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Davis, the Bicycle Man,

THE VIKING, is the "biking", Best of cycles. THE ELDRIDGE, strictly first-class. THE BELVIDERE, a high grade at a popular price. THE CRAWFORD, absolutely the best wheel on earth for the money.

Davis, the Seed Man,

Has a full line of BULK GARDEN AND FLOW-ER SEED from the celebrated Rice's Cambridge Valley Seed Gardens.

Davis, the Hardware Man,

Big stock of POULTRY NETTING, GARDEN TOOLS, RUBBER HOSE and the celebrated Acorn Stoves and Ranges.

Don't forget Davis, "that no one owes" when in need of anything in his line. Samples of "bikes" now in

NO. 3496.

First National Bank, NORTH PLATTE, NEB.



Capital, - - - \$50,000.00. Surplus, - - - \$22,500.00.

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Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, WINDOW GLASS, MACHINE OILS, Diamanta Spectacles.

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A Fine Line of Piece Goods to select from. First-class Fit. Excellent Workmanship.

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NEW LIVERY AND FEED STABLE (Old Van Doran Stable.)



Good Teams, Comfortable Rigs, Excellent Accommodations for the Farmine Public.

Prices Reasonable. ELDER & LOCK. Northwest corner of Courthouse square.

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Cesspool and Sewerage a Specialty. Copper and Galvanized Iron Cornice. Tin and Iron Roofings. Estimates furnished. Repairing of all kinds receive prompt attention Locust Street, Between Fifth and Sixth,

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GUY'S PLACE

FINEST SAMPLE ROOM IN NORTH PLATTE

Having refitted our rooms in the finest of style, the public is invited to call and see us, insuring courteous treatment.

Finest Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.

Our billiard hall is supplied with the best make of tables and competent attendants will supply all your wants. KEITH'S BLOCK, OPPOSITE THE UNION PACIFIC DEPOT

The Semi-Weekly Tribune.

IRA L. BARE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. One Year, cash in advance, \$1.25. Six Months, cash in advance, .75 Cents.

Entered at the North Platte (Nebraska) postoffice as second-class matter.

CALL FOR REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The republican electors of the several precincts of Lincoln county are requested to select delegates to meet in convention in North Platte on April 15th, at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of selecting eleven delegates to attend the State delegate convention to be held in Omaha April 15th, and to select 11 delegates to attend the congressional delegate convention to be held at Broken Bow April 15th, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

It is recommended that the primaries be held March 28th, between the hours of four and six p. m. in the city, and between the hours of four and nine p. m. in the country precincts. The basis of representation is one delegate for each precinct and an additional one for each twenty votes and major fraction thereof east of T. L. Norval in 1893. The several precincts are entitled to representation as follows, to-wit:

Table listing precincts and their respective number of delegates, including North Platte No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

G. C. McALLISTER, Chairman. G. C. STODDARD, Secretary.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES.

FIRST WARD.

The republican primaries for North Platte precinct No. 1 will be held in the First Ward house on Saturday, March 28th, 1896, between the hours of 4 and 6 p. m., for the purpose of selecting five delegates to attend the republican county convention to be held at North Platte, Neb., on April 4th, 1896.

JOHN SORENSON, Committeeman.

SECOND WARD.

The republican primaries of North Platte precinct No. 2 will be held in the Second Ward house on Saturday, March 28th, 1896, between the hours of 4 and 6 p. m., for the purpose of selecting nine delegates to attend the republican county convention to be held at North Platte, Neb., on April 4, 1896.

W. T. WILCOX, Committeeman.

THIRD WARD.

The republican primaries for precinct No. 3, North Platte, Neb., will be held in the Third Ward house on Saturday, March 28th, 1896, between the hours of 4 and 6 p. m., for the purpose of selecting five delegates to attend the republican county convention to be held at North Platte, Neb., April 4, 1896.

C. F. SCHAMANN, Committeeman.

HAS THE Meiklejohn boom for governor, which was started off with a flourish of trumpets, suffered a collapse? Up in this section of the state nothing has been heard of it for some time.

It is said that the cost of each duck killed by President Cleveland is \$100, and that Uncle Sam foots the bill. But Uncle Sam will not be called upon to foot these bills much longer—Bill McKinley is not a duck hunter.

THE Omaha Bee looks with disfavor upon the movement looking to the construction of a railroad from Sioux City to North Platte. The Bee is not working for anything that does not tend to build up Omaha, and this the proposed road would not do.

In deference to the public sentiment of Minnesota, which is strongly for McKinley, Senator Davis has dropped out of the presidential race. In Texas the sentiment is evenly divided between McKinley and Allison. The New York state convention held Tuesday, most heartily endorsed Governor Morton for president. But this course was expected. McKinley, however, will have several delegates from congressional districts in New York.

THE hay growers of the Platte valley, who are "kicking" about the low price of hay, should know that the rate of duty on hay under the McKinley tariff was \$4 per ton. In the year following the enactment of that law, the importation of hay, the principal part of which came from Canada decreased about 300 per cent. The Wilson bill repealed the four dollar a ton rate established by the McKinley law, and in its place put a duty of 20 per cent ad valorem, which amounts to about \$1.60 per ton. So the present rate of duty on hay under the Wilson law is only about one-third what it was under the McKinley law. The result is the enormous increase in the importation of hay. To this heavy importation is largely due the low price of hay, and here is one forcible illustration of how a low tariff affects the producer.

THE McKinley forces in Nebraska are standing firm, and no influence of any nature can cause a break in the ranks, or lessen the confidence of the rank and file in the great apostle of protection and prosperity to the workingman. The nomination of McKinley will command for the republican party of Nebraska ten thousand more votes than would be cast for any other nominee of the St. Louis convention.

PROFESSOR MOORE, chief of the national weather bureau, has decided, after long and careful observation, that the drought period comes once in every nine to fifteen years, lasts one or two years when it comes, and is always succeeded by several years of normal moisture and an era of bounteous crops. Let us hope that the Professor is correct and that the failures and partial failures of crops in Nebraska for several years past are to be followed with unusually large harvests.

CONCERNING the agreement between the McKinley and Manderson elements in this state, John L. Webster says: "It was specifically stated and understood between the representatives of General Manderson and the friends of McKinley that the delegation to the national convention should be composed of sixteen original McKinley men. Taking this understanding in connection with Thurston's letter as modified, there is not much occasion for McKinley's friends to have any feeling of alarm. The long and short of this matter is that it makes McKinley the first choice of the Nebraska delegation; and amply protects McKinley. If McKinley cannot be nominated, we ought to be willing to support General Manderson. With this view of the case is it not better to gracefully accept the situation than to engender factional strife?"

MCKINLEY'S PLATFORM.

From the speech of Gov. McKinley before the Chicago Lincoln Club on Lincoln's birthday:

No one need be in any doubt about what the republican party stands for. Its own history makes that too palpable and clear of doubt. It stands for a reunited and recreated nation, based upon free and honest elections in every township, county, city, district and state in this great American Union. It stands for the American fireside and the flag of the nation. It stands for the American farm, the American factory and the prosperity of all the American people. It stands for reciprocity that reciprocates and which does not yield up to any country a single day's labor that belongs to the American workingman. It stands for international agreements which get as much as they give, upon terms of mutual advantage. It stands for an exchange of our surplus home products for such foreign products as we consume but do not produce. It stands for the reciprocity of Blaine, for the reciprocity of Harrison, for the restoration and extension of the principle embodied in the reciprocity provision of the republican tariff of 1890. It stands for a foreign policy dictated by and imbued with a spirit that is genuinely American, for a foreign policy that will revive the national traditions and restore the national spirit which carried us proudly through the earlier years of the century. It stands for such policy with all foreign nations as will insure both to us and them justice, impartiality, fairness, good faith, dignity, and honor. It stands for the Monroe Doctrine as Monroe himself proclaimed it, about which there is no division whatever among the American people.

It stands now, as ever, for honest money, and a chance to earn it by honest toil. It stands for a currency of gold, silver and paper with which to measure our exchanges that shall be as sound as the government and as untroubled as its honor. The republican party would as soon think of lowering the flag of our country as to contemplate with patience or without protest and opposition any attempt to degrade or corrupt the medium of exchange among the people. It can be relied upon in the future, as in the past, to supply the country with the best money ever known, gold, silver and paper, good the world over. It stands for a commercial policy that will whiten every sea with the sails of American vessels flying the American flag, and that will protect that flag wherever it floats. It stands for a system which will give to the United States the balance of trade with every competing nation in the world. It is for a fiscal policy opposed to debts and deficiencies in time of peace and favors the return of the government to a debt-paying policy and opposes the continuance of a debt making policy.

JAPAN will expend sixty million dollars this year in strengthening her navy. This will place the Japs in good fighting condition.

Highest of all in Leaving Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report



TOLD IN A FEW WORDS

EVENTS OCCURRING IN ALL SECTIONS SUMMARIZED.

Happenings From Home and Abroad Recited From Columns to Lines—Everything but Facts Eliminated For Our Readers' Convenience.

Friday, March 20.

Sheriff Daggett was fatally shot, Constable Reed wounded and a train robber named Daniel McCole killed in an attempt to hold up the Southern Pacific express near Dulane—Kentucky Republicans held a love feast at Louisville and pledged support to Bradley for President—Colonel Tom Ochiltree is seriously ill in New York—Mason Temple and other property burned at Providence, with loss of \$35,000—Burlington mixed train wrecked at Carrollton, Mo. Passengers were badly shaken up—Mr. Coombs presented to the house committee on Pacific railroads the draft of a bill outlining his plans for the building of the Sioux city branch to North Platte—New Mexico stashed bill favorably reported to the senate—Judge James E. Lincoln, a descendant of the martyred president, died at Liberty, Mo.—A telegram authorizing the seizure of the filibustering steamer Bermuda has been sent to the treasury department—All collectors of customs along the South Atlantic coast—A national arbitration congress has been called to meet in Washington April 23-28—Secretary Carlisle will deliver a non-partisan address before the laboring people of Chicago on April 15—The Manitoba legislature has adjourned till April 16—Secretary Hoke Smith and ex-Speaker Crisp have arranged for joint debates on the financial question at a number of places in Georgia during April—The scheme of adding the latest weather forecast to the regular postmarks on letters will be commenced by the post-office department July 1—Mrs. Holman, wife of ex-Congressman Holman of Indiana, died suddenly at Washington—San Teague, a half-breed Indian, shot and killed Simon Barnes near Joplin, Mo.—A number of unknown persons hanged Governor Bradley in effigy at Danville, Ky.—Frank Jones, the most daring of stock thieves in central New Mexico, has been arrested in Grant county, New Mexico—The home of J. J. Bowman, a farmer living near Hennessey, O. T., caught fire and his wife, imprisoned in the garret, was burned to death—American glassworkers are in great demand in Mexico by American manufacturers—As high as \$40 a month is paid to good men. But good men are opposed to the heat—Captain Hughes of the Texas rangers recovered 2,500 sheep stolen from the ranch of S. W. Pipkins at Van Horn, Tex. The sheep were stolen by Mexicans.

Saturday, March 21.

Senate committee on territories agreed to report favorably the bill for the admission of Arizona—Immense damage was done by a hurricane which passed over Hart's creek valley, West Virginia—American mission near Shanghai was raided by band of robbers—Rev. Rufus Bent was shot in the thigh and seriously cut in the head. They secured \$300—Two-thirds of the offices will be placed under the civil service—House passed the Bayard resolutions of censure by a vote of 81 to 84—England and United States resumed direct negotiations respecting the Venezuela boundary dispute, and are almost certain to reach a satisfactory agreement through diplomatic channels—Manderson and McKinley forces at St. Louis agreed to a compromise, the McKinleyites agreeing to present the name of Mr. Manderson to the St. Louis convention unless, in their judgment, it is apparent that McKinley will be nominated—Senate committee on territories reported favorably the joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution providing for election of senators by direct vote of the people—The University of California athletes have decided to send a team to New York May 22 to meet Yale and Princeton—Frank Perry stole two loaves of bread and can of honey from a farm house near St. Joseph, Mo., and got five years in the penitentiary—David Conlter, who shot and killed 15-year-old Edw. Knight, chief of the Fifth Avenue Savings bank at Columbus, O., has been arrested, charged with having embezzled \$80,000—Albert Chevalier, the famous English comic singer, has arrived at New York. He will visit Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans—The first cycle show every held in Kansas City opened auspiciously and will be an annual affair—Lieutenant Governor R. E. Moore has announced that he would not be a candidate for governor of Nebraska—The Merrimack mills at Lowell, Mass., which employ 2,600 people, has closed for one week—The Choctaw National Republicans endorsed William McKinley for president—General New Deal celebrated the 92nd anniversary of his birth at his home near Portland, Me.—Chile is fortifying her coasts—Missouri Republicans will hold two conventions, the first at St. Joseph, May 27, for election of delegates to St. Louis and for nomination of state officers at Springfield, July 22.

Monday, March 23.

William Q. Judge, president of the Theosophical society, died in New York—Clearwater won the pool championship from Keogh at Pittsburgh—Owing to discussions in the British cabinet over the Sudan advance, Salisbury may be asked to resign in favor of Lord Lansdowne—William Hartman shot and killed his wife and himself at Omaha—Swedish parliament advanced the duty on smoked pork—In a riot between nonunion men and strikers at the Indianapolis iron works, William Watson, Walter Davis and Hook Lee, bystanders, were shot and a number of persons injured by flying stones and bricks—A. P. A. executive council announced its intention to enter national politics—Big copper smelters at Pittsburgh burned with loss of \$1,000,000—Large mass of documents sustaining Venezuela claim was sent to the boundary commission—Settlers in the sand hills of Nebraska are protesting against Andrews' arid land bill—Cuba, Haiti and La Port, Ind., were indicted for arson—Wife beater John Winders was hanged by Whitesaps in Todd county, Ky.—Peace commission has commenced negotiations in Nicaragua—O'Brien, the New York bunco man sentenced in Paris to penal servitude for life for the murder of Waddell, has appealed—Agrarians in the Prussian diet demand that the import of American cattle be absolutely prohibited—Mr. and

Mrs. Booth-Tucker called from Southampton for New York.—J. E. Chesley, a farmer residing at Clinton, Tex., ended his life by shooting himself in the stomach

The loss by fire at the Pennsylvania Manufacturing company's plant at Natrona is estimated to be about \$200,000. A bad fire broke out at Passaic, N. J., and the firemen were powerless, owing to the water being frozen. Thirty families were rendered homeless—Because he could not procure employment W. P. Goodman of Bloomington, Ill., took morphine at the Hotel Normandie, Lima, O., and died—At Memphis the Anderson-Tully box factory, one of the most extensive in the country, was partially destroyed by fire. Loss about \$25,000—M. T. Lindsey, a veteran of the civil war, committed suicide at Corvallis, Or., by sending a bullet through his brain. He was disappointed over financial straits.

Tuesday, March 24.

Mrs. Drayton was granted absolute divorce from J. Coleman Drayton on the ground of desertion—Charles M. Hayes and E. C. Smith were appointed receivers of the Central Vermont road—The emperor and empress of Germany started for Genoa—Insurgents have burned the village of Punta Rava, ten miles from Havana—British-Egyptian advance guards occupied Akasheh without opposition—Mrs. Louisa Gilchrist, wife of ex-Governor Gilchrist, is dead at Kansas City—Another filibustering expedition is fitting out on the east Florida coast—Senate voted to send back to conference the Cuban resolutions—Eighteen miners were killed by an explosion of gas in the Berynd-White shaft at Dubois, Pa.—Five hundred were made idle by the burning of the Joliet branch of the Consolidated Steel and Wire company—Matt Mooney, the murderer, who was sentenced to hang on last Friday, has confessed and will be hanged next Friday at Georgetown, Tex.—The announcement in London, England, that a leading iron firm has made extensive purchases of Alabama pig iron has caused considerable comment—Inspector Max Hartog of Chicago was arrested, charged with representing himself as a public officer and obtaining money under false pretenses—With the aid of X rays Thomas Edison is said to have examined the workings of the various organs of the body of one of his assistants with his naked eyes—Rev. J. D. Thornton was advised not to minister to the people at Sarin, Tex., but he persisted and was taken from his church by a mob and severely beaten—Judge Long's pension case is to come up again before the supreme court—San Francisco authorities arrested William Loughbridge for alleged stealing of fowl at Savannah, Mo.

Wednesday, March 25.

New York Republican convention instructed for Levi P. Morton for the presidency, and the governor's boom was formally launched—Court of appeals decided that Missouri has complete jurisdiction over Mississippi and Missouri rivers along the boundary of the state—British bank Alexandria was towed into San Francisco harbor in a badly burning condition—Heat is still working havoc to life and property in Australia—Loverin, the leader of another train robbery, cut his throat in jail—Natural gas has been struck on a farm near Vincent, Ia.—Hillman Insurance Co. is nearing the end at Topeka—Trial of Dr. Jameson and fellow Transvaal raiders was resumed in Bow street police court—Burglars are preparing for the supreme struggle with England by arming to the teeth and fortifying the T. ansvaal—Fire destroyed the better half of the commercial part of Colman, with loss of \$5,000—Two Spanish colonies made another attempt at insurrection, opening fire on each other at midday in cane field, killing 17 and wounding 90—Senator Davis has withdrawn from the presidential race. The Minnesota delegation was instructed for McKinley—The naval appropriation bill was reported to the house. It carries \$12,779,133 for increase of the navy. Work on four new battle-hips and 15 torpedo boats is to be commenced within 90 days.

Thursday, March 26.

Rev. Dr. Henry Satterlee was consecrated as the first bishop of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Washington, D. C.—Mr. Platt introduced a resolution in the senate for adjournment on Friday, May 2—Mrs. Davidson was acquitted at San Francisco on the charge of extorting \$500 from Rev. Dr. Brown—General Thomas Lincoln Casey died suddenly at his home in Washington—Turkey has issued an appeal to France and Russia, asking them to intervene in Egypt—The American Electric Heating corporation, which includes all the companies of importance, has been formed at Boston—President Hilgrytte of Hayti died of apoplexy—The spring rise in the Missouri river has begun at Omaha—Twenty colonies of Dunkards passed through Chicago on their way to North Dakota—It is understood the Burlington has about completed a deal for the purchase of the Omaha and St. Louis road—Collector Kelly has issued a circular to persons interested in the land suits that the Union Pacific will look after their interests—Remenyi, the violinist, is seriously ill at Davenport—A crazed elephant kills her keeper and runs loose on the streets of Chicago—People of Moulton, Ia., petitioned Governor Drake to have his daughter use water instead of wine at the christening of the new battleship Iowa—South Dakota has declared for McKinley—W. C. T. U. will hold its next national convention at St. Louis—The Arkansas prohibition convention has been postponed until May 6—Mrs. Hannah Ma-onhall, aged 77, of Sedalia, Mo., is cutting a full set of teeth, both upper and lower—Samuel C. Ryan, manager for the Walker Printing company at St. Louis, Mo., has mysteriously disappeared—A jilted suitor at Walnut Lake, Ark., shot and killed the father and brother of the girl he loved and was shot himself—H. L. Patten, champion and leader of not of tenors at the Northwestern university, will take up chemistry at the Chicago university.

La Crosse Lumber Yards Fire Swept.

LA CROSSE, March 25.—Fire broke out today simultaneously in the lumber yards of N. B. Holway, close to the Milwaukee depot, and also in the lumber yards of H. Goddard, a mile above Holway's, spreading over acres above the Free Island, where millions of feet of dry lumber is piled. Over \$100,000 worth of lumber was destroyed.

Funeral of William Q. Judge.

NEW YORK, March 25.—General services over the body of William Q. Judge, late leader of the Theosophical society, were held in Aryan hall. The services were for members only, and the hall was crowded with theosophists from this and other cities.

PART OF A VICTORY.

PETTIGREW GETS ON THE SOUTH DAKOTA DELEGATION.

Pledged Himself in the Huron Convention to Obey McKinley and Sound Money. Texas for Allison and Reed—Senator Davis Withdraws From the Race.

HURON, S. D., March 26.—The Republican state convention Wednesday declared for McKinley for president and reaffirmed Minneapolis financial plank. Gardner of Rapid City was elected permanent chairman, C. T. Bates of Sioux Falls and P. C. Murphy of Brookings were chosen secretaries. The election of delegates by judicial districts resulted as follows: L. B. French of Yankton, R. F. Pettigrew of Minnehaha, C. G. Spermwood of Clark, D. A. Mizener of Davidson, David Williams of Day, H. G. Meacham of Potter, W. V. Lucas of Fall River and W. E. Smead of Lawrence.

Previous to choosing delegates a resolution was adopted requiring all nominees to go upon the floor and declare for McKinley and sound money and not only to vote, but to work for sound money. This was to force Senator Pettigrew to express himself. The senator stood in the center of the convention hall when called upon to state his position and declared that he would bow to the will of the majority; that while he had followed a course which the future seemed to justify, he was willing now to go to St. Louis and comply with the wishes of the state convention by voting for McKinley and sound money. Directly after the adjournment of the convention, seven of the delegates held a caucus, at which they resolved they would not permit Senator Pettigrew to go as chairman; neither would they permit him to be upon any committee at the national convention.

DAVIS OUT OF THE RACE.

Asks That His Name Be Not Considered at Minneapolis Convention.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 25.—In the Minnesota state Republican convention, held Tuesday in Exposition hall, in which Harrison was nominated four years ago, Robert G. Evans of Minneapolis, George Thompson of St. Paul, Charles F. Hendry of Sank Center and L. P. Hunt of Mankato, the state delegates at large to the St. Louis convention and instructed to use all their influence towards securing the nomination of William McKinley, who presided over the convention of 1892. The result was not attained without a struggle, though the victory of scientific politics over state pride was decisive. The withdrawal of the name of Cushman K. Davis, authorized by a dispatch from the senator at Washington, removed the only obstacles in the way of a complete McKinley victory and by strange chance, all but one of the delegates chosen, C. F. Hendry, were strongly inclined toward Davis before his withdrawal. Aside from the election, nothing of moment transpired except the adoption of a platform reiterating and endorsing established Republican doctrines and containing a strong sound money plank.

NEW YORK FOR MORTON.

State Convention Indorses Him For President—Platt a Delegate.

NEW YORK, March 25.—The Republican convention has finished its labors. The preliminary sparring that has been going on for weeks ended the final battle last night and the forces that have been dormant for two years kept within the state boundaries the honor of the presidential indorsement of the greatest state in the Union, the state casting the largest number of votes in the electoral college. The indorsement goes to Governor Levi P. Morton. The delegates at large will be Thomas C. Platt of Tioga, Warner Miller of Herkimer, Chauncey M. Depew of New York and Edward Lantierbach. The alternates will be Hamilton Fish of Garrison, Frank S. Witherbee of Port Henry, C. H. Babcock of Rochester and Daniel McMillan of Buffalo. The electors will be General Benjamin F. Tracy of New York and Edward H. Butler of Buffalo.

Texas For Reed and Allison.

AUSTIN, Tex., March 26.—The state republican convention did practically nothing in the matter of selecting delegates to St. Louis at the daylight session. Early in the morning the McKinley men announced practically that they had given up the fight and only wanted a representation on the delegation. The convention has now been called to order for two days and has as yet done nothing. The McKinleyites continue to keep a bold front and say they will have a representation on the delegation, but this is not generally believed. It is safe to predict an instructed Reed delegation, with one Allison man on it and three Reed men.

Lynched by Whitesaps.

HOPKINSVILLE, Ky., March 22.—John Windors was lynched by whitesaps in Todd county. Windors was taken out of his home on Friday night by unknown parties, and not until last Tuesday was he heard from, when his dead body was found hanging in the woods in Wildcat hollow. He had been a terror to the neighborhood and had been warned repeatedly to leave the country on account of wife beating and general misconduct, and failing to leave, the course of hanging him was adopted.

Prohibition Convention.

PITTSBURG, March 26.—The executive committee of the national Prohibition party met here to arrange details for the national convention which meets here in May. The chairman stated satisfactory arrangements have been made for the transportation of the delegates.

A. P. A. In Session.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—What is regarded by its members as the most important meeting in the history of the A. P. A. was held here today by the advisory board of the order to outline political policy.

UNSURPASSED FACILITIES

are offered to passengers travelling via the NICKEL PLATE ROAD to all points east. Parties arriving in Chicago in the morning via any of the western roads can leave at 1:30 P. M., arrive in Cleveland the same evening at 11:30. Buffalo the following morning at 6 o'clock and New York at 6:30 P. M. and Boston at 8:45 P. M. Its routes are always the lowest. Its roadbed is perfect; a train service that is unsurpassable and that affords all the comforts available in travel.