

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Judge Charles Chadwick, who came to Kansas in 1857, died at his home in Lawrence on the 24th.

The German emperor was angered at the reception given Wales by Lieutenant General von Scheinitz at Altona. General von Scheinitz has resigned.

General Sir Charles Warren arrived at Durban en route for East London, Cape Colony. It is believed that he is going to the Orange Free State to assume an important civil post.

Two hundred union carpenters in Kansas City, Kas., most of them employed on the new Cudahy packing plant, struck for uniform wage schedule of 37 1/2 cents an hour.

The division of customs and insular affairs of the war department made public today the statement that the total receipts of the Cuban treasury for the month of March, 1900, were \$1,678,668.

The supreme court today refused to grant a writ of certiorari in the case of Oberlin M. Carter, convicted by court martial for irregularities while in charge of engineer works in Georgia.

F. W. Elliott, editor of the Troy (Kansas) Times, convicted on three counts of libeling County Treasurer Graves, was sentenced to four months in jail and to pay a fine of \$100 and the costs of the prosecution.

In an altercation John Trimble shot and killed his brother James. He immediately came to the city and surrendered to the officers. The men lived near Marvin, Kansas. The trouble grew out of the renting of some farm land.

Information has reached Washington to the effect that the Japanese government itself, and without waiting a request from the United States, is about to take steps to restrict the emigration of Japanese coolies to the United States.

The Chicago reception committee of the Dewey celebration has received from President McKinley his declination to come to Chicago during the festivities in honor of the admiral. The letter takes occasion to highly praise Dewey.

It is said that President McKinley expressed himself in favor of the selection of young men for places of responsibility in Porto Rico and the Philippines, recognizing that elderly men will not be able to adapt themselves to the new conditions.

The secretary of agriculture has directed that advantage be taken of the rural free delivery established by the postoffice department by having carriers in such routes distribute to the farmers cards containing the latest weather forecasts and warnings.

June 7 will be Dewey day in Columbus if the admiral can be induced to delay his visit two days, instead of coming June 4 and 5, as he recently signified. June 4 is pension day and the delay requested will put many veterans in financial shape to attend.

Rev. John H. Thomas of Oxford, O., was elected vice president of the Oxford college, to succeed President Faye Walker in the presidency at the close of the present collegiate year, June 15. Mr. Thomas has been a member of the faculty of the Western college for several years, and was pastor of the Presbyterian church at Marion and Lawrenceburg, Ind.

Martin Jarbis, a veteran of the civil war, and the oldest in point of service of the 980 convicts in the Kansas penitentiary, has just applied for a pension. What he will do with his pension money, should he get it, unless use it to get a pardon, Jarbis does not say. Jarbis has been confined within the walls of the Kansas penitentiary nearly a quarter of a century.

The veterans at the Soldiers' Home at Leavenworth, Kansas, will have a chicken potpie dinner Sunday. A contract has been let for 1,980 pounds of dressed chicken for the meal. It is much work to make chicken potpie for the 2,800 veterans at the home. It costs nearly \$200 for the chicken alone, which is furnished at 5 1/2 cents a pound. About 500 roosters will be used.

The salary list of American officers are to be investigated. Considerable alarm is expressed in Australia lest the bubonic plague be spread by the habits, and a commission has been appointed to investigate the possibility of rabbits, like rats, carrying the dread disease.

Edward H. Alpin, formerly prominent politician of South Dakota, became insane in Chicago, while on his bridal tour.

Charles H. Wright, believed to be now in Chicago, is badly wanted by the police of many cities. He is charged with four murders, besides thefts of various kinds.

General Otis is weeding out some officers whom he thinks are not efficient. Edward W. Parker, statistician of the geological survey, estimates total coal output of United States for 1899 to be about 2,083,973 long tons, or 258,539,650 short tons.

Archbishop Corrigan wants parochial and public schools combined.

The American Bridge company, incorporated at Trenton a few days ago, with a nominal capital of \$100,000, which may be increased to \$70,000,000, is said to include the most prominent steel bridge manufacturing companies of the country.

Governor Roosevelt has signed the bill to secure equal rights to negro children in the public schools and abolishing separate schools.

The president has nominated Hiram H. Folsom of Alaska to be a commissioner in and for the district of Alaska, to reside at Juneau.

The total export of saltpeper from Chile during the last three months has exceeded 6,000,000 quintals.

It will cost the government nearly \$15,000 to purchase the paper with which to manufacture the extra money provided for by the currency law in the way of additional national bank circulation.

ULTIMATUM TO PORTE

Note to Turkish Foreign Affairs Minister is in Peremptory Terms.

OFFER TO BUY WAR SHIPS A SOP

Reasons Why It Will Be Refused—By This Means Turkey Would Evade Payment to Other Powers—A Condition that is Growing Interesting.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 28.—The American note handed to the Turkish minister of foreign affairs, Tewfik Pasha, on Tuesday, is couched in peremptory terms, demanding immediate payment of the indemnity several times promised to Minister Strauss by the sultan. The note does not fix the time limit for an answer, but its tenor is not far from the character of an ultimatum. It has produced a great impression upon the porte, which, however, shows no disposition to modify the attitude hitherto maintained, namely, repudiating the responsibility and seeking to diminish the importance of the matter. It is presumed that the porte's reply will be in this sense, and hence it is feared the United States government will be obliged to take steps to enforce its demands.

Turkey's decision to send an officer to America to study naval construction is interpreted to be another sop. It is the revival of an old project to buy a cruiser in the United States at a price in which the indemnity shall be included, so that the porte will be able to say it has not paid the indemnity. The American government has already categorically refused such a compromise which would mean prolonged negotiations and the dragging out of the matter indefinitely, to which the United States will not listen. As regards the indemnity it is in the nature of a debt of honor, if the porte wants to buy a cruiser that is a matter in no way connected with the indemnity.

The porte's reply to the last collective note on the subject of duties has not been made, and the embassies are exchanging views in regard to the terms on which to consent to an increase of duty. It is thought that before the beginning of negotiations the embassies will invite the porte to abolish ransoms and measures introduced in violation of treaties.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28.—Beyond the statement that Mr. Griscom, United States charge d'affaires at Constantinople, has been instructed to press vigorously for the payment of the American claims for indemnity, the officials here decline to divulge the nature of his instructions. They say that Mr. Griscom does not need express instructions to forward the claims, for he had of his own volition taken a rather advanced attitude in this matter and the presentations he is now making, though this time by express instruction, are in no respect more peremptory than his own preceding deliveries to the Turkish government.

Novel though the proposition was from a diplomatic standpoint, yet it is learned to be true that the effort was made by the porte to pay this American claim under cover of an order for a war ship to be built in the United States for Turkey. The reasons for the failure of the project were several. The United States government has no war ships for sale, and is not authorized to build any for foreign order. Then there is no warrant of law for entering into an arrangement with a private ship building concern for the collection of an international obligation in the manner proposed. Lastly, judging by the experience of concerns that have had dealings with the Turkish government, any shipbuilder accepting the order from Turkey would require a guaranty from the United States government, and the net result of the transaction might be the assumption by the United States of an obligation as much larger than the original claims as the price of a battleship exceeds the \$90,000.

Senate Admits Mr. Scott. WASHINGTON, April 28.—The senate voted upon the resolution declaring Nathan B. Scott to be entitled to his seat in the senate from West Virginia. The number of votes in the negative was only three. The pending question was the motion of Pettus to recommit the question to the committee with instructions to investigate the case thoroughly. Turner of Washington while saying he knew nothing of the case except what he had heard in the course of debate, declared that if the facts were as stated by Pettus, Scott was not entitled to his seat. He believed there had been duplicity, double-dealing and fraud in the election of Scott.

BRITISH NOW COMING TO US.

Syndicate Sends Commission to Study Our Armor Plate.

LONDON, April 28.—The newspapers here announce that a syndicate of northern capitalists "with unlimited wealth" is about to erect on the banks of the river Tees the largest armor plate works in the United Kingdom. The syndicate, it is added, is sending a commission to the United States to inspect the best works there.

Treaty With Spain Ratified.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28.—The senate in executive session today ratified the treaty with Spain extending for six months the time in which Spanish residents of the Philippines may decide whether they will remain subjects of Spain or become citizens of the Philippines.

Molders Want More Money

CLEVELAND, O., April 28.—A conference has been held here by committee of the International Molders' union and the National Foundrymen's association in regard to the demand of the union that molders' wages in this city shall be increased from \$2.75 to \$3 per day. The union prepared a proposition which will be submitted to the molders and the foundrymen in this city, continuing the rate of \$2.75 until July 1. Between now and that time, Mr. Valentine says, the union molders in all the large cities in the United States will make a formal demand for \$3 per day.

ALLEN REACHES PORTO RICO.

Accompanied by Three American War Vessels—Simple Ceremonies.

SAN JUAN, P. R., April 28.—The U. S. S. Dolphin, bearing Charles Herbert Allen, the newly appointed civil governor of Porto Rico, dropped anchor off San Juan at 10 o'clock this morning, as did also the United States armored cruiser New York, the United States battleship Texas and the United States gunboat Machias.

General Davis, military governor, visited Allen on board the Dolphin at 11:30. A detachment of seventy-five insular police and four companies of the Porto Rico regiment, with a band, were drawn up on the wharf. The band played "Borinquen," the Porto Rico national air, and the steamers lying in the harbor kept up a continuous whistling until the launch reached the landing.

The governor took breakfast with General Davis, and with his family will remain as the guest of General Davis indefinitely. He landed in an ordinary costume, straw hat, blue coat and duck trousers, and a wave of exclamations followed the carriage. "That can't be Mr. Allen," said one. "That's not the new governor," said another. "Not that man in the straw hat, surely not."

The simplicity of the costume and of the general details of the reception took the Porto Ricans by surprise and they could scarcely realize that they looked upon the new governor.

CARTER IN A FELON'S CELL.

Former Army Captain Arrives at the Leavenworth Federal Prison.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., April 28.—Oberlin Carter, late captain of the United States army, arrived at the federal prison here at 7 o'clock this evening, under guard of Lieutenant Thomas Harker, Fifteenth infantry, a corporal and three soldiers. By special orders issued from the Department of Justice, newspaper men were not permitted to interview the prisoner, who was immediately dressed in the prison garb of gray and assigned to a cell. His prison number is 2,094, and he is now the occupant of cell No. 425.

When the late army officer begins the monotonous grind of prison life tomorrow morning, it will be as a prison bookkeeper, for he has been assigned to this task in the harness, broom, shoe repairing and carpet weaving shops, which are in the third story of the big building. The work room which the prisoner will occupy commands a magnificent view, taking in a great sweep of the Missouri river, beyond which the green hills and fertile farms extend as far as the eye can reach.

IN WAKE OF THE FIRE.

Twelve to Fifteen Thousand People Are Rendered Homeless.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 28.—At 5 a. m. the fire which has raged here and in Hull since 11 a. m. yesterday was under control. The number of buildings destroyed will probably aggregate 2,500, entailing a loss of from \$15,000,000 to \$17,000,000. Between 12,000 and 15,000 men, women and children are homeless. Ten lives were lost. Three of this number are missing.

Late reports summarizing the situation in Ottawa are as follows: Ottawa—Buildings destroyed, 2,000. Hull—Buildings destroyed, 1,800. Total insurance both cities, estimated \$12,000,000.

Some of the losses are: Booth Lumber company, \$3,000,000; Eddy company, \$3,000,000; McKay Milling company, \$500,000; Hull Lumber company, \$200,000; Electric Light company, \$250,000; Dominion Carbine works, \$1,000,000.

HONORS MEMORY OF GRANT

Governor Roosevelt Delivers Address of Day.

GALENA, Ill., April 28.—General U. S. Grant's birthday was observed here today. The event has been celebrated annually for ten years, with some speaker of national reputation as orator of the day, but the celebration today was on a much more elaborate scale than heretofore attempted. Governor Theodore Roosevelt of New York delivered the principal oration. Special trains were run by the railroads and the announcement that the famous fighting governor of the Empire state was to be present brought thousands of people into the quaint little city that for years was the home of General Grant. Nearly every business block and hundreds of private residences were fairly ablaze with flags and bunting.

Pension to Mrs. Stotsenberg.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28.—The bill to pension Mary L. Stotsenberg, widow of late Colonel J. M. Stotsenberg of the First Nebraska, for \$100, introduced by Congressman Burket and reported by the committee on pensions of the house for \$40, was the cause of one of the most interesting debates of the present session of congress. The bill went through at \$50, although there was a strong fight to make the amount \$40.

New Danish Ministry.

COPENHAGEN, April 28.—At a cabinet council today King Christian accepted the resignation of the Herring cabinet and appointed a new rightist ministry. The premier and minister of foreign affairs is H. de Sehested, vice president of the Landsting.

Uprising is Serious

FREETOWN, Sierra Leon, April 28.—A serious uprising among the Yonies, in Ronkata district, is reported, and a detachment of the West African regiment has been sent to Rotoufunk to quell it.

For Aiding the British.

LONDON, April 28.—The Pretoria correspondent of the Daily News says: "On Monday Erastus De Klerk was sentenced to two years imprisonment at hard labor for guiding the British from Petersburg to Bloemfontein."

ENGLISH ARE IT N'CHU

General Hamilton's Forces Recapture the Places Without Opposition.

ENGLISH NOW HOLD THE DISTRICT

They Hold All the Southeastern Free State Country—Boers Manage to Elope Roberts' Net—Running Fight is Now Going on in the Southeast Free State.

LONDON, April 27.—The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, under Wednesday's date, says: "Our mounted infantry entered the high mountain plateau of Thaba N'Chu today almost without opposition. As Thabu N'Chu is a natural fortress this must mean that the Boers have practically thrown up the sponge in this section. If the force presses on to Ladybrand the whole country south of that point and in line with Bloemfontein will be in our hands. "One difficulty is that many of the Boers forming commands, in/mediate/ly on finding themselves beaten, retreat to their farms and resume the roles of peaceful citizenship, hiding their rifles."

The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Standard, telegraphing Thursday says: "General Ian Hamilton, with mounted infantry, naval guns and a howitzer battery, advanced from the water works in the direction of Thabu N'Chu. A large force of infantry supported him. He met with no opposition and the mounted infantry occupied a position dominating the Ladybrand district."

A report comes that a small force of British-mounted infantry had a brush with a party of Boers ten miles east of Karee Siding, who were trying to establish a connection between Brandford and the Boer forces to the southward. Otherwise there is no news beyond the official dispatches of Lord Roberts, except belated details of recent operations. It appears that General Brabant, in the fight with the Boers at Weponer, had a narrow escape. General Pole-Carew's advance was much hampered by the tardy arrival of artillery, which prevented him from capturing Leeuw kop before darkness set in and enabled the Boers to secure their retreat.

Although the large scheme of operations worked successfully, several cases of unaccountable delay in the advance are remarked by the correspondents. Taken on the whole, however, there has been no bungling and apparently Lord Roberts, with the commands in the hands of the younger generals, now has an exceedingly efficient army. The report that the Boers had recaptured Boshof proves to be untrue. Lord Methuen is still near Hunter's division. This is evidence that some important operations are afoot in that district.

It is understood that the reason that the Boers did not destroy the Bloemfontein water works was that there are many Boers among the shareholders. The Boers are showing more activity in Natal. They are placing some heavy guns for several miles north of Elandslaagte.

Wyndham's explanation in the house of commons yesterday has aroused considerable comment, especially his statement that Lord Roberts is delayed by the necessity of defeating detached forces of the enemy which threatened his communication from Capetown and Port Elizabeth and which blocked them from East London.

The other information hitherto received that the East London line was blocked had been discredited. This was the Boer report that the bridge at Bethulle had been blown up.

ALLEN TAKES HOLD TUESDAY.

Plans are for Grand Inauguration Ceremonies.

SAN JUAN, P. R., April 27.—Governor General Davis, through a general order, has announced to the people of Porto Rico that the inauguration of Civil Governor Charles H. Allen will take place in the executive mansion May 1. Following the time-honored custom of the island, the day's ceremonies will begin with sunrise serenades by bands of music, followed at 9 o'clock by military, naval and civil parades, which will be reviewed by the governor on the Plaza Principal. Tuesday, May 1, will be observed as a general holiday throughout the island. The citizens are invited to suspend their ordinary vocations and participate in honoring the day, which is designed to be forever memorable in the history of Porto Rico.

AGAINST ADDING TO ITS POWER

Senate Committee Reports Adversely Interstate Commerce Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—A vote was taken in the interstate commerce committee of the senate today on the question of reporting the bill enlarging the powers of the Interstate Commerce commission, which resulted in a tie of 4 to 4. There were three absentees, and of these Senators Aldrich and Chilton were paired, the latter for and the former against the bill. Senator Lindsay, the other absentee, was not paired and the chairman was authorized to consult him and then to act accordingly.

PROMOTION WANTED FOR SHAFER

Burrows Presents a Bill to Make Him Major General.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Senator Burrows introduced a bill in the senate authorizing the president to "select from the retired list of the army an officer not above the rank of brigadier general who may have distinguished himself during the war with Spain in command of a separate army and to appoint him to the major general in the retired list." The bill is in the interest of General Shafter.

RUIN LEFT BY FIRE.

Ottawa, Canada, and Surrounding Towns Suffer Great Damage.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 27.—Five square miles of territory burned over, more than 2,500 dwellings, factories, mills, stores and other buildings destroyed, entailing a loss estimated to reach \$20,000,000, and between 12,000 and 15,000 men, women and children homeless is a summing up of the havoc wrought by the fire which has been raging at Hull and in Ottawa since 11 o'clock yesterday morning and at midnight was not completely under control.

Most of the lumber piles in Hull and Ottawa have disappeared and are now mere heaps of charred wood and ashes. Half a dozen churches and schools, a number of mills, the Hull water works, the Hull court house and jail, the convent—almost every business place and about 1,000 dwelling and shops in Hull have been destroyed. Indeed, practically nothing of Hull is left but a church and a few houses beyond it.

The spot where the fire originated is about a quarter of a mile from the main street of Hull and as a gale was blowing from the northwest right in the direction of the lumber piles and mills both on the Hull and Ottawa shores of the Ottawa river and Chaudiere Falls it was soon seen that the fire was almost certain to be a large one.

By 11:30 o'clock the fire had got a good hold of Main street and the entire street with dozens of cross streets were burned. Practically there is not a house left in the street.

In this city it is estimated that between the mills, factories, etc., burned, 1,500 residences were destroyed. The total loss is estimated at \$15,000,000 and the insurance at \$2,500,000.

In Hull the fire has about burned out. The business portion is all gone and over half of the residences.

INDIANS LONG FOR THEIR OLD LIFE

Bill to Permit Their Emigration to Mexico Favored.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 27.—The house committee on Indian affairs today directed a favorable report on the bill creating a commission to consider the establishment of a national reserve or park of the Leech Lake, Winnebago and Cass Lake Indian reservations in Minnesota, comprising about 830,000 acres. The commission was fixed at three members from each branch of congress and an appropriation of \$5,000 was allowed.

The committee also reported favorably the bill allowing Indians in the Indian Territory to emigrate to Mexico, the emigration to be under the direction of the secretary of the interior and in bands of 300. Mexico gives the Indians an opportunity to return to their tribal relations and nomadic habits and they prefer this to the restrictions now imposed on them and also as a means of avoiding the spread of tuberculosis and other diseases which have decimated them of late.

PRESS PORTE FOR PAYMENT

Charge Griscom Presents a Note Demanding prompt Settlement.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Wednesday, April 25.—The negotiations between the United States and the Porte regarding the American indemnity claims have again been transferred here. United States Charge d'Affaires Griscom yesterday handed to Tewfik Pasha, minister of foreign affairs, a note based on instructions he had received from Washington, the tenor of which has not yet been made public. It is understood, however, that it demands prompt payment of the indemnity.

The note will be discussed at the council of ministers today. Similar steps by the other powers are regarded as imminent. Charge Griscom in the present circumstances declines to express his views.

The only issue at present, however, is the execution of the Porte's repeated promises to Minister Straus to pay the indemnity.

Our Claims Against Turkey.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 27.—It is learned that the note of Mr. Griscom, United States charge at Constantinople, is founded on the state department's instructions to press vigorously the claim for indemnity already lodged with the porte. The note is not an ultimatum in any sense, but is in continuation of the expressed determination of the state department to exhaust all peaceful and proper means to secure a settlement of these American claims.

Restriction of Passes Favored.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The senate committee on interstate commerce today authorized a favorable report upon Senator Chanquier's bill concerning the giving of railroad passes. It prohibits the issuing of free passes except as authorized by the existing law, and classifies such conduct as "unjust discrimination."

Hull's Bill Differs From Root's.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Representative Hull, chairman of the house military committee, today introduced by request a bill reorganizing the staff of the army. It differs throughout from Secretary Root's staff bill and creates a general and special staff.

Eight Hour Law Favored.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 27.—The house committee on labor at a special meeting directed a favorable report on the Gardner eight-hour bill, which has attracted much attention in labor circles and among contractors for government work. The vote was unanimous in its favor.

Colonial Dames Meet.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 27.—The National Society of the Colonial Dames passed a resolution today increasing the number of vice presidents from two to three. A resolution was also adopted suggesting that the societies of the several states extend their researches as far back of the revolutionary period as possible and to secure letters and papers preserved in families relating to the earlier colonial times. Miss Wharton of Washington read a paper on what the society had accomplished.

TWO OF THE SIX ARE DEAD.

And the Third of the Wilcox Train Robbers is in Jail.

OMAHA, Neb., April 28.—Since the Wilcox train robbery on the Union Pacific, about a year and a half ago, a never-ceasing search has been kept up by the Union Pacific to catch the six men who did the job. Two of the six are now beneath the sod and a third one is in jail at Cheyenne awaiting trial. The first located was Lonny Logan, alias Lonny Curry, at Dodson, Mo., who was killed while resisting arrest. The second one was Bob Lee, alias Bob Curry, arrested in Cripple Creek, and now at Cheyenne. The third is the one known as George Curry, who, realizing the danger of getting out into a busy world, contented himself with remaining in the mountains and gave brush of the west. Finally he went to cattle rustling and the latter part of last week a posse got after Curry and his partner and a bunch of stolen cattle, overhauling them on Green river about seventy-five miles north of Green River station in Utah. Curry began the shooting, but the posse finished it. When Curry's body was picked up he was soon identified as one of the Wilcox robbers from the widely published description of him and his peculiar facial make-up. His face was so much "dished" that a ruler laid from forehead to chin just touched the point of his nose.

Preservation of War Relics.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 28.—An elegant oak case for the preservation of war flags and relics has been placed in the office of Adjutant General Barry at the state house, this city. It is a massive case reaching nearly to the ceiling and is richly carved, with heavy fluted oak columns at each corner. Plate glass on four sides will be put in and the case will be placed a few feet from the wall so that sightseers may pass on all sides to view the contents. As the case will be hermetically sealed the battle flags and other perishable articles are expected to keep for ages. The battle flags of Nebraska regiments that served in the war of the rebellion are now in tatters, and it was deemed best to secure a more perfect case than the old one now in use. These flags and the flags of the First Nebraska volunteers in the Spanish-American war will be the chief objects of interest to visitors at the state house. When the glass is placed in position the relics will be put on exhibition.

An Insurance Problem.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 28.—Auditor Cornell has encountered a new question in the line of insurance business. The Union Life insurance company of Omaha was organized under the Nebraska law that requires a deposit of \$100,000 with the auditor for the benefit of policy holders. The deposit was made, but one year ago the company consolidated with the Royal Union Life insurance company of Des Moines, Ia., and the latter company has taken up many policies of the Omaha company. The Royal Union company now wants Auditor Cornell to surrender to it from the deposit an amount equal to the reserve due on the policies taken up. This amount does not exceed \$4,000, but Auditor Cornell considers the principle involved of importance and he will not give a decision until he consults Attorney General Smyth.

Bombarded by Hail.

PAPILLION, Neb., April 28.—Papillion and Sarpy county were visited with a terrific hail storm. Hail stones fell as big as teacups and window lights on the south side of nearly every building in town were smashed into smithereens or cracked. The roof of the union station was punctured in several places. People who were so unfortunate as to be driving at the time had a struggle with their horses and teams, several runaways being reported.

Child Dies From Poison.

CREIGHTON, Neb., April 28.—A sad case of poisoning occurred here where three children of Sam Stewart were poisoned by eating wild parsnips. The doctors were called and the lives of two of the children were saved. The other was too far gone to be helped and died in a few hours. One of the sad features is that the father is lying at the point of death with cancer.

Acquitted of Charge of Rape.

ALMA, Neb., April 28.—Everet Anderson, who was charged with attempting to rape Anna Anderson near Raglan, Neb., was acquitted. Much interest was taken by the citizens of Raglan, but the case was highly colored, the verdict being satisfactory to the people in general.

State Capital Notes.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 28.—General Barry returned from Geneva, where he mustered in company G, First regiment, Nebraska National Guard. The officers of the new company are Burton Fisher, captain; Charles B. Hyde, first lieutenant; Arthur B. Hannes, second lieutenant. Sheriff Power of Douglas county called at the state house. He brought an insane patient to the Lincoln hospital for the insane. Mr. Power said he did not know when he would take Cernay, the South Omaha man from the penitentiary, where the prisoner was placed to keep him away from a mob bent on hanging him for attempting a criminal assault upon a little girl.

Beatrice Gets Encampment.

BEATRICE, Neb., April 28.—Mayor Jackson received a message from Major Allan L. Brown at Lincoln, stating that the offer of Beatrice to provide for the University cadets' annual encampment had been accepted. The encampment will be on the Chautauqua grounds and will consist of four battalions numbering between 250 and 300 cadets, together with the University Cadet band. They will be in camp May 19 to 22, inclusive.

Off for the Paris Show.

SCHUYLER, Neb., April 28.—John Dolezal and family and Adolph Wavra of this place left yesterday, via the Union Pacific, for the Paris exposition. They will stop on their way at Washington, D. C. There were a host of friends at the depot, bidding them farewell.