## WYOMING POTASH WILI NOT HURT THE MARKET

Reported Find of Immense Deposite in Leucite Rock Is of Beds Known 1 of Previousi)

Nebraska producers of potash who
became somewhat alarmed pressed Intewnest at teast, or whon read-
ing news dispatches the frat week regarding the finding of depos. its of potash in Wyoming valued at
billions of dollars billions of dollars, became normal
again when they learned that the deposits meant were those in the well known range of Leucte hills in Wy-
oming. The newspapers of Monday carried
the following dispatch regarding the
W Cheyenne, Wyo., July 22.The United States and the bal-
ance of the world will soon be ance of the world will soon be
independent of Germany for pot-
nat supplles if the new deposita ash supplles if the new deposits
of that valuable fertilizer ingreof that valuable fertilizer ingre-
dient discovered in the Leuette hill, north of Rock Springs,
Wyoming, haif way come up to Wyoming. half way come up to
predictions made for them by ex-predictions made tor them by ex-
perts. Thas Leucite rock appears
in extensive deposita a nd over a in extensive deposito and overs a
wide area and contains, avcordwide area and contains, accord-
ing to teats mate, between 10
and 54 per cent pure potash. Aland 54 per cent pure potash. A1-
ready plans are under consideration tor the erection at Green
tiver of a refinery to eost be. River of a refinery to cost be-
tween $\$ 2,500,000$ and $\$ 3,000$,-
000. "The German government haf
been aware of these potash deposits for years and before the
world's war started a worlps of war started, a large
corporta was sent to the
Leucite hills section to make an Leucite hills section to make an
Investigation and secure title to thestigation and secure title to
the lands. These experts were re-
called to. Germany when the war called to Germany when the war
started."
The deposits of potash in Leucite rocks have been known to
geologists and scientists for several
yearg and the years and the recent great demand
for potash has caused them to turn inquisitive and longing eyes towards
the billions of dollars worth of ash locked in the rocks warth of pot athough
hundreds of thousands of dollars have been spent in experimenting
during past years, so tar no feasible
or proter or proftable plan has been evolved
for taking the potash out of the rock
and making it noluble nd Similar deposits of potash, locked
in minerals, are in minerals, are known to exish in the
form of mountans in the Allegheny
moumtain ranges in the east, but bemoumtan ranges in the east, but be-
cause of the fact that although the
rock may be crushed the potagh stil rock may be crushed the potash still
remains insoluble, These deposits are
riseless for all ugeless for all practicable purposes:
Some tme ago a carload of Leucite rock was shipped from the Wyoming
fields to the Atlantic coast for the
furpoge of experime purpose of experimenting on the rock
in an eflort to find a way to release
the potash. The carioad of rock bethe potash. The carload of rock be-
came sidetracked in an ohlo ceity and
a keen eyed rallway freight clerk mind a keen eyed rallway freight clerk mig-
took the word "Leuclte" for "Lyd-
dite," the latter being one of the strongest and most powerful explos.
ives manufactured. A day and night
vunt guard was immiediately placed around
the car and remained on dut there
for neveral weeks, until the people to whom the cer tud been consilined
werre able o otrace it down and Epeed
it an ite it on its way. Neenleas to say, they
were much pleased with the attention kiven their carload of rock by the au-
inoritles during its stay in the ohlo city. In the meantime the pushing of production of existing potash plants
in western Nebraska continues, the pushing of completion of plants (both
huge and little) keeps on at huge and little) keeps on at a rapld
rate and every day or two witnesses
the ann the announcement of a now plant to
be erected to produce potash from lakes and beds which hive not been
touched before. The goveranisent ta
underatood to understood to have a ruling practical-
ly fxing the price at which potash fertilizer the price at which botash sold by tho fortil-
izer manufacturer- $\$ 6.00$ per potash unjt. The fertilizer manufacturer
pays the potash producer as small a
portion as he can of the 86.00 , now averaking from 84.50 to 86.00 , now
a
unit- 1 on unit-thas leaves the fertilizer manu-
facturer a fair marrin of protit.
Original william rell sermon.
Still another version of "viluan
Tell" cames from Deamark, The self. Sellil conether version of "williain
same story is told to the Danish le le same story is told in the Danish le
gends, two centuries before it crops
eut out in the swiss narrative, and furth-
er investigation shows, acoroling to a
Danlsh historian, that it was borrowed by Danes, the original apple having
been shot from the original child'g been shot Grom wa bownan named
head by a Gernaan bil, when King Nidung sought to test
Ein the man's slicin and nerve. In that ree
mote story it is related that meated syother arrow in his bosom
sealed another with which to bin
Thee Lore.
The reason most trees tean toward
the northwest sars the northwest, says an old tree trim-
mer. is because in the mer, is because in the summer our pre-
valling winds are from the southeast: valling winds are from the southeast;
the ground then ts soft and the trees
belng in full leaf the wind thlts them belng in full leaf, the wind thlts them
toward the northwest. In the winter the northern winds do not have this effect on the trees because they are
denuded of leaves and the ground ta
trozen or trozen or hard.

Lines to Be Remembered
Most of all the othemembereatiful. things
in tife come by twos and threes, by dozens conde huadreds. Plent andy of roses, by
stars, sund sisters, aunts and cousins, but orly and
mother in all

