THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE

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NOTH PLATTE. - . NEBRASKA

EPITOME OF EVENTS

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

THE STORY IN A NUTSHELL

Embracing a Condensation of Events In Which Readers Generally Are More or Less Concerned.

Washington.

The house passed the postoffice appropriation hill, earrying about \$257, 000,000, with no negative votes.

Charlton R. Bottie, United States attorney at New Orleans, has refused to accede to Attorney General Wickersham's request that he resign, and has so notified the department of justice.

The legislative, judicial and executive appropriation bill was reported to the senate Tuesday. It carries \$35,369,700, an increase of \$116,240, over the amount of the bill as it was passed by the house,

A caucus of the republicans of the house to determine what action to take on the proposed legislation for a congressional reapportionment in the light of the new census statistics was called for February 2.

The department of justice let it be known that District Attorney Beattie's resignation had been requested because of friction which has arisen over the New Orleans clearing house cases. Attorney General Wickersham denied himself to interviewers on the subject, but it was said officially that such a controversy caused the rup-

ture. Attorney General Wickersham will soon decide if an anti-trust action shall be brought against the American pulp and paper association, popularly called the "paper trust." Special agents of the department are finishing an investigation into the alleged price-fixing agreements of the news print paper mills which com-

prise the association. A knotty point of American bankruptcy law was settled when the federal supreme court held that a secured creditor is not entitled to apply the proceeds from the sale of his security first to interest on his principal accrued since the filing of the petition in bankruptcy and then to the principal and to prove a claim in a bankruptcy for the balance of the principal.

General.

Jewels worth \$35,000 was stolen from the Pittsburg home of William

In a speech before the Texas legis-

lature Senator Culbertson scores the new pationalism. There will be two eclipses of the

sun this year, neither being visible in the United States.

The house will have an opportunity at an early date to vote on the tariff board bill, which has been agreed on by the ways and means committee.

Montana's vote was cast in favor of the income tax amendment to the constitution of the United States. The senate concurred in a house resolution ratifying the amendment.

For the first time in the history of aviation an earoplane rose from the surface of the water at San Diego, sailed about and returned to the starting point, where it landed on the water as easily as a gull.

A draconian censorship is being imposed at Odessa with regard to news of demonstrations by students. The only information about shooting having occurred at the university has come through official sources. One student has died.

Theodore Roosevelt's next tour will begin in New York March 8, and will sweep around the boundaries of the country, through the south Atlantic and gulf states, the southwest, up to the Pacific coast to Idaho and Montana and thence direct home. The Indiana Republican Editorial

association, which, at its convention a year ago, refused to endorse the Taft administration, faced about and adopted resolutions endorsing, unreservedly. President Taft, pledging him the support of the republican press of the state and appealing to the voters to rally to him.

Claiming he had been committeed to the Burleson county farm without chance to pay a cash fine for a misdemeanor, and that he had been flogged while a prisoner, Lucius Crone, a negro, appeared as a state witness against three white men accused of peonage at Austin, Texas. The accused men are W. S. Houston, J. M. Woods and R. S. Newson, They ray they were indicted as the result

of conspiracy. The contest between San Francisco and New Orleans over exposition location is stirring up quite a row.

Ecuador has declined to send the dispute over the Peru-Ecuador boundary to The Hague court for arbitra-

The Spanish cabinet has decided to present parliament a bill regulating the religious and other associa-

The Panama national assembly, called in extraordinary session to deal with the financial situation. voted \$100,000 in gold in aid of the projected Fanama world's fair in 1915.

The president sent a special message to congress bearing on reciprocity with Canada.

The postoffice appropriation bill was passed after the department has received a round scoring in the

Lawyers have pronounced the will of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy to be void. Virginia wants the supreme court to shift part of her staggering state debt on West Virginia.

The house defeated the proposal to increase salaries of circuit judges from \$7,000 to \$10,000 a year.

Emil Munsterberg, a brother of Professor Hugo Munsterberg of Harvard university, died at Berlin. President Taft is concerned over the formation of the republican progressive league at Washington.

Ship subsidy promoters are represented as having sought to buy the support of a New York newspaper. At the second trial of men accused of taking part in the Berlin strike riots fifteen of the defendants were

found guilty. At Aberdeen, S. D., the division headquarters, local freight houses and passenger station of the Milwaukee railroad, were burned. The loss is estimated at \$100,000;

At Los Angeles, Howard Wilcox, driving a National, broke the American five-mile competition speedway record at the motordome. His time was 3 minutes 21 seconds.

With a greater number of delegates in attendance than ever before, the United States Civil Service Retirement association convened in washington in annual convention.

President Taft, who was invited to attend the Kansas state fair to be held at Hutchinson next fall, has decided to accept the invitation. The president will be there September 25

Theodore Economu and George P. Calogera, New York Greek importers, were sentenced to four months' imprisonment for being parties to a conspiracy to defraud the government out of duties.

In four tests before physicians at Reno, Okl., Frank Arkebauer showed that he has 454 cubic inches lung capacity, which breaks the 436 cubic inch world's record of Paul Van Broeckman of New York.

The Peruvian insurgents have occupied the heights of Tayabamba, 200 miles north of the capital and are awaiting an attack by the government troops which have been sent to dislodge them.

Chancellor Allison decided at Nashville, Tenn., against the negro Knights of Pythias, holding that they have no right to the name, regalia, badges, etc. This case will be ap pealed to the supreme court.

The petition for a rehearing of the judgment and order sentencing Abraham Ruef to San Quentin for fourteen years on a charge of bribery of the Ruef-Schmidt board of supervisors was granted by the California supreme court.

railroads was urged by Mar vin Hughitt, chairman of the board of directors of the Chicago & North western railroad in the hearing of the

securities commission. Nearly half the members of the senhave taken positions against the confirmation of Judge William H. Hunt, now serving as a member of the court of customs appeals, and promoted to

a circuit judgeship. The Japanese who assaulted United States Consul Williamson at Dainy, a light fine, according to news brought to Victoria, B. C., by the steamship Oanfa, from Yokohoma The men were reprimanded and as

sessed a fine of \$2.50 each. James J. Gallagher, who shot Mayor Gaynor and Street Commissioner Ed wards on a steamship in dock at Ho boken last August, was taken to the New Jersey state prison to serve twelve years at hard labor. The sentence, including a fine of \$1,000, is for his attack on Edwards.

The purpose of the George Wash Ington Memorial association was advanced when \$100,000 was donnted by a New York financier. This gift practically makes sure the collection of \$500,000, which the association has set itself to get before a site is de cided upon.

Sheriff R. E. Martin of Hansford county, Texas, was shot and killed by a man named Fifer. Sheriff Martir and a United States marshal went to arrest Fifer for unlawfully holding state land twenty miles northwest of here. The men entered Fifer's barr and struck a match. Fifer fired and escaped.

Personal.

The Missouri legislature has no Smiths and only one Brown, Senator Heyburn of Idaho, opposes

popular election for senators. The new republican governor of Tennessee was inaugurated Jan 25th. The jury in the Mrs. Schenk mur der trial disagreed and were discharged.

Congressman Norris opposes any raise in the salaries of United States. circuit judges.

Tammany is said to be casting about for a new man for senator. James F. Martine has won out for

senator in New Jersey. Dr. Depew is opposed to the direct election of United States senators. The senatorial dendlock in Iowa

continues with no practical change. Members of the Nebraska legislature were guests of Omaha for a day. Senator Cummins marked the line of division of the republican party on

the tariff question. Paul Morton's remains will eventually be brought to Nebraska for bur-

CHANGE OF CAPITAL

BILL FOR REMOVAL OF LEGISLA-TIVE SEAT.

FIRST STEP IN THE CAMPAIGN

Revision of Road Laws of Nebraska Other Matters in the House and Senate.

The first step toward the cnmpaign for the removal of the state capital from Lincoln were taken in

The measure provides that at the next general election a vote shall be the capital, the persons voting for removal to be allowed to express their city voted for must be located west of the ninety-seventh meridan, which runs through Wayne in the north and just east of David City and Schuyler, and just west of Wilber in the south.

If a majority be in favor of capital removal the capital shall be declared removed. If any city receives a maforlty of votes cast for the removal said city shall be declared the new capital of the state. If no city receives a majority, the two highest cities shall be voted on at a special any other ward. He wants also the election.

As drawn it provides for the submission at the fall election in 1911, all cities who desire to do so being eligible to compete in the contest for the prize, providing always that they are west of the west line of Lancaster county. If a majority of all votes are cast in favor of all the competing towns, the capital shall be removed. If none of the candidates for the capital receive a majority of all votes cast in favor of capital removal, then in that event a second election must decide between the two high candidates.

Good Roads Bill.

Complete revision of the road laws of the state and the drafting of an entirely new and up-to-date measure will be effected by the present legislature unless the plans of the "good roads" advocates go astray.

Representative W. A. Prince Grand Island opposed the passage of bills amending the present road laws at this time on account of the proposal to have introduced a modern road law in the session that will embody all the best suggestions made by the legislators of Nebraska.

Many bills are now before both houses for consideration and both time and money will be saved by in-Caution in the extension of federal structing and drawing up of one gencontrol over the issuance of securi- eral measure, according to Prince and ing better highways.

To Investigate Governor's Charges.

A committee of five will be appoint ed by the speaker of the house to ate judiciary committee are said to make an investigation of the charges of election frauds in Omaha made by Governor Aldrich in his message. A resolution was introduced by Moriarty of Douglas with a strongly con demnatory preamble. The resolution was adopted unanimously authorizing the committee and the investigation fast mouth, were convicted and given after the preamble had been struck out on a motion by Prince of Hall.

Income Tax.

Apparently there is not a dissent ing vote against the income tax in the legislature. The sentiment favoring it in the state is apparently so overwhelming that not a legislator, even if he has the personal desire, will risk going on record against it. Not a single member in either house, so far as is known, is against it.

Can Ride to Polls.

The senate recommended for passage Senator Lee's bill prohibiting the use of conveyances for taking voters to or from the polls at primary and general elections. The report of the committee of the whole followed a discussion of the possible effects of such a bill. The most drastic provision of the bill, which would have prohibited the use of conveyances by political committees, was cut out before the measure reached the floor. As the bill now stands, it only prohibits candidates from using convey-

The Capital Removal Bill.

The capital removal bill in full comprises twelve sections and is quite lengthy. The last clause reads, that upon ascertaining that the assent of a majority of the electors of the state has been given thereto, sections 2 and 13 of an act to provide for the location of the seat of government of the etate of Nebraska, approved June 14, 1867, shall be and become thereby repealeu.

Omaha Registration Frauds. The governor's message on registration frauds in Omaha was taken up in the senate and referred to the committee on privileges and elections.

Regulating Corporations. Senator Albert introduced in the senate a bill designed to place all corporations under the control of the state railway commission and containing a provision regarding franchises which is now in effect in Wisconsin under the name of the "inde-

terminate permit."

SENDS IN MESSAGE.

Governor Charges Registration Frauds in Omaha.

The message from the governor declaring the present registration laws obsolete and asking the legislature to give the power of appointing boards of registration into the hands of chief executive was presented to the house and senate on Wednesday. The move came with an arraignment of alleged conditions of fraud in which the governor implicates Mayor Dahlman, and City Clerk Butler, of Omaha, in fraud and fraudulent manipulation of registration.

Governor Aldrich asserts that handfuls of registration certificates were issued at the city clerk's office at the time of election testified to by professional freeholders and sent out "and in this way as many fraudulent votes the house by the introduction of a bill | were cast as were desired by the gang signed by twenty-seven members of in control and many thousands were so cast." He declares that it is a matter of record that nearly three times as many votes were cast in the Third taken for or against the removal of ward as the census shows there were male inhabitants in the ward and that men who had registered and failed preference for a certain city, but any to vote had their vote cast for them anyway.

The governor declares that the laws as they stand are outgrown and says that "innumerable frauds" were committed in Omaha under cover of the obsolete law.

As a remedy he suggests that the governor be given the power to appoint all registration boards on a 10 per cent petition and that this privilege be extended so that he can appoint men from any ward to serve in power to appoint a police force sufficient for protection at the polling places. "In this way," says the governor, "the incentive and motive to present fraudulent registration certificates would be destroyed and men of the highest character and intelligence would become judges and clerks of election.'

Concluding, the governor says: " urge upon you the immediate consideration of this matter to the end that some plan may be devised so that what has taken place in the past may not happen again under the same or similar circumstances, as it surely will, with the laws in their present form."

A Back Number.

It is not uncommon for bills to be introduced in the legislature providing amendments to the session laws of the previous session. These bills are always amended in committee to read amendments to the statutes last compiled. It remained for Lawrence of Dodge to introduce a bill that breaks the record for being antediluvian in form. It calls for an amendment to the session laws of 1881. It so happens that this law his since been amended in 1885 and in 1891, but the particular sections aimed at were originally passed in 1881.

No Salary Raise.

Efforts to raise the salaries of house employes were without avail. Propositions were submitted to allow proofreaders and the chief bill clerk \$4 a day without overtime. Before there was opportunity to debate the proposed raises at all motions were made and carried to lay them on the

Stirring Up the Doctors.

Gandy's bill to allow all people practicing healing arts of any kind or character, Christian Scientists, faith healers, etc., to be considered as practicing physicians, is creating some stir among the doctors and a prominent Omaha Surgeon was in the house to discuss it with the author.

Increased Pay for Jurors.

To raise the pay of grand and petit jurors from \$2 to \$3 a day is the purport of one bill passed by the house. Every member voted for it.

Cobbey's Statutes.

The squabble over the number of Cobbey's statutes to be purchased for the use of the state, and the price to be paid for them, led to something pretty closely resembling personalities in the house. The bill as amended and recommended by the committee on finance, ways and means carries an appropriation of \$3,600 for the purchase of 400 copies to be bound in buckram.

Nebraskas' First Homestead. Jansen of Gage, chairman of a special committee to prepare a memorial asking congress to buy the first homestead taken under the national homestead law, the Daniel Freeman farm in Gage county, to be used for a national park, presented a report which

was adopted.

South Omaha Charter. The South Omaha charter bill was introduced in both house and senate by Representative Bulla and Senator Tanner. The bill authorizes an increase of \$25,500 in the levy and provides for an additional assistant city attorney.

Game Law Changes. Dan Geilus, state game warden un-

der the administration of Governor Shallenberger, has secured the introduction of bills embodying the recommendation made in his biennial report. Most of these changes in the game laws which have already received indorsement from the sporting fraternity. One provision is for a universal sportsman's license of \$1.10, the 10 cents to be retained by county clerks. The proposed law provides that all persons must have such a license to hunt anywhere in the state.

SIGN OF RED CROSS

ASK PROTECTION OF EMBLEM FROM ADVERTISERS.

USE IS PUNISHABLE BY FINE

Many Who Violate the Law in This Respect Are Not Aware of Penalty Therefor.

Washington.-The American Red of the United States to advise it as to of any attempt for a rehearing of the the proper steps for the enforcement case. of that portion of its federal charter relating to the use of its emblem and the Sargent public schools reorganizaname for advertising by private firms and manufacturers

Such use of the Red Cross is punishable by a penalty up to \$500 or a year's imprisonment. It is believed many persons who use the emblem and name for advertising purposes are not aware that such is forbidden and that heavy penalties may be enforced against them.

The United States has entered into a treaty with all the civilized governments of the world to prevent the was severely injured while taking his misuse of the Red Cross emblem or title. The law specifically prohibits the use of a "Greek red cross on a white ground, or any sign or insignia he was struck upon turning to face made, or colored imitation thereof, forward by a mail crane and the left or of the words "Red Cross" or "Geneva Cross" or any combination of these words." The use is forbidden even for charitable purposes, except by the American Red Cross, its employes and agents, and the army and navy sanitary and hospital authori-

The use of the red cross on the New York ambulances has been abandoned, and medical and other associations have pledged themselves to suppress its use for any advertising purposes. The officers of the national organization request of the solicitor general an opinion as to the best method for proceeding against those who continue to use the emblem or

Reciprocity With Canada.

To carry into effect the terms of the reciprocity agreement, concluded by representatives of Canada and the United States last Thursday and which was placed before congress that day by President Taft with a special message urging legislation, the first move was made Saturday when Representative McCall of Massachusetts, a member of the ways and means committee of the house, presented the administration bill on the subject. The bill was referred to the committee on ways and means which will take it up this week, President Taft indicated today that he was not worrying about the fate of the agreement.

SPECIAL SESSION OF HOUSE.

Services in Honor of Late Representative Gilmore of Louisiana.

Washington,-Tributes to the life. character and public services of the late Representative Samuel L. Gilmore of Louisiana were paid in the house of representatives Sunday at a special session presided over by Rep. on by Dr. G. L. Pritchett of that city. resentative Broussard of Louisiana as speaker protem. The speakers in addition to Mr. Broussard were: Representatives Kahn of California and Borland of Missouri.

Beveridge Favors Treaty.

Washington.-Senator Beveridge of Indiana, in a statement Sunday night, commended the reciprocity agreement with Canada submitted to congress by the president, and praised President Taft's message urging its ratification. "Every believer in Canadian reciprocity," said Senator Beveridge, "must applaud the thoroughly admirable message of the president to congress transmitting the proposed agreement. That message is powerful and unanswerable from my point of view.

J. Whitaker Passes Away.

Kansas City, Mo.-Joseph Whitaker, 84 years old, a retired capitalist, died at his home in Kansas City, Ks., Sunday. He was among those who started the first packing plants in Cincinnati and at the close of the war, in 1863, he established the first meatpacking plant in this section.

Miss Mary Desha is Dead. Washington.-Miss Mary Desha, 65 years old, one of the three founders

Revolution, died suddenly of apoplexy while walking near her home here Sunday. King Manuel Granted Pension. London.-The Diaro de Noticias

announces that the Portugese gov-

ernment has decided to pay a month-

King Manuel. Terrific Volcano Eruption.

Manila, P. I.-Observers sent out by the Bureau of Science to investigate the eruptions of the volcane, Taal, have telegraphed a report that a terrific eruption occurred at 2 o'clock in the morning simultaneously with two prolonged earthquakes. The island on which the volcano is located sank five feet. A heavy mud shower fell and then for half an hour hot ashes. The observator at Manila corroborates the report and adds that a remarkable electrical storm continued for

NEBRASKA IN BRIEF.

News Notes of Interest from Various Sections.

Tecumseh business men, at an enthusiastic meeting, organized a com-

mercial club. Governor Aldrich issued a commission to Henry Howard of Elk Creek to be commandant of the soldiers' home at Milford. The commission is

to take effect February 1. At the regular meeting of the city council of Beatrice it was decided to submit the question of "wet" or "dry" at the coming spring municipal election to the vote of the people.

Lincoln attorneys interested in the supreme court decision upholding the constitutionality of the Nebraska Cross has asked the solicitor general bank guaranty act have heard nothing

Owing to the crowded condition of tion was necessary, Miss Inez Brown added to the corps of teachers and the second semester begins with flattering prospects.

The body of the late James G. Taylor of New York, who died in that city, arrived in Seward. Funeral services were conducted at the Methodist Episcopal church on Sun-

day, January 29. Frank Smith, engineer of the Union Pacific, running the Oregon express, train through Merrick county. Momentarily glancing backward, with his head slightly out of the cab window, eye was badly injured. The accident

happened in the yards at Clarks. George Wellman, a farmer living seven miles south of Waco, committed suicide by cutting an artery in his wrist and bleeding to death. Mr. Welman was eighty-six years of age and had been suffering for some time with an attack of grip. During the past few days he became despondent, saying that he knew he would not get well and it is believed that this was the cause of his suicide.

Nebraska horticulturists, meeting at the Lindell in Lincoln, drew up the preliminary version of a bill to provide for inspection of fruit coming into the state and fruit being exported. A temporary organization to be known as the Nebraska Nurserymen's association, was formed. Peter Youngers of Geneva is temporary chairman and Clyde Barnard of Table

Rock temporary secretary. Governor Aldrich has made his appointments under the new bank laws and they will go into effect as soon as the mandate is received from the supreme court announcing the fact that the bank guaranty law is upheld. Those who are to be reappointed are: Secretary, Ed. Royse; clerk, N. P. Persinger; assistant, Maude Hoge; examiners, Clarence W. Erwin, F. M. Stapleton, Edward Emmett and E. H.

Mullowney. The first aid care of the American ciety, which wa tioned at Fairbury for several days, was moved to Goodland, Kan. Dr. M. W. Glasgow, who was in charge of the car, delivered three lectures to Rock Island employes at Fairbury. Quite a large number of employes listened to the talks and a great interest was being displayed among the employes. A first aid corps was organized in Fairbury and the work will be caried

Willis Bales and his wife, pioneer settlers near Superior, were shot and killed at their home by Harvey Wadleigh, a farmer who had been their friend for thirty years. It is believed that Wadleigh became insane suddenly. Wadleigh, who is a wealthy young farmer living about nine miles southwest of Superior, in the Reaubens neighborhood in Jewell county. Kansas, walked over to the home of William Bales and as he came to the door was shot by Wadleigh, a man who had acted "queer" for some time

past The funeral of the Rev. J. Charles, who died in Arlington after an illness following a second attack of apoplexy, was held Thursday, all places of business being closed. Rev. J. Charles was born in Red Lake, county of Gallup, England, September 6, 1836, being in his 75th year at the time of his death. When a lad of 15 years of age he was converted to the Christian faith, to which he steadfastly and consistently adhered.

Los Angeles (Cal.) dispatch: In the Chamber of Commerce exhibition hall the Nebraska State society of Los Angeles recently held a large and enthuslastic meeting. About 1,000 former residents of the Prairie state were present and the early part of the evening was devoted to social conversation and greeting old friends of the Daughters of the American and new. All Nebraskans who are touring the Pacific states were invited and many took this opportunity of meeting their old friends of former days. The Nebraska State society was organized in 1894 and now has on its membership rolls more than 3,000 former residents of Nebraska who are at present residing in Los Angeles ly pension of \$3,300 to the deposed or vicinity.

At a meeting of the members and officers of the Hall county Sunday school association the first steps were taken for the entertainment of the state association's convention next June. Heads of committees on entertainment were chosen to co-operate

with the Commercial club. In a memorandum opinion filed in the federal district court Judge Munger authorized the issuance of a writ of mandamus to compel the city of Omaha to levy a tax of \$225,134.36 for the purpose of paying the judgments which the Omaba water company secured against the city last May.