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GENERAL OFFICES NEW YORK AND CHICAGO

BRANCHES IN ALL THE PRINCIPAL CITIES THURSDAY, AUGUST 15, 1912

Rev. A. L. Godfrey requests us to not publish for the present his article mentioned in last week's issue of The Herald, printing it this week.

Standpat republicans are trying to frighten voters away from the new progressive party by crying "socialism", but they do not seem to scare worth a cent. So far there has been no stampede towards the Taft camp. Flaunting a red rag may make the bull moose mad, but it will not scrae many people. We remember well when "waving the bloody shirt" helped public officials to retain their positions, notwithstanding subserviency to predatory interests, but times have changed. Other false issues are now raised, but voters will not be misled much, if they are guided by reason and not by prejudice.

EDITORIALS WORTH CLIPPING

In times like these The Herald cannot devote much space to reproducing editorials found in our exchanges, however much they may deserve a larger circulation, but the last issue of Will Muapin's Weekly, "edited and published by himself, one dollar per year", contains some editorials that we wish so much to give to our readers we venture to spare space for them below:

"Douglas county democrats have a habit of complaining of the treat- the "slaughter the most atrocious in lars of real money. May that treatment not due to the fact that the delegations do not usually represent the very best elements in the democracy of Douglas? Many of the delegates to the Grand Island convention are the warm personal friends of the editor of Will Maupin's Weekly, but he is compelled to admit his belief in the assertion of Delegate Marshall that the delegation did not represent the real sentiments of the Douglas democracy. Suppose our Douglas county friends try a change ir the system and see how it pans out."

"Don't be deceived about this 'third party' movement, gentlemen. It is the visible evidences of a grow ing revolt against the political boss and his henchmen. It is not going to win this year, nor maybe not next year. But win it will unless the old parties forever and absolutely de throne their bosses. Progressive democracy won at Baltimore, but the margin was small, and democracy cannot always hope to win for progression by the valiant fight of one man. The progressive party now organizing is more than a Roosevelt boom. Roosevelt is but the embodiment of a growing feeling of antagonism to present conditions.

"Taxation reform is the most pressing need of Nebraska right now. The present system is both a farce and a menace. About 13,000 autos have been listed for taxation. There are upwards of 25,000 autos in Nebraska. Less than \$5,000,000 of "cash in bank" has been returned for taxation. There is upwards of \$200,000, 000 on deposit in the banks of Nebraska. Farm land in one county is returned at \$60 an acre, and equally good land in an adjoining county is returned at \$50 an acre. Under the present iniquitous system the men best able to bear the tax burden escape with the least, while those least able to bear 1: carry the most."

"We would call especial attention to the following plank of the Nebraska democratic platform adopted at 'Nebraska's awkward Grand Island: and inequitable taxation system should be replaced by a twentieth We favor, therecentury method. fore, taxation reforms by separation of the sources of the state and local revenues, thus giving to counties and towns the privilege of enjoying the taxes from purely local valuations. land held for speculative purposes and without improvement ought to carry a larger share of taxation than it now does. To this end we promise to submit to the vote of the people a proposed constitutional amendment enlarging the powers of the legislature with respect to the enactment of the taxation system, and then provide for the selection of a commission whose business it will be to investigate and report for the consideration of the legislature its idea of the taxation system suited Nebraska's peculiar needs.'

TRIAL SUBSCRIPTION OFFER

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We want the attention of every reader of this paper to this proposition. We are beginning a list of trial subscriptions to The Herald at the special price of twenty-five cents for three months. The trial subscriptions received under this offer will be placed on a list separate from our regular subscription books and discontinued at the end of the

The Herald has a good subscription list, but there are many persons who are not now subscribers who should be receiving the paper. We wish to reach this class of persons for a few months by this spe cial trial subscription offer. All persons receiving sample copies of this paper, and others who may read this offer, are requested to send us their subscription at once for three months, unless they are already on our subscription list.

Subscribers to this paper who wish to send it to their friends for a short time, will find this a splendid opportunity to do so. We expect to place several hundred names on our trial subscription list within a short time and request the co-operation of all friends of the paper in our efforts to do so.

Remember that all trial subscriptions received under this proposition will be stopped at the end of the three months without being ordered

200 PUT TO DEATH

which is our reason for not Slain in Mexican Town by Order Correspondent from Nation's Capital of Its Ruler.

MANY YOUTHS SLAUGHTERED.

Jefe Politico of Puruandiro Exacts of Town by Insurrectos-Commis- Moosevelt convention. sion Brings Story to Mexico City.

to Mexico City by a commission which Stanley Steel report.) called upon the minister of the interior asking for guaranties. Members gate of the town a list of dead, which markable documents of this decade. was added to from time to time.

The sacrifice was the price exacted weeks before by rebels. The jefe poslaughter, professing to believe in killing the people he was punishing the ment. rebels. The butchery began in the jail, where all the prisoners were killed by the guards. Then citizens were butchered.

the history of the republic and will be severely punished."

CORN IS IN FINE SHAPE

Condition of Crop Is Ten Points Above This Time Last Year.

The August crop report of the de partment of agriculture follows;

Corn-Condition 80 per cent of normal, compared with \$1.5 per cent last month. Indicated yield per acre, twenty-six bushels. On the area planted, 108,110,000 acres, it is estimated the total production of corn, in many at this time: terpreted from condition reports, will be 2.811,000,000 bushels.

Winter Wheat-It is preliminary estimated the yield per acre of winter wheat is 15.1 bushels. On the area planted, 25,744,000 acres, it is estimated preliminarily the total production the boards of directors of all the of winter wheat is 390,000,000 bushels. The quality of winter wheat is 90.7 per

Spring Wheat-Condition 90.4 per the total production of spring wheat the wealth of the nation will be 290,000,000 bushels.

WASHINGTON LETTER

Gives Historical Data Concerning Politician

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—"George W. Perkins in chair." This quota-Sacrifice in Retaliation for Sacking tion does not refer to Mr. Perkins presence in the chair at the Chicago

The quotation is taken from the minutes of a meeting of the finance Two hundred and ten residents of committee of the steel trust held the little town of Puruandiro, Mexico, April 5, 1904, at which it was decidat least half of whom were boys, were ed that subsidiary companies of the slaughtered at the behest of the jefe steel trust manufacturing half-finished politico, according to a story brought articles should not sell same to com-

This is only one of the revelations contained in the report of the Stanof the commission declared the jefe ley Steel Trust Investigating Compolitico caused to be posted on the mittee, one of the most able and re-

The Stanley report, in addition to indicting former President Roosevelt by the jefe politico for the sacking of for permitting the trust to obtain abthe town, which had occurred several solute domination of the steel industry, reveals beyond successful contradiction how George W. Perkins came litico was powerless to resist the at- into possession of the colossal fortack and in retaliation ordered the tune that he is now spending to finance the Roosevelt third term move-

Sources of Perkins' Millions Here is the story of the Perkins wealth: To start with, Mr. Perkins made some of his millions by capital-The minister of the interior declared izing thin blue air into billions of dol-

a monopoly of wire nail manufacturing plants and forcing the American farmers to pay \$3.20 a keg for wire nails that were sold before the or ganization of the trust for from \$1.25 to \$1.50 a keg. (See page 8 Stanley report.)

Then he made more by forcing the thousands of workers in the blast furnaces of his steel mills to work twelve hours a day, seven days a week, 365 days a year.

As a postscript to the above information, the following history of Mr. Perkins may be of interest to

Mr. Perkins was the chief aide and co-schemer of J. Pierpont Morgan while the latter was in the years between 1900 and 1911 throttling business in every direction. It was Perkins who as Morgan's business partner showed Morgan how to dominate great railroads, banks and trust companies, express, telephone and tele graph companies, steamship lines, insurance companies and all the great ent of a normal. Indicated yield per industrial trusts, to the end that Moracre, 151 bushels. On the planted gan now has a strangle hold on a area, 19,210,000 acres, it is estimated corporate wealth of over 35,000,000, 000, an amount equal to one-third of

Maybe never again dur-

ing your lifetime will there be such a time for newspaper reading. You want a paper that dares print the truth about things as they happen. The State Journal is that sort of a paper, and just as a trial offer will be mailed to any address outside of Lincoln, both daily and Sunday from now until January 1, 1913, for only \$150 Send in your order now and the paper will start at once.

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Enclosed find \$1.50 for which send me the Daily and Sunday State Journal until Jan. 1, 1913, at which time the paper is to be stopped.

NAME	
ADDRESS	



WOODROW WILSON

Scholar and Statesman, Democratic Candidate for President.

HON. WILLIAM J. BRYAN: "Governor Wilson's speech of acceptance is admirable. It is

original in its treatment of the issues of the campaign. I am sure the address will impress the country favorably."

JOHN W. KERN, SENATOR, INDIANA:

"Governor Wilson's speech of acceptance is a masterpiece, setting forth with great clearness his conception of the work to be accomplished by Democratic party under his leadership. It is in complete harmony with the progressive sentiment of the country, but also appeals strongly to every legitimate business interest."

GOV. WILLIAM H. MANN OF VIRGINIA:

"I think it was an admirable speech. It was wise, conservative, comprehensive, prophetic not only of Democratic success but of Democratic supremacy. for years to come."

GOV. FREDERICK W. PLAIS-TED OF MAINE:

"It is a splendid presentation of the issues for the American people. It rings true in every sentence and in every word. It represents the spirit of the Democracy of today. It is the address of a statesman."

GOV. EUGENE FOSS, MASSA-CHUSETTS:

"It was an admirable presentation of the real issues upon which the campaign will be fought this fall. I think that it is bound to strengthen Governor Wilson among the thinking people of the country."

GOV. GEO. W. DONAGHEY, ARKANSAS: "It was a great speech. It

will ring through the country. It is just what he should have said. The people have never felt more confident of success since the first nomination of Grover Cleveland."

JUDGE MARTIN J. WADE, IOWA:

"For the first time since the state was admitted to the Union, Iowa will this year give its electoral vote to the Democratic' nominee for president."

THOMAS MOTT OSBORNE, AUBURN, N. Y.

"Governor Wilson's speech fits the occasion and the man; progressive but not wild; sane, strong and unmistakably Democratic. It makes an inspiring opening of the campaign, indicating clearly and nobly the spirit in which the leaders of our regenerated Democratic party must work; not one of 'partisan makebelleve,' but of honesty and fustice toward all men.'

NEW YORK "SUN": "Governor Wilson's speech of

acceptance has good luck as well as merit. It comes just in time to contrast sharply with the interminable Bedlamite rant of Th. Dentatus Africanus Ferox. And, if without contempt of campus it may be said, though written by a college president, very recently retired, it is in the English language. not anaemic and seldom with suspicion of priggishness or dona certain academic distinction of its own. What will please everybody who has a living to make is Governor Wilson's equable and moderate tone. Governor Wilson is for repair, not for destruction."

NEW YORK "TIMES":

"It is applicable. The dominant thought, the very soul of his discourse, is the common interest of all the people, their partnership in our activities and our prosperity. The partnership idea comes from his mind, not as a sublimated political theory, but as a practical, immediate remedy."

NEW YORK "WORLD": "Governor Wilson's speech of 2 acceptance is the ablest, clearest, sanest statement of high public purpose this country has known in a generation.

Without passion, without invective, without abuse, without bitterness, without denunciation, without egotism, without demagogy, he has driven straight to the heart of the supreme issue of American institutions-the partnership between government and privi-

JOHN E. LAMB, EX-REPRE-SENTATIVE FROM INDIANA: "Speech is discreet, able, safe and sane. Governor Wilson be-

lieves in the efficacy of the scalpel rather than the big stick. His dissection of trust and tariff evils is unique and convincing. His suggestions of reform in methods of government and reduction of tariff schedules will meet with approval of legitimate business and the laboring masses as well."

CHAMP CLARK, SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRE-

SENTATIVES: "Considered from a literary 8 standpoint Governor Wilson's speech of acceptance will take high rank in the political output of the year. It will make \$ pleasant reading, and, therefore, will prove a fetching campaign document. He discusses the issues of the day philosophically, clearly and forcibly. Its courteous tone will allay opposition and win him friends. It is an admirable pronouncement."

JOHN A. DIX, GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK.

"Governor Wilson's speech of acceptance is marked with broad vision and clear thought, expressed in language every American can understand. As a business man and manufacturer, I am especially pleased with his positive and statesmanlike position on the paramount issue of tariff reform, and his demand for an immediate downward revision. In sincerity, precise statement and compre hensive grasp of great principles and their application of the fundamental needs of the country, the speech is Jeffersonian to the core. It contains no appeal to passion and excites no prejudice. Governor Wilson has presented to his party and to the nation, clear conception of the truth that the real struggle in the pending campaign is between the concentrated powers of privilege and the aspiration of the American people to realize, in their government, and their economic, industrial and social relations, the full measures of the principles of freedom, justice and progress upon which the republic was founded. To all the issues and every national need, Governor Wilson applies the Rule of right and common advantage.' The reforms he advocates are far reaching, but they are necessary, sound and practical. The speech will awaken and stir the national conscience and lead to a triumph that will restore to the people the control of their government and inaugurate a new and happier epoch in the land and development of the republic." 5000000000000000000000000

HOKE SMITH, SENATOR

FROM GEORGIA: "I am delighted with Governor Wilson's speech of acceptance. It is a superb statement of the present purpose of the Democracy and points the way for justice to all through real progress by law, under the Constitution. With his election assured, it should give confidence to honest business and new courage to those who need a square deal."

JOHN F. FITZGERALD, MAY-

OR OF BOSTON: "Governor Wilson's acceptance is characteristic of the man. He lays his soul bare to the people and asks them to join with him, irrespective of party, in righting present wrongs without undue clamor or injury to legitimate interests. He lays emphasis on constructive thinking and I believe this epitomizes one of the nation's greatest needs at the present time. It will be President Wilson overwhelmingly in