

Davis' Seasonable Goods

Davis, the Bicycle Man,

THE VIKING, is the "biking", Best of cycles. THE ELDREDGE, strictly first-class. THE BELVIDERE, a high grade at a popular price. THE CRAWFORD, absolutely the best wheel on earth for the money.

Davis, the Seed Man,

Has a full line of BULK GARDEN AND FLOWER SEED from the celebrated Rice's Cambridge Valley Seed Gardens.

Davis, the Hardware Man,

Big stock of POULTRY NETTING, GARDEN TOOLS, RUBBER HOSE and the celebrated Acorn Stoves and Ranges.

Don't forget Davis, "that no one owes" when in need of anything in his line. Samples of "bikes" now in.

NO. 3496.

First National Bank



Capital, - - - \$50,000.00 Surplus, - - - \$22,500.00

H. S. WHITE, Pres't., P. A. WHITE, Vice-Pres't. ARTHUR McNAMARA, Cashier.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

A. F. STREITZ, DRUGGIST.

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, WINDOW GLASS, MACHINE OILS, Diamanta Spectacles.

Deutsche Apotheke.

Corner of Spruce and Sixth-sts.

FRANKLIN PEALE'S WALL-PAPER, PAINT AND OIL DEPOT. WINDOW GLASS, VARNISHES, GOLD LEAF, GOLD PAINTS, BRONZES, ARTISTS' COLORS and BRUSHES, PIANO and FURNITURE POLISHES, PREPARED HOUSE and BUGGY PAINTS, KALSOLOMIN MATERIAL, WINDOW SHADES. ESTABLISHED JULY 1868. 310 SPRUCE STREET.

F. J. BROEKER. A Fine Line of Piece Goods to select from. First-class Fit. Excellent Workmanship. MERGHANT TAILOR.

NEW LIVERY AND FEED STABLE (Old Van Doran Stable.)

Good Teams, Comfortable Rigs, Excellent Accommodations for the Farming Public. Prices Reasonable. ELDER & LOCK.

JOS. F. FILLION, PLUMBING,

Steam and Gas Fitting. Cesspool and Sewerage a Specialty. Copper and Galvanized Iron Cor Nice. Tin and Iron Roofings. Estimates furnished. Repairing of all kinds receive prompt attention. Locust Street, Between Fifth and Sixth, North Platte, Nebraska.

GUYS PLACE

FINEST SAMPLE ROOM IN NORTH PLATTE. Having refitted our rooms in the finest of style, the public is invited to call and see us, insuring courteous treatment.

Finest Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar. Our billiard hall is supplied with the best make of tables and competent attendants will supply all your wants.

The Semi-Weekly Tribune.

IRA L. BARE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. SUBSCRIPTION RATES. One Year, cash in advance, \$1.25. Six Months, cash in advance, \$0.75. Entered at the North Platte (Nebraska) postoffice as second-class matter.

The New York Herald objects to the Cuban resolutions because they are not good English. That doesn't matter so much they are good American.

There may be room in this country for two Salvation Armies, but there is no room, and certainly no use, in any portion of it for two democratic parties.

The St. Louis convention will declare for the kind of protection that insures steady employment at good wages and the kind of money that means a dollar worth a hundred cents everywhere.

This is one of the years in which conventions to nominate republican candidates for congress will do a good deal of balloting, as a nomination will be equivalent to an election in a large majority of cases.

MEXICO grows in proportion more rapidly than Canada, the increase in our Southern neighbor in four years having been 900,000 or about 8 per cent. A republican form of government is the first element of American prosperity.

The votes in the senate against the Cuban resolution came from Maine, Vermont, Rhode Island, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas. This shows that the corners of the country can get together at all events.

MONTANA is in a good humor because both copper and silver are advancing. Copper is making the most rapid gain, a natural result of its freedom from fool friends.

The populists seem to be having almost as hard a time finding a presidential candidate as the democrats. Senator Peffer slips it into Gov. Holcomb's hand and the governor passes it to Senator Allen, and button, button who's got the button?

It is promised that the Grant monument at Riverside Park, New York, will be completed on the anniversary of the General's birth, April 27, of next year. The fund amounts to \$529,931.91, of which three-fifths has been expended. New York has been slow in this undertaking, but it is hoped that date now fixed will not be subject further to change.

The 365 sugar factories that have been running in France handled 5,402,000 tons of beets up to January 15, or 1,707,000 less than in 1894-5. The sugar produced was 500,285 tons, instead of 577,165 tons of last season. This decrease is less than the diminution in quantity of beets would indicate, for the beets were richer in sugar than usual. As last season was of unprecedented drowth in France, there is perhaps a little comfort in the fact for Nebraska farmers.

She was not less than forty, writes Judge Edgar Howard in his valuable Papillon Times, and her husband will certainly never see his fiftieth birthday again, but when he escorted her to the train which was to carry her away on a visit to friends in another state, he planted upon her lips a kiss as hearty as any maiden might crave from any man. There was a crowd of loiterers at the depot platform, and some of them laughed at the man's simplicity, or rather "provincialism," as one cynic termed it. We confess it is today rare to see such a public exhibition of affection between men and wives of riper years, but really it should not be so. If true love lives between man and wife it will shine through their every act and deed. Years cannot hinder its steady flow nor the presence of prying eyes dampen its ardor. It is ten to one that the man who is to be cultured to kiss the wife of his bosom in public is too mean to kiss her at home. God bless and prosper the man who is not afraid to kiss his wife, yea, though all the world be watching! Thousands of womanly hearts are cold today, while upon those hearts may yet be lying fagots of love ready to be lighted by a husband's kiss.—Poetical Bixby.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The Cuban debate in the senate has advanced to the stage of one of the great debates of the American congress, and the speech Wednesday of Senator Sherman was another eventful feature of the discussion. In this debate the speakers and the crowded galleries are kept at high tension by such stirring themes as war and patriotism and liberty. Mr. Hear's speech was notable in setting forth the conservative view of the subject and urging a postponement of action until April 6. This developed many sharp controversies with Mr. Sherman and other senators.

In this connection he paid a glowing tribute to Secretary Olney and why, differing with him politically, Mr. Hear said the secretary of state was a clear headed, old-fashioned, Massachusetts Yankee, who could be safely trusted with our foreign negotiations. The senator added a like tribute to the sincerity of President Cleveland in dealing with the Venezuelan question and declared that any action by congress attacking the president's course would be an attack on America. Mr. Hear's resolution for postponement was lost.

The Ideal Highway from Chicago to Ft. Wayne, Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo with solid trains to New York and through cars to Boston is the Nickel Plate Road, which operates one of the most conveniently arranged and punctual train services with all the necessities tending to promote the safety, comfort and pleasure of the traveler. For information as to rates, routes, time-tables etc., address J. Y. Calahan, Gen'l Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

PRESIDENT IS SCORED

BITTERLY ATTACKED BY CONGRESSMAN HARTMAN. His Missionary Speech Denounced as a Slander on the West—House Passes the Legislative Appropriation Bill as Amended—To Abolish Fee System.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The house Thursday wrangled about four hours over the salaries of United States marshals and the other features of the amendment to the legislative appropriation bill to abolish the fee system in the case of United States attorneys and marshals. Interest in the debate, however, was completely overshadowed by a sensational attack upon President Cleveland by Mr. Hartman (Rep., Mon.), who felt himself personally aggrieved by Mr. Cleveland's utterances at the Presbyterian home mission meeting in New York on Tuesday, and who seized the opportunity allowed by the latitude of debate on appropriation bills, to repel the idea that the western states were the home of evil influences.

To Abolish the Fee System. WASHINGTON, March 7.—The house Friday passed the legislative appropriation bill, which has been under discussion for a week. Most of the time, however, was consumed in the amendment to abolish the fee system in the case of United States attorneys and marshals. This amendment was proposed and adopted. The house then entered upon the consideration of the postoffice appropriation, the largest of the regular supply bills, which carries \$91,843,757. During the general debate, Mr. Lusk explained that the bill did not propose to abandon the inspection system.

Half's Plan for Spain. WASHINGTON, March 10.—Another stirring chapter in the Spanish-Cuban controversy was added by the senate Monday. Many senators indicated a desire to be heard on the subject and the conference report, accepting the house Cuban resolutions, went over until today. The speech of the day was made by Senator Hale in vigorous opposition to this resolution and to the offensive interference of the United States in foreign questions. The senator declared the spirit of militarism was abroad in the land; that our course involved the possibility of war with all its dreadful consequences.

Attempt to Cut Postoffice Appropriation. WASHINGTON, March 11.—The house Tuesday witnessed the perennial attempt to cut off the appropriation for special facilities, from Boston via New York and Washington to Atlanta and New Orleans. This appropriation has been carried in the post-office bill since 1873. This year it amounted to \$196,000 and complied with it were appropriations for special facilities between Kansas City and Newton, Kan., and Chicago and Council Bluffs. The latter items, however, went down before points of order. An attempt was made to rule out the southern subsidy also on a point of order, but Mr. Payne (N. Y.) overruled the point. The motion to strike out was defeated—yeas 93, nays 116. The post-office bill was not disposed of. During the morning hour a bill was passed making a year's "continuous residence" in a territory a prerequisite to obtaining a divorce in such territory.

Amateur Lodge's Ire. WASHINGTON, March 11.—The crowds which filled the senate galleries Tuesday in anticipation of an exciting Cuban debate were not disappointed. Mr. Lodge (Rep., Mass.) arose to a question of personal privilege and in vigorous words rebuked the Spanish minister. Senator Dapuy de Lome, for his recent criticisms of senators. Senator Teller added his opinion that a reputation of the minister's action should be followed by his dismissal. Mr. Hear asked that his resolution, postponing the entire Cuban subject until April 6, go over until today.

POSTOFFICE APPROPRIATION PASSED

House Reduces the Amount to Be Used For Postal Purposes. WASHINGTON, March 12.—The house Wednesday passed the postoffice appropriation bill which has been under consideration since last Friday. The measure, which provides for the attack upon the "spy system" in connection with letter carriers. The salaries of inspectors have been paid, under the current law, out of a fund at the disposal of the first assistant postmaster general. This fund was cut off by the present bill, but provision was made for the employment of 30 additional regular inspectors under the fourth assistant postmaster general, increased the appropriation from \$176,000 to \$212,000.

Cuban Debate in the Senate. WASHINGTON, March 12.—The Cuban debate in the senate has advanced to the stage of one of the great debates of the American congress, and the speech Wednesday of Senator Sherman was another eventful feature of the discussion. In this debate the speakers and the crowded galleries are kept at high tension by such stirring themes as war and patriotism and liberty. Mr. Hear's speech was notable in setting forth the conservative view of the subject and urging a postponement of action until April 6. This developed many sharp controversies with Mr. Sherman and other senators.

In this connection he paid a glowing tribute to Secretary Olney and why, differing with him politically, Mr. Hear said the secretary of state was a clear headed, old-fashioned, Massachusetts Yankee, who could be safely trusted with our foreign negotiations. The senator added a like tribute to the sincerity of President Cleveland in dealing with the Venezuelan question and declared that any action by congress attacking the president's course would be an attack on America. Mr. Hear's resolution for postponement was lost.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report. Royal Baking Powder. ABSOLUTELY PURE.

EARNINGS REDUCED. NEWS OF NEBRASKA.

RAILROADS HAVE LOST \$1,000 PER MILE OF LINE SINCE 1891.

Passenger and Freight Departments Feel the Democratic Times—Nearly 100,000 Men Lose Their Jobs—Light Demand For Goods Makes Idle Engines.

President Robert M. Olyphant of the Delaware and Hudson Canal company said, "I see no reason why the result should have any effect on the condition of railroad interests." Vice President Martin Luther Sykes of the Chicago and Northwestern said: "I have not thought of the result of the election in its effect on railroad properties. They cannot be affected one way or the other. Our manufactures will not be shut down, nor shall we stop growing crops, and the business of the roads must continue. Railroads benefit from the prosperity of the people."

The foregoing statements appeared in the New York Sun of Nov. 11, 1895, immediately after the election of the present Democratic administration. We ask President Robert M. Olyphant and Vice President Martin Luther Sykes to examine with us the income account of railroads up to June 30, 1895. We take from an early report of the statistician to the interstate commerce, Mr. Henry C. Adams, the following figures:

Table with 3 columns: Fiscal year, Passenger, Freight. Data for 1891-1895 showing declining earnings.

As the people did not have prosperity during the two years of this Democratic administration, they could not afford to travel on the railroads, consequently the passenger earnings averaged \$223 per mile less for the 1894 and 1895 years than their average during the three years of McKinley protection to the American people. The same reason, the lack of prosperity among the people, checked the demand for goods, reducing the quantity of freight to be hauled, and consequently the freight earnings of all railroads from an average of \$4,813 per mile down to \$4,977, a loss to the companies of \$756 per mile and to the Democratic government, making a total loss of \$959 per mile. The statistician of the interstate commerce commission, Mr. Henry C. Adams, fully realizes the cause and effect, for he said in his report: "It should be remembered, in order to understand the trend of business reflected in these figures, that the years 1891 and 1892, especially the latter, were unusually prosperous years for the railroads so far as the volume of traffic is concerned. In the year 1893 witnessed a great commercial panic, and that the years 1894 and 1895 are properly characterized as years of commercial depression."

"The most significant fact in the above comparison, as throwing light upon the effect of commercial depression upon railway management, is found in the movement of operating expenses. In last year's preliminary report attention was called to the fact that a reduction in operating expenses follows rather than accompanies a decrease in gross earnings. The present report seems to indicate that when the managers of railroads are forced to reduce operating expenses the cut is made decisive and final. Thus the decrease in the operating expenses for the fiscal year 1894, as compared with 1893, was \$713 per mile of line; the corresponding decrease for the year ending June 30, 1895, as compared with the fiscal year 1894, was but \$44 per mile of line."

This reduction in operating expenses caused 94,000 railroad employees to lose their jobs. These men, thrown out of work, had to tramp in seeking employment elsewhere. They could not afford to patronize the railroads; hence they added nothing to the passenger earnings. Enforced economy compelled them to buy less clothing, possibly less food also. Thus the freight earnings of the railroads were reduced. The hauling of food and clothing for 94,000 men would represent a good deal of tonnage. Railroad presidents and vice presidents, even if their salaries were not reduced, have had a little experience that will enable them to reason out the whys and wherefores of good and bad times. They can help to restore the good times by working for Republican success in this year's elections.

One early story arose recently as interesting as our first news. I have only one specimen quotable just now, but it is a gem. It was written by a little girl—of 8, I believe—and was a highly moral tale of a little boy whose fault was greediness, and who overate himself at a Christmas party. The consequence and punishment of this piece of debauchery was the severe attack of scarlet fever on the following day, and he rapidly became worse. The sequel is told in dialogue form: Mamma—Arthur, you are very ill. Arthur—Yes, mamma. Mamma—Arthur, do you know you are going to die? Arthur—Yes, mamma. Mamma—Arthur, do you not think you had better say a prayer? But he had not time—he died. Surely there is an antique, even Eecheylean, simplicity about this method of bringing in the catastrophe which most of us would do well to heed.—London Speaker.

Warden Lehigh Very Ill. LINCOLN, March 11.—George W. Lehigh, warden of the penitentiary, is seriously ill.

Nebraska Maximum Rate Case. WASHINGTON, March 6.—The arguments in the Nebraska maximum rate case were finished before the United States supreme court today.

Murdock State Bank Closed. PLATTSBORO, Neb., March 9.—The State bank of Murdock, Cass county, was placed in the hands of a receiver, W. M. Quackenbush of Glenwood received the appointment.

Young Cannon Sentenced. NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., March 5.—Joseph W. Cannon, who forged Carl Morton's name to an order on J. Seidl, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to a year in the penitentiary.

Died After Long Illness. COLUMBUS, Neb., March 7.—John Wiseman, about 30 years of age, who was stricken with paralysis about two months ago, has died. He had lived here about 30 years.

Nebraska Minister's Success. BEATRICE, March 11.—Rev. A. B. Moore, pastor of the Christian church, has accepted the tender of the pastorship of Bethany college at Bethany, W. Va. His resignation as pastor was accepted, to take effect June 1.

Libel Suit Commenced. LINCOLN, March 5.—A complaint charging the Evening News publishers with libel has been filed by R. B. Townsend. The case grows out of charges of jury fixing against Attorney H. H. Bidgood and the write-up thereof by The News.

Prize Postoffice Robbed. PERU, Neb., March 9.—The postoffice was visited by safe blowers. They drilled through the door and blew open the safe, securing nearly \$400 worth of stamps and some money. It is thought the work was done by the same parties operating at Nebraska City.

Stricken With Paralysis. COLUMBUS, Neb., March 6.—John Haney, a pioneer resident of Platte county, was stricken with paralysis at the residence of his daughter at Platte Center, and owing to his advanced age is not expected to recover. He has lived a few miles from Columbus for over forty years.

J. B. Walker Taken to the Pen. LINCOLN, March 6.—J. B. Walker, the Dawson county murderer, whose sentence of death Governor Holcomb lately commuted to imprisonment for life, was brought in by Sheriff Hobson and landed in the penitentiary. Walker feels quite bitterly against the governor for not setting him at liberty.

Norfolk Gets the Trophy. NORFOLK, Neb., March 6.—The governor's cup, which created so much trouble in state militia circles at the last encampment, has been made the subject of a general order by General Barry. Under the order the cup is to be delivered to the Moore rifles in accordance with the award made at Hastings.

W. J. Bryan Will Preside. LINCOLN, March 6.—W. J. Bryan has accepted an invitation to preside at a discussion of the Monroe doctrine between students of the University of Chicago and those of the Illinois State university in Chicago, on March 13. Afterward he has been asked to deliver an address on the Monroe doctrine as applied to finance.

Investigating Charges. GRAND ISLAND, March 11.—The investigation into the charges filed by Mart Howe against Commandant Wilson of the Soldiers' home was begun here, Governor Holcomb presiding. Mr. Howe was present, accompanied by his attorney, Mr. McNemy. Mr. Wilson was represented by O. A. Abbott of this city and Judge Stark of Aurora.

Great Civil Engineer Dead. NORTH PLATTE, Neb., March 11.—The funeral of Martin Van Broeklin occurred in this city from the Presbyterian church. Mr. Van Broeklin was a noted civil engineer in his time, a nephew of Peter Cooper, and well known in New York. He came to this county 10 years ago, after retiring from his profession, and became a prominent ranchman.

Three Her Children Into a Well. DUBUQUE, Neb., March 5.—Mrs. James Hesel, a Bohemian woman, threw her three children, a young boy and girl and baby a year old, into a well nearly 30 feet deep. She then followed them. The services of the children attracted attention and they were rescued after three hours' effort. The boy was so badly injured that he may die and the girl is in a precarious condition. The woman is insane.

Preliminary Plans for Exposition. OMAHA, March 9.—The board of directors of the Trans-Mississippi and International Exposition will remain today. There was a huge stack of correspondence relating to details of the plans of the exposition which was disposed of. The appointment by Governor Stone of Missouri of Colonel John Douthett of St. Joseph and by Governor Drake of Iowa of George F. Wright of Council Bluffs as vice presidents of the association was unanimously approved. The location of the big show is now being considered.

Omaha Salvationists Will Remain Local. OMAHA, March 10.—The Omaha division of the Salvation Army will remain local to the organization. This was determined after a conference of the officers, at which the sentiment proved to be adverse to seceding to the new organization recently placed in the field by General Ballington Booth. A brief statement of this decision was wired to Commissioner Eva Booth at New York, and the Omaha members continue to receive their orders from the regular organization.

MOB VIOLENCE WAS AVERTED.

Kentucky Legislature Almost at the Executive Point Yesterday. FRANKFORT, Ky., March 12.—Wednesday, the 11th day of March, will be an unenviable memory in the history of Kentucky politics. Blind partisanship and bitter passion usurped the place of cool judgment and sober thought. At times it looked as if there might be an outbreak of mob violence. When it became known outside that the house had unseated Kauffman, the Democrat, and that the senate had unseated the Republicans, James and Walton, the aspect looked so threatening that many of the great crowd that thronged the corridors made a rush to get away.

There was an unseemly rush for the joint assembly door, which was guarded by a large body of armed men. At one time the explosive point was almost reached. That point would doubtless have been reached if the Republicans had attempted to force the unseated senators into the joint assembly meeting. Kauffman, the Democrat unseated by the house, was already in the hall. Senator James, one of the unseated senators, got in by strategy. This left one unseated Democrat and one unseated Republican in the joint assembly hall. This made honors about even on that score and tended to promote peace. There were revolvers waiting silent, but ready at the hall door and had any one wanted trouble he could have had it.

Within the hall of the joint assembly matters were made to run smoothly by the ruling of Speaker Worthing that the clerk of each house should call the roll for the vote of the house. Once under way, the joint assembly proceeded to business in true parliamentary style. When it adjourned every member left the hall in a good humor. The breaking of the quorum indicates this will be the strategy of both parties through the few days that remain of this session and that neither party will elect a senator.

FUNERAL OF J. H. McVICKER. Remains of the Veteran Manager Interred in the Family Vault. CHICAGO, March 11.—Funeral services over the late J. H. McVicker were held at his house on Michigan avenue this morning. The Rev. W. H. Thompson, of the People's church conducted the ceremonies and delivered the sermon. He was assisted by several societies of which Mr. McVicker was a member, principally Apollo commandary and the Loyal Legion. The burial was in the family vault at Rosehill cemetery. Employees of the theater were the active pallbearers. McVicker's theater was closed tonight. The bronze statue of Mr. McVicker in the lobby was appropriately draped.

Holmes to Be Executed May 7. HARRISBURG, Pa., March 6.—The date for the execution of H. H. Holmes, the convicted murderer, has been fixed by Governor Hastings. He names Thursday, May 7, as the day. The decision of the supreme court affirming the judgment of the lower court was laid before the governor by Secretary Reiter. The governor thought Holmes should have at least 60 days in which to prepare for death and selected the time accordingly. The death warrant was at once prepared and forwarded to Sheriff Clematis of Philadelphia.

File a New Suit. BUTTE, Mont., March 12.—A new suit was filed against the Butte and Boston Mining company by Edward C. Perkins. It is for \$72,815 and includes all claims in the former suit except that for which other provision is made. A receiver will be applied for in the United States district court of Montana. This is primary to the reorganization scheme, which contemplates the formation of a new company to purchase the property of the present one, either at the sheriff's sale on attachment suits or on foreclosure of the mortgage of Philadelphia.

Archbishop Kenrick at Rest. ST. LOUIS, March 12.—With the imposing ceremonies befitting his rank, Archbishop Richard Kenrick was laid to rest in the priests' lot in Calvary cemetery. It is estimated that since the remains have been lying in state, during the past two and one-half days, at least 125,000 people have passed through the cathedral to view them.

Kills the Hatch Bill. WASHINGTON, March 12.—The house committee on agriculture, by a vote of 9 to 6, decided to lay upon the table the anti-trust (Hatch) bill. This practically kills the measure for this congress.

LATEST MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH. Chicago Grain and Provisions. Cash quotations were as follows: No. 2 red wheat, 66 1/2; No. 3 red wheat, 64 1/2; No. 4 red wheat, 62 1/2; No. 1 white wheat, 70; No. 2 white wheat, 68; No. 3 white wheat, 66; No. 4 white wheat, 64; No. 1 yellow corn, 52 1/2; No. 2 yellow corn, 50 1/2; No. 3 yellow corn, 48 1/2; No. 4 yellow corn, 46 1/2; No. 1 white corn, 44 1/2; No. 2 white corn, 42 1/2; No. 3 white corn, 40 1/2; No. 4 white corn, 38 1/2.

Smooth Roadway. Quick Time. Perfect Passenger Service. Uniformed train porters for the convenience of first and second class patrons. Through sleeping cars between Chicago, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Unexcelled dining car service. No change of cars for any class of passengers between Chicago and New York City via the Nickel-Plate Road. J. Y. Calahan, Gen'l Agent, 111 Adams street, Chicago.