Stevens, Stockdale, Storer, Stout, J. D. Taylor-43.

World's Fair Notes.

The Italian government has selected its war ship, America, to convey to the United States the Italian exhibits to the exposition free of charge. The Rome chamber of commerce has invited other chambers to form committees to promote the securing of Italian ex-

Norwegians living in Chicago, with the help of their countrymen in other parts of the country, are engaged in raising sufficient money to erect a building for Norway at the exposition. Norway's appropriation of \$56,260 is to be devoted entirely to securing an exhibit.

Mrs. Palmer, president of the board of lady managers, is in receipt of communications through the state department showing that the women of Russia are greatly interested in the woman's exhibit at the world's fair. Secretary Blaine, at Mrs. Palmer's request, had asked the appointment of an imperial commission of Russian women to collect an exhibit of woman's work in the empire. Minister Smith, who presented the request, informs Secretary Blaine that the request was received most graciously and the commission was appointed with Mme. Vishnegradski, wife of the minister of finance, as president. Mme. Vishnegradski is greatly interested in the peasant lace industry of Russia, and has already had considerable correspondence with the board of lady managers on the subject of an exhibit.

Minnesota will supplement its world's fair appropriation of \$50,000 by \$100,000 raised by subscription. Nearly three-fourths of that amount has already been secured. Hennepin county, in which Minneapolis is situated, has contributed \$25,000. Minnesota will expend \$25,000 for a building.

Idaho will show some splendid specimens of mica in the mines building. It has ledges of mica eight feet thick and apparently inexhaustible. Sheets of it as large as 10 by 12 inches, without a flaw, and as thin as tissue paper, are not uncommon. It is proposed to have some of the windows in the Idaho building glazed with mica.

## KITCHEN TRAINING.

A WORK WHICH HAS HELPED MANY FOOR AND RICH FAMILIES.

What "Kitchen Garden Training," Means How It Was Started and by Whone. Miss Huntington's Great Work for Her Less Fortunate Sisters in a Big City.

"There is so much to find fault with and so much to wish for in such a great big, dirty city as ours that sometimes the good, sweet, modest facts connected with our charitable institutions are overlooked," said a visitor to the Wilson Industrial school and mission as she came away from there the other day. The building at 125 St. Mark's place was turned, nearly forty years ago, from a factory into the pleasant school house which it now is. This school, which was the first institution of the kind in America, is not endowed and is maintainedentirely by voluntary contribution. Mrs. Jonathan Sturges is the first director, and many familiar names are on the list

of managers. The matron of the school is Miss Emily Huntington, the originator of the system of kitchen garden training, a branch of work now carried on not only at the Wilson school and elsewhere in this city, but in other American cities and in Canada, England, Ireland, Scotland and France. Miss Huntington has made the mission house her home, and here she watches day by day the results of the methods which she has established.

It is with a fascinating interest that one listens to the tale of how by the merest chance Miss Huntington, at eighteen, just out of school and ready to be ushered into fashion's pleasures, chanced to be taken by a friend to visit a "ragged school," and how the only daughter of fond parents put society and the usual amusements of youth aside, and not in the same manner, but with the same motive as her cousin, Father Huntington, set berself about mission school work.

Nobody could work with Miss Huntington's energy and her capacity for organizing without developing new ideas which should bring forth more complete work, so as time passed on and she gained experience, not only among the poor, but with her own class, she made various discoveries. One was that the leisure of some of the young girls of her acquaintance might readily be put to good account, and another that kitchen gardening might with profit be adapted to the rich as well as the poor.

She obtained the co-operation of some of the mothers and the interest of the girls, so that a meeting was called for the purpose of developing a plan of movement. Fifty girls met at the house of one of the elder women. This was in 1867. It was proved that most of them, no matter how well versed they were in Latin and geometry, knew absolutely nothing about domestic science, so arrangements were made for forming a normal class which should be divided into companies, these companies to go to the mission for regular days of teach-

These young women, as their paths divided, removed to Boston, Chicago and elsewhere and set up kitchen gardens of their own, with the result that the system has spread everywhere. might even be said with truth that the other thought, that of the Working Girls' clubs, emanated from this mission, for Miss Grace H. Dodge was one of the fifty young women who joined in the work there, and it was no doubt be cause of the experience she gained at this time her idea was conceived and devel

The girls became kitchen gardeners themselves, and afterward, when marriage had placed some of them in homes of their own, they wrote to the founder of the system, "You have no idea how kitchen garden helps me with my serv ants and my housekeeping," and to when unforeseen reverses of fortune made them dependent upon their own resources.

It must be confessed that "kitchen garden" is a rather misleading name. for it suggests to many a place where vegetables are grown for kitchen use. When Miss Huntington was asked about the name, she said: "It means a system by which all the intricacies of domestic science are taught-sweeping, dusting, washing, ironing, waiting at table, etc. I thought a little of changing the name at one time because it was confounded with the term vegetable garden, but I found nothing that quite took its place, and I soon discovered that the fact that the name had to be explained gave it additional importance.

The school hours are the same here as elsewhere-from 9 to 3. There are about 200 girls, ranging in age from five to ten, and there are the usual lessons in read ing, writing and arithmetic, which come under the head of study. The training in the kitchen garden branches is little else than a systematized form of play, and this takes up a proportionate part of the school day. - New York Tribune.

Nickel Armored Ships Can't Go North The remarkable discovery of the ef fect of temperature on the density of nickel steel is likely to have an important bearing on its use in the construction of war vessels. After this variety of steel has been frozen it is readily magnetized, and, moreover, its density is permanently reduced fully 2 per cent. by the exposure to the cold. It is stated that a ship of war built in the temperate climate of ordinary steel and clad with say 3,000 tons of nickel steel armor would be destroyed by a visit to the arctic regions, owing to the contraction of the steel by the extreme low temperature.- New York Journal.

A Leading Question.

Mr. Smallbrain (fondling his fuzzy upper lip)-Ah, Miss Belle, I've been, ah, letting my mustache grow, dou't

you know, for a week. Miss Belle (significantly)-For a weak what, Mr. Smallbrain .- Detroit Free

## \$3,500 IN REWARDS

The Canadian Agricultur's's Great Winter Literary Competition

The fifth half yearly Literary com petition for the winter of 1892 Canadian Agricul turist, America's oid and reliable illustrated family Magazine, is now open. The following splendid prizes, will be given free to persons sending in the greatest number of words made out of the letters contained in the words "The Illustrated Agriculturist. Everyone sending in a list of not less than one hundren words will receive a valuable present of silverware.

d \$500 in gold
grand piano, valued at \$300
\$250 in gold
Organ valued at \$300
\$100 in gold
S100 in gold
Cents gold watch full jewelled
Ladies gold watch 1-t grand reward \$25 in gold \$25 in gold \$100

rew rds of \$10 each Next 20 prizes — 20 silver tea sets quadrupie plaie warranted Next 30 prizes—50 silver dessert spoons war-ranted heavy plaie Next 100 prizes—100 silver butter dishes etc

warranted beavy plate.

ext boo prizes consists of heavy plated silver Kettles butter dishes, truit baskets, hiscuit jar sugar shells, butter kuives etc. all fully warrant de aking a total of 688 splendid rewards the value of which will aggregate as 580.

This grand literary comgetition s open to everybody everywhere. The rollowing are the conditions:

1. The words must be constructed only from letters in the words, The Illustrated Agriculturist" and must be only such words as are found in Websters unabridged dictionary, in the body of the book none of the supplement to be used. 2. The words must be written in

rotation and numbered 1, 2, 3, and so on, for facilitating in diciding the winners. 3 Letters cannot be used oftener

than they appear in the words, The Illustrated Agriculturist. For instance the word egg cannot be used as there is but one 'g' in the three words,

4 The list containing the largest number of words will be awarded first prize, and so on in order of merit. Each list as is it is received will be numbered and if two or more tie the first received will be awarded first prize, and so on, therefore the benefit of sending in early will read ily be seen.

Each list must be accompanied by \$1 for six months subscription

to The Agriculturist. The following men have kindly consented to act as Judges: J G Mac Donald, city clerk, Peterborough, Canada, and Comodore Calcutt, Pet erborough.

Our last competition—Got \$1000 prize all right, M M Prandon Vancouver, B. C. Thanks for \$500 prize-G W Cunningham Donald B C. Prize receized O. K. - J D Baptie West superior, Wis. \$300 prize rec'd Thanks-G V Robertson, Toronto; and 300 others in United States and Canada:

This is no lottery-merit only will count. The reputation for fairness gained by the Agriculturist in the past is ample guarantee that the competition will be conducted in like manner, Send 3c stamp for full particulars to The Agriculturist, Peterborough, Canada.

REWARD FOR BIBLE REACERS

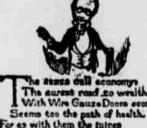
Creat Winter Competition of the Ladies Home Magazine QUESTIONS-Where does the fol-

lowing words first appear in Old testament: "Knowledge" "Wife and "Dove?" Where does the follow ing words first appear in the new testament: "Judea," 'Fame" and testament: "Judea,"

WEEKLY PRIZES-Every week throughout this great competition prizes will be distributed as follows The first correct answer received (the postmark date on each letter to be taken as the date received.)at the office of the Ladies Home Magazine (each and every week during 1892) wil get\$200; the second correct answer, \$100; the third \$50; fourth a beautiful silver service; fifth, five o'clock silver service; and the next 50 correct answers get prizes ranging from \$25 down to \$2. Every others it gave the means of livelihood fifth correct answer, irrespective of whether a prize winner or not will get a special prize. Com-petitors residing in the southern states as well as other distant points, have an equal chance with those nearer home as the postmark will be authority in every case.

RULES-Each list of answers must be accompanied by \$1 to pay for six months subscription to one of the best home magazines in America.

REFERENCES-"The Ladies Home Magazine is well able to carry out its promises"-Peterboroug (Canada) Times. "A splendid paper, and financially strong"-Hastings (Canada) Star. "Every prize winner will be sure to receive just what he is entitled to,"-Norwood, (Canada) Register. Money should be sent by post office order orregistered letter. Acdress the Ladies Home Magazine Peterborough, Canada.



Seems too the path of health.
For as with them the juices
Remain within the ment. More food and much the b le luis for us to anti-

Meats roasted in their own juices by using the WIRE GAUZE OVEN DOOR

FOUND EXCLUSIVELY ON THE CHARTER OAK STOVES and RANGES.

The same roasted in the CHARTER OAK RANGE using the WIRE GAUZE OVEN DOOR, loses about one pound. To allow meat to shrink is to loss a large of its juices and flavor. The fibres do not s