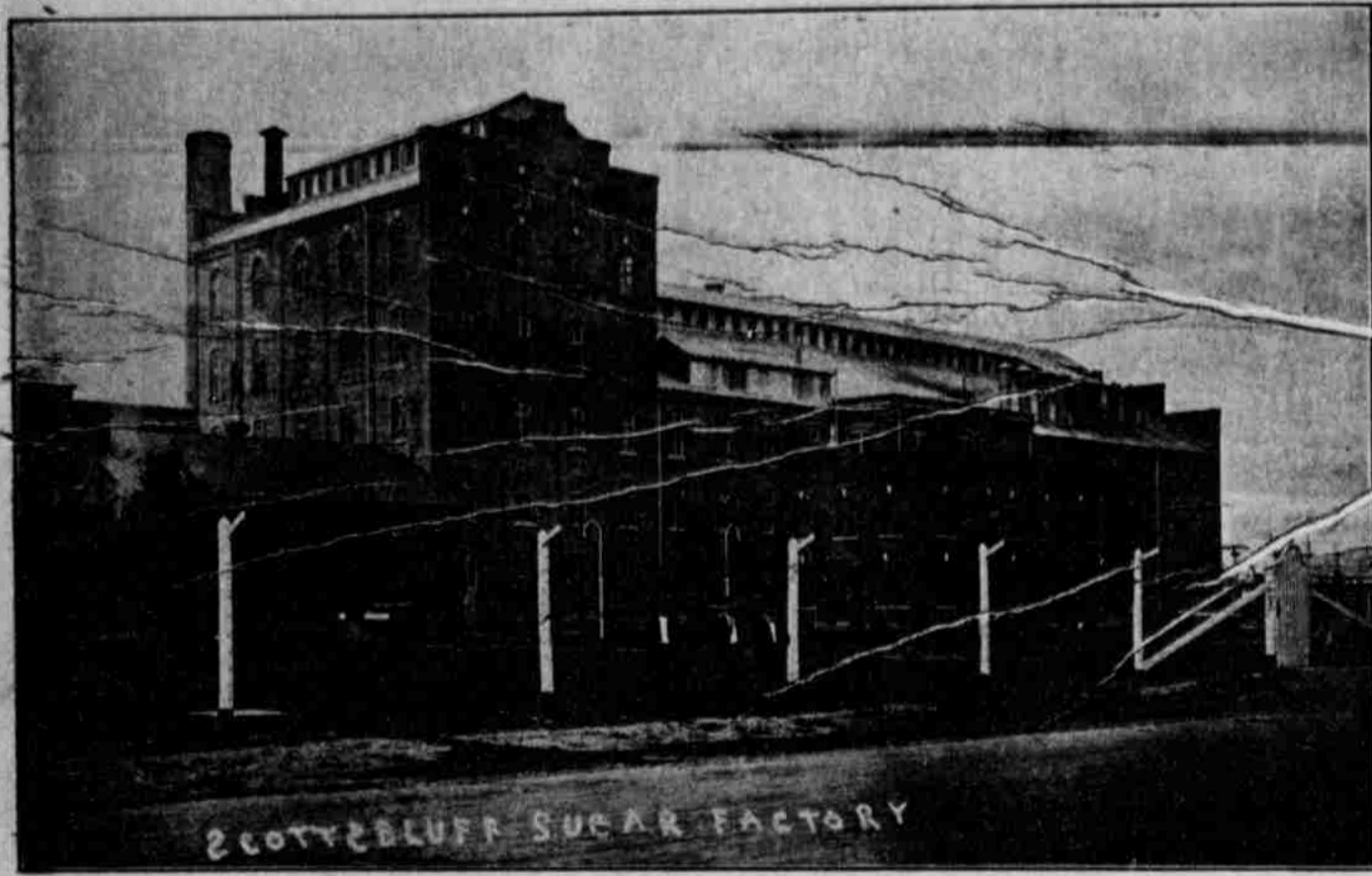


NORTH PLATTE VALLEY



SCOTTSBLUFF SUGAR FACTORY

Scottsbluff Sugar Factory

WONDERFUL results are produced in the North Platte Valley by irrigation. The great government Pathfinder reservoir in Wyoming stores nearly 1,000,000 acre feet of water which is spread over the farming lands of the Valley during the irrigating season of the year at the rate of 100,000,000 barrels of water every 24 hours.

SUGAR BEETS BRING PROSPERITY

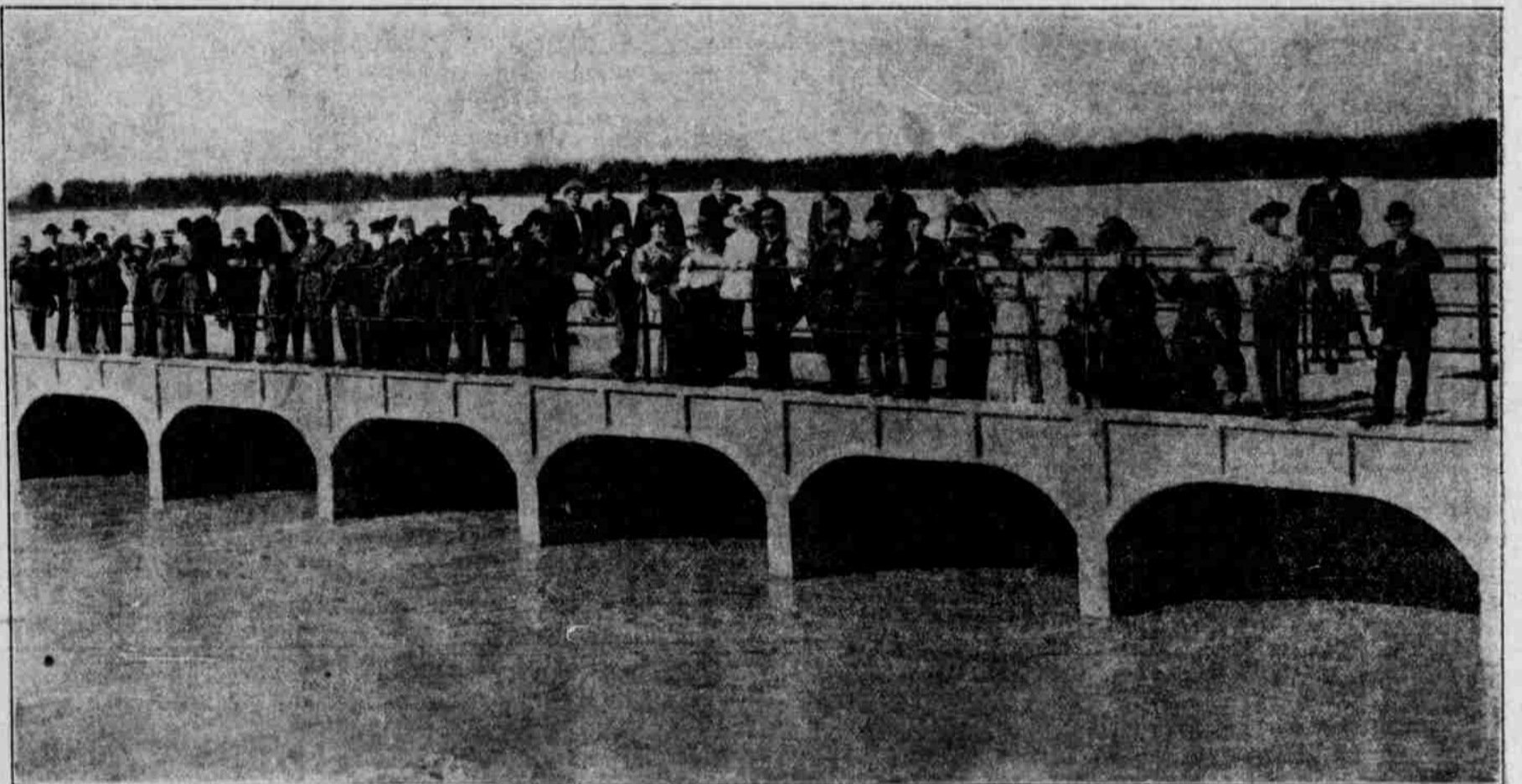
SUGAR beets pay big returns. The factory in the Valley, which is one of the largest in the United States, with a capacity of 1,400 tons per day, has the second largest acreage in the United States, over 17,000 acres being planted last season to sugar beets. The yield per acre is from 15 to 20 tons, and a price of \$5.50 is paid by the factory. The rich soil of the Valley makes excellent beet land, and by the proper rotation of crops, big yields with a high percentage of sugar are always raised.

ALFALFA BRINGS GOLD

ALFALFA is the largest crop raised in the Valley. It is particularly adapted to the soil and brings the money. An alfalfa mill is located in the Valley, where hundreds of tons are ground into alfalfa meal. Thousands and thousands of tons are shipped out each year and as much more is fed right in the Valley to stock. Three and sometimes four crops are cut each year, the yield running from four to six tons per acre.

STOCK GROWING

ON account of the large amount of alfalfa grown and the immense number of acres planted to sugar beets, stock growing is found very profitable. The sugar beet tops are very useful for feed and some 80,000 tons of beet pulp is used for the same purpose. Raising cattle, hogs, sheep and horses is being encouraged by all. A ready market for all the stock, combined with quick transportation, makes it favorable for the stock raiser. The immense dry land ranges on the table lands adjacent to the Valley furnish plenty of open range. 40,000 sheep and 10,000 cattle will be fed in the Valley the coming season.



Headgates of a Big Valley Canal



S. K. WARRICK

President First National Bank of Scottsbluff

Cashier First National Bank, Alliance
President Bank of Minatare

THE SOIL

of the Valley is a rich, sandy loam, adapted to growing of all

heavy crops. Constant tilling in some parts of the Valley for twenty-five years has not impoverished its fertility, and this soil is some of the richest to be found. Artificial fertilizers are not necessary, although the growth of some crops can be increased by their use. The soil is particularly adapted to irrigation, and on account of its nature, is very easily farmed. Silt carried by the water over the land is worth many dollars per acre per year, as it contains so much in fertilization qualities.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY

are many. New towns are constantly in the course of building, and the constant influx of new settlers makes a demand for new lines of business in the older towns. Men with capital enough to handle their business are needed all the time. Investigation will show that the opportunities here cannot be excelled.

For further information address the
COMMERCIAL CLUBS

of LINGLE or TORRINGTON, WYO.;
HENRY, MORRILL, MITCHELL, SCOTTSBLUFF,
GERING, MCGREW, MINATARE, BAYARD,
BRIDGEPORT or NORTHPORT, NEBRASKA



F. ALEXANDER
Mayor of Scottsbluff



Harvesting Sugar Beets



2,560 acre irrigated farm at Lingle, Wyoming. Devoted to raising of alfalfa.

SCOTTSBLUFF
is the largest and leading town of the valley in western Nebraska. It has the \$2,000,000 sugar factory, large banks and mercantile establishments. It is surrounded by a thickly settled irrigated farming section. Some of the leading attorneys of the state are located there. It has headquarters for the Tri-State Canal Company, recently purchased and now managed by the farmers under the immense Tri-State canal. It also

had headquarters for the North Platte Valley Telephone Company, owners of the phone systems in the valley.

HENRY

is the youngest town on the Burlington. It lies only a quarter of a mile from the Wyoming state line and to the south and west of it lies the noted Goshen Hole country, now called Goshen Park.

MORRILL

is a comparatively young town and

is making a steady, rapid growth. To the north and east lie the famous "Dutch Flats" watered by the big government inter-state canal, every eighty acres having a settler thereon. This is a noted section of the valley.

MITCHELL

has the United States Reclamation Service headquarters for the valley and has an alfalfa mill which is kept busy grinding alfalfa into meal the year round. To the south, across

the river, lies Mitchell Valley, the oldest and most prosperous irrigated section of the valley.

BAYARD

has one of the finest bank buildings in the valley. It is the first town west of Bridgeport on the Guernsey line and has a number of prosperous stores and business houses. Bayard draws trade from a large section of surrounding country which is being quite thickly settled.

MCGREW

is the first town west of Bridgeport

on the new Union Pacific railroad. McGrew is a young town, only started a couple of years ago but it boasts of a fine bank, hotel, and a number of other mercantile and business firms. McGrew draws trade from the irrigated section surrounding and from a large settlement to the south.

MINATARE

is the second town west of Bridgeport on the Guernsey line of the Burlington. It is the center of a

great hay producing section, while back of it on the tables under the irrigating canals are hundreds of settlers.

BRIDGEPORT

is a freight division on the Burlington, the terminus of the Guernsey branch. A large number of railroad men make their homes there and it draws a good trade from a rich farming country surrounding. It is the county seat of Morrill county and has a fine court house.