

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS OF THE WHOLE WORLD.

PROSPERITY TO STAY

HARRIMAN SEES DECIDED REBOUND FROM DEPRESSION.

Railroad Magnate Says People Are Too Sensible to Allow Acts of a Few Bad Men to Unsettle Their Faith in the Country's Great Financiers.

That the country is already beginning to recover from the severe shock received in the recent panic is the opinion of E. H. Harriman, as expressed in an interview published in New York Wednesday.

"We are in the rebound from the depression, and we are in it to stay," Mr. Harriman said. "There will be no falling back—each step we are taking is firm. Under the whole situation there is industrial stability. There is too much work to be done, and too great capacity for doing it to allow a long drawn out depression. There are indications everywhere that confidence is being restored. The country is too big and the people too sensible to allow the acts of a few men to shake their faith in the integrity of our great financiers and business men as a whole. Naturally there was a little scare at first, but when the people saw that there were rotten spots only here and there they quickly recovered from their fright. The dawn of a new era of prosperity is here. The strain on cash is being relieved and credit is once more being allowed to perform its normal work.

"But we must not expect at once to see any line of commercial business as active as it has been during the past two years. Perhaps it is better for the country that it should not be so. We have a presidential campaign in front of us. It is only natural that we should feel our way cautiously for some time. When I say cautiously, however, I do not mean hesitatingly, but rather conservatively."

TO ATTACK BROWN WILL. Mrs. Bradley Will Bring Action to Break It.

Now that she has been acquitted on the charge of murder, Mrs. Annie M. Bradley, through her attorneys and in behalf of her children, will bring an action to break the will of the late Senator Arthur Brown, whom she shot to death in Washington. Her friends at Salt Lake City say that such a course has been contemplated ever since the will was opened. The contest will be based on the written acknowledgment of Senator Brown that Mrs. Bradley's two sons are his own. In his will Brown expressly disavowed the paternity of the two children and stipulated they should receive nothing from his estate. The greater part of the estate amounting in all to some \$50,000, was devised to his son Max and his daughter Alice. The attack on the will, which has already been admitted to probate, will not commence until Judge Powers returns from Washington.

BLOW AT HARVESTER TRUST. Claim of President to Control Nearly All Trade Admitted as Evidence.

The state gained an important point Wednesday in its suit to oust the International Harvester company from Kansas. P. W. Griggs testified that he had heard Cyrus McCormick, president of the International Harvester company, state in a speech made in Kansas City in 1902, "That the combination of which he was the head owned or controlled 95 per cent of all the money used for the purpose of manufacturing and selling harvesting machinery."

The harvester company's attorneys tried to have this evidence stricken out, but this Judge Dana refused to do.

Admits Killing Girl with Club. David Martinez y Sanchez, arrested on suspicion of being the murderer of Miss Jennie Tompleton at Vitorde, N. M., has made a full confession. He said he killed her with a club while he was drunk.

Find Missing Cashier's Body. The body of D. R. Rankin, cashier of the defunct Merchants and Planters' bank at Lawton, Okla., who mysteriously disappeared a month ago, was found in Cache creek, near there, Wednesday.

Shook City Live Stock Market. Wednesday's quotations on the Sioux City live stock market follow: Butcher steers, \$4.25 to \$5.60. Top hogs, \$4.65.

Taft Meets the Czar. Secretary Taft was conferred in audience Wednesday by Emperor Nicholas, of Russia, at Tsarkoe Selo and received from his majesty the frankest expression of Russia's regard for the United States.

Sugar King Is Dead. Henry O. Havemeyer, of New York, president of the American Sugar Refining company, died Wednesday afternoon, of acute indigestion.

IN TRIM FOR WORK.

Speaker Cannon Prompt in Lining Up the House.

In the house Tuesday Speaker Cannon announced the appointment of the committee on banking and currency, and in doing so stated he had exceeded by one member the number permitted by the rules of the house and asked unanimous consent to his action, which was granted. The committee retains as its chairman Mr. Fowler, of New Jersey, and in the main its personnel was unchanged. There were only two vacancies on the committee as it stood last year, one of these being caused by the failure of Mr. Shartel (Republican), of Missouri, to secure re-election, and the other by the voluntary withdrawal of Mr. Legare, of South Carolina, who found the duties pertaining to his work on this committee to be in conflict with his service on other committees.

Mr. Burton (Republican), of Ohio, was designated for Mr. Shartel's place, and Mr. Crawford, of North Carolina, for Mr. Legare's. The additional selection was Mr. McHenry (Democrat), of Pennsylvania.

Following is the total membership of the committee as now constituted: Fowler, of New Jersey, chairman; Prince of Illinois, Calderhead of Kansas, Powers of Maine, McMorran of Michigan, Weems of Ohio, McCreary of Pennsylvania, Knowland of California, Waldo of New York, Hayes of California, Weeks of Massachusetts, Burton of Ohio, Republicans; Loomis of Georgia, Fujo of Louisiana, Glass of Virginia, Gillespie of Texas, James of Kentucky, Crawford of North Carolina and McHenry of Pennsylvania, Democrats.

The speaker explained that he had made the increase of the minority representation in consideration of the views of Mr. Williams, the minority leader.

MRS. BRADLEY IS CLEARED. The Jury Finds She is Not Guilty of Murder.

The jury in the case of Mrs. Annie M. Bradley, at Washington, charged with killing former Senator Arthur Brown, of Utah, returned a verdict of "not guilty" at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning.

When the court asked the jury if they had reached a verdict the foreman answered: "We have."

"What is your verdict, gentlemen?" "Not guilty."

A demonstration of applause followed the announcement of the verdict. Mrs. Bradley was immediately discharged from custody and left the court house in an automobile, following the ovation. She will leave in a few days to join her sister at Goldfield, Nev.

FOUR SLAIN ON RANCH. Robbery Believed to Have Been Motive for Crime.

News of the murder of four persons on a ranch near Macleay has reached Salem, Ore. The bodies of Mrs. Cassel, her daughter, aged 24; her son, aged 15, and the foreman of the ranch, a man named Montgomery, aged 59, were found in the burned ruins of their abode on what is known as Thurston ranch.

Evidence indicates that the crime was done by tramps bent on robbery, who afterward fired the house to give the impression that the victims had been accidentally burned to death. It is understood the family had considerable money.

Root to Entertain Envoys. Secretary Root has sent out invitations to his fellow members of the cabinet and the justices of the supreme court to dinner at the New Willard next Monday evening to meet the delegates to the Central American conference at present in session in Washington.

Fatally Hurt in Auto Wreck. James Kearney, of Cleveland, O., is dying with a broken back and Arthur Barton is thought to be fatally injured as the result of an automobile accident. When descending a grade to pass under a railway bridge near the city the automobile skidded and struck a telegraph pole.

Many Bodies Are Found. Thirty of the miners caught by the explosion of fire damp Sunday night in the Naoml mine, near Fayette City, Pa., were reached Tuesday by rescuers. All the bodies were burned and charred almost beyond recognition.

New Secretary for Dewey. Leonard G. Hoffman, a clerk in marine headquarters at Washington, D. C., was appointed naval secretary to Admiral Dewey to succeed John W. Crawford, who recently disappeared after threatening suicide.

Missing Banker's Body Found. The body of D. Rankin, cashier of the defunct Merchants and Planters bank of Lawton, Okla., who mysteriously disappeared a month ago, was found in Cache creek, near Lawton, Tuesday.

Col. Whipple Is Named. The president Tuesday sent to the senate the nomination of Col. Charles H. Whipple, assistant paymaster general, to be paymaster general of the army to succeed Gen. Sniffen, who returns Jan. 1.

President's Message in Berlin. President's Roosevelt's message was published practically verbatim by morning papers of Berlin Wednesday, which, however, make no comment on it.

CONGRESS IN MOTION.

Brilliant Scene at Opening of Sixtieth Congress.

A brilliant scene characterized the meeting of the Sixtieth congress Monday. In the senate and house of representatives there were notable gatherings in the galleries of representatives of the official society of the capital. The coming together for the first time of the men who have been elected to the senate and the house, about 100 of whom have not before served in congress, made the occasion one of particular interest.

The striking scenes of the day were in the house of representatives, where the formal selection of Joseph C. Cannon again to be speaker of that body and the designation by the Democrats of Mr. John Sharp Williams as their leader were occasions for ovations for those gentlemen. The vast hall of the house of representatives rang with the cheers of Republicans and Democrats for their leaders. The presence of Hon. W. J. Bryan on the house floor also was the occasion for enthusiastic cheering by the Democrats.

When the adoption of rules for the government of the house during the Sixtieth congress came up the rules of the last congress were opposed by John Sharp Williams, and he was joined in the opposition by Democrats and by a single Republican, Mr. Cooper, of Wisconsin. The old rules were declared to be too autocratic, placing too much power in the hands of the speaker, but after a somewhat acrimonious discussion they were adopted by a party vote.

Committees were appointed by both houses to inform the president that congress had met and was ready to receive any message he might wish to communicate.

New senators and representatives were sworn in, and both houses adjourned out of respect to the memory of members who have died during the recess of congress.

NEW USE FOR PURE FOOD LAW. Dispenser of "Malt" Charged with Selling Beer Without License.

For some time it has been known to county officials that liquor was being disposed at Shelton without a license, and a ruse was resorted to to capture the parties.

As a result William R. Herrick was arrested for violation of the pure food laws in that he was selling a beverage under the name of "hospital malt," the label of which did not conform to the law. On this charge he was brought before the county judge and fined \$10.

In the meantime an analysis had been made of the stuff and it was found to be common every-day beer, and another charge was lodged against him for selling liquor without a license. To the latter charge Herrick pleaded exemption and was bound over to the district court in the sum of \$500.

George McManer, of Shelton, signed his bond and he was released to appear in district court.

NO MORE CASHIER'S CHECKS. Paper Exchange is Gradually Being Supplanted by Currency.

While planning to continue the withholding of entire cash payments and substituting cashier's checks until after the monthly pay rolls of December are met, bankers of Omaha propose to retire the checks as fast as possible and not issue more of them. "The checks are being retired every day," said Henry W. Yates, president of the Clearing House association. "We shall continue to retire them until we do not know of any new ones being issued, unless it be a few \$1 and \$2 checks needed for change."

The rule has been in effect in Omaha and generally through the west, just thirty business days. The pay roll of last Nov. 1 were paid in 40 per cent cash and the balance in cashier's checks. Gradually the situation brightened and half money and half checks were paid before the rule had been in effect two weeks, while many business houses paid their employes all cash.

NO DIVORCE FOR DR. CELPEKA. Case of International Interest Dismissed at Hastings.

The case of Dr. John Celpeka, of Crete, against Cornelia Celpeka, of Omaha, for divorce, an action in which decree was issued five years ago and later set aside, was dismissed in district court at Hastings for want of prosecution. They were married in Bohemia about ten years ago. The doctor soon left her and located in Crete. She traced him and found he had secured a divorce. At her request the decree was also pleaded guilty and is related to officials high in the Bohemian government. She has been living in seclusion in Omaha for the last several months.

Attempted to Wreck Train. In district court at West Point the case of the state vs. Mike Hickey, charged with pulling ties and other obstructions on the track of the C. & St. P. M. & O. railway, near Bancroft, which were struck by a morning train on May 25, but were discovered in time to prevent a serious accident, the defendant was found guilty by a jury in just eight minutes.

Epilepsy Cause of Death. At an inquest held at Hastings a verdict was returned finding that Charles Ross, who died while being examined by the county insane hospital, came to his death as a result of epilepsy. Ross lived in Prosser and was brought before the insane board to be committed to the state hospital to be treated for alcoholism.

Damage Suit for \$5,000. A novel damage suit will be tried in the next term of district court at Wayne. Johannus Hansen alleges that Lars Larson has injured his good name to the extent of \$5,000 by making the statement in the presence of neighbors that he (Hansen) had "killed my ducks."

Mrs. Bryan to Egypt. Mrs. W. J. Bryan left recently for New York to join her daughter, Mrs. Leavitt. They will leave Saturday for Cairo, Egypt.

Elevator at Hospital. Board of public lands and buildings let the contract for a push button elevator to the Ota Elevator company, of Chicago and Omaha, for \$5,250. The elevator is to be constructed in the orthopedic hospital at Lincoln.

State School Appointment. State Treasurer Brian has certified the semi-annual school appointment to Superintendent Glatfelter. The sum is \$56,549.82, against \$251,807.54 last December.

McMILLAN WINS.

Men Pick at Rate of 158 Bushels in Ten Hours.

A spirited corn shucking contest was held at Burchard between Warren McMillan and Ben Kelley, on the farm of Silas Huff, just north of town, for a wager of \$20, the winner to receive pay for all the corn he shucked. A driver accompanied each shucker, and according to the terms of the agreement, they shucked exactly four hours, each taking two rows, and all dropped and midthrown ears to be picked up. A referee followed each shucker to see that all the terms of the agreement were complied with. The corn was weighed by J. P. Swallow and at the end of four hours it was found that McMillan had won by the close margin of forty pounds. The record stood, McMillan 63 bushels and 35 pounds; Kelley 62 bushels and 65 pounds. This is at the rate of 158 bushels in ten hours and is considered pretty good shucking.

STOLEN TEAM RECOVERED. Thieves Abandon Horses and Make Escape.

G. W. Losey, chief captain of the North Nebraska Anti-Horsethief association, returned to Battle Creek recently from Elgin with the team of horses stolen from Charles Preuner, a farmer living several miles south of Battle Creek. Pursuit was taken up immediately after the theft. The thieves, two men, were traced to Petersburg, Neb., and from there to Elgin, just north of Elgin Mr. Losey and his assistants succeeded in heading off the thieves, who abandoned the team to make their own escape. Good descriptions were obtained of both men and every effort will be made to apprehend them.

COURT TO DECIDE ELECTION. Hiram Chase, Indian County Attorney, Counted Out.

Hiram Chase, who wasn't elected county attorney of Thurston county, has appealed to the supreme court. He says he was cheated out of the office on a technicality. The lower court threw out the vote cast in Omaha precinct, carried by Chase by a good majority, on the ground that the polling place had been moved three miles without notice to all of the voters. This left Chase beaten by thirteen votes.

Chase is an Indian, educated in a government school and later a graduate of a law school. He has served one term and is a capable attorney.

RED PAINT CAUSES WAR. Art Association Clashes with Lincoln Commissioners.

Alleging that it is an injustice to paint a tower on the roof of a gray building glaring red, the Nebraska Art association at Lincoln sought an injunction to stop the decorative effects of the county commissioners. The artists for the art association declare that the tower should be painted gray. The county commissioners assert that they will fight the injunction and will try to adhere to their own color scheme.

BLOODY FIGHT IN ENGINE CAB. Fireman Uses Torch and is Felled by Comrades.

Engineer Neal Clark and Fireman Benson, of the Union Pacific, engaged in a bloody fight on their assigned engine recently at Beatrice. Clark assaulted Benson with a torch, inflicting several injuries on his head. Benson knocked Clark down with a can of coal, cutting his forehead badly.

The men were covered with blood when taken from the engine by friends. Their injuries were such that extra men were sent out on their run.

MAHAFFEY PLEADS GUILTY. Nebraska Sentenced to Jail for Conspiracy in Land Case.

R. H. Mahaffey Monday afternoon pleaded guilty in federal court at Omaha to a charge of conspiracy to defraud the government out of large tracts of land in Thomas and Hooker counties, Neb. He was sentenced to forty-five days in the Hall county jail and fined \$500. Mahaffey was indicted jointly with A. P. Hatch on the charge of conspiracy, and an additional indictment for perjury was also pleaded not guilty before Judge T. C. Munger.

Elopes with Employer's Girl. Peter Barger and Miss Borer are supposed to have eloped from Lindsay, the couple having disappeared at the same time, and no one knowing which way they went. Barger was working until about a month ago for Pete Borer, the girl's father, and the girl had been working for Theo. Witter near Cornlea, from which place they left.

Indians Receive Money. Thirty-eight thousand silver dollars, weighing 2,300 pounds, led Valentine recently in charge of a squad of fourteen mounted police, for the Indians at the Rosebud agency. The money is the first installment of the \$10,000 which will recompense the Indians for land surrendered by them in the Bone-steel tract.

Oil Trust Favored. C. D. Chamberlain, of Cleveland, O., protested against alleged discrimination in favor of the Standard Oil company. He asserted before the state railway commission at Lincoln that the Standard was favored by the traffic men of the Harriman system. He also alleged that rates to county seats are discriminatory.

Breakman Eastwood Killed. Frankman John W. Eastwood, of McCook, was killed at Akron, Colo., while switching a freight train on a siding. Both legs were cut off. He died at Ryeon, Colo., while being taken to Denver for treatment.

Child Dies from Burns. Camille Meekman, a 10-year-old daughter of Alex Beckman, died at the hospital in Fremont from the effects of burns which she received while playing around a bonfire Thanksgiving day. Her condition was considered serious from the first.

Farmer Dead in Walnut House. Harry Lee, a character of Waterloo, was found dead in a vacant building in the west part of town with a jug of whisky by his side, indicating the cause of death.

THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN

1492—Columbus arrived at Hayti and learned that the colony left there had perished. 1498—Perkin Warbeck, who styled himself Richard IV., King of England, executed. 1518—Cortes sailed from Cuba to capture Mexico. 1540—De Soto left the coast and began his inland march. 1542—England defeated the Scots at Solway Moss. 1578—Sir Humphrey Gilbert's first expedition failed to found a colony in America. 1628—St. Peter's, Rome, dedicated by Pope Urban VIII. 1633—Ships Ark and Dove sailed from England with 200 persons to found a colony in Maryland. 1643—Birth of La Salle, the explorer of the Mississippi valley. 1683—Boundary line agreed upon by New York and Connecticut. 1755—Severe earthquake shocks felt along the eastern coast of North America. 1758—Fort Duquesne renamed Pittsburg by the English. 1776—American force took and fortified Cobble Hill, near Boston. 1776—British under Cornwallis crossed the Hudson to attack Fort Lee. 1794—Jay's treaty between the United States and Great Britain signed. 1796—French under Bonaparte defeated the Austrians at Aroca... Much property destroyed by fire in Savannah, Ga. 1801—The Pillory used in Boston for the last time. 1816—A Philadelphia theater lighted by gas, first in the country. 1822—Eruption of Mt. Etna; town of Bronte destroyed. 1827—Montreal used gas for illuminating purposes for the first time. 1831—Ernest Augustus, King of Hanover and Duke of Cumberland, died. 1852—Napoleon III. elected Emperor of the French. 1860—Legislature of Georgia voted \$1,000,000 to arm the State. 1863—Battles before Chattanooga, Tenn., began... The National Soldiers' cemetery at Gettysburg dedicated. 1867—Committee on the House reported in favor of the impeachment of President Johnson. 1871—The Grand Duke Alexis arrived at New York. 1874—British immigrant ship Comstock burned at sea, with loss of 473 lives. 1877—The Halifax fishery commission, under treaty of Washington, rendered its decision. 1883—Standard time adopted throughout Canada. 1889—Remarkable cliff dwellings discovered in Colorado. 1889—Alaska first demanded representation in Congress. 1890—Indian outbreak near Pine Ridge, South Dakota... Battleship Maine launched at the Brooklyn navy yard.

The Scientific Immortality. Sir Oliver Lodge, the noted British scientist, has delivered another pronouncement on the subject of the immortality of the soul. He says first that the simple important truth to be kept in sight is the commonplace fact that there is nothing immortal or persistent about the body except the material atoms of which it is composed. He dismisses utterly the notion, still taught by part of the Christian church, that these atoms will some day be gathered and reunited so as to constitute a complete man as he appeared on the earth, and who thereafter will last forever. This he regards as merely a clumsy expedient to make pleasing the idea of the bodiless wandering spirit or ghost of the departed individual. Sir Oliver says that nobody knows what the soul is, but that common sense rebels against its being nothing, and that no genuine science had assumed to declare it a purely imaginary nonentity. He holds it must be acknowledged by science that no really existing thing perishes, it only changes form. As this has been shown clearly in the case of matter and energy it must also be true of mind, consciousness, will, memory, love and other activities which interact with matter and appeal to the bodily senses. These facts of the individual human consciousness, he says, cannot be regarded as nothing, and they will never vanish into nothingness. They did arise with us. They never sprang suddenly into being from previous non-existence. They are as eternal as the God-head itself, and will in eternal being endure forever.

Atmosphere on Mercury. The transit of Mercury across the face of the sun, Nov. 14, was the occasion of careful observations by astronomers with more or less satisfactory results. William R. Brooks, professor of astronomy at Hobart college, Geneva, N. Y., discovered a diffuse ring surrounding the planet. This was thought to indicate the presence of an atmosphere. Near the center of the planet was noticed a white spot, which has been seen at former transits. Many photographs were taken.

CONSCRIPTION IN ARMY OR MORE PAY TO MEN.

Enforced Service Faces American People, Declares Adjutant General Ainsworth.

Unless radical measures are enacted to induce men to enlist in the United States army, conscription must be resorted to, declares Major General F. C. Ainsworth, adjutant general, in his annual report. "Notwithstanding the most strenuous efforts on the part of the War Department and the recruiting officers," says General Ainsworth, "it has been found impossible wholly to make good the losses, to say nothing of increasing the enlisted strength to the authorized limit. If present conditions continue there will be nothing for the government to do but meet this competition by materially increasing the soldiers' pay or to evade competition altogether by a resort to conscription."

Never before has such a suggestion come from an officer clothed with the authority to make recommendations. The idea of compulsory enrollment of individuals for the military service has been held abhorrent to republican principles and the absence of such a law is one of the most forceful arguments used in attracting desirable immigration from Europe.

Officials of the War Department anticipate that the possible necessity for such action outlined by General Ainsworth will prove efficacious in securing consideration by Congress of the increase of pay bill. It is with the greatest reluctance that army officers entertain the thought of conscription, but generally they agree with General Ainsworth that it either must come to that extremity or more money must be provided for the soldier if the standing of the army is to be maintained.

INDIANS TO FIGHT INDIANS. Mexico Pitts Yaquis Against Mayas, Decreasing Both Tribes.

The Mexican war department, by direction of President Diaz, is trying the experiment of using the Yaqui Indians to fight the Mayas. The uprising of the Maya Indians against federal authority began several months ago, and it has spread until practically all the members of that tribe are now in armed rebellion. The Yaqui Indians, like the Mayas, are waging a bloody conflict against the government troops, and upon the peaceful settlers of their territory in the State of Sonora. The government has been trying for several years to put down the Yaqui rebellion. It has succeeded in largely decreasing the force of Indians by capturing hundreds of them and deporting them to the Quintana Roo territory, in what was formerly Yucatan. The Maya Indians formerly occupied all of what is now called Quintana Roo. They were brought under temporary subjection about 19 years ago, and the new territory was created by the government and was opened up for settlement. The Mayas soon went on the war path again, and there has been no settlement of the territory that was formerly occupied by them. The government soldiers have had all that they could do to keep the territory from being taken by the Mayas.

The Maya Indians have been making such an incessant warfare upon the federal troops that were sent against them during the last few months that the order was given to augment the forces of the Mexicans by organizing the Yaquis who had been deported to Quintana Roo into military companies. It was believed that this experiment of pitting the Yaquis against the Mayas would prove successful from the fact that the few peaceable Mayas who had come into contact with the Yaquis seemed to show a natural hatred for that race of Indians.

DATA ON WATERWAYS. Commission in Washington Considers Plan of Big Scope.

The inland waterways commission, in session in Washington, considered a plan for the development of waterways looking toward the restoration of navigation not only on the Mississippi River, but on other waterways in various parts of the country. The commission has been encouraged in this movement by the various waterway conventions that have been held recently.

The commission is working on a preliminary report which it will make to the President outlining the general scope of its plan and which it expects later on to supplement by statistics, which it has collected relating to the decrease in water transportation and the inadequacy of railroad transportation. The proposed "link to the gulf" channel movement, which is already under way, will receive first attention from the commission, which has made two trips down the Mississippi River investigating river conditions, rates, both rail and water, terminals, ports and the general question of river transportation.

SHORT NEWS NOTES. Gov. Folk made an address at the opening of the Miners' Congress at Joplin, Mo. The Aero Club of New England was organized at Boston with thirty-seven members. The interior of the Albert Theater at Berlin, N. H., was burned out. The loss is \$100,000.

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