

From Thursday's Daily. The call for the republican state convention is correct as printed in the HERALD.

Nearly \$7,000 condemnation money has been paid over to the county judge by the right of way committee.

At yesterday morning's session of the Sons of Veterans encampment, Geo. H. Palmer of this city was elected major and E. J. Straight inspector.

MARRIED—At the residence of the bride's parents in this city at 1:30 o'clock p. m. yesterday, Mr. G. Andrews and Miss Clara Schlegel, Rev. H. B. Burgess officiating.

The county commissioners sitting as a board of equalization have made the following changes in the 1890 assessment: Tipton precinct reduced five per cent; Weeping Water precinct raised five per cent; Center precinct raised fifteen per cent; Avoca precinct reduced five per cent; Mt. Pleasant precinct raised ten per cent; Eight Mile Grove precinct reduced fifteen per cent; Plattsmouth precinct reduced ten per cent.

The HERALD is pleased to note the substantial improvements being made by our enterprising German grocer, A. Bach, out on Lincoln avenue. Mr. Bach will soon open up a fresh new stock of groceries out there, and is also erecting a brick building, adjacent to the store, for his family residence.

W. W. Moore, of the Grand Opera House, Des Moines, is an early starter in that part of Iowa, and has had a great deal of experience in his time. He says: "At various times I have had acute attacks of bilious colic and violent pains in the stomach, and found nothing that gave me relief like Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Every person," he says, "should have a bottle." For sale by F. G. Fricke.

The treasurer of the Bradshaw relief committee to the State Journal under date of June 18th, requests that paper to say to the generous people of the state of Nebraska that they have sufficient clothing on hand to place all their worthy poor in as good or better condition than before the storm.

PERSONAL. Senator Polk went up to the metropolis today.

Rev. Errett and wife were arrivals last evening.

J. W. Cunn was a passenger over to McPaul Iowa, this morning.

Mr. H. C. Ritchie is reported by his physician to be slightly improved today.

Thos. B. Gordon, one of the earliest settlers of western Iowa, came over from Glenwood this morning.

Capt. L. D. Bennett accompanied his sister-in-law, Mrs. E. T. Duke, to her home in Omaha this morning.

Mr. Olof Berggren of Wahoo, will be in this city the remainder of the week purchasing horses for the Denver market.

Henry Boeck was elected one of the vice presidents of the Nebraska State Funeral Directors' association now in session at Grand Island.

Mrs. Mayerhoff, mother of Mrs. Chas. Hammer of this city, arrived this morning from Carthage, Mo., to spend the summer with her daughter.

B. Tzchuck, son of Ex-Secretary of State Bruno Tzchuck, of Omaha, was representing the Hoffmayr Milling company of Council Bluffs yesterday.

Miss Josie Schloss, after a pleasant visit of five weeks with her cousin, Mrs. Julius Pepperberg, departed for her home at St. Joseph, Mo., this morning.

The following gentlemen went up this morning to attend the Masonic Grand Lodge now in session at Omaha: W. B. Brown, A. W. White and Jesse Richey.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gale, formerly of this city but now of Fort Worth, Texas, arrived in the city last evening to visit the parents of Mrs. Gale, Dr. and Mrs. Winterstein.

Mrs. A. W. Crites, of Chadron, Nebraska, formerly of Plattsmouth, with her two little boys, Edwin and Fred, arrived in the city last evening and are guests of Mrs. B. S. Ramsey. Mr. Crites will join her here tomorrow.

Go to Philip Kraus for your groceries, queensware, and glassware, also for fresh vegetables and fruits. All orders promptly filled and delivered to any part of the city.

La Ross 5 cent cigars at Gering & Co is without a rival.

REED OVERRULED.

The House Votes to Approve the Amended Record.

THE FIGHT FOR ACTION ON SILVER

Continues in the House—After Long Debate the Senate Passes the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Bill—Dr. Green's Answer.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—In the house the speaker announced the roll to be called on the demand made by Mills for the previous question on the approval of the journal pending when the house adjourned—ayes, 126; nays, 122.

Mr. Wiley, who had voted no in order to reopen reconsideration, then moved to reconsider. Mills quickly moved to lay the motion on the table. Again the Democrats triumphed. Mills' motion carried—yeas, 132; nays, 130—and the journal was amended as proposed.

The speaker asked whether—supposing that the bill was found to be upon the speaker's table—it did not then come up only in the regular order of precedence. Mr. Bland replied that he had demanded the regular order when he introduced his resolution—that regular order involved the consideration of the senate bills on the speaker's table.

The speaker said that he did not so understand the gentleman's motion. Mr. Cannon asked that the speaker rule upon the motion. The speaker said that he did not think that the resolution was in order now.

Mr. McMillin of Tennessee maintained that there was no authority for Mr. Green's action in taking possession of a bill which the house had declared had not been referred to his committee.

Mr. Bland modified the language of his resolution, so as to direct that the speaker rule upon the bill, not upon the bill as amended by the speaker.

The speaker declined to decide that question until the proper time. Mr. McMillin of Maryland demanded the regular order.

The speaker said that the regular order was a private bill, which he passed to the reading clerk.

Mr. Springer of Illinois wished to know when the chair might be expected to decide where the bill was.

The speaker—Whenever the bill would be in order, providing that the views of the other side were correct.

Mr. McMillin moved to lay the appeal on the table.

The yeas and nays were ordered, pending which Mr. Crisp of Georgia moved that the house adjourn.

This motion was defeated, but the hour of 5 o'clock arrived, and the house, under the rule, took a recess till 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for session business.

Several disputes occurred over small amendments to the legislative, executive and judicial appropriations, Senator Plumb using one of them as a text for a denunciation of the extravagance of the senate in the matter of its own employees.

Finally the bill was reported to the senate and the amendments made in committee of the whole were agreed to.

Attempts to increase the salaries of the commissioner of Indian affairs and the commissioner of education were defeated. Senator Stewart offered an amendment to strike out the item for the executive officer of the geological survey, and spoke of the survey as a fungus that had grown up, not on a state but on appropriation bills.

Mr. Dawes reminded him that the whole army had grown up on appropriation bills, and that the weather report had grown up from an appropriation of \$15,000 to its present magnitude, costing over a million a year.

Mr. Stewart went on to denounce the geological survey as being of no practical use. Senator Dawes replied to Mr. Stewart and explained the operations of the survey and the importance of its work.

Mr. Edmunds—"What has it accomplished during the past year?" Mr. Dawes replied that it had been engaged in geological survey of the United States and making geological maps.

Senator Ingalls said he knew nothing about the details and management of the geological survey. It might be that there were too many persons employed on it, but he had no hesitation in saying that there was no organ of the government that had more cordially approved itself to the common sense and intelligence of all people where its operations were known.

They all knew the secret of the hostility of the senator from Nevada to the survey; it was known and read of all men.

The discussion was continued by Senators Edmunds, Teller, Stewart, Platt, Call, Keegan and Gorman.

Reference having been made to a newspaper interview in which Maj. Powell spoke disrespectfully of Mr. Stewart and of the influences which inspired his opposition, Mr. Gorman said that the newspaper press would misrepresent any one. A large part of the press did not believe that there was an honest man in the legislative or the executive branch of the government. He paid no attention to what the press said

of Maj. Powell or of any senator. He did not deny that Maj. Powell had made the statement alluded to. He was not her defender, and had no interest in him except that he believed him to be an efficient and honest public officer.

Mr. Moody criticised and made little of the work of the geological survey. At the close of the discussion the amendment was withdrawn by Mr. Stewart.

Mr. Cockrell made some remarks in commendation of the provision in the bill requiring the heads of departments to report annually the number of employees who are below a fair standard of efficiency. He spoke of the retention of inefficient officials as the pensioning of corporators. The bill was then passed.

Senator Edmunds offered a resolution (which went over) for the appointment of a committee of seven senators to take into immediate consideration the state of the administrative services of the senate and to report as early as may be what measures should be adopted in respect of the greatest efficiency and economy of the service.

GREEN'S STATEMENT.

Disposing of the Evidence of Bates, Hubbard and Rosewater.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Dr. Green, president of the Western Union Telegraph company, has submitted to the house committee on postoffices and post-roads a statement supplemental to his letter of June 9, last. In this statement he reviews the testimony of Messrs. Bates, Hubbard and Rosewater, given before the committee. In reference to the denial of Mr. Bates of the statement made by Dr. Green that under Mr. Bates' management of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Telegraph company the company had succeeded in wrecking three companies and in wrecking itself.

Dr. Green produced figures obtained from the auditor of the Baltimore and Ohio company which he claims, controvert Mr. Bates' denial.

These documents, he says, establish first, that instead of a "small profit" for the last year of its operation, there was a loss of over \$75,000 on the business of the Baltimore and Ohio telegraph for that year, not counting the stamp taxes and other liabilities redeemed and paid forward.

Second, that in stating the gross cost up to the time of its sale to the Western Union Telegraph company for \$4,377,000, he was stating the cost, two-thirds the cost of the property sold to the Western Union Telegraph company. "It is hard to conceive," says Dr. Green, "how a man of his intelligence, himself the chief executive officer of the company, should not have known that these statements were erroneous and misleading."

Referring to a statement of Mr. Rosewater, of the Omaha Bee, that the Southern Western company at Nashville, of which Mr. Green was president, had aided the secession movement in forwarding dispatches, Dr. Green says, "There is not a word of truth in this statement."

He also characterizes Mr. Hubbard's statements as "so full of errors, misrepresentations of facts, and unwarranted conclusions, that it is difficult to decide where to commence their review or which of them are of sufficient consequence to notice."

Mr. Hubbard, he says, has no special or other training in the telegraph service; no practical knowledge of the business, is entirely destitute of experience in the management of telegraph lines or in the conduct of the telegraph business. Dr. Green then takes the statements made by Mr. Hubbard, ridicules some of them and replies to others.

Bishop Keane Seriously Injured.

BALTIMORE, June 21.—The New York express was wrecked at 2 o'clock at Child's Station on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. Bishop Keane, of the Catholic university at Washington, and Harry E. Kelly, son of Congressman Kelly of Arkansas, were among those seriously injured. Ralph Ingalls, the son of Senator Ingalls, is among the slightly injured.

Damage to Minnesota Crops.

ST. CHARLES, Minn., June 21.—A fearful hail storm commenced at this place and extended over five miles southeast through the townships of St. Charles, Saratoga and Fremont. Great damage was done to all kinds of crops, wheat, corn, etc., being almost destroyed. This storm was immediately followed by the heaviest fall of rain in ten years. Many farms that had already been stripped by hail were washed of everything movable, including fences and bridges.

At Waverly, Ia.

WAVERLY, Ia., June 21.—A very heavy fall of rain caused a dry creek in the lower part of the city to assume the proportions of a river. Scores of families were obliged to abandon their homes at midnight. Although much damage was done to property there was no loss of life. A heavy wind accompanied the rain.

Thunderstorm at Davenport.

DAVENPORT, Ia., June 21.—Early in the morning this city was visited by a fearful thunderstorm. The spires of the Second Presbyterian and the German Evangelical Trinity churches were shattered. One electric light tower was struck seven times and badly damaged. The rainfall was heavy.

Heavy Damage in Kansas.

ATCHISON, Kan., June 21.—The damage done by the storm is variously estimated at from \$250,000 to \$400,000, of which the railroads probably bear the largest share. The city's loss consists of many valuable bridges and a number of culverts, besides sidewalks, street pavements and grades.

Rain at Carroll, Ills.

MT. CARROLL, June 21.—One of the heaviest rain storms ever seen in Carroll county prevailed here. For an hour and a half the rain fell in torrents and the creeks became rivers, sweeping away fences, out-houses and bridges. Many head of stock were carried away.

A Fearful Death.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 21.—Miss Adelaide Frisby, daughter of Division Superintendent Frisbie of the Illinois Central railroad, was killed at Carmel, where she was on a visit. She was driving a hay rake in the field when she was thrown from the seat and fell under the feet of the horses, her skull being fractured. She was 23 years of age.

A Chicago Bank Suspends.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The Park National bank, organized four years ago with a capital of \$750,000, suspended.

WIND'S BAD WORK

Death Dealing Cyclones Reported in Illinois.

THIRTY-TWO PERSONS PERISH

Near Earlville and Paw Paw—Terrible Destruction West of Cornell—Disastrous Thunder and Rain Storms in Iowa, Kansas and Minnesota.

EARLVILLE, Ills., June 21.—A terrible cyclone and cloudburst occurred about five miles north of this city shortly after 4 o'clock in the afternoon, which resulted in terrible loss of life and property, no less than fifteen people being killed and a number of houses and barns demolished. The storm came from the southwest and swooped down on Fields' school house, a new building standing at the four corners, and tore it to pieces.

At the time there were but eight persons in the school room, and all were instantly killed. Their bodies were carried some distance and fearfully bruised and crushed. The names of those who perished in the school house so far as known, are: Miss Maggie McBride, the teacher; Edna Hunt, Jennie Bradley, Mary Berry, Ada Rudolph, Lennie Prentice, Carrie White, Peter Reams.

An old peddler was driving by the schoolhouse when the cyclone struck it, and he, too, was caught up and carried some distance and flung lifeless into a hedge. His team also was carried away. The house of Newton Wood was next struck and not a vestige of it remained. The family, some of whom were in the school house, were blown away and carried off by the wind.

The force of the cyclone was terrific, nothing remains in its path but the bare earth, large trees being torn out and carried away. The width of the storm was about eighty rods, and progressed forward at the rate of eighty miles an hour. The work of rescue began immediately, but at the hour of writing but little can be learned in regard to the names of the killed and injured.

Destruction at Cornell.

CORNELL, Ills., June 21.—A cyclone swept over the country west of here about 2:30 p. m. Everything in its path was destroyed. The path of the storm was about eighty rods in width. The cyclone first struck the house of S. Plympton, which was blown away. The house was badly hurt. Two horses belonging to Wm. Vincup and J. M. Bradley were badly damaged. The house of Wm. Stuchlik was also partly wrecked. The house of W. D. Connor was torn to pieces and Connor and his wife both badly injured. A school house near by was blown entirely away. A young son of Mr. Morrison was badly hurt. Several other houses were partly wrecked. About a mile to the north-east the cyclone struck the house of C. C. Leonard, destroyed it and injured four of his sons, one very seriously. For four miles the cyclone left ruin in its path. At Mad creek many trees were blown across the track of the Wauash railroad. At Sublet several houses were blown down, trees uprooted, fences destroyed and several persons hurt. No lives are reported lost.

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HEAVEN AVENGES.

So Says a Pious Fraud Held For Forgery.

JAY GOULD GETS A MERITED FINE.

A Maine Judge Challenges a Congressional Aspirant—A Street Fight with Pistols—An Election Killing—Arrested for Murder Committed Nine Years Ago.

CHICAGO, June 20.—Robert Isdale, a shining light in the Christian Endeavor society of Omaha, member in good standing in the Y. M. C. A. of that city, and who carries a letter of recommendation from the Rev. Mr. Harsha of Omaha, was arrested by a Central station detective at a State street dry goods house for a little forgery. He worked in Herman Cohn's clothing store, and finally signed Mr. Cohn's name for \$400. Then he came to Chicago and to the Y. M. C. A. here, where he did some exhorting. Mr. Cohn and the Omaha police sent word to "Chief of Detectives" Ripley, describing Mr. Isdale, and said he would be either found at the Young Men's Christian association, or at a dry goods store behind the counter. He was found in the Boston store. Mr. Isdale admitted he was Mr. Isdale, and decided it was heaven's vengeance that had reached him. He was taken to Omaha.

A Vendetta Murder.

NEW ORLEANS, June 20.—Another vendetta murder was committed here, the victim being Camillo Vitano, a Sicilian, Vitano was playing cards in an Italian wine room on St. Phillip's street, when a rifle was shoved through the window and fired within a few inches of his head. He fell over dead on the table. The police at once pronounced the murder one of those mysterious assassinations which occur among the Sicilian population of this city. The men playing cards with Vitano were looked up as likely to be implicated in some way, but not a particle of evidence could be obtained and the affair is clouded in mystery. This is the second vendetta murder in the last few weeks.

For Murder at the Pits.

BATON ROUGE, La., June 20.—The coroner's jury found a verdict against Edgar and Joe Hamilton, Eugene and Charles Taylor, and Joseph Morrison for the murder of Hilliard Richardson at the voting poll near Bayou Sara. The evidence shows that all of the accused opened fire upon Richardson, who drew his pistol and fought desperately until shot down. Richardson shot Eugene Taylor in the head and it is believed he will die. Wednesday night a crowd of men went to the residence of Dr. Holcomb, treasurer of the state insane asylum, in Feliciana parish, and fired a volley of shots into his front door.

Shot with Soap.

BROOKFIELD, Ia., June 20.—During the performance of a theatrical troupe at Balknap, Ia., the leading lady, Della Barleigh, was annoyed by a number of young men, who persisted in peeping into her dressing apartments. She loaded a revolver with soap and a blank cartridge, and fired at one of the mischief-makers, named Tool, literally filling him with soap and causing him to flee with howls of pain. The young blood had the actress arrested and brought here for trial. Justice Horn dismissed the case, intimating that there should have been something harder than soap in the revolver.

Doctor and Justice Shoot Each Other.

COLUMBIA, S. C., June 20.—At 9 o'clock last evening several pistol shots were fired in front of the opera house, on Main street, and then two men were seen scuffling. They were Dr. W. W. Ray of Columbia, this county, and Trial Justice F. H. Weston, recently appointed. The men are cousins and both are young. Weston was shot in the left side and left thigh, and lay got a scalp wound. The firing was at close range, the combatants being almost within arm's length. The trouble is reported to be of a private nature.

Maine Politicians and the Code.

AUGUSTA, Me., June 20.—Judge H. D. D. Twigg, who recently made a speech at Weymouth, in favor of congressman Barnes, has challenged T. E. Watson, a congressional aspirant to fight a duel, on account of severe language used by Watson in replying to Twigg's speech. Watson says he is no duelist but that he will defend himself.

A Nightmarer Tragedy.

OMAHA, June 20.—J. J. Warner and L. O. Scerris of Hebron were in attendance at the Masonic grand lodge in this city and were stopping at the Merchants' hotel. While suffering from nightmare Warner took Scerris from the bed and threw him out of the window. Scerris is still alive, but unconscious. Warner was arrested.

Requisition for Mrs. Hamlin.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., June 20.—The governor issued a requisition on the governor of Michigan for Almira Hamlin, who is wanted in Chicago to answer a charge of inducing a witness in a criminal case to disappear. She is now under arrest at St. Joseph, Mich.

Jay Gould Fined.

NEW YORK, June 20.—Jay Gould has been fined \$100 by Judge Fitzgerald, in Part II, General sessions, for not answering a summons to act as a petit juror.

Charged with Murder.

FLORENCE, Ala., June 20.—Reeves, furniture dealer, was arrested here and taken to Mineola, Tenn., charged with a murder committed there nine years ago.

Cigarmakers Adopt a Seal.

NEW YORK, June 20.—The employes of Stratton & Storm, the cigar manufacturers, met and agreed upon a uniform scale of wages which the firm will be asked to sign. If the request is denied the 600 employes of the firm will strike. The scale is a slight advance upon the present one.

HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS.

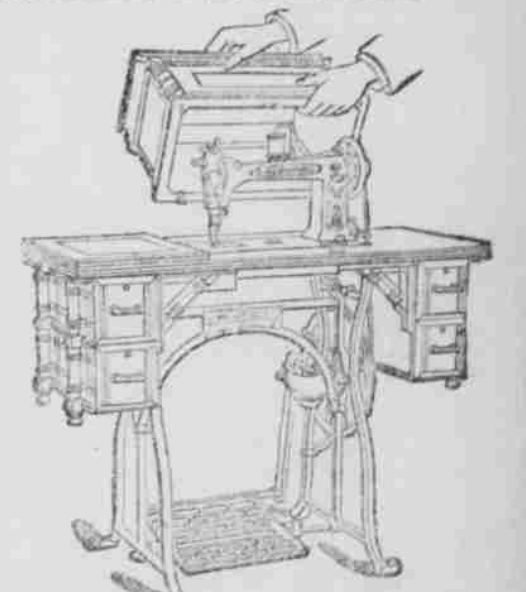
Dr. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS are scientifically and carefully prepared prescriptions used for many years in private practice with success, and for over thirty years used by the people. Every single specific is a special cure for the disease named.

Table listing various medical conditions and their corresponding treatments or prices. Includes items like 'Suppressed or Painful Periods', 'Whooping Cough', 'General Debility', etc.

SPECIFICS.

THE FIGURE "9."

The figure 9 in our dates will make a one day, No man or woman now living will ever date a document without using the figure 9. It stands in the third place in 1890, where it will remain ten years and then move up to second place in 1900 where it will rest for one hundred years.



WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO., 185 and 187 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

TARIFF LITERATURE FOR ALL.

The AMERICAN PROTECTIVE TARIFF LEAGUE is publishing a most valuable series of tariff documents. These are prepared with a view to state the facts and arguments for and against, whether in the interest of farmers, laborers, merchants or professional men.

Table listing various tariff literature items and their prices. Includes items like 'Wages, Living and Tariff', 'The Advantage of a Protective Tariff', etc.

HERMITE SEWING MACHINE advertisement. Includes the brand name 'HERMITE', an illustration of the sewing machine, and promotional text: 'A MARVELOUS SUCCESS. EMBODIES EVERY DESIRABLE IMPROVEMENT. MANY OF WHICH ARE EXCLUSIVELY ITS OWN. LIGHTEST, FASTEST, AND BEST. HANDSOMEST WOOD WORK MADE. SEE OUR AGENT OR ADDRESS WILLIAMS MFG. COMPANY, (LTD.) PLATTSBURGH, N. Y. AND MONTREAL, CANADA.'