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NOVEMBER—1899.

Calendar for November 1899 with days of the week and numbers 1-30.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

We Should All Know.

Sometimes it takes us a lifetime to learn that after all we are our own best friend and also our own worst enemy.

Lost By Emigration.

In the years between 1832 and 1891 England lost 14,000,000 of its population by emigration. Germany lost 5,000,000 between 1832 and 1891.

More Wives Than Battleships.

The sultan's wives are divided into three classes, five of the first, 24 of the second and 250 of the third. He has more wives of each class than he has battleships.

Casualties in the Philippines.

Since the first arrival of our troops in the Philippines the official list of casualties to October 29 was 319 killed, 163 died of wounds and accidents, 1,735 wounded and 31 missing, a total of 2,248. The deaths from disease numbered 609.

Oldest Woman in the World.

The oldest woman in the world, according to official census reports, lives in Hawaii and is 124 years of age. Her name is Keenooke Apau, and her claim to advanced age has been thoroughly investigated by Hon. Alatau T. Atkinson, the general superintendent of the Hawaii census.

Sliding Scale of Admission Fees.

One of the things learned by Paris about a world's fair is to have a sliding scale of admission tickets. At the exposition of next year a ticket to all departments before 10 a. m. will be 40 cents; between 10 a. m. and 6 p. m. the charge will be 20 cents, and after 6 p. m. the price is again 40 cents. On Sundays the evening price remains at 20 cents.

President Kruger's Family.

The London Chronicle says that President Kruger, who has been wedded twice, chose both his wives from the Du Plessis family, which is not only one of the oldest in South Africa (its founder having gone to the Cape in the seventeenth century), but the family to which Richellea belonged. Mr. Kruger, by his first wife, had one child, who died young. By his second wife he has had 16 children. His grandchildren number 104.

Ugly Record for Cornell.

Cornell University has an ugly record in murderous foology. The recent drowning of a student from St. Louis as the result of a hazing trick is by no means its only instance of taking human life for the fun of the thing. In 1873 a student was killed by falling over a precipice to which he had been led blindfolded by a party of hazers. Five years ago some of the undergraduates of the same college killed an attendant through a trick with chlorine gas.

The Dime Novel Condemned.

Chief Wilkie, of the secret service bureau, is the latest authority to raise his voice against the dime novel. "The boy who reads ten-cent literature," he declares, "disregards the disguises made by alleged sleuths of the government and imagines these stories to be true, and the impression remains with him a long time. As a matter of fact, no such thing as a disguise for a secret service detective is known, and I do not know of a case ever worked by an operator in which articles of this kind have ever been used."

Saloon on Church Property.

Grace church, New York, has bought a bit of property on Fourth avenue which contains a saloon. Rev. Dr. Huntington says the object is to extend the church buildings when needed, and not primarily to expel the saloon, which is held under a lease that continues for two years, and which, he adds, has never been a nuisance. For the present the saloonkeeper is tenant of Grace church, but that body will not, as Trinity has done, maintain such leases when the time comes that it can get rid of them.

The Difference in Folks.

Call a girl a chick and she smiles; call a woman a hen and she howls. Call a young woman a witch and she is pleased; call an old woman a witch and she is indignant. Call a girl a kitten and she rather likes it; call a woman a cat and she'll hate you. Women are queer. If you call a man a gay dog it will flatter him. Call him a pup, a hound or a cur and he will try to pound the map of your face. He don't mind being called a bull or a bear, and yet he will object to being mentioned as a calf or a cub. Men are queer, too, like the women.

SITUATION IN KENTUCKY.

The Tangle Growing Out of Last Week's Election Growing Worse Every Day.—Federal Grand Jury Charged.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 14.—The tangle growing out of last week's election grows worse each day. This was the third day of the official count, but the work of the county board of canvassers disclosed little information to clear the situation. Chairman Long, of the republican campaign committee, yesterday repeated his claim of a plurality of 3,111 for Taylor, based on official returns from 110 counties and unofficial returns from the remaining nine. The democratic papers and leaders here have ceased to give figures, but specials from Frankfort quote Candidate Goebel and other party leaders as saying they are confident of the success of the Kenton county man.

The completion of the returns to be presented to the state board of election commissioners when it meets in Frankfort next month still depends upon the determination of the contests which are being raised in several parts of the state, notably the strongly republican counties of the Eleventh district, where the democrats claim tissue ballots were used. These contests have aroused much feeling in the localities affected. One of them involves the vote of Knox county, which gave Taylor 1,398 plurality. Yesterday Barbourville, the county seat, was visited by hundreds of people interested in the result, their avowed purpose being to see that justice is done. Counsel for candidate Taylor began action in the Knox county district court to compel the county election officers to certify the vote to the state board of election commissioners. The contention is over 43 ballots from the first precinct, but the petition filed by Taylor's counsel asserts that the election officers propose to throw out the entire county. Judge Brown granted a temporary injunction against such action. Johnson and Lewis counties are affected by the democratic charges of irregularities and legal complications are likely to arise.

The federal grand jury, which was adjourned over the election, reconvened yesterday morning, but was charged by Judge Evans regarding election violations, particularly with reference to the intimidation of colored voters. He recited the charges which have reached the ears of the court and described in detail the offenses upon which the indictment should be found.

STATEMENT BY BRYAN.

The Presidential Candidate Gives His Views on the General Results of the Recent Election.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 13.—After refusing a number of times to make any comment on the results of elections in other states than his own W. J. Bryan, under pressure of personal and political friends and New York newspapers favorable to him, gave out an extended statement Saturday night on the general results. Mr. Bryan claims to be well satisfied with the Tuesday verdict as indicating a marked movement on the part of the voters toward the Chicago platform. He says in part:

Taken as a whole, the election returns from all the states give encouragement to those who hope for the overthrow of the republican party in 1900. It is evident that those who believed in the Chicago platform in 1886 still believe in it. It is also evident that the hostility to the Chicago platform among those who opposed it is not as pronounced as it was in 1888. It is apparent also that the air is growing hostiler to the monopolies which have grown up under a republican administration. It is safe to say that the American people would, by a large majority, pronounce against the attempt to raise the standing army to 100,000, and it is equally certain that upon a direct vote upon the issue a large majority of the people would pronounce against an imperial policy which would develop here a colonial system after the pattern of European governments. We made a considerable gain this year among the foreign born voters on the questions of militarism and imperialism, and I am satisfied that the gain in 1900 will be far greater if the administration pursues its present policy on these questions.

AFTER AGUINALDO.

American Troops Said to Have the Filipino Insurgent and His Army Surrounded.—The Charleston Wrecked.

Manila, Nov. 14.—Gen. Young is supposed to have reached San Nicolas, about 30 miles east of Dagupan, but his wagons are far behind. Col. Hayes has captured Aguinaldo's secretary and Maj. Coleman is in Carangian with an escort of 150 bolomen on his way to the province of Nueva Visaya. The son of Gen. Laneras and his family are prisoners. The general barely escaped.

The correspondent of the Associated Press with Gen. Young telegraphs from San Jose that Aguinaldo and his army are surrounded.

The United States cruiser Charleston, which had been patrolling the northern coast of Luzon, was wrecked on a reef off the northwest coast Tuesday, November 7. All on board were saved.

Vice President Hobart's Condition.

Paterson, N. J., Nov. 14.—Improvement in the condition of Vice President Hobart continues, and Mrs. Hobart and other members of the family feel confident that the life of the vice president will be preserved for a long time, even if his complete recovery is not considered a possibility by his physicians. Yesterday he was able to partake of all his meals at the usual time. Mrs. Hobart, who has been at his bedside almost continually since his serious illness began, felt so encouraged at the improvement yesterday afternoon that she consented to go for a drive.

NEWS FROM AFRICA.

The Chief Interest Centered in the Arrival of British Troops.

THE BRITISH SORTIES AT MAFEKING

The Royal Dublin Fusiliers Reconnoitered at Colenso in an Armored Train.—British Troops Arrive at Cape Town.—The Story of the Surrender.

London, Nov. 14.—The scarcity of news from the front still leaves the chief interest centered in the arrival of reinforcements. Escort dispatches say that helicopter communication has been established with Ladysmith, but so far no news has been received, the latest date being November 6, which shows that the occupants of Ladysmith had no news of the outside world since Gen. French reached Pietermaritzburg and that they were puzzled at the inactivity of the Boers. Everyone was confident and cheerful, but all were suffering the inconvenience of the siege, bread selling at three shillings per loaf.

Col. Baden-Powell's dashing sorties at Mafeking encouraged the hope that the British garrisons along the western border are all able to hold out. Cecil Rhodes is employing 8,000 men, white and black, at Kimberley in road making as a remedy for destitution.

According to a dispatch from De Aar the Boers at Kimberley have got the exact range of the mines and are constantly throwing shells at the dynamite huts. Several of the latter have been blown up and the damage done to the mines already amounts to many thousands of pounds.

RECONNOITERED IN AN ARMORED TRAIN.

Estcourt, Natal, Nov. 9.—An armored train, with a company of the Royal Dublin fusiliers, started at half past one this afternoon and reached the break in the railway line about half a mile from Colenso without accident. Capt. Hensley, with several men, reconnoitered and met a native who said the Boers were occupying the town. While the conversation was in progress the Boers opened fire from Fort Wylie, but did no injury. Capt. Hensley thereupon retired on the train, after which the fusiliers volleyed on the fort. As there was no response, the presumption was that the Boers had retreated. The armored train returned here safely at six o'clock. Capt. Hensley learned from the native that the Boers were numerous on the Ladysmith side of Colenso. During the afternoon there was a cessation of the bombardment of Ladysmith. A helicopter was working from Fort Wylie.

BRITISH SHIPS ARRIVE AT CAPE TOWN.

London, Nov. 14.—A dispatch from Cape Town to the war office announces the arrival there yesterday of the troopship Armenian, with three batteries of artillery and an ammunition column, and the troopship Nubia, with the Scots guards and half a battalion of the Northamptonshire regiment. This brings the total number of reinforcements to 12,892, of which 6,000 are already on their way to Durban. The Armenian and Nubia, whose troops belong to the first division, will probably also be ordered to proceed. Nine troopships, carrying 11,000 men, are due at Cape Town today.

THE STORY OF THE SURRENDER.

Lorenzo Marques, Nov. 9.—Father Matthews, who has arrived here from Pretoria, says with reference to the surrender of the Irish fusiliers and the Gloucestershire troops at Nicholson's Nek that, after the mules stampeded, the force got hard pressed by the enemy. They would have held out, however, but some subordinate, without instructions, hoisted a flag of truce on his own responsibility. Nothing then remained but to surrender. The surrender was a great blunder caused by a misunderstanding.

A STEAMER FOUNDERS.

The Belgique Dashes on the Casquet Rocks and 18 Persons Are Thought to Have Drowned.

London, Nov. 14.—On Friday night the Belgian steamer Belgique, from Antwerp for Alexandria, foundered off the Casquet rocks near the island of Alderney, the scene of the tragic disaster which last March befell the London & Southwestern Railway company's passenger steamer Stella. The night was stormy. A boat was launched with 16 men, but five of these died of exhaustion and three others were drowned in the endeavor of the ship Saint Hilda to rescue them. Eighteen persons, including the captain, out of a total crew of 29, are believed to have been drowned.

National Republican Committee.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 14.—After a consultation yesterday between Senator M. A. Hanna and Mr. Charles H. Dick, chairman and secretary respectively of the national and preparatory committee, the latter announced that it had been decided to call the committee together on Friday, December 15, at Washington, to name the time and place of holding the next national republican convention. The session of the committee will continue for two days. The following named cities are mentioned as probable applicants for the national convention next year: Cleveland, San Francisco, St. Louis, Chicago, Minneapolis, Denver, Kansas City, Milwaukee and Buffalo.

DISPATCHES FROM OTIS.

The General Shows the Hardships and Difficulties Encountered by American Troops in the Philippines.

Washington, Nov. 13.—Three important dispatches from Gen. Otis were received at the war department Saturday, showing the hardships and difficulties encountered by our troops in their advance and giving a captured insurgent's dispatch, showing the line of argument put forth to sustain the insurrection. The dispatches are as follows:

Severe typhoon off Panay the last two days, which impeded the march of Gen. Hughes' troops. His column is several miles north of west of Iloilo. Insurgents have abandoned strong defenses in that section. Lawton is pushing troops through on the Lupadiman and San Quentin road, but the country is submerged, bridges and recently constructed rafts washed out and wheel transportation cannot move. His reliance is on cavalry, a few infantry and native scouts, living mostly on the country.

MacArthur commenced his advance early this morning. Yesterday two companies of the Seventeenth infantry under Chynoweth, while making room clearance on Malabang and Concepcion road, struck a battalion of the enemy, which left 20 dead on the field. Our casualties reported, three wounded.

A number of official insurgent dispatches captured yesterday by Gen. Young's troops in the north and forwarded by Lawton last night. They indicate direct abandonment by the enemy of the country in the vicinity of Cabanatuan and San Jose and hurried movements by way of Tayab ever mountains to Babonbanay, thence on to Apirra. Among the dispatches the following appears:

Tarlac, Nov. 5, 1899. Otis did not accept proposition to-day. Enemy attacked our outposts because Otis promises McKinley to taste Tarlac; think they cannot break through. Take care of prisoners as therein lies our great hopes, especially (for) our wives. There is no such interest (?) either by the government or by Miong. Spanish commissioners tried to deceive us; dealing with us as insurgents; our government sent them away and they withdrew greatly displeased. Quadruple alliance between Germany, France, Russia and Spain is a fact. Before December we will know our fate. Throughout Europe there is sympathy for our cause. American democrats clearly in our favor; they are sore of Bryan's triumph next election. Pay attention to your affairs and never mind the rest."

AWFUL AFFAIR IN IOWA.

Dynamite Exploded in a Building as Clarence Burrell Entered It, and He Was Killed Instantly.

Urbana, Ill., Nov. 13.—Clarence Burrell, son of Banker J. G. Burrell, was instantly killed Saturday by an explosion of dynamite which wrecked the bank building and partially destroyed the Monitor general store. He had just opened the doors of his father's private bank for the day's business when there was a smothered explosion in the Monitor store next door. He rushed into the building and a moment later, when Burrell reached the rear of the building, a second explosion of greater force occurred. Pieces of wreckage, hurled through the air by the shock, struck Burrell in the neck, decapitating him. Another missile penetrated his heart. Fire following the explosion destroyed both buildings, entailing a heavy loss. The bank vault and the store safe, however, were not damaged. The cause of the explosion is not known, but the authorities are working on the theory that it was done by incendiaries.

VICTORY FOR THE CANAL.

Federal Judge Kohlsaat, of Chicago, Refuses to Remand the Celebrated Case to the State Court.

Chicago, Nov. 13.—Judge C. C. Kohlsaat, in the United States district court, rendered an important decision in the drainage canal case, holding that the federal court has jurisdiction in the case and refusing to remand it. The Illinois and Michigan Canal commission had brought injunction proceedings against the sanitary district controlling the drainage canal, to prevent the turning of the water of Lake Michigan into the big canal.

The canal commission contended that the legal battle should be fought in the circuit court of Will county, where the expected to be able to win, and Judge Kohlsaat's decision is regarded as favorable to the sanitary district and is expected to result in a speedy settlement of the points at issue.

A Motorman Sticks to His Post.

Milwaukee, Nov. 13.—William Framer, a motorman on the street railway, yesterday saved the lives of nine passengers by sticking to his post in a car of which he was in charge. At the same time Framer received injuries which may result in his death. A train of freight cars moved out from behind some buildings just as the street car was nearing the crossing. The motorman reversed the current, but not quite soon enough, as the vestibule of the car was hit and ground to pieces.

To Rescue His Child.

Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 13.—John McKenzie, of this city, dived 16 feet in a cistern to save the life of his ten-year-old boy, who had fallen into the well. He succeeded in getting him out, but the boy is in a precarious condition and may die. There was five feet of water in the cistern and the father made the plunge without a moment's hesitation as soon as he discovered the plight of his boy.

Increased Post Office Receipts.

Washington, Nov. 13.—A statement of gross postal receipts for October shows large increases at nearly all large offices. The receipts at St. Louis for the month were \$170,599, an increase of \$12,737; at Kansas City the receipts were \$58,910, an increase of \$6,723; at St. Joseph the receipts were \$13,851, an increase of \$881.

True to Nature.

She—What a good picture! He—No, it isn't. I was not well, and I looked like an idiot that morning. She (intently studying the photograph)—Well, it looks exactly like you, anyway.—Judge.

How It Sounded. "My daughter's music," sighed the mother, "has been a great expense." "Indeed?" returned the guest. "Some neighbor sued you, I suppose?"—Boston Traveler.

Advertisement for Hood's Sarsaparilla, featuring a testimonial and the slogan 'The Best is Cheapest.'

Large advertisement for Demorest's Magazine, offering 25c for 60 days and highlighting its family-oriented content.

Piles-Fistula AND All Diseases of the Rectum CURED

Advertisement for a medical treatment for piles and fistula, claiming a cure without surgery.

DRS. THORNTON & MINOR,

Advertisement for Economy Gas Lamp, featuring an illustration of the lamp and a portrait of a man.

W. L. DOUGLAS'S \$3 & 3.50 SHOES

Advertisement for W. L. Douglas's shoes, highlighting their quality and affordability.

Advertisement for Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, featuring an illustration of the product bottle and a testimonial.