

# NEBRASKA POINTERS

STATE NEWS AND NOTES IN CONDENSED FORM.

## THE PRESS, PULPIT AND PUBLIC

What is Going on Here and There That is of Interest to the Readers Throughout Nebraska.

The Union Pacific yardmaster's offices at Valparaiso were burned.

A. A. Wilcox died in Oregon and his remains were shipped to Nebraska for burial at Sterling.

Four thousand out of the 125,000 registered for Tripp county lands will get 160 acres each.

Of late the weather has been ideal for corn husking and much of the crop has been gathered.

Mrs. Davidson, formerly of Falls City, has assumed the management of the Central hotel at Humboldt.

Daniel Freeman of Gage county, Nebraska's first homesteader, has been seriously ill, but is now convalescing.

A man named Hinkle pleaded guilty to bootlegging at the old settlers' picnic in Nemaha county and paid fine and costs amounting to \$119.

Four horses belonging to J. Banks disappeared from the stock yards at Arlington. No trace of them has been found and it is believed they were stolen.

Roy Hickman, aged twenty-seven years, was accidentally shot and died from the effects of the wound an hour later. He was hunting when the accident occurred.

A "freak" sweet potato grown in Sol Hershey's garden in West Beatrice is about a foot long and consists of three small potatoes grown about each other as if woven by hand.

The Burlington road has appealed from the district court of Otoe county in the matter of a judgment for \$144 in favor of Richard Cleve for the loss of a cattle shipped to Chicago.

The new Y. M. C. A. building at Columbus is now about completed, at the cost of nearly \$40,000. A secretary has been appointed, and the doors will soon open for business.

F. F. Prochaska of Butler county will be deprived of the guardianship and care of his four minor children because he has become unfit through strong drink.

A. H. Porter, residing about five miles southeast of Elk Creek, had a span of bay horses stolen from his barn. The thief also took an old set of harness and a spring wagon.

Floyd Harris, the eldest son of the Journal editor at Falls City, while feeding the press, accidentally had his hand caught in the form and badly crushed two fingers.

Farmers should all have telephones. Write to us and learn how to get the best service for the least money. Nebraska Telephone Company, 18th and Douglas streets, Omaha. "Use the Bell."

A move has been made in Tekamah to establish a poultry slaughtering and dressing house. Steve Chatt and Frank Houston are interested parties.

New uniforms have been issued to company C. N. N. G., at Beatrice.

The county of Buffalo refuses to abide by the decision of the district court which held that the county must pay \$370, the cost of a guaranty bond for County Treasurer Gilbert T. Haake.

The third burglary in two months occurred recently in Oxford when Nebel Bros.' store was entered through a rear window in the cellar. Cash and trade checks to the amount of about ten dollars were taken.

A. L. Richardson, a young man, was drowned while hunting near Minden.

At Fremont several Italians engaged in a fight, during which one man was killed and another so badly injured that it is thought he will die.

Speaker Cannon of the house of representatives has just sold \$49,000 worth of his Nebraska farm lands and is offering for sale still other property he owns in eastern Nebraska. The farm Mr. Cannon has just sold contains 799 acres and sold for \$70 an acre. The market price for lands of the same class in the vicinity is \$75 to \$80.

The second disastrous prairie fire in the vicinity of Dickens this fall swept over a strip two miles east of there from one to three miles wide and about five miles long, destroying several tons of hay, besides the burning off of the range. The fire was started by sparks from a passing train on the Burlington.

In overhauling the St. Benedict church at Nebraska City workmen took down the big cross thereon and opened the large gold ball on the top of the same and in it was a history of the church, telling what it cost, who contributed the funds, the contractors, what they were paid and how the church was first started.

While handling a revolver the other day, John Johnson, employed on the Henry Otto farm northeast of Pickrell, was shot through the hand. It is thought no serious results will follow.

One of the events that is being looked forward to by school children of York county, in which a surprisingly large number of boys and girls have entered is the corn contest to be held next month, in which many valuable prizes are offered in cooking contests and for production of best ten ears of corn, the largest yield and prizes for different varieties of corn raised by the boys.

# ROOSEVELT SAWYER'S GOLDEN TROUT SPECIES



**P**RESIDENT THEODORE ROOSEVELT, exterminator of nature fakers, enemy of predatory wealth, world-famed huntsman, conqueror of San Juan hill and present occupant of the white executive mansion in Washington, has added a new title to his long role. It is that of savior of the Salmo Roosevelti Evermann, which in cosmopolitan lingo implies Golden Trout. He has saved the Roosevelt Golden Trout, a product of the west, from extinction. This rare fish is known as the most toothsome morsel which the finny realm holds forth as the trophy of the rod and reel.

The Roosevelt Golden Trout is the gamest and showiest species of trout in the United States and if promises of the United States fish commission are to be believed, this species will be angled for in hundreds of streams in the country within a few years.

Some time ago President Roosevelt stirred the fish commission into action when he told its members that the Roosevelt Golden Trout was threatened with extinction.

The tall minds of that august body at once set about to find out what the Roosevelt Golden Trout was. A ponderous probe developed it was a fish and that there was only one place in the United States where it was to be found—in Volcano creek on the slopes of Mount Whitney, Cal.

Several of the fish were captured alive and put in great tanks in Bozeman, Mont., and Leadville, Col., to hatch eggs. This they did as prescribed by the fish cultural stations.

Just the other day word came from those stations that a sufficient quantity of eggs had been secured to stock streams in which trout are to be found, in every part of the United States. Upwards of a million eggs were propagated and soon these will be planted throughout the United States.

Hence in a few years the present-day Izaak Walton, who passes his summers angling for trout and catching old shoes, tin cans and the like, will occasionally be rewarded by feeling the nibble of the famed Roosevelt Golden Trout at his hook. If the fish nibbles strong enough the fisherman must use every bit of cunning at his command, for the finny creature is one of the toughest customers to land.

This rare fish was appropriately named the Roosevelt Golden Trout. It derived that name because of the chief executive's strenuous and successful efforts to save it from extinction. As stated above, the only place where it is to be found to-day is in Volcano creek, the turbulent waters of which prove a particular attraction for the species and which make it difficult for the angler to land the fish, because of the latter's propensity for winding the hunter's line around a rock and sawing it in two.

The stream, which is hard to find, is situated half-way up Mount Whitney and is 16 miles in length. It takes a guide of some intelligence to land his patron on its banks and in a spot where the Golden Trout is to be found in any quantity.



TANKS CONTAINING GOLDEN TROUT AT LEADVILLE, COL.

Only recently President Roosevelt learned that the Golden Trout which has been given his name was in danger of extermination, because it was such a toothsome bite, and the president at once took steps which resulted in measures of preservation by the bureau of fisheries. President Roosevelt has many friends in California and it was about two years ago that his acquaintances there, knowing his interest in game, appealed to him to save this finny creature, the most beautiful and delicious member of the fish tribe. Presidential proclamation made Mount Whitney a government forest reserve, which saved it from the inroads of fishermen. At that time Volcano creek was far removed from human habitation and declared to be almost inaccessible to all but the knowing ones.

Despite this fact the friends of those versed in the forest lore visited Volcano creek and aided in depleting the stock of Roosevelt Golden Trout, until the hue and cry was raised by Californians.

The president's response to the plea in behalf of the fish which was subsequently named after the chief executive brought the matter to the attention of the United States fish commission with the result that soon we may drop a hook and line into almost any stream of the country and pull up a Roosevelt Golden Trout, the ancestors of which years before thought themselves to be marooned forever in Volcano creek.

It was not an easy job for the fish commission to gather many of the Roosevelt Golden Trout, for the fish possess that wariness which is common among the members of the finny world in mountain streams. However, a highly developed idea in the way of a trap, well baited, drew a sufficient number of the trout into its inner recesses. The first step of the work having been taken the rest was easy. The fish were transported to Bozeman and Leadville, where they were allowed to propagate until great numbers of eggs were in the hands of the fish commission.

The Roosevelt Golden Trout is essentially a trout, but instead of the conventional gray and white of the average trout in fresh streams and lakes, its sides are streaked with a beautiful golden tint, which imparts a color to the surrounding water and makes the fish visible to the fisherman's eye from a distance of several rods in clear water.

A member of the United States fish commission in speaking of the efforts to save this rare species from extermination spoke as follows:

"At first it was almost impossible to gather any of these fish in order to install them in the cultural stations at Leadville, Col., and Bozeman, Mont., but finally we delegated several guides of the Mount Whitney region to go out and use their utmost energies towards capturing the fish. Upon the promise of substantial sums they did this and we were able to secure several beautiful specimens.

"These we immediately hustled away in large tanks in order that the fish might not die and they were then placed in larger tanks with water containing chemical preparations and allowed to propagate. Soon our efforts began to derive fruit and now we have probably the finest outlay of eggs which we ever secured in an effort of this kind. We may be pardoned for the especial pride which we take in this work because it has been accomplished with success. I may say that the residents of California who were the first to make application for the saving of this species are gratified at the means taken and they have in many instances personally thanked President Roosevelt for his efforts in pushing the crusade."

Ruth Tate Brady of Oklahoma is the richest girl in the far west. She is 12 years old and has in her own right an income of \$400 a day. Her mother was a half-blood Cherokee Indian. Miss Brady received 300 acres of public land on the allotment, and on this tract oil wells have been developed producing daily 2,000 barrels of oil.

### WANT MODERN CLOTHES. Traffic in Wine Proves Big Industry on Dark Continent.

To give an idea of the comparative and the potential values of the kaffir trade in the districts of Inhambane, Gaza and Lourenco Marques, Maj. Baldwin, the British representative at the port of Lourenco Marques, instances the consumption of wine.

He calculates that last year the total disbursements for wine by the natives in the districts in question amounted to almost \$2,500,000. The selling price of the other imports for the kaffir market during 1905 is, at a moderate estimate, \$1,750,000, and the amount received in native taxes was, for approximately the same period, \$735,000 in hut taxes and about \$235,000 in immigration fees. The total disbursements amount, therefore, to more than \$5,000,000 a year.

There are no accurate statistics of the native population, but it is reasonable to suppose that it is increasing and to infer that the annual sum available for the purchase of cloth, cutlery, clothing, foreign foodstuffs and other articles of the kaffir trade will not diminish. It must, however, be remembered that the annual exodus and return of natives to and from the Transvaal is having considerable effect upon their tastes generally and a steady decrease in the demand for beads, blankets and other articles manufactured solely for that market may be expected; on the other hand, however, Maj. Baldwin thinks a corresponding increase may be looked for in the demand for improved substitutes for these articles, especially in the way of ready-made clothing, jerseys, caps, boots and cheap finery generally.

**Retributive Justice.**

A case of retributive justice, as far as it goes, is reported from Paris. An attendant at the Andral hospital, where physiological investigations are being made, discovered that a dozen rabbits had been stolen from their hutches. The loss of the rabbits themselves was not a source of trouble to the authorities, but the fact that they had been inoculated with various germs has had a disturbing effect. It is known that the rabbits had all been inoculated, and several of them were tuberculous or typhoid subjects. The police lost no time in warning the thieves of the dangerous nature of their "swag," but none were returned.