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TWO DUELISTS TO BE TRIED IN DISTRICT COURT

MEXICAN SWAINS FOUGHT FOR LOVE OF FAIR SENORITA.

Effect of Battle on Damsel's Affections Not Known, But Suitors Are in Bad.

Antonis Martinez and Samuel Remiez were each held over to district court, with bond set at \$500 by Judge Tash, Wednesday. The charge against each was of assault with intent to do great bodily injury. Neither has as yet provided bond. Their cases will come up in district court September 11.

Antonis and Samuel battled for the love of a lady, whom we shall for convenience call Maria, chiefly because that happens to be her name. Antonis and Sam were the best of friends until about two months ago, when both were smitten with love for Maria. Antonis, unaware that his friend was also a suitor, showed Sam some letters which he had received from Maria, with the result that the ire of Sam was aroused, and he asked Tony what he meant by horning in on the affair. This naturally aroused hard feeling and the affair ran along until last Friday, when Tony invited Sam outside to talk the matter over.

The two lovers proceeded outside, and from there on the stories differ. Sam, who carries a bad cut under the right eye, maintains that he received it at the opening of hostilities, while Tony exhibited some welts on top of his head, which he claims he received from a bar in the hands of Sam, this being the first he knew that the war was on. The battle was undoubtedly on, though, and Tony carved Sam up in quite a workmanlike fashion. In the act of said carving, Tony received a few more clouts from Sam's iron rod. The rod was bent in the middle, it being perfectly straight before Tony had destroyed its perfection with his head.

Tony Has Fine Rep.

Tony has worked at the round house for two years, and all of the men who are acquainted with him are willing to vouch for his character, as in all his residence here he has never been in trouble with the officers. Special Agent Martin of the Burlington says that Tony has always been a good worker and peaceable, while Sam has been in trouble several times, and is by no means a stranger, either to the Burlington or city police. So far as the fight is concerned, though, Mr. Martin says that each seems equally to blame.

Tony has some possibility of getting out on bond, as he has a number of friends among the railroad men, but the chances for Sam's release seem to be somewhat slim. Due to Tony's record, his bond or the charge against him may be reduced. The possible reduction in the charge might be to make it assault and battery, which would make the case merely a misdemeanor, and not a felony, and it would be tried in the county court rather than the district court.

Whether the battle has had any effect on the senorita's affections is not known, but from the best available reports she had repeatedly spurned both of the lovers, which makes the battle for her hand somewhat premature and presuming. Both of the Mexicans are young and with a certain amount of pulchritude, although neither would get far in the movies in competition with Wallace Reid or Rodolph Valentino.

The hearing was enlivened with a few little incidents, one of which was that Sam objected to the interpreter. When asked his reason he said that the interpreter had stolen a ham from him, and that for this reason the two were not on the best of terms. He was afraid that he might be double-crossed. As he can speak good English if he so desires, his objection was not taken seriously.

County Meeting of Farmers' Union at Berea, June 5

The Box Butte County Farmers' union will hold its second annual convention at Berea Monday, June 5, at 10 o'clock. There will be an all day meeting. J. O. Shrayel of the legislative committee will speak on the legislative program of the state union. Election of officers and many other important matters will come before this meeting. Dinner will be served at noon, cafeteria style. Bring a basket and enjoy the day. There will be numerous sports, such as ball games, foot races, etc.

Over thirty delegates are expected to be present, representing the different locals over the county and about 300 members at this meeting.

BIRTHS

May 26—To Rev. and Mrs. Fred Drogemuller, a boy, Clarence Frederick.
May 29—To Mr. and Mrs. Walter Mullane, a girl, Margaret Mary.
May 26—To Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Wright, a boy.

THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska. Generally fair tonight and Saturday. Warmer and central portions tonight and portion Saturday.

Unc. Candidate for Seat in Congress

Washington, May 31.—Congressman Kinkaid of the Sixth Nebraska district has reconsidered the reconsideration of his withdrawal from public life and, at this moment, is a candidate for re-election.

Mr. Kinkaid announced his retirement two weeks ago, due to ill health. Telegraphic requests from constituents caused him to reconsider, and he said he would again seek the republican nomination.

Later, finding that Secretary of State Amsberry had filed, Mr. Kinkaid formally withdrew. Now, having heard from Amsberry that the latter is willing to withdraw, Kinkaid again reconsidered and decided to stay in the race. Judge Kinkaid's decision is accompanied by a reservation to the effect that he will continue as a candidate unless his candidacy embarrasses others who may have become candidates. The judge spent all day today reading telegrams and letters from friends urging him to stay in the race for personal and party reasons.

GAME WARDENS NOW WORKING IN ALLIANCE

A WORD TO THE WISE SAID TO BE SUFFICIENT.

Preachers, Publicans and Sinners Look Alike to These Minors of the Law.

Alliance preachers and others will do well to watch their steps the next few days. Those who read the newspapers will recall that last year, two preachers were hauled into the net and given court records to go along with their degrees from the theological schools.

Otto Gewinner, government and state game warden, and William Boettcher, deputy state game warden, have been working out of Alliance for several days. While in the city they were interviewed by the secretary of the chamber of commerce regarding the setting of Broncho lake, to determine definitely whether or not the fish planted there during the past three years are living.

Permission has been asked by the secretary of the chamber of commerce from George Koster, chief state game warden at Lincoln, to have the lake seined, and if it is granted, these men will test out the lake with the sixty-by-eight-foot seine which they carry for that purpose.

During the past two years the prairie chickens have been thriving exceptionally well in western Nebraska, according to Warden Gewinner, and the people in this part of the state are obeying the game laws unusually well. The wardens do not favor the suggested changes in the muskrat trapping laws, providing for an extension of the season to a later date than at present provided, because of the fact that the rats begin to breed the latter part of February.

Bass and other fish in some of the western Nebraska lakes have "winter-killed" during the past winter because of the fact that the muskrats have been trapped out, according to the wardens. Shell lake, twelve miles north of Gordon, lost many bass during the past winter because of the fact that the lake was drained and the muskrats have been driven from it. They are great providers of the air holes which are necessary to the fish during the winter.

Dr. J. M. Simpson Finds Poison Plant That Kills Cattle

Dr. J. M. Simpson, veterinary of this city, was recently called to Morrill county to investigate the mysterious death of cattle on several ranches. Without much delay he located the cause by the discovery on the range of Zigadenus, otherwise known as the death camas.

The plant that caused the havoc in Morrill county is perhaps a foot-in-height, with long, thin green leaves, and a cluster of small white flowers. The lower portion of it greatly resembles an ordinary onion. In fact, the resemblance is so close that children are said to sometimes mistake the plants for white onions, and eat them with fatal results.

Thousands of sheep die yearly in some of the western states from eating zigadenus, but this is the first time, according to Dr. Simpson, that it has been discovered in western Nebraska. Dr. Simpson has made a somewhat extensive study of poisonous plants, and was able to spot the zigadenus upon sight.

CAMPAIGN TO CUT ACCIDENTS AT CROSSINGS

SUPT. FRED G. GURLEY TELLS ROTARIANS OF PLAN.

This Type of Accident Has Increased 600 Per Cent Since 1907—Drivers at Fault.

Rotarian Fred G. Gurley, Burlington division superintendent at Alliance, told members of the Rotary club Wednesday evening of the railway association's campaign to reduce accidents at railway crossings, which started June 1 and will continue until the first of September.

Mr. Gurley told of the great results of the safety first movement, which has materially reduced the number of accidents to railway employees since its inception in 1907. In that year, there were some 4,300 railway employees who lost their lives on lines in the United States. The figures for 1920, the latest available, covering a year in which the roads did the greatest business, handled the largest tonnage and employed the greatest number of men in the history of railroading, the number of employees killed was approximately 2,900. This reduction is due principally, Mr. Gurley said, to the safety first movement.

The scope of the movement has broadened greatly since it was started, the speaker said. Originally, it was little more than a collection of suggestions for precautions that might reduce accidents. He told of a number of suggestions which had been adopted. In these days, the idea is not alone to make the science of railroading fool proof, but also to teach the employees to keep their heads well engaged in dangerous work. A railroader may do even some kinds of dangerous work without accident, provided he keeps his eyes open and does not allow his attention to be distracted. He illustrated the results of the safety first movement by saying that if it had not been adopted, in all probability every man present could safely figure that out of the railroaders among his acquaintances, twelve or fifteen would not be living had not the safety first campaign been started.

The movement has extended until it now seeks to prevent any kind of accident, either to employees or others, and results are apparent in every class of accidents save one—the railway crossing accidents.

Railway Crossing Accidents.

While there has been a marked diminution in other classes of accidents, the railway crossing accidents have increased to a marked degree. The figures for 1920 show more than a 600 per cent increase over those for 1907. This is due not only to the greatly increased amount of automobile traffic, but to a number of other factors, chief among which is the fact that automobile drivers are careless.

Mr. Gurley told of a careful check made by the railroads at crossings in various parts of the country. This check was for the purpose of determining whether the engineers obeyed the regulation that calls for two long and two short blasts at each crossing. The regulations allow two seconds for each long blast and one second for each short one, and this signal, the speaker said, is decidedly effective. Engineers are checked, and if they are negligent in giving the alarms the first offense generally results in a polite caution, but subsequent offenses call for strict discipline.

This check at the crossings are disclosed that the drivers are fully as much to blame as the engineer. It developed that over 50 per cent of those who cross the tracks neither stop, look nor listen, and a large number deliberately take chances.

The best remedy for crossings accidents lies in eliminating the grade crossing, but this is a monumental task. Mr. Gurley said that there are now some 250,000 crossings in the United States, and that the past year but 400 of them were eliminated. At this rate of progress it will take several hundred years to accomplish this result. The expense is a most important item.

The railroads of the country have united in a three months campaign to reduce accidents. Posters, newspapers and other publicity mediums will be used. If the drive is as successful with the public as safety first campaigns have been with railway employees, the heavy percentage of fatalities from this cause is expected to be materially reduced. At present, the figures show that every three minutes, on the average, there is a death at a railway crossing.

Definite word has been received from Mrs. Emily Hornberger, chief of the Nebraska department of child welfare, that she will visit Alliance and make an address in the Roof Garden on Sunday afternoon, June 11. The members of the Box Butte county welfare committee consider that they are fortunate in securing Mrs. Hornberger for this address. The program will consist of the address by Mrs. Hornberger and several music numbers. The entire program will be published next week. This will be a great day and people from all over the county will be privileged to hear a gifted speaker.

R. B. HOWELL TALKS TO LIONS ON THE RADIO

CANDIDATE FOR SENATE TELLS OF SCIENTIFIC MARVELS.

Represented Government in Trip to Study Radio Activities of the European Countries.

Hon. R. B. Howell, republican candidate for the United States senate, Tuesday evening spoke to the Alliance den of Lions at the Methodist church gymnasium, at their 6:15 luncheon. Mr. Howell spoke for one hour and a half on the subject of radio, its early history and present development, as well as future possibilities. He has recently returned from a several months' investigation in ten foreign countries, in seven of which he visited, as a special representative of the United States government.

Lion W. R. Harper acted as toastmaster, and introduced the speaker. In commencing his lecture, Mr. Howell complimented Alliance upon her splendid growth since he last had visited the city, and mentioned especially the wonderful improvement our paving made in the appearance of the city. "Municipalities all over the state," said Mr. Howell, "are doing just as you people have, and it makes a world of difference."

The speaker then launched into his discussion of radio and gave a very interesting lecture on this remarkable phenomenon. He traced the history of its development through the dream period, the electro-magnetic ray of the German scientist Herz, the telegraphic stage introduced by Marconi, to the present time.

He explained how a simple and inexpensive radio set could be constructed for short distance use, and also told of the advantages of the more expensive sets. He looked forward, he said, to the time when every home would find it practical to have a set and enjoy the advantages of wireless.

"The government should own and operate the radio sending stations," said Mr. Howell, "the American Telephone and Telegraph company are trying to get the government to turn the business over to them, but it would be a grave mistake to do so."

Mr. Howell has just returned from Europe where he spent several months as the representative of the American government for the study of radio activities of European countries. In telling of his experiences he made it clear that Germany is getting along very well with after-the-war problems, everyone is busy working, and are apparently prosperous and living as usual in spite of the low rate of foreign exchange.

The cheapness of money in Europe he illustrated in many ways, such as telling of a young married couple who were both working, one getting \$8,000 and the other 7,000 kroner per month, which in our money figures up about \$6.50, and also regaling us with his appearing at the express office to have a hundred dollars changed into kroner. The agent prevailed upon Mr. Howell to only take fifty dollars worth and he found it almost impossible to get the paper bills all stowed away in his many pockets.

Radio is developing rapidly and will soon replace what is now known as the telephone newspaper which has become a very important feature of the life of Germanic peoples. Through the telephones in many parts of central Europe the inhabitants are kept in constant touch with news, with opera and drama and even literature as stories are read to all who have the privilege of listening in at certain times of day. The lady of the house can put on a head phone and go on with her knitting or sewing and have a story read to her. A sick person can lie in bed and be amused by the constant program of the telephone. The radiophone is on the threshold of taking over this work and some say that the day is fast approaching when moving pictures can be produced at the home via wireless.

Good Fellowship Chairman Frank Abege, accompanied by Mayor R. M. Hampton of Alliance, drove to Hemingford during the afternoon, where they met Mr. Howell and returned with him to Alliance, arriving about 6 o'clock.

The banquet for the Lions club was served by the ladies of the Methodist church in the gymnasium of the new church building. There were twenty-five members and thirty guests present. The guests included Mayor and Mrs. Hampton, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Newberry, City Manager Kemmish, Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Gavin, H. P. Coursey, Ben Keach, C. A. Dow, Norman Newberry, Rev. M. C. Smith, Ralph Cox, Leo Snyder, Clyde Watteyne, Wray Rominer and others.

Lion John W. Guthrie acted as song leader and piano music was furnished for the club singing, by Miss Phyllis Thompson.

Miss Ida Clark left Thursday night for her home at Brock, Neb. Miss Clark has taught in the Alliance schools for the past four years, the last two as penmanship supervisor.

Floyd Lotspeich has accepted a position as foreman on the Willis Beck ranch near Antioch.

Dawes County Farmer Held in Jail Here on a Serious Charge

Clifford Skaggs, a young Dawes county farmer, was bound over to district court Thursday, the complaining witness being Miss Leta Lusby, who claims that she is the mother of a child of which Skaggs is the father. The complaining witness and the defendant are both about twenty-one years of age. The child mentioned was born March 5, 1921.

In county court Skaggs admitted that the charge against him was true, but claimed that he had repeatedly offered to marry the girl. The court, however, could do nothing other than consider the plea and Skaggs was bound over to district court with his bond set at \$1,500. The young lady says that she will dismiss the charge against him on the payment of \$2,000, about a fourth of which she claims has already been spent on the child.

Skaggs was committed to county jail, and he claims that he will have some difficulty in furnishing bond, as he has always lived in Dawes county, and has no friends in this county. The law requires that at least one of the two bondsmen must be a resident of the county in which the charge is made. Should he be unable to furnish bond he will remain in jail until September, this being when court convenes.

Why action was not started before is not known, unless Skaggs' offers were under consideration. Miss Lusby lives on a farm a few miles from Alliance.

ROTARIANS HEAR PREDICTION OF RACE CONFLICT

EARL G. JONES GAVE ADDRESS WEDNESDAY EVENING.

Says Moral and Spiritual Progress of Mankind Has Failed to Keep Pace With Material

Earl G. Jones, editorial writer of the Alliance Times, was the speaker at the Wednesday dinner of the Rotary club, and gave one of the most interesting talks that the club members have ever been privileged to hear. Mr. Jones took for his subject the growing unrest in China, Japan and other countries where the colored races predominate, and the menace to white civilization that lies in the continued subjugation of these peoples.

"When we know of the growing unrest in India and China and Japan—the great reservoir of the world's colored races, and realize just what the full awakening of these giants may mean to the white race, we get some little idea of the danger that lies ahead," said the speaker. "And when we consider also the other colored races—the browns, the blacks and the reds—and realize that all of these are possessed with a growing distrust and hatred of the white man, the menace to the white race looms still larger. There are approximately 1,700,000,000 human beings on this earth today—500,000,000 of those are whites and the remainder are the colored races. The white race is thus outnumbered more than two to one. Yet the white man controls politically almost nine-tenths of the world's population, while the entire white race is concentrated on less than one-fifth of the white world's territorial area. Now what can it mean when these colored races demand of the white man his reasons for holding on to so much of the world's territory wielding political control over millions of people not of his own race or blood?"

Growing Restive Under Yoke
"It can mean only one of two things—either the white man must peacefully relinquish his political control of the colored peoples or he will eventually be compelled to do so by force of arms. Already, many of these colored peoples are growing restive under the white yoke and their intellectual leaders are openly demanding that the white man get out and leave them to work out their own salvation. And even those colored nations which are not under white political control are joining their voices with their demands for complete relinquishment of the territory originally belonging to other people."

"Another aspect of danger in the race question is the fact that the colored races—the yellows, the blacks, the browns and the reds—are multiplying more than twice as fast as the white race, so that in even a decade from now the proportion of population between the white and the colored peoples will still further augment in favor of the colored. By a curious irony of fate the white man himself has made possible this rapid increase of the colored peoples. He has put down tribal wars, stamped out epidemics, improved communication and raised the standards of living among them until the death rate has been greatly decreased. And these homelands of the colored people, we must remember, are already populated up to the available limits of subsistence and such elements as improved agriculture and the use of modern labor-saving machinery can act only as

(Continued on Page 4).

MEMORIAL DAY SERVICES WERE HELD TUESDAY

ENTIRE CITY UNITES IN TRIBUTE TO HONORED DEAD.

Parade of Veterans, Address by Simmons and Decoration of the Graves Features of Day.

Memorial day was observed in Alliance Tuesday, the occasion being one of the most successful of its kind in years. There was an exceptionally large attendance of veterans of three wars, the civil, Spanish-American and world war veterans marching in the parade and taking part in the ceremonies. The Boy Scout band, under the leadership of William Reese, made its first public appearance in the parade of veterans, and the Alliance band, under J. P. Mann, also took part in the parade.

The program for the day began with a parade of veterans at 1:30. The start was made from First and Box Butte, and the ex-soldiers marched to the Imperial theater, where a crowded house heard the following program. Dr. Minor Morris, commander of the Alliance post of the legion, presided:

Invocation, Dean A. O. Dodge, chaplain Alliance post of the American Legion.

Selection, mixed quartet, Edward Dingey, H. D. Shellenberger, Mrs. Lee Farmer, Mrs. R. L. Hoff.

Lincoln's Gettysburg Address, Verne Laing.

Selection, mixed quartet, "The Blue and the Gray," Rowland Threlkeld.

Selection, Scottish Rite quartet. Address, Robert G. Simmons. "America," by the audience.

Benediction, Chaplain Dodge. Simmons Makes Address.

Mr. Simmons, in his talk, told of the origin of Memorial day, of how the women of the south had begun the practice of this way honoring the dead. He then told of how the G. A. R. had greatly helped to spread the idea, and had extended it so that both the north and the south now set aside one day a year on which they show their honor to the soldier dead.

He then paid a tribute to the members of the G. A. R., and said that they would always be first in the hearts of the people. He also spoke of the Spanish-American war veterans, of how they had been the first to carry the American flag on foreign soil.

Mr. Simmons then spoke of the wonderful work done by the women in the war, of how they had given up their husbands, sons, sweethearts, and had done war work of all kinds in order that the war might be carried to a successful conclusion. They had sacrificed more than any others, for they waited at home for news of those at the front, more for a sacrifice than those who really were in action. The talk was greatly appreciated, and made a deep impression on those present.

Following the program at the Imperial, the parade reformed and marched to Tenth and Box Butte, where cars were provided to take the veterans to the cemeteries, where brief services were held and the graves of veterans decorated.

Ex-Soldiers Have Banquet.

In the evening, the veterans of the three wars and their wives attended a dinner given by Alliance post of the American Legion at the Palm Room of the Alliance hotel. Plates were laid for a hundred guests. Dr. Morris presided and the program included the following toasts:

"The President of the United States," Attorney E. L. Meyer.

"The Dead," Chaplain A. O. Dodge.

"The Army and Navy," George L. Burr.

"The Civil War Veterans," County Judge I. E. Tash.

"The Spanish-American War Veterans," E. G. Laing.

"The American Legion," ex-state commander Robert Simmons.

Jack Riordan was called upon for some reminiscences of the Spanish-American war, and the toastmaster gave a special tribute to the Red Cross nurses. Judge Tash, in his address, eulogized the civil war veterans and their work in preserving the nation as one of the most splendid achievements of history. With the assistance of Al Wiker, a civil war veteran, a list of all soldiers of the civil war buried in Alliance and Box Butte county was compiled, and Judge Tash read the roll of those resting in the cemeteries of the county. The evening closed with the singing of "America."

Lloyd Smith was in Alliance Thursday, enroute from Scottsbluff to Omaha. Mr. Smith was formerly a resident of Alliance and was in Scottsbluff visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Smith, who are old residents, and are well known in Alliance. Mr. Smith is now traveling for a bank supply house with headquarters at Omaha.

Rev. Stephen J. Epler was in Hyannis Wednesday to attend the Masonic reunion there. Mr. Epler spoke on the DeMolay work, as the Hyannis Masons are planning to organize a DeMolay chapter there.