

DEMORALIZE THE INSURGENTS

Gen Young's Rapid Advance a Surprise to Rebels of Northern Luzon—Wardrobe of Aguinaldo's Wife Captured.

Manila, Nov. 17.—Reports have been received here from Gen. Young, dated Humingam, Wednesday. Humingam is about 50 miles east of San Fabian. Gen. Young is supposed to have advanced considerably further toward San Fabian. A correspondent of the Associated press telegraphs an account of the rapid pace with which Gen. Young covered the road with his cavalry. The Macabbe scouts completely surprised and demoralized the insurgents around the low country. A messenger and reinforcements who were captured say no town from San Jose to San Nicolas expected the arrival of the Americans until a day or two after they actually arrived.

Aguinaldo and his government are said to be making desperate efforts to escape to Bayombong. All the information here is that he is still in the low country.

Lieut. Johnston, with troop M, Third cavalry, captured Wednesday at San Nicolas 12 barrels containing the wardrobe of Aguinaldo's wife, some personal effects, the records of the secretary of war and much commissary and medical supplies. Senora Aguinaldo probably escaped over the divide, but the secretary of war is thought to be inside the lines.

Col. Wessels captured at Tayug several hundred thousand pounds of rice, 5,700 pounds of salt, 1,500 pounds of flour marked "Dayton, Ohio," 2,500 pounds of sugar, 1,200 new uniforms and hundreds of thousands of Mauser shells.

The names of Lieut. Gilmore and seven of his men were found written on the walls of the convent of San Quintin. The garrisons of all the towns surprised feebly. Gen. Wheaton has not yet appeared.

The remains of Maj. Logan, killed in action at San Jacinto Saturday, was buried in Pao cemetery yesterday morning. Many persons followed the body to the grave. Chaplain Pierce officiated and the Twentieth infantry furnished the escort, which was commanded by Maj. Rodman. The pallbearers were the captains of the Twentieth infantry.

Filipinos Interfere With the Telegraph.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Mail advices received at the war department show that the Filipino insurgents have adopted a new method of interference with the military telegraph lines. This is done by attaching a fine copper wire to the line, running it down the pole or through the foliage of a tree to the ground where it is attached to a piece of iron driven into the earth. This effectively cuts off communication and is not easily discovered when once accomplished.

MOVING IN THE RAIN.

Otis Cables Particulars of the American Army's Advance in Pursuit of Aguinaldo—Lawton Unable to Move Supplies.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Gen. Otis today cabled the war department as follows regarding the situation of the American advance in pursuit of Aguinaldo:

Manila, Nov. 16.—During 25 hours 4 1/2 inches rain; still raining north. Lawton's telegraph line not beyond San Jose; last dispatch evening of the 14th reported capture many supplies, transport train, north and east of San Nicholas, and our troops moving from Humingam and Tayug west on Urdaneta, where insurgent force was reported. Lawton has abundant supplies, subsistence, forage and transportation at San Isidro and Cabanatuan, but unable to move it. MacArthur has railroad between Bamban and Tarlac in operation five miles; road south of Bamban being reconstructed. Removed rails found north of Tarlac. MacArthur sends four battalions and one troop of cavalry forward to Gerona to-day; advance from Athaga and Victoria five miles north of East Tarlac.

SOUNDING THE LEGISLATORS.

The Latest Move in Kentucky Indicates That Taylor Expects Nothing from the Democratic Election Board.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 17.—Taylor's friends have begun a quiet canvass of the members of the legislature, sounding them as to how they would vote on a contest if the state election board should throw out Knox, Johnson or Pulaski counties and also 1,100 votes cast in Nelson for W. P. instead of W. S. Taylor. It is said four democratic members of the house and at least six democratic senators have been found so far who will not vote to seat Goebel. This movement on Taylor's side is construed to indicate the opinion that Goebel will be given a certificate of election from the state board.

Found Murdered in His Bed.

St. Louis, Nov. 17.—A special from Dexter, Mo., says: Rev. Jesse Moore, living six miles south of here, was found in bed to-day with the top of his head either blown off with a gun or beaten in with a club. An adult son who slept in the same room in another bed declared he had heard no noise. The minister was one of the best-known Methodist preachers in south-east Missouri. Officers are investigating.

For All Except Hawaii.

Washington, Nov. 17.—With the exception of Hawaii all our island possessions and dependencies now enjoy the same rates of domestic postage in vogue in the United States. Postmaster General Smith has signed the order extending the domestic rates to the Philippine islands, Porto Rico and Cuba had previously been given this concession.

ARMORED TRAIN WRECKED.

Boers Plan and Execute Another Disaster to the British, and 100 Soldiers Are Missing.

London, Nov. 18.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Gen. Buller:

Cape Town, Thursday, Nov. 17.—Have received from Hildyard, Pietermaritzburg, a telegram dated November 15, of which the following is the purport: The officers commanding the troops at Estcourt reports, at midday, that an armored train left Estcourt this morning with a company of the Dublin fusiliers and a company of the Durban volunteers. North of Evers they encountered a party of Boers and began to withdraw. While retiring some of the trucks were derailed. The Dublins turned out and advanced towards the enemy, while the rest of the train appears to have returned without them to Estcourt.

The officer commanding the troops reports that he was sending mounted troops in order to cover their withdrawal, but that about 100 are missing.

The earliest accounts of this affair differ in details, but it is evident that the train was suddenly fired upon between Estcourt and Colenso, and probably derailed. The train's gun was disabled, according to one account, and the men were forced into a hard fight, in which there were serious losses in killed and wounded, and possibly prisoners as well. It was a good Boer trap, and the British force was apparently surprised. Estcourt has already been re-enforced, and it is not likely that the Boers will attempt to invest it. Among the prisoners is Lieut. Winston Churchill, son of Lady Randolph Churchill.

CONFESSED TO AN OLD CRIME.

J. F. Mellinger, After His Conversion, Said He Caused a Girl's Death and Had an Innocent Boy Sent to Prison.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Nov. 18.—J. F. Mellinger, of this city, has made a public statement that he was guilty of burning a barn about 18 years ago for which another person, named Charles Sumeskey, suffered punishment. Both were but boys at the time of the occurrence. Mellinger and a young sister were playing in the barn and the boy set fire to a small pile of straw. The fire made such rapid headway that the girl did not escape from the building and was burned to death. The Sumeskey boy was near by and Mellinger put the blame upon him, and at the trial was the prosecuting witness. The Sumeskey lad was sent to the reform school and served several years. At a revival meeting recently Mellinger was converted, and he has made this public announcement in the hope that the wrong did an innocent person may be at least partially righted.

HIS SON CONVICTED HIM.

Testimony of a 11-Year-Old Boy Sent Michael Rollinger, of Chicago, to the Gallows for Wife Murder.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Michael Emil Rollinger was hanged here Friday for the murder of his wife, Theresa, at their home in this city December 16, 1898. The manner in which he is said to have disposed of his wife was first by choking her and then building a fire with some furniture and placing the body on it. Suspicion was aroused by his actions and an investigation by the police resulted in his arrest for murder. The motive for his crime, it is said, was the love of Lena Hecker, a woman who sailed from the same country (Austria) as Rollinger. It is supposed that he killed his wife in order that he might marry the girl. One of the chief witnesses against him was his 11-year-old son, who declared all the children had been sent away on a slight pretext the day the crime is said to have been committed.

THE BODY OF MAJ. LOGAN.

Otis Cables That It Cannot Be Brought to This Country Now, and It Has Been Buried in Manila.

Washington, Nov. 18.—A dispatch Friday from Gen. Otis saying that it was impossible to send the remains of the late Maj. John A. Logan to this country now and therefore the body has been buried at Manila. Five days elapsed before the body could be sent from the battlefield to Manila. Gen. Otis says that the servant of Maj. Logan, with the effects of the major, sailed on the Sikh for the United States.

Want \$1,000,000 Damages.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Eighteen insurance companies were sued for nearly \$1,000,000 by Joseph Fish, an insurance adjuster, and Samuel Freeman, of the Freeman Fur company. After the burning of Freeman's store the men were indicted for arson and for conspiracy to commit arson. They were acquitted of the second charge and they claim that the insurance companies caused their arrest.

Will Send All the Troops.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Adj. Gen. Corbin expressed the opinion that the insurrection in the Philippines will be ended before January 1, 1900. Secretary Root is also confident of an early end, but he will make no change in the plans for forwarding troops, and renews his former prediction that all the 65,000 men ordered to the Philippines will be there before Christmas.

Wiped Out the Whole Family.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Cornelius Corcoran Friday shot and killed three of his children and fatally wounded the fourth child. Corcoran then killed himself.

NOT OF ONE MIND.

Officials of the Post Office Department Do Not Agree as to the Value of Rural Free Delivery of Mail.

Washington, Nov. 18.—There is a difference of opinion in the post office department as to the value of the rural free delivery service. In his report Assistant Postmaster General Heath speaks enthusiastically of what has been accomplished during the year in the line of supplying to country districts mail by carrier. Mr. Heath pronounces the experiment an unqualified success, and advocates appropriations by the coming congress for the continuance and extension of the new system. On November 1, 1899, rural free delivery was in operation from 383 distributing points, radiating over 40 states. When carefully established rural free delivery, Mr. Heath believes, can be made self-supporting. In his annual report he gives reasons and figures for this belief. He says the rural free delivery service contains great possibilities of social, industrial and educational development, and should receive the encouragement of congress.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, in his annual report just out, has a short paragraph which is generally referred to as a "black eye" for the new service. Mr. Bristow says that the extension of the rural free delivery service throughout the country has resulted in the discontinuance of 80 post offices, the salaries of the postmasters of which aggregated \$4,719. While Mr. Bristow makes no comment upon these facts, the inference which is naturally drawn from them is that while \$900,000 was spent during the current year for the rural free delivery service, the saving in postmasters' salaries through the inauguration of the new system was not \$5,000. His report would indicate also that the popularity of the rural free delivery service over the old system of country post offices is questionable.

INSURGENTS MASSING.

Two Thousand Filipinos Congregate at Gerona and One Thousand in the Mountains Proposing to Make Raids.

Manila, Nov. 18.—Two thousand insurgents are reported to be massing at Gerona, above Tarlac, and Gen. Mascardo is said to be in the mountains west of Angeles with 1,000 more, proposing to make raids. Rain has been falling throughout the month and for the past week there has been a heavy downpour. The whole country is in as bad condition as at any time this season.

Gen. MacArthur's and Gen. Lawton's command are now near each other. Gen. MacArthur is getting supplies in Tarlac over the railroad from Bamban with an engine raised from the river by the Ninth cavalry.

Col. Howe, who occupied Victoria with six troops of the Third cavalry, has advanced to Rosales. A letter was found at Victoria from Private Desmond, of the signal corps, one of the 21 American prisoners held there. These prisoners, the letter said, were expecting to be taken to the mountains before the army arrived.

KANSAS BANK LOOTED.

The Cashier Was Bound and Gagged, the Safe Blown Open and About \$2,000 Secured—Escaped on Stealing Horses.

Parker, Kan., Nov. 18.—Two men entered the Parker state bank by means of skeleton keys about two o'clock a. m. Friday and reached the bed of Cashier Slaughter, who was sleeping in the bank, without arousing him. When he awoke he was immediately covered with a revolver by one of the men while the other blindfolded him. Mr. Slaughter was then taken to the safe and told if he did not open it in three minutes they would bind him on the top of it and then blow it up. He told them that he would open it if he could, but it was a time lock and could not be opened until seven o'clock this morning. After examining the safe and finding this to be true they took Mr. Slaughter into another room, bound and gagged him. Then they blew the safe open and secured about \$1,300 in currency and about \$500 in silver. Going about a mile south of town they stole two farm horses.

DARING BANK ROBBERY.

Four Men Looted the Institution at Car Junction, Mo., of About \$4,000 and Escaped on Foot.

Joplin, Mo., Nov. 18.—Carl Junction, a little town ten miles north of this city, was the scene of a most daring bank robbery yesterday morning at three o'clock. Four heavily-armed men broke into the bank building and blew open the safe with dynamite and secured cash between the amount of \$3,000 and \$4,000. The robbers started on foot, after securing the booty, toward this city.

In a few minutes citizens gave the alarm, and H. R. Chitwood and three men secured weapons and started in pursuit. The robbers were about 36 minutes ahead, and when within four miles of this city made for the heavy timber in Central creek bottoms. They were plainly seen. There were four in the gang. Several shots were exchanged, but none took effect. The robbery was one of the most daring ever known in these parts.

THE NEGRO QUESTION.

Bishop Turner Wants Congress Petitioned to Make an Appropriation to Send 7,000,000 Negroes to Africa.

Macon, Ga., Nov. 18.—In an address before the Georgia conference of the African Methodist church Bishop H. M. Turner yesterday urged every opposition to the general assembly of this state to limit the suffrage of the negroes in this state. The bishop said he proposed to take the stump in Georgia against it and implored every colored minister to do likewise. He said the law would reduce every negro to the ignominious status of a free slave and their condition would be worse than before the war. He denounced the supreme court of the United States for taking away the negro's civil rights, but excepted Justice Harlan, who was the negro's friend. He urged that every minister assist in getting signatures to the petition to congress for an appropriation of \$125,000,000 to be used in sending 7,000,000 of the race to Africa, so there would be an end of race conflicts in this country.

CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS.

Many Ladies in Americus, Ga., Sentenced to Pay Fines and to Be Imprisoned for Refusing to Be Vaccinated.

Americus, Ga., Nov. 18.—The cases of the Christian scientists who refused to be vaccinated were settled yesterday so far as the mayor's court is concerned by the sentencing of E. J. McMath to imprisonment at the city hall for 30 days and a fine of \$15. Five ladies of the congregation were given 15 days' confinement at some place to be designated by the chief of police and to pay a fine of \$3 each. The same sentences of fine and imprisonment will be assessed against such other members of the congregation as may refuse to obey the vaccination ordinance. Mr. McMath is a leading merchant of Americus and the ladies involved belong to the best families in the city. Counsel has been employed to represent the Christian scientists and their cases will be taken to the superior court.

GOEBEL'S LATEST MOVE.

He Asks the Vote of Louisville Be Thrown Out, and If This Is Done It Will Elect Him.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 18.—Attorneys for William Goebel, Friday filed notice with the local election board asking that the vote of the city of Louisville be thrown out. They claim that the election officers and voters were intimidated by the militia ordered out by Gov. Bradley on November 7. If the election board should see fit to throw out the vote of Louisville, this will give Goebel a safe plurality. Buford Williams, Coleman Carr and Wingate Thompson, democratic election officers of Franklin county, were to-day indicted by the federal grand jury charged with conspiracy and intimidation against colored voters.

WILL ACT INDEPENDENTLY.

Mine Owners of the Missouri-Kansas Ore District Take Steps to Build Their Own Smelters and Roller Mills.

Joplin, Mo., Nov. 18.—The decline in zinc ore prices from \$33 to \$32 in two weeks has aroused the mine owners to action and seems likely to lead to the building of smelters and rolling mills by the zinc miners' association of sufficient capacity to handle all the ore produced in Missouri and Kansas. An open meeting of the Missouri & Kansas Zinc Miners' association was held and a \$5,000,000 fund was favored to secure lands in the Kansas natural gas belt and build smelters and rolling mills on it. A committee, composed of seven prominent mine owners of Joplin and Webb City, Mo., and Galena, Kan., was selected to secure the gas lands and take the preliminary steps for building the zinc works.

Methodist Churches in Porto Rico.

Washington, Nov. 18.—The general commission on missionary work in the Methodist church to-day continued the apportionment of funds for home missions among the non-English-speaking classes. The amounts voted were: German, \$42,348; French, \$4,650; Spanish, \$14,850, and Chinese, \$9,900. It was decided, after considerable discussion, to organize two churches in Porto Rico, one at Ponce and one at San Juan. The committee appropriated \$6,000 for their maintenance, when built.

War on Chicago Trades' Unions.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Chicago contractors and builders made an open declaration of war on the trades' unions, charging them with causing the present apathy in building operations in the city and crippling municipal growth. An ultimatum setting forth the employers' view of the situation and stating the terms on which labor must meet capital after January 1, 1900, was drawn up and presented to the Building Trades' council.

Tried to Blow His Wife Up.

Zanesville, Wis., Nov. 18.—Fred O'Brien yesterday placed a ten-pound stick of dynamite beneath his wife's bedroom. A terrible explosion followed, partly wrecking the house, which is a one-story building. O'Brien's act is said to be because his wife refused to live with him, and charging cruelty. All the persons in the house escaped injury. O'Brien is now in jail.

REPORT ON AGRICULTURE.

Secretary Wilson, in His Forthcoming Message, Will Show a Wonderful Progress in His Department for the Year.

Washington, Nov. 20.—The forthcoming annual report of the secretary of agriculture, which is nearly ready for transmission to the president, will show a wonderful progress for this department during the year. The duties of the department have been broadened under the present administration and new fields have been occupied which have never heretofore been touched by the government. Several of the lines of new work and new investigations undertaken by Secretary Wilson have proved extremely popular; the results attained are of practical value to farmers, breeders and fruit growers. Much work has also been started which will require years to complete, as certain investigations and experiments necessarily occupy a long period before definite results can be attained.

The department has had seed gatherers and "explorers" in every quarter of the globe, and the narration of their investigation forms highly interesting reading. Their reports indicate that there is a vast amount yet to learn about the world's products and plants. One agent in the arid regions of Algeria found species of grasses and forage plants which are proving of great value to the southwestern part of the United States, where soil and climatic conditions are similar to the arid countries of the old world.

The plant introduction of last year which may prove of millions of dollars' value to western stock raisers is the Turkestan alfalfa. During the severe blizzard of last winter nearly all the common alfalfa of the central west, where this plant is the principal forage crop, was killed, while the Turkestan variety is found to have perfectly withstood this weather thus proving its great hardiness.

The bureau of animal industry is a large institution in itself and has been doing some important independent work in experimenting with cures for animal diseases. The hog cholera serum cure is found to have been as effective as at first anticipated, and will, when generally used, the secretary predicts, save hog raisers in the west millions of dollars annually.

Irrigation investigation has been made a special feature of the department's work during the year, and Secretary Wilson himself in his western trip looked into this subject and also studied the problem now agitating the west as to a proper control of the public grazing lands.

The secretary has said that the recent rise in the price of beef was due to the increased demand, coupled with the diminished capacity of the western grazing lands, owing to an overstocking and killing out of the native grasses. He will make a recommendation that congress allow the western states to lease these public grazing lands and apply the rental to irrigation and other improvements. This will allow each renter to fence and improve his holding, rest his grass land and generally improve the property, which will result in a greater grazing capacity for the land and also obviate the present strife growing out of the open range method.

TONS OF MEDICINE.

Recent Requisitions for the Medical Service Show What Remarkable Provisions the Government Makes for Soldiers.

Washington, Nov. 20.—Recent requisitions by the chief of the medical service at Manila for supplies show what remarkable provisions the government makes for its soldiers. There were on this list 540 different items, and among them were the following: Ten million quinine tablets, 7,500,000 grains of quinine, 29 tons of Epsom salts, 3,000 bottles of iodoform dressing, 8,000 bottles of colodion, 5,000 bottles of bismuth, 1,000,000 strychnine tablets, 10,000 quart bottles of whiskey, 7,000 bottles of alcohol, 5,000 bottles of paregoric and 1,600,000 tablets of salol for typhoid fever. From the character and quantity of these supplies it is evident that the occurrence of typhoid and malarial fever is more to be apprehended than wounds received in battle.

USED TAR AND FEATHERS.

Dra-tic Punishment Meted Out to Two Negroes and a White Woman in Ohio Who Were Charged With Arson.

Urbana, O., Nov. 20.—A mob of 100 masked men broke into the jail at West Liberty, ten miles north of here, early this morning and took out Nellie Jackson, a white woman, Edward Jackson, the woman's father-in-law, a negro, and Dave Rickman, a negro of Bellefontaine, and, after stripping the trio beat them with buggy whips and then tarred and feathered them. The mob next threw all three into the water and whipped them out of town. The punishment grew out of the arrest of the Jackson woman and Rickman on the charge of arson.

And Schmidt Was Not There.

Chicago, Nov. 20.—John A. Schmidt is looked for by the police, for he be-trothed himself, it is alleged, to 14 Chicago widows, secured several thousand dollars and told each he would marry her yesterday and take her to California with him. When the 14 women arrived at the station they found no Schmidt. Then the women held an indignation meeting and went to the police about it.